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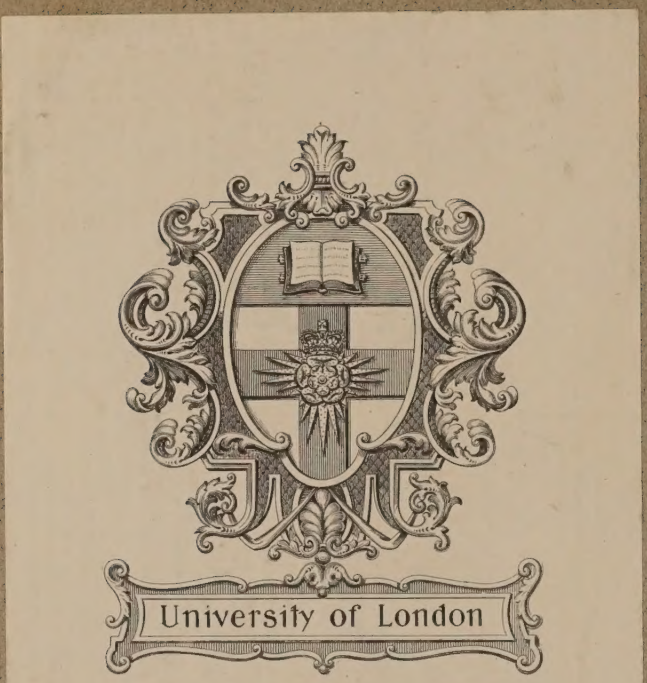
University of London

ACCOUNTS AND PAPERS:

TWENTY-SIX VOLUMES.

—(9.)—

CHURCH; CHARITIES;
EDUCATION.

Session

31 *January* —— 29 *July* 1856.

VOL. XLVI.

1856.

ACCOUNTS AND PAPERS:

1856.

TWENTY-SIX VOLUMES:—CONTENTS OF THE

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ABSTRACT

OF

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 11 June 1855;—*for*,

A "RETURN from each DIOCESE in *England* and *Wales* of the Number of Persons BAPTIZED in each Church or Chapel of the Church of *England*, in the Year 1851, the Year of the Census, and the Total Number thereof.

Canterbury	10,151
York	(No Return.)
London	42,955
Durham	16,707
Winchester	22,860
Bangor	2,373
Bath and Wells	3,079
Carlisle	4,171
Chester	22,254
Chichester	8,880
Ely	12,124
Exeter	(No Return.)
Gloucester and Bristol	11,007
Hereford	(No Return.)
Lichfield	22,475
Llandaff	3,314
Lincoln	5,274
Manchester	28,933
Norwich	15,970
Oxford	13,184
Peterborough	7,728
Ripon	21,045
Rochester	14,284
St. Asaph	3,572
St. David's	(No Return.)
Salisbury	9,487
Worcester	16,868
Sodor and Man	1,497

ABSTRACT

OF

RETURN from each DIOCESE in *England* and *Wales* of the Number of Persons BAPTIZED in each Church or Chapel of the Church of *England*, in the Year 1851, the Year of the Census, and the Total Number thereof.

(Mr. Henley.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
29 *July* 1856.

BISHOPS OF LONDON AND DURHAM.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 21 July 1856;—*for*,

COPIES "of all CORRESPONDENCE which has passed between Her Majesty's Government and the Lords Bishops of *London* and *Durham*, touching the RESIGNATION by them of their SEES."

The Lord Bishop of *London* to Viscount *Palmerston*.

My dear Lord, Fulham Palace, 18 June 1856.

I THINK it proper to communicate to your Lordship my desire, on account of continued illness, if allowed by law, to resign the bishoprick of London, upon being secured the enjoyment during my life of a clear annuity of 6,000 *l*. If this proposal should be approved by your Lordship, I trust that you will take proper measures for carrying it into effect.

I have, &c.
(signed) *C. J. London.*

The Viscount *Palmerston* to the Lord Bishop of *London*.

My dear Lord, Piccadilly, 19 June 1856.

I HAVE to acknowledge the communication of your wishes to resign your See, on the conditions mentioned by you, and I will take steps to carry your wishes into effect.

Yours, &c.
(signed) *Palmerston.*

The Lord Bishop of *Durham* to Viscount *Palmerston*.

4, Upper Portland-place,
My Lord, 21 June 1856.

IN consequence of the great failure of my sight, and other infirmities incident to a very advanced age, I am anxious, if allowed by law, to be relieved from the fatigue and responsibility of the high office which I have now enjoyed for the last 20 years. As I shall relinquish a very much larger income, I am persuaded that your Lordship will not consider the annual allowance of 4,500 *l*. per annum as by any means unreasonable. Upon the assurance that this will be granted, I shall be ready to resign the bishoprick of Durham on any day not earlier than the 1st of August.

I could have wished to have named a later day, for I fear it will not be in my power to complete arrangements for leaving Auckland at so early a day; but Lord Chichester informed me that it might be inconvenient to the Government, I therefore acquiesced, in the confidence that I should not be hurried unnecessarily, and it may possibly be desirable that my successor, whoever he may be, should have an opportunity of conferring with me before I leave Auckland upon the state of the diocese.

I have, &c.
(signed) *E. Dunelm.*

The Lord Bishop of *London* to Viscount *Palmerston.*

Fulham Palace, 23 June 1856.

My dear Lord,

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's letter of the 19th instant, and to express my obligation for your prompt acquiescence in my proposal.

I remain, &c.

(signed) *C. J. London.*

BISHOPS OF LONDON AND DURHAM.

COPIES of all CORRESPONDENCE which has passed between Her Majesty's Government and the Lords Bishops of *London* and *Durham*, touching the RESIGNATION by them of their SEES.

(*Viscount Palmerston.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
21 *July* 1856.

377.

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BURIAL FEES.

ABSTRACT

OF

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 14 March 1856;—*for*,

"RETURNS of the TABLES of FEES determined on by each of the BURIAL BOARDS under the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 87, for BURIALS in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground respectively, with the Mode of Appropriating such Fees to Parochial Incumbents and other Officers, to Dissenting Ministers, and to the General Purposes of such Boards respectively (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 479, of Session 1855)."

(*Mr. Bell.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
29 *July* 1856.

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RETURNS of the TABLES of FEES determined on by each of the BURIAL BOARDS under the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 87, for BURIALS in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground respectively, with the Mode of Appropriating such Fees to Parochial Incumbents and other Officers, to Dissenting Ministers, and to the General Purposes of such Boards respectively—(in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 479, of Session 1855.)

[*Note.—Identical Returns with those presented in* 1855, *and included in Parliamentary Paper, No.* 479, *of that year, are not included in this Abstract.*]

ALTON.

IN consequence of the non-completion of the purchase of the site of a burial-ground, nothing has transpired with respect to the fees.

Frederick Eggar, Clerk.

8 April 1856.

ALVERSTOKE.

FEES AND PAYMENTS.

	For the Incumbent or Minister, in the Consecrated Ground.	For the Dissenting Minister, in the Unconsecrated Ground.	For the Clerk, in the Consecrated Ground.	For the Sexton, in the Consecrated Ground.	For the Sexton, in the Unconsecrated Ground.	Extra Fees charged by the Burial Board.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Interment of any person at the expense of the parish	– 1 –	– –	– 1 6	– 4 –	– –	– –	– 6 6
Interment of children under 10 years of age, site selected by the Burial Board	– 1 –	– 3 6	– 1 6	– 4 –	– 3 –	– 1 6	– 8 –
Interment of any person above 10 years of age, site selected by the Burial Board	– 1 –	– 3 6	– 1 6	– 4 –	– 3 –	– 3 6	– 10 –
Interment in a brick grave, not exceeding 8 ft. by 4 ft. 6 in., six feet deep, not in perpetuity, site selected by the Burial Board	2 1 –	– –	– 4 –	1 6 6	– 12 6	– 13 6	4 5 –
For a brick grave, not exceeding 8 ft. by 4 ft. 6 in., six feet deep, in perpetuity, site selected by the Burial Board	2 1 –	– –	– 4 –	1 6 6	– 12 6	1 8 6	5 – –
For a double brick grave or vault, not exceeding 8 ft. by 6 ft., six feet deep, in perpetuity, site selected by Burial Board	4 1 –	– –	– 4 –	1 14 –	Not fixed	4 1 –	10 – –
For a selected site for brick grave, not exceeding 8 ft. by 4 ft. 6 in., six feet deep, but to be approved of by the Burial Board, extra	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	1 1 –	1 1 –
For a double vault, not exceeding 8 ft. by 6 ft., six feet deep, site to be approved of by the Burial Board, extra	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	2 2 –	2 2 –
Re-opening vault or brick grave	– 10 2	– –	– 2 6	– 8 –	– –	– 16 8	1 17 6
Erecting a headstone	– 10 –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– 11 –	1 1 –
Erecting a tomb over single brick grave or vault	1 1 –	– –	– –	– –	– –	2 9 6	3 10 6
Erecting tomb over double vault	2 2 –	– –	– –	– –	– –	4 4 –	6 6 –
For removing, cleaning, or painting a headstone	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– 5 –	– 5 –
For removing, cleaning, or painting over vault or brick grave	– –	– –	–	– –	– –	– 10 6	– 10 6
For every additional inscription on any headstone, tomb, or memorial	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– 5 –	– 5 –
For erecting mural monument in mortuary chapels, not exceeding 24 in. by 18 in.	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	10 10 –	10 10 –
For certificate of registry of grant of vault or brick grave	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– 2 6	– 2 6
For searching registry of burials, one year	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– 1 –	– 1 –
For ditto, every additional year	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– – 6	– – 6
For each certified copy of entry	– –	– –	– –	– –	– –	– 2 6	– 2 6
If the interment should take place before 12 o'clock at noon, except on Sundays, an additional fee of	– –	– –	– 1 –	– –	– –	– 10 –	– 11 –
Interment of still-born child	– –	– –	– –	– 1 6	– –	– 1 –	– 2 6
For digging common grave deeper than five feet, per foot extra	– –	– –	– –	– 2 –	– –	– –	– 2 –
For digging single vault or brick grave deeper than six feet, extra	– –	– –	– –	– 4 –	Not fixed	– –	– 4 –
For digging double vault deeper than six feet, extra	– –	– –	– –	– 6 –	Not fixed	– –	– 6 –
On the interment of a non-parishioner, not being an inhabitant, all fees to be charged double.							
Moulding up and turfing over double vault	– –	– –	– –	– 4 6	– –	– –	– 4 6
Ditto – – ditto – brick grave	– –	– –	– –	– 3 6	– –	– –	– 3 6
Ditto – – ditto – common grave	– –	– –	– –	– 1 6	– –	– –	– 1 6

17 April 1856.

Thomas Henry Field, Clerk.

ASHTON-UPON-MERSEY, AND SALE.

This Board not having taken any step beyond the appointment of clerk since its formation, no Table of Fees has been determined upon.

16, Kennedy-street, Manchester, 9 April 1856. *N. Gould.*

ATHERTON.

The Atherton Burial-ground being yet in course of formation, no Table of Fees has been framed.

Bolton-le-Moors, 8 April 1856. *G. Marsland,* Clerk.

AYLSHAM.

Proposed Scale of Fees and Charges in the New Burial Ground.

	To the Burial Board.	To the Minister.	To the Sexton.	Extra Sums payable where Persons are not inhabiting the Parish.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
On the Interment of Infants and Children:				
Still-born	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	—
Under five years of age	- - -	- 1 -	- 2 -	—
Above five years of age	- - -	- 2 -	- 3 -	—
On the interment of adults at the expense of parish, or where inhabiting houses of a gross rateable value under 4*l.*	- - -	- 2 -	- 3 -	—
Any other person not included in the foregoing classes	- 5 -	- 2 -	- 3 -	- 10 -
On the interment of any person, infant, child, or adult, dying in the union workhouse at Aylsham, and not at the time of death chargeable to the parish of Aylsham	1 5 -	- 2 -	- 3 -	—
Appropriated grave spaces in perpetuity, each	2 2 -	1 1 -	- -	4 4 -
Brick graves, 10 feet deep	1 1 -	1 1 -	- 6 -	2 2 -
Double brick grave or vault not appropriated in perpetuity	2 2 -	2 2 -	- 8 -	4 4 -
Fee on interment in brick grave when re-opened	- 10 6	- 10 6	- 6 -	1 1 -
Fee on interment in vault when re-opened	1 1 -	1 1 -	- 6 -	2 2 -
Erecting a headstone, single	- 6 8	- 6 8	- 5 -	- 13 4
Ditto, large size or double	- 12 -	- 12 -	- 8 -	- 13 4
Placing flat stone over single grave	2 2 -	2 2 -	- 10 -	4 4 -
Erecting tomb over single grave when above 18 inches high	3 3 -	3 3 -	- 10 -	6 6 -
Inclosing single grave space with palisades	2 2 -	2 2 -	—	—
For every additional inscription on any headstone, tomb, &c.	- 5 -	- 5 -	—	—
For certificate of registry of grant of vault, space, or brick grave	- 2 6	—	—	—
For registering transfer of same	- 1 -	—	—	—
Searching register of burials	- 1 -	—	—	—
Every additional year	- - 6	—	—	—
Copy of entry	- 2 6	—	—	—
For certificate of any transfer	- 1 -	—	—	—
For any register of grave or vault	- 1 -	—	—	—
For the use of hand hearse	- 3 -	—	—	—

To the clerk when corpse buried in consecrated ground, 1*s.*

To the attendant ditto, in unconsecrated ground, 1*s.*

One-half the extra sum received for fees in cases of the burial of persons not inhabitants of the parish to go to the clergyman when the corpse is buried in consecrated ground, and when buried in unconsecrated ground, the whole to go to and be applied for the general purposes of the Board.

W. Henry Scott, Clerk.

BATTERSEA.

No site at present has been obtained for a burial-ground for this parish.

31 March 1856. *Geo. Chadwin*, Clerk.

BENGEWORTH.

THE land for the new burial-ground has not yet been conveyed to the Burial Board; but as the subject of fees will shortly be brought before the notice of the Burial Board, we should be very glad to receive a list of those that have been approved at Whitehall, in order to guide us in fixing our own fees.

Evesham, 4 April 1856. *Geo. H. Garrard*, Clerk.

BERKELEY.

No Table of Fees has yet been prepared; and as the Board are about to enlarge the existing burial-ground, by adding an adjoining piece of ground, it is presumed the burials therein will be continued, subject to the same fees as heretofore, and thus no Table of Fees need be prepared; but upon this point the Burial Board desire the opinion of Secretary Sir George Grey.

2 April 1856. *William Gaisford*, Clerk.

BERWICK-UPON-TWEED.

THIS Burial Board, having been but recently established, have not yet determined on their Table of Fees.

29 March 1856. *James C. Weddell*, Clerk.

BISHOPWEARMOUTH.

THIS Board have not yet determined on the Table of Fees to be adopted by them.[1]

2 April 1856. *W. H. Bramwell*, Clerk.

BLACKBURN.

THE cemetery not being at present in a state for interments, the Board has not yet fixed upon any Table of Fees to be paid for such interments.

9 April 1856. *Thos. Ainsworth*, Clerk.

BOCKING.

THE Board have not yet taken the matter of fees into consideration, owing to the little progress made towards obtaining the ground. A meeting, however, will be held on Thursday next, when I will bring the subject before the Board. In the meantime I beg to call your attention to the fact of the extended time for burials having again expired, and trust that you will again advise Her Majesty to extend the time.

31 March 1856. *Wm. Holmes*, Clerk.

BOSTON.

Table of Fees and Payments.

	For the Board.	Incumbent.	Sexton.	Clerk.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
No. 1.				
For the interment of any person, whether adult or child, at the expense of the parish or union	– 2 6	– – 4	– 3 –	– 1 –
No. 2.				
For the interment of any person over 12 years of age, in an ordinary grave, residing in a house assessed at and under 5 *l.*	– 3 –	– – 4	– 3 –	– 1 –
For the interment of children of the above, under 12 years of age	– 2 –	– – 4	– 3 –	– 1 –
No. 3.				
For the interment of any other person over 12 years of age, in an ordinary grave	– 7 6	– 1 –	– 3 –	– 1 –
For the like interment of the children of such other person, under 12 years of age	– 5 –	– 1 –	– 3 –	– 1 –
For the interment of a still-born child	– 1 –	– –	– 1 – and – 2 –	—
No. 4.				
For the interment of any person over 12 years of age, in a single brick grave	1 10 –	– 10 –	– 6 –	– 2 –
For the like interment of any person under 12 years of age, in a single brick grave	1 – –	– 10 –	– 6 –	– 2 –
For the interment of any person over 12 years of age, in a double bricked grave	3 – –	– 10 –	– 6 –	– 2 –
For the like interment of any person under 12 years of age	2 – –	– 10 –	– 6 –	– 2 –
No. 5.				
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a plot of ground 9 feet by 4 feet, over and above all other fees and payments	3 3 –	—	—	—
For re-opening the same on a subsequent interment	1 – –	—	—	—
For filling up and turfing after interment	– 2 6	—	—	—
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a plot of ground 9 feet by 8 feet	6 6 –	—	—	—
For every additional square foot	– 1 6	—	—	—
Filling up and turfing	– 2 6	—	—	—
For interment fees under this head	– –	– 10 –	– 6 –	– 2 –
Tomb and Head Stones, &c.				
For the right to erect a headstone, with inscriptions	– 10 –	—	—	—
For the right to erect a footstone, with initials and year of death	– 5 –	—	—	—
For the right to erect any other tombstone, slab, or monument	1 1 –	—	—	—
For the right to enclose any grave, space, or vault with iron palisades, not exceeding 2 feet in height	1 1 –	—	—	—
For the like right, exceeding 2 feet in height	3 3 –	—	—	—
For the right to erect a mural monument in either chapel	5 5 –	—	—	—
For every additional inscription on the same	1 1 –	—	—	—
For the registration and certificate of grant of exclusive right of burial in perpetuity, for every grave space	– 3 –	—	—	—

BOSTON—*continued.*

	FOR THE BOARD.	INCUMBENT.	SEXTON.	CLERK.
FROM NON-PARISHIONERS.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
All fees and payments are to be charged double.				
In addition to the fees before enumerated, the vicar and sexton are also entitled to the following fees in respect of headstones and other erections in the consecrated portion of the new burial-ground; namely:—				
For the right to erect a headstone	- -	- 10 -	- 1 -	—
Ditto - ditto - bodystone	- -	- 3 -	—	—
Ditto - ditto - footstone	- -	- 2 -	—	—
For the right to construct a brick grave or vault	- -	1 1 -	—	—
Ditto - ditto - - tomb	- -	2 2 -	- 5 -	—
For re-opening the same	- -	1 1 -	—	—

Clerk's salary, 30 *l.* a year.
Registrar's salary (not fixed).
Lodgekeeper, 18 *s.* per week, and lodge, rent, and taxes free.

11 April 1856.

By order of the Board,
B. S. Simpson, Clerk and Registrar.

BOURN.

ENCLOSED is a copy of the Table of Fees adopted by this Board (but which are to be re-considered, the Parish deeming them excessive), the income from which, estimated at 35 *l.* per annum, is to be applied as follows:—

	£. s. d.
The Vicar, commuted fees	5 - -
The Clerk, salary	15 - -
Auditors	2 2 -
Lodge-keeper	2 12 -
Hall-keeper and Lights	4 10 -
Sundries, say	5 - -
£.	34 4 -

There are no fees payable to Dissenting Ministers.

Bourn, 1 April 1856.

J. L. Bell, Clerk.

TABLE OF FEES AND PAYMENTS.

	FOR THE BOARD.	FOR THE SEXTON.	TOTAL.
No. 1.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For the interment of any person, whether adult or child, at the expense of the parish or union	- 2 -	- 4 -	- 6 -
No. 2.			
For the interment of any person residing in a house assessed at and under 6 *l.*	- 5 -	- 4 -	- 9 -
For the interment of children of the above, under 10 years of age	- 3 -	- 4 -	- 7 -

BOURN—*continued.*

	FOR THE BOARD.	FOR THE SEXTON.	TOTAL.
No. 3.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For the interment of any other person in an ordinary grave	– 10 –	– 4 –	– 14 –
For the like interment of the children of such persons, under 10 years of age	– 5 –	– 4 –	– 9 –
For the interment of a still-born child	– 1 –	– 2 –	– 3 –
No. 4.			
For the right of constructing and interment in a single brick grave	1 10 –	– 4 –	1 14 –
The like for a child	1 – –	– 4 –	1 4 –
For the right of constructing and interment of two persons in a double brick grave	3 – –	– 4 –	3 4 –
For the sexton on re-opening a double brick grave	– –	– 4 –	– 4 –
For the right of constructing and interment of two children in a double brick grave	2 – –	– 4 –	2 4 –
For the sexton on re-opening a double brick grave	– –	– 4 –	– 4 –
No. 5.			
For the right of constructing a vault for one person, 10 feet by 4½ feet and 7 feet deep, and interment therein	2 10 –	– 4 –	2 14 –
For the right of constructing a vault for two persons, 10 feet by 9 feet and 7 feet deep, and interment for one person therein	5 – –	– 4 –	5 4 –
For re-opening the same on a second interment	1 – –	– 4 –	1 4 –
For the right of constructing a vault for a child, under 10 years, 10 feet by 4½ feet, and interment therein	1 10 –	– 4 –	1 14 –
For the right of constructing a vault for two children, 10 feet by 9 feet, and interment for one child therein	3 – –	– 4 –	3 4 –
For re-opening the same on a second interment	– 10 –	– 4 –	– 14 –
For the right to erect a headstone with inscriptions	– 12 –	– –	– 12 –
For the right to place a flat stone over grave, with inscriptions	1 – –	– –	1 – –
For the right to erect a tombstone for a single or double vault, with inscriptions	2 – –	– –	2 – –
For the right to enclose the same with iron palisades	3 – –	– –	3 – –
For the right to erect a mural monument in either chapel	8 – –	– –	8 – –
Filling in and turfing an ordinary grave	– –	– 1 –	– 1 –
For the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity, for every single grave space, over and above all other fees and payments	1 – –	– –	1 – –
For the registration and certificate of grant of same	– 3 –	– –	– 3 –
For the purchase of the right of burial for 25 years, in a grave space 9 feet by 4 feet	– 5 –	– –	– 5 –
For the registration and certificate of grant of same	– 1 6	– –	– 1 6
For the use of a hand hearse, without attendants, for No. 2	– 2 6	– –	– 2 6
For the like for No. 3	– 5 –	– –	– 5 –
For the like for Nos. 4 and 5	– 7 6	– –	– 7 6
For searching the register of burials for one year	– 1 –	– –	– 1 –
For each additional year	– – 6	– –	– – 6
For each certified copy of an entry, over and above such search	– 2 6	– –	– 2 6
FOR NON-PARISHIONERS.			
For the interment of any person under No. 2 or 3, in a single grave (extra)	1 – –	– –	1 – –
For the like under No. 4 (extra)	2 – –	– –	2 – –
For the like under No. 5 (extra)	3 – –	– –	3 – –

N. B.—A fee of 6 *d.* is also payable to the parish clerk for every funeral in the consecrated ground; and all persons may select ground for interment.

BOWNESS.

No Scale of Fees has yet been fixed upon by this Board, its progress not having yet reached so far.

J. H. Taylor.

Windermere, 11 April 1856.

BRADFORD.

No Burial Board has been established for this borough. A registered joint-stock company has been established, called the "Bradford Cemetery Company," the secretary of which is Mr. John Atkinson, of this town; and if the return is considered at all applicable to companies established for such purpose, I have no doubt he would, on application, furnish the requisite particulars.

W. H. Hudson, Town Clerk
and Clerk to the Local Board of Health.

BRENTFORD, NEW.

The Burial Board of this parish have not at present purchased any land as a burial-ground, and therefore no Table of Fees has been determined upon.

11 April 1856. *Wm. Ruston,* Clerk.

BRIDGNORTH.

Rules and Regulations.

1. Notice is to be given between the hours of 10 a. m. and 6 p. m. at the office of the Burial Board, at least 36 hours previous to any interment, unless by special order of the committee, or on the production of a medical certificate, stating that it is desirable that the interment should take place earlier. No application can be received on Sunday.

2. The notice to be given in the form provided by the Board, and is to contain a statement of the christian and surname, the calling or description, and the age of the person to be buried, date of the death, the parish in which it occurred, the day and hour of the intended burial, whether in consecrated or unconsecrated ground, the situation, description, and depth of the grave or vault, whether purchased or not purchased.

3. All fees and charges, including those reserved by law for the incumbent of the parish, and parish clerk, in the consecrated ground; and also including the charges for digging and excavating, and for turfing the graves, are to be paid at the office of the Burial Board on giving the notice, and all other fees before the work is begun, in respect of which they are payable, and the receipt for the fees and payments is, if required, to be produced at the lodge, previous to the funeral entering the ground.

4. The selection of the spot is, in all cases, both of general interment and purchase, to be subject to the approval of the Board or a committee appointed by them; but the wishes of the applicant will be met as far as may be deemed practicable.

5. The Burial Board being authorised to make arrangements for facilitating the conveyance of the bodies of the dead to the burial ground, have provided a hand-hearse for general use within the parishes, at a charge of 1 *s.* for paupers belonging to the parishes of Saint Mary Magdalene and Saint Leonard, and 2 *s.* for all other persons, but persons using it are to furnish the necessary assistants and to be answerable for all damage done to the hearse.

6. No more than one body shall be buried in any vault or grave, except in a vault or grave purchased for the exclusive use of a family.

7. Coffins of wood only will be allowed in graves, the exclusive right of burial in which is not purchased.

8. No brick or stone is to be used in, or upon, nor any monument, tomb, or horizontal stone, erected, or laid upon, or over any grave, except those in which the exclusive right of burial is first purchased.

BRIDGNORTH—*continued.*

9. When more than one body is interred in any grave purchased for the use of a family, a layer of earth 18 inches in thickness, at the least, shall be left between each coffin and that next interred therein, or the coffin arched over with brick, or covered with a flat stone.

10. The consent in writing of the owner to any interment in a purchased vault or grave, must be left at the office with the notice of burial.

11. No grave or vault, less than six feet, or more than 10 feet in depth, be allowed, and none but brick graves or vaults are to be re-opened.

12. Burials will not be allowed in the chapels, or within 10 feet from the walls thereof, or within three feet from the fences, or from the lodge premises.

13. All graves or vaults are to be dug or excavated by the sexton appointed by the Burial Board or under his superintendence.

14. Wherever a burial has taken place, except in a private vault, the surface of the grave shall be forthwith covered with fresh turf, or be planted with shrubs or other suitable vegetation, unless a monument is to be erected upon it; and in no case shall the bare earth be left exposed.

15. All materials, gravestones, and monuments must be conveyed into the burial-ground by hand, or in carts or trucks with wheels of not less than 4-inch tire.

16. All gravestones, monuments, memorial, and inscriptions are to be subject to the approval of the Burial Board; and a copy of every inscription, if containing anything more than the name, date of death, and age of the deceased, proposed to be placed in the ground, and a drawing showing the form and dimensions of every tomb or monument proposed to be erected, must be left at the office of the Board at least 10 days for approval. All questions as to the fitness of any monumental inscription in the consecrated part of the ground are ultimately determinable by the bishop of the diocese. All tombs, monuments, tablets, and gravestones, and all places of burial must be kept in repair by the owners.

17. A register of the burials both in the consecrated and unconsecrated portions of the ground will be kept at the office of the Burial Board, where, at all reasonable times, searches may be made, and certified extracts obtained.

18. Every person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall, or fence, belonging to the burial-ground; or destroy or injure any tree or plant therein; or who shall daub or disfigure any wall thereof; or put up any bill therein or on any wall thereof; or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or gravestone; or do any other wilful damage, play at any game or sport, or discharge firearms (save at a military funeral), in the burial-ground, or wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled therein for the purpose of burying any body therein, or commit any nuisance within the ground, is liable to forfeit for every offence a sum not exceeding 5 *l.*

19. On and after the 25th day of March next, the burial-grounds shall be open to the public under certain regulations daily, except during the hours of divine service on Sundays. Children less than 10 years of age will not be admitted except under the care of a responsible person; and all visitors will be expected in general to keep on the gravelled roads and walks, and invariably to refrain from touching the shrubs or flowers, and to observe perfect decorum in all respects.

TABLE OF FEES.

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
Common grave for the burial of a person not resident at the time of death in the parish of St. Mary Magdalene or St. Leonard, and also for union paupers	–	10	–
Selected spot for common grave	–	5	–
Brick grave	2	2	–
Selected spot for same	1	1	–
Re-opening brick grave	–	10	6
Vault on two grave spaces	5	5	–
Each extra space occupied	2	12	6
Selected spot for vault	2	2	–
Re-opening vault	1	1	–
Head stone	–	10	6
Small ditto, not exceeding 18 inches high, with initials and dates only	–	5	–
Foot stone	–	5	–

BRIDGNORTH—*continued.*

	£.	s.	d.
Flat stone	2	2	–
Coffin shape stone	2	2	–
Raised tomb, not exceeding 8 feet by 4 feet	5	5	–
Ditto not exceeding 10 feet by 8 feet	10	10	–
Enclosing with palisades, 8 feet by 4 feet	5	5	–
Ditto - - - - ditto 10 feet by 8 feet	10	10	–
Exclusive right of burial in grave space, 10 feet by 4 feet	–	10	6
Entry of purchase on registry	–	2	6
Certificate of grant	–	1	–
Mural monuments within the chapel	21	–	–
Digging a grave six feet	–	3	6
Each additional foot	–	1	–
For a person under ten years of age	–	2	6
For excavating a brick grave six feet	–	5	–
Each additional foot	–	2	–
Excavating for vault, per cubic yard	–	–	8
Turfing a grave	–	1	–
Tolling bell	–	2	–
Every additional hour	–	1	–
To be paid to the sexton	–	1	–
Additional fee to clerk for officiating at brick grave	–	1	–
Ditto - - - ditto - - - ditto at vault	–	2	–

Approved

Whitehall, October 1855. *G. Grey.*

Double fees in all cases to be payable on the burial of union paupers, and of other persons not resident within the parishes of Saint Mary Magdalene and Saint Leonard.

Note 1.—When any brick or stone is to be used in or upon, or any monument, tomb, or horizontal stone erected or laid upon or over any grave, the exclusive right of burial therein must first be purchased.

Note 2.—Head stones and foot stones erected on grave spaces, in which the exclusive right of burial is not purchased, will be liable to removal after 20 years.

7 September 1855. *E. W. Haslewood,* Clerk.

BROMSGROVE.

BURIAL Ground not yet provided, nor Scale of Fees settled.

8 March 1856. *Thomas Day,* Hon. Clerk.

BUCKINGHAM.

THE Burial Board of this parish has not at present determined on a Table of Fees.

19 April 1856. *Geo. Nelson,* Clerk.

CAMBERWELL.

THE Burial Board for this parish have not yet settled the fees of interments in the unconsecrated part of the ground, or have they altered the burial fees of the incumbent, clerk, or sexton at present payable to them.

The ground is not yet ready for interments.

10 May 1856. *Geo. W. Marsden,* Clerk.

CAMPTON AND SHEFFORD.

THIS Board has not as yet established any Table of Fees, nor even entertained the subject, possession of the burial-ground having but recently been obtained.

Shefford, 30 March 1856. *Geo. Austin.*

CHARLTON.

Table of Fees.

DESCRIPTION OF FEE.		RECTOR.	CLERK.	SEXTON AND GRAVEDIGGER.	BURIAL BOARD.	TOTAL.
First Ground:		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For burial in common grave, six feet deep, or bought grave, seven feet deep	Parishioner	– 7 –	– 5 –	– 5 –	1 5 –	2 2 –
	Non-Parishioner	1 1 –	– 11 6	– 5 –	4 8 6	6 6 –
Purchase of private grave	Parishioner	– – –	– – –	– – –	4 4 –	4 4 –
	Non-Parishioner	– – –	– – –	– – –	12 12 –	12 12 –
Turfing		– – –	– – –	– – –	– 5 –	– 5 –
Tolling		– – –	– – –	– – –	– 1 6	– 1 6
Entry of purchased grave in register		– – –	– – –	– – –	– 2 6	– 2 6
Head stone	Parishioner	1 10 –	– 10 6	– – –	1 19 6	4 4 –
	Non-Parishioner	3 – –	1 1 –	– – –	4 7 –	8 8 –
Flat stone	Parishioner	3 3 –	– 10 6	– – –	2 12 6	6 6 –
	Non-Parishioner	6 6 –	1 1 –	– – –	5 5 –	12 12 –
Raised stone	Parishioner	4 4 –	1 1 –	– – –	5 5 –	10 10 –
	Non-Parishioner	8 8 –	2 2 –	– – –	10 10 –	21 – –
Liberty to make brick grave	Parishioner	5 5 –	1 1 –	– – –	4 4 –	10 10 –
	Non-Parishioner	10 10 –	2 2 –	– – –	8 8 –	21 – –
Liberty to make vault	Parishioner	10 10 –	2 2 –	– – –	3 3 –	15 15 –
	Non-Parishioner	21 – –	4 4 –	– – –	6 6 –	31 10 –
Second Ground:						
For burial in common grave, six feet deep, or bought grave, seven feet deep	Parishioner	– 7 –	– 5 –	– 5 –	– 14 6	1 11 6
	Non-Parishioner	1 1 –	– 11 6	– 5 –	1 5 6	3 3 –
Purchase of private grave	Parishioner	– – –	– – –	– – –	3 3 –	3 3 –
	Non-Parishioner	– – –	– – –	– – –	6 6 –	6 6 –
Turfing		– – –	– – –	– – –	– 2 6	– 2 6
Tolling		– – –	– – –	– – –	– 1 –	– 1 –
Entry of purchased grave in register		– – –	– – –	– – –	– 2 6	– 2 6
Head stone	Parishioner	1 10 –	– 10 6	– – –	1 2 6	3 3 –
	Non-Parishioner	3 – –	1 1 –	– – –	2 5 –	6 6 –
Flat stone	Parishioner	3 3 –	– 10 6	– – –	1 11 6	5 5 –
	Non-Parishioner	6 6 –	1 1 –	– – –	3 3 –	10 10 –
Raised stone	Parishioner	4 4 –	1 1 –	– – –	2 5 –	7 10 –
	Non-Parishioner	8 8 –	2 2 –	– – –	5 5 –	15 15 –
Liberty to make brick grave	Parishioner	5 5 –	1 1 –	– – –	2 2 –	8 8 –
	Non-Parishioner	10 10 –	2 2 –	– – –	4 4 –	16 16 –
Liberty to make vault	Parishioner	10 10 –	2 2 –	– – –	3 3 –	15 15 –
	Non-Parishioner	21 – –	4 4 –	– – –	6 6 –	31 10 –
Third Ground: *						
For burial in common grave, six feet deep, or bought grave, seven feet deep		– 7 –	– 5 –	– 5 –	– – 6	– 17 6
Purchase of private grave		– – –	– – –	– – –	2 2 –	2 2 –
Tolling		– – –	– – –	– – –	– – 6	– – 6
Entry of purchased grave in register		– – –	– – –	– – –	– 2 6	– 2 6
Head stone		1 10 –	– 10 6	– – –	– 12 –	2 12 6
Flat stone		3 3 –	– 10 6	– – –	– 10 6	4 4 –
Raised stone		4 4 –	1 1 –	– – –	2 5 –	7 10 –
Liberty to make brick grave		5 5 –	1 1 –	– – –	2 2 –	8 8 –
Liberty to make vault		10 10 –	2 2 –	– – –	3 3 –	15 15 –

* Burials of non-parishioners not allowed in this ground.

E. L. Burnett, Clerk.

CHATTERIS.

At present the Burial Board for this parish have not determined on any Table of Fees, their arrangements not being in a sufficient state of forwardness to require it yet.

St. Ives, Huntingdonshire,
3 April 1856.

John Lawrence, Clerk.

CHEPSTOW.

No fees have as yet been fixed by this Board.

29 March 1856.

Jas. Evans, Clerk.

CHESHUNT.

Fees, Payments, and Charges payable in respect of Interments, &c.

ITEM OF CHARGE.	In Consecrated Ground.	IN UNCONSECRATED GROUND, TO		
	The Board.	The Board.	The Gravedigger.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For the interment of any pauper chargeable to this parish	– 2 –	– 2 –	– 5 –	– 7 –
Ditto not chargeable to this parish	– 6 –	– 6 –	– 10 –	– 16 –
Ditto of any child under 10 years of age	– 2 –	– 2 –	– 4 –	– 6 –
Ditto any person over 10 years of age, in a grave not exceeding 6 feet in depth	– 3 –	– 3 –	– 5 –	– 8 –
Ditto any person in a grave exceeding 6 feet in depth, for every extra foot in depth	– – –	– – –	First foot, 1*s.*; second foot, 1*s.* 3*d.*; and for each succeeding foot, 3*d.* in addition to the last preceding charge per foot.	
Ditto a still-born child	– 2 –	– 2 –	– 2 6	– 4 6
For first interment in a brick grave or vault	– – –	– – –	*– 5 –	– 5 –
For re-opening a brick grave or vault, and second or subsequent interment therein	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	1 6 –
For a brick grave not exceeding 6 feet in depth	5 5 –	5 5 –	– 10 –	5 15 –
Ditto exceeding 6 feet in depth, for every extra foot in depth	– – –	– – –	First foot, 2*s.*; second foot, 2*s.* 6*d.*; and for each succeeding foot, 6*d.* in addition to the last preceding charge per foot.	
For a vault not exceeding externally 10 feet in length by 8 feet in width and 6 feet in depth	8 8 –	8 8 –	1 – –	9 8 –
The like, exceeding 6 feet in depth, for every extra foot in depth	– – –	– – –	First foot, 4*s.*; second foot, 5*s.*; and for each succeeding foot, 1*s.* in addition to the last preceding charge per foot.	

(*continued*)

CHESHUNT—*continued.*

ITEM OF CHARGE.	In Consecrated Ground.	IN UNCONSECRATED GROUND, TO		
	The Board.	The Board.	The Gravedigger.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For a vault not exceeding externally 10 feet in length by 11 feet in width and 6 feet in depth	11 11 –	11 11 –	1 6 6	12 17 6
The like, exceeding 6 feet in depth, for every extra foot in depth	– – –	– – –	First foot, 5 *s.* 6 *d.*; second foot, 6 *s.* 8 *d.*; and for each succeeding foot, 1 *s.* 4 *d.* in addition to the last preceding charge per foot.	
For erecting a head and foot stone, or either	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 2 6	1 3 6
Ditto a coffin-shaped tomb over a brick grave or vault, or placing any other tomb or stone, not exceeding 8 feet by 4 feet	2 2 –	2 2 –	– 3 6	2 5 6
Ditto the like, not exceeding 10 feet by 8 feet	3 3 –	3 3 –	– 5 –	3 8 –
Ditto the like, not exceeding 10 feet by 11 feet	4 4 –	4 4 –	– 6 –	4 10 –
Ditto a mural tablet in chapel	10 10 –	10 10 –	– – – –	10 10 –
Ditto a memorial over grave in third-class ground, subject to removal at option of Board	– – –	– – –	– 2 6	– 2 6
For every additional or subsequent inscription on any tomb, stone, or other monument	– 5 –	– 5 –	– – – –	– 5 –
For inclosing with palisades or other fence a space not exceeding 8 feet by 4 feet	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 3 –	1 4 –
Ditto 10 feet by 8 feet	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 4 –	1 5 –
Ditto 10 feet by 11 feet	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	1 6 –
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave space 9 feet by 4 feet, over and above all other fees and payments	2 2 –	2 2 –	– – – –	2 2 –
The like, 9 feet by 8 feet, ditto	4 4 –	4 4 –	– – – –	4 4 –
The like, 9 feet by 12 feet, ditto	5 5 –	5 5 –	– – – –	5 5 –
For entry in register of grant of purchased grave	– 2 6	– 2 6	– – – –	– 2 6
For certificate of grant	– 1 –	– 1 –	– – – –	– 1 –
For use of hearse and horse	—			

The above fees, payments, and charges are exclusive of any fees or payments which may be lawfully demanded by the incumbent, parish clerk, and sexton respectively, for any interments or works which may take place in the consecrated portion of the burial ground. The fees to the gravedigger include the charge for removing all surplus earth, and for tolling the bell (if required) on the occasion of each interment. The charge marked thus (*) will not accrue in the event of the interment taking place at the time of the construction of the brick grave or vault. In the case of non-parishioners (except where above provided for), the fees and charges payable in respect of any of the foregoing items will be to the Board one-half more than the amount recited, and to the gravedigger double such amount.

4 April 1856. *James Death*, Clerk.

CHICHESTER.

No Table of Fees yet determined on.

29 March 1856. *James Powell*, Town Clerk, and Clerk to the Council as the Burial Board.

CHICH ST. OSYTH.

A TABLE of FEES and PAYMENTS in respect of Interments in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Portions of the Burial Ground for the said Parish, opened 23d June 1855.

(All fees must be paid at the time of making application for interment.)

DESCRIPTION.	Minister.	Parish Clerk.	Board.	BURIAL.		WITH PRAYERS.	
				Minister.	Parish Clerk.	Minister.	Parish Clerk.
First Class:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Double brick grave	2 10 –	1 – –	2 10 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	2 –
Single	1 5 –	– 10 –	1 5 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	2 –
Opening a vault	2 2 –	1 1 –	2 2 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	2 –
Opening a brick grave	1 5 –	– 10 –	1 5 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	2 –
Tomb	5 5 –	1 – –	5 5 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	2 –
Tablet in chapel	1 1 –	– 5 –	1 1 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	2 –
Head and foot stone, with one to cover grave	2 2 –	– 10 6	2 2 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	2 –
Head and foot stones	1 5 –	– 5 –	1 5 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	2 –
Fresh inscription	– 10 –	– 2 6	– 10 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	2 –
Second Class:							
Single grave — Adult	– –	– –	– 4 –	—	—	—	—
Single grave — Under 16 years	– 5 –	– 3 –	– 3 –	—	—	—	—
Single grave — Under 5 years	– –	– –	– 2 –	—	—	—	—
Pauper funeral	– –	– –	– –	2 6	2 6	—	—
Double fees for out-parishioners.							

Applications to be made to the clerk to the Board at Thorpe at least two days before any interment in any common grave; if in a bricked grave or vault, then three days at least in every case, exclusive of Sundays, on which day no application can be received, unless in case of urgent necessity.

By order of the Board,

Henry Spurling, Clerk.

CHIPPING WYCOMBE.

THE Burial Board for this parish and borough have not yet finally determined on a Table of Fees under the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 87. The Board have submitted a Table of Fees to the Bishop of Oxford for his approval, which approval they have not yet obtained.

3 April 1856. *Thos. J. Reynolds.*

CHRISTCHURCH.

THE Burial Board for this parish being but recently constituted has not yet determined on any table of fees.

29 March 1856. *James Druitt*, Clerk.

CLAPHAM.

FEES determined on by the Burial Board for the Parish of *Clapham*, with a Statement of the Mode of appropriating such Fees, under the peculiar nature of the arrangements adopted in this Parish under the Act 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85.

	£. s. d.
Fees on the interment of the bodies of adults or children in either the consecrated or unconsecrated part of the Norwood Cemetery, under a contract with the South Metropolitan Cemetery Company (except in pauper cases)	– 14 –
Fees on the interment of paupers, adults or children	– 5 6

CLAPHAM—*continued.*

APPROPRIATION.

The whole towards the expenses of the Burial Board, but under the Act 6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 129, the South Metropolitan Cemetery Company are bound, upon the interment of every person within the consecrated part of the cemetery, who shall appear by the books of the company to have been removed for the purpose of interment from the parish in which the cemetery shall be situated, or from any parish in the county of Surrey, adjoining thereto, to pay to the incumbent of the parish from which such person shall be so removed, the fees following:—

	£.	s.	d.
Interment in any vault, catacomb, or brick grave	1	–	–
Brick grave in open ground	–	7	6
And in pauper cases, under 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, s. 49	–	1	–

Under sect. 22 of the same Act, 6 & 7 Vict. c. 129, the incumbent is to pay to the churchwardens, out of every fee of 20*s.*, 12*s.*; and out of every fee of 7*s.* 6*d.*, 3*s.* 6*d.*, to be by them applied according to the custom of the parish.

It is understood that these fees are paid by the South Metropolitan Cemetery Company to the incumbent, out of the monies received by the company from the Burial Board.

3, Church Buildings, Clapham Common, 1 April 1856. *George Fred. Merriman*, Clerk.

COCKERMOUTH.

THE Burial Board for this township have not yet settled as to their table of fees for interments.

5 April 1856. *W. P. Senhouse*, Clerk.

COLCHESTER.

TABLE of FEES for Interments, &c. in the Burial-ground provided under the Burial Act by the Burial Board for the Parishes of *St. Mary-at-the-Walls, St. Botolph, St. Giles, Holy Trinity, St. Peter, St. Runwald, St. Martin, All Saints, St. Leonard, St. James,* and *St. Nicholas,* in *Colchester.*

BOARD FEES.

	£.	s.	d.
Common grave (adult) 6 feet 6 inches deep	–	4	–
Ditto extra depth, per foot	–	2	–
Ditto (under 12 years)	–	2	6
Ditto (still born)	–	2	6
Ditto extra depth, per foot	–	1	–
rant of perpetuity, per space	1	1	–
Brick grave for one coffin, 6 feet 6 inches	2	2	–
Ditto extra depth, per foot	–	4	–
Ditto for two coffins	3	3	–
extra depth, per foot	–	4	–
Vault for four coffins	6	6	–
Ditto for six	8	8	–
Ditto for eight	10	10	–
For every additional coffin	1	1	–
Registering a transfer	–	5	–
Opening a brick grave	1	1	–
Ditto, vault	1	11	6
Head and foot stone	–	10	6
Coffin-shaped or flat stone	1	1	–
Monumental tomb	2	2	–
Enclosing with iron palisades	2	2	–
Every additional inscription	–	5	–

Persons not being ratepayers in any of the 11 parishes comprising the Burial Board, or an inhabitant of one of the said parishes, to pay double Board fees.

COLCHESTER—*continued.*

ACCUSTOMED PAROCHIAL FEES in the Borough of *Colchester.*

	£.	s.	d.
MINISTER'S FEES:			
Burials in churchyard with grave service [If desired, the full Church service will be read in all cases not forbidden by the Rubric.]	–	2	–
Ditto with Church service	–	4	–
For a corpse carried to any other place of interment	–	2	–
For a vault of the width of two coffins	5	5	–
Ditto opening ditto	2	12	6
Single brick grave	2	2	–
Opening ditto	1	1	–
For tomb over vault, with iron railing	5	5	–
Ditto without ditto	3	3	–
Tomb over single brick or other grave	2	2	–
Head and foot stone for two graves	2	2	–
Ditto one grave	1	1	–
Fresh inscription on tomb over vault or grave	–	10	6
Ditto head and foot stone	–	5	–
CLERK'S FEES (these include Sexton's fees):			
Burial in common grave, 5 feet	–	4	–
Ditto with Church service	–	6	6
Burial in common grave, parish fee	–	4	–
For a corpse carried to any other place of interment	–	4	–
Ditto child's grave	–	2	–
For all extra depth, per foot	–	1	–
Vault in churchyard	–	13	4
Ditto opening ditto	–	10	6
Brick grave in churchyard	–	10	6
Opening	–	7	–
Tomb over vault	–	5	–
Tomb over brick grave	–	2	6
Head and foot stone	–	1	–

N. B.—Double fees in all the preceding cases for persons who are brought from other parishes.

COLYTON.

OUR burial ground is not yet prepared for consecration or interments, and the question of fees and their appropriation has not yet been considered by the Board.

31 March 1856. *Rob. Hillman,* Clerk.

CROOK AND BILLY ROW AND HELMINGTON ROW.

PROVISIONAL CHARGES AND REGULATIONS FOR INTERMENTS.

THE burial ground for the above-named townships is now ready for interment.

The northern portion of the ground is for funerals conducted according to the rites of the Established Church, and will be consecrated.

The southern portion is for the funerals of non-conformists, or dissenters, and which may be conducted with or without religious services, or by ministers of any denomination.

A chapel will be erected on each.

CROOK AND BILLY ROW AND HELMINGTON ROW—*continued.*

CHARGES FOR INTERMENT.

Northern or Consecrated Portion:—

	£.	s.	d.
Burial ground fee	–	3	6
Sexton	–	2	6
Officiating minister	–	1	6
Clerk	–	1	6
£.	–	9	–

Southern or Unconsecrated Portion:—

	£.	s.	d.
Burial ground fee	–	3	6
Sexton	–	2	6
£.	–	6	–

Still-born children will be interred in the unconsecrated portion alone, at a fee of 2*s.* 6*d.* for the sexton.

For persons from beyond either township, the burial ground fee will be 7*s.*

The charge for permission to erect an ordinary tomb or headstone is,

	£.	s.	d.
In consecrated portion	–	5	–
Incumbent	1	–	–
	1	5	–
In unconsecrated portion £.	–	5	–

The burial ground fees must be paid to the sexton.

Permission to persons to inclose graves, lay down or erect monumental stones thereon, inter in coffins of stone or metal, to brick the graves or cover them with slabs of stone or metal, can only be granted by the purchase of the fee-simple.

Plans or sketches of all monuments or tombstones, and copies of all epitaphs and inscriptions are required to be submitted to, and approved by, the Burial Board, before they are introduced into the ground.

Persons desirous of effecting interments in this ground, must give notice (not less than 24 hours before the interment is to take place) to the sexton, who will furnish them with printed forms for that purpose, which must be carefully and accurately filled up. And should it be intended that the interment take place on a Sunday, then such notice must be given not later than the Friday evening preceding.

By order of the Burial Board,
C. C. Wilson, Clerk.

CROSSCANONBY.

THE cemetery not being yet ready, the Board have not yet finally settled any Table of Fees, though the subject is under consideration with the view of submitting the Table of Fees for approval.

Maryport, 2 April 1856. *Ed. Tyson*, Clerk.

DARLINGTON.

No Table of Fees has yet been determined on by the Burial Board for this township.

28 April 1856. *Hugh Dunn*, Clerk.

DARTFORD.

At present the question of fees has not been considered by this Board.

29 March 1856. *Gibson & Wates*, Clerks.

DEAL.

Interment Fees, Classified in Three Sections, A, B, and C.

The Fees the same in Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground, and to Parochial Incumbents and Dissenting Ministers.

	To Board for Ground.	To Minister.	To Sexton.	Total.
Section A, or Class 1:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For adults	– 16 –	– 7 6	– 6 6	1 10 –
Children under 10	– 10 –	– 7 6	– 6 6	1 4 –
Section B, or Class 2:				
For adults	– 8 –	– 5 –	– 4 –	– 17 –
Children under 10	– 5 –	– 5 –	– 4 –	– 14 –
Section C, or Class 3:				
For adults	– 4 –	– 3 –	– 2 6	– 9 6
Children under 10	– 2 6	– 3 –	– 2 6	– 8 –

For a still-born child half the above fees to the Board.

For a selected site in either Section double fees to the Board.

For every grave space purchased in perpetuity (including grant, &c.), and in addition to the fees to minister and sexton:—

	£. s. d.
In Section A	2 12 6
„ B	2 2 6
„ C	1 12 6

For a reserved site for 15 years (including grant), half the perpetuity fees, according to Section.

Fees for Brick Graves, Monuments, &c.

	£. s. d.
For the privilege of making a brick vault or grave in a purchased grave space, for each grave space	2 – –
For the privilege of inclosing with iron rails and gate, each purchased grave space	2 2 –
For re-opening a brick vault or any purchased grave	1 1 –
For flat stones over graves purchased in perpetuity	1 – –
For flat stones over graves not purchased in perpetuity, in addition to the fee for a purchase in perpetuity	1 – –
For tombs on each grave space	3 3 –
For tablets on boundary walls, per square foot	1 1 –

(*continued*)

DEAL—*continued.*

	£.	s.	d.
For every additional inscription on any monument or memorial - -	–	5	–
For mural monument in chapel, for every square foot - - - -	2	2	–
For every subsequent inscription thereon - - - - - -	1	1	–
For tolling bell - - - - - - - - - - - -	–	1	–
The sexton's fee for every grave more than 6 feet in depth, for every extra foot - - - - - - - - - - - - -	–	1	–
The sexton's fee in the case of vaults to be paid on each grave space.			
For every stained glass memorial in a window, for every square foot -	2	2	–
For the use of hand hearse, in class A - - - - - - - -	–	6	–
,, ,, ,, B - - - - - - - -	–	4	–
,, ,, ,, C - - - - - - - -	–	2	–
Extra charge for use of drapery to hand hearse - - - - -	–	2	6
Fees for non-parishioners to be one-half more.			

The Right honourable Sir George Grey, Secretary of State for the Home Department, has approved of the above fees and payments, to be received by the Burial Board.

REGULATIONS.

1. TWENTY-FOUR hours' previous notice of an interment must be given, exclusive of Sunday, or an extra charge for working at night be paid before the ground is opened; but no interments will be permitted on Sunday, except between the hours of eight and half-past nine o'clock in the morning.

2. The notice to be in the form provided by the Board, and to contain a statement of the christian and surnames; the calling or description and age of the person to be buried; the date of the death; the parish in which it occurred; the day and hour of the intended burial; whether in the consecrated or unconsecrated ground; and, if in purchased ground, the situation and size of the ground or vault.

3. All fees and charges must be paid to the registrar at the office of the Board on notice being given of an interment, and before the notice is accepted.

4. The selection of the spot is in all cases, whether of general interment or of purchase, to be subject to the approval of the Board, or of a committee or officer appointed by them; but the wishes of parties will be met as far as may be deemed practicable.

5. The upper part of every coffin to be not less than four feet below the surface of the ground.

6. Where more than one coffin is put in the same grave, there shall not be less than 18 inches of earth between every coffin.

7. Coffins of wood only shall be used in graves the exclusive right of burials in which is not purchased.

8. Burials will not be allowed in the church or chapel.

9. Vaults or brick graves shall be opened from the top, unless the ground required for entrance shall have been purchased.

10. Copper cramps shall be used in the erection of tablets.

11. All monuments, tablets, and gravestones, and all places of burial, shall be kept clean and in good repair by the owners thereof respectively; and in default thereof the same shall be forfeited to the Board, who shall then be entitled to take possession thereof and of the ground belonging thereto.

12. Prior to any second or subsequent interment in a purchased vault or grave, the written consent of the owner or his heirs must be obtained and left at the office of the Board, with the notice of burial.

13. Before the erection of any memorial, monument, or gravestone, a drawing thereof, and every proposed inscription, shall be deposited with the registrar and approved by the Board.

Mercer & Edwards,
Clerks and Registrars.

Deal, 25 March 1856.

DERBY.

(Parishes of *All Saints, St. Alkmund, St. Michael, St. Peter, St. Werburgh, Litchurch,* and *Little Chester.*)

RETURN of the TABLE of FEES determined on for Burials in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Portions of the Cemeteries.

OLD CEMETERY.—(No part of this Cemetery is consecrated.)

	Total Fees to be paid.	Amount proposed to be paid to Clergy or Dissenting Ministers.	Amount to be applied to the general Purposes of the Board.
Private Graves and Vaults, including Fees for putting down a flat or head stone, and for the first interment; each grave or vault to be nine feet deep:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
First Class Ground - graves	7 – –	– 2 6	6 17 6
First Class Ground - single vaults	11 – –	– 2 6	10 17 6
First Class Ground - double vaults	23 – –	– 2 6	22 17 6
Second Class Ground - graves	6 – –	– 2 6	5 17 6
Second Class Ground - single vaults	10 – –	– 2 6	9 17 6
Second Class Ground - double vaults	21 – –	– 2 6	20 17 6
Third Class Ground - graves	5 – –	– 2 6	4 17 6
Third Class Ground - single vaults	9 – –	– 2 6	8 17 6
Third Class Ground - double vaults	19 – –	– 2 6	18 17 6
Fourth Class Ground - graves	4 – –	– 2 6	3 17 6
Fourth Class Ground - single vaults	8 – –	– 2 6	7 17 6
Fourth Class Ground - double vaults	17 – –	– 2 6	16 17 6
Fifth Class Ground; graves	3 – –	– 2 6	2 17 6
The above prices for vaults include the making of the vaults; but if any party wishes to employ his own tradesman, a reduction will be made of 3 *l.* 10 *s.* for a single vault, and 6 *l.* for a double vault.			
Additional Charges for Extra Depth:			
If 10 feet 6 inches - graves	– 10 –	- - -	– 10 –
If 10 feet 6 inches - single vaults	1 – –	- - -	1 – –
If 10 feet 6 inches - double vaults	2 – –	- - -	2 – –
If 12 feet 6 inches - graves	1 – –	- - -	1 – –
If 12 feet 6 inches - single vaults	2 – –	- - -	2 – –
If 12 feet 6 inches - double vaults	4 – –	- - -	4 – –
Subsequent Interments:			
Every interment after the first in a private grave, including opening, re-closing, and fees	– 15 –	– 2 6	– 12 6
Every interment after the first in a vault, including bricklayer and mason's work, lower covers, and fees	2 – –	– 2 6	1 17 6
Every interment after the first in a vault, if iron bars used instead of stone	1 10 –	– 2 6	1 7 6
Every interment after the first in a vault, not including work or materials	– 15 –	– 2 6	– 12 6
For interment of a still-born child	– 3 –	- - -	– 3 –
Tombstones, Monuments, &c.:			
Extra fee for raised flat stone	– 15 –	- - -	– 15 –
Extra fee for monuments or palisades	1 5 –	- - -	1 5 –
Placing Tablet on Boundary Wall:			
In fifth-class ground	– 10 6	- - -	– 10 6
In any other part of the cemetery	1 1 –	- - -	1 1 –
Extra charge for every funeral before two or after five o'clock, funerals which take place on Sundays excepted	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 2 6

(*continued*)

DERBY—*continued.*

NEW CEMETERY.

	Total Fees to be paid for Interments in Consecrated or Unconsecrated Ground.	Amount to be paid to Parochial Incumbents for Interments in Consecrated Ground.	Amount to be paid to Dissenting Ministers for Interments in Unconsecrated Ground.	Amount to be applied to the General Purposes of the Board.	
				For Interments in Consecrated Ground.	For Interments in Unconsecrated Ground.
CATACOMBS:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For each entire cell in the catacombs, to contain two bodies, one at front and one at back, including first interment	12 12 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	11 11 –	12 7 –
For the second interment in ditto	2 2 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	1 1 –	1 17 –
For morning funerals in the above, each extra	1 1 –	– 10 6	– 5 6	– 10 6	– 15 6
FIRST CLASS GROUND:					
For a vault space, 9 ft. by 4 ft., including making of vault to contain not more than three bodies in air-tight lead or zinc coffins	14 14 –	3 3 –	– 5 –	11 11 –	14 9 –
For a vault space, 9 ft. by 8 ft., including making of vault to contain not more than six bodies in air-tight lead or zinc coffins	27 6 –	5 5 –	– 5 –	22 1 –	27 1 –
For a vault space larger than 9 ft. by 8 ft., each superficial square yard above eight, in addition to the last-named sum	3 3 –	- -	- -	3 3 –	3 3 –
For morning funerals in the foregoing, each extra	1 1 –	– 10 6	– 5 6	– 10 6	– 15 6
SECOND CLASS GROUND:					
For a vault space, 9 ft. by 4 ft., including making of vault to contain not more than three bodies in air-tight lead or zinc coffins	9 9 –	2 2 –	– 5 –	7 7 –	9 4 –
For a vault space, 9 ft. by 8 ft., including making of vault to contain not more than six bodies in air-tight lead or zinc coffins	18 18 –	4 4 –	– 5 –	14 14 –	18 13 –
For a vault space larger than 9 ft. by 8 ft., each superficial square yard above eight, in addition to the last-named sum	2 2 –	- -	- -	2 2 –	2 2 –
For morning funerals in the above ground, each extra	1 1 –	– 10 6	– 5 6	– 10 6	– 15 6
For a reserved grave space 9 ft. by 4 ft.	3 3 –	– 7 6	– 2 6	2 15 6	3 – 6
For - ditto - ditto 9 ft. by 8 ft.	6 6 –	– 7 6	– 2 6	5 18 6	6 3 6
For - ditto - ditto larger than 9 ft. by 8 ft., each superficial square yard above eight, in addition to the last-named sum	2 2 –	- -	- -	2 2 –	2 2 –
For morning funerals in the foregoing, each extra	– 15 –	– 7 6	– 5 –	– 7 6	– 10 –
THIRD CLASS GROUND:					
For a reserved grave space 9 ft. by 4 ft.	1 11 6	– 5 –	– 2 6	1 6 6	1 9 –
For - ditto - ditto 9 ft. by 8 ft.	3 3 –	– 5 –	– 2 6	2 18 –	3 – 6
For - ditto - ditto larger than 9 ft. by 8 ft., each superficial square yard above eight, in addition to the last-named sum	– 10 6	- -	- -	– 10 6	– 10 6
For morning funerals in the foregoing, each extra	– 10 –	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 5 –	– 7 6

DERBY—*continued.*

	Total Fees to be paid for Interments in Consecrated or Unconsecrated Ground.	Amount to be paid to Parochial Incumbents for Interments in Consecrated Ground.	Amount to be paid to Dissenting Ministers for Interments in Unconsecrated Ground.	Amount to be applied to the General Purposes of the Board.	
				For Interments in Consecrated Ground.	For Interments in Unconsecrated Ground.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
No charge beyond those mentioned in the foregoing list will be made for the first interment in a vault or reserved grave; but for each subsequent interment the following charge will be made:					
In vault in First Class Ground	3 3 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	2 2 –	2 18 –
For morning funerals in ditto, each extra	1 1 –	– 10 6	– 5 6	– 10 6	– 15 6
In vault in Second Class Ground	2 2 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	1 1 –	1 17 –
For morning funerals in ditto, each extra	1 1 –	– 10 6	– 5 6	– 10 6	– 15 6
Grave space in ditto	1 1 –	– 7 6	– 2 6	– 13 6	– 18 6
For morning funerals in ditto, each extra	– 15 –	– 7 6	– 5 –	– 7 6	– 10 –
Grave space in Third Class Ground	– 10 6	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 5 6	– 8 –
For morning funerals in ditto, each extra	– 10 –	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 5 –	– 7 6
The Burial Board will make the vaults at the above prices; but if any party wishes to employ his own tradesman a reduction of 3*l.* 10*s.* will be made for a single, and 6*l.* for a double vault.					
SINGLE INTERMENTS IN COMMON GRAVES WITHOUT CHOICE OF LAND:					
Fourth Class Ground, bodies to be laid in rotation, and funerals to take place in the afternoon	– 7 6	– 1 –	– 1 –	– 6 6	– 6 6
Fifth Class Ground - - ditto - - ditto	– 4 6	– 1 –	– 1 –	– 3 6	– 3 6
FOR INTERMENT OF A STILL-BORN CHILD:					
First Class Ground	– 5 –	- -	- -	– 5 –	– 5 –
Second ditto	– 5 –	- -	- -	– 5 –	– 5 –
Third ditto	– 3 –	- -	- -	– 3 –	– 3 –
Fourth ditto	– 1 –	- -	- -	– 1 –	– 1 –
Fifth ditto	– 1 –	- -	- -	– 1 –	– 1 –
FLAT STONES:					
Permission to fix flat stone in First Class Ground	2 2 –	– 10 6	- -	1 11 6	2 2 –
If raised from ground a foot or less	4 4 –	1 1 –	- -	3 3 –	4 4 –
Permission to fix flat stone in Second Class Ground to vault and grave spaces	1 1 –	– 5 –	- -	– 16 –	1 1 –
If raised from ground a foot or less	2 2 –	– 10 –	- -	1 12 –	2 2 –
Permission to fix flat stone in Third Class Ground	– 10 6	– 2 6	- -	– 8 –	– 10 6
On other portions of ground	– 10 6	– 2 6	- -	– 8 –	– 10 6
TOMBS:					
Permission to erect a tomb or any flat stone raised more than 12 inches from the ground	5 5 – and upwards according to size.	1 1 –	- -	4 4 –	5 5 –

10 April 1856.

Jno. Walker, Clerk.

DODDINGTON.

No Burial Board has been established.

16 April 1856. *Wise Dawbarn.*

DORKING.

Rules and Regulations.

1. In all cases of interments the following regulations issued by the Secretary of State for the Home Department must be observed:—

The grave space set apart for each person of the age of 16 years and upwards, shall be at the least 9 feet long and 4 feet wide.

The grave space set apart for each person between the ages of 7 and 16 years shall be at the least 7 feet long and 3 feet wide.

The grave space set apart for each child of seven years of age and under, shall be at the least 5 feet 9 inches long and 2 feet 9 inches wide.

Each grave shall be dug as near as may be in the middle of its grave space.

No more than one body shall be buried in any vault or grave, except in a vault or grave purchased for the exclusive use of a family.

No interment shall take place in any vault unless the corpse be enclosed in an air-tight metallic coffin. When more than one body is interred in any grave purchased for the use of a family, a layer of earth, 18 inches in thickness at the least, shall be left between each coffin interred therein.

No interment shall take place in the grave of any person of the age of 16 years and upwards, without a covering of earth, 4 feet in thickness at the least, measuring from the upper surface of the coffin to the ordinary level of the ground.

No interment shall take place in the grave of any person between the ages of 7 and 16 years, without a covering of earth, 3 feet 6 inches in thickness at the least, measuring from the upper surface of the coffin to the ordinary level of the ground.

No interment shall take place in the grave of any child of seven years of age and under, without a covering of earth 3 feet in thickness at the least, measuring from the upper surface of the coffin to the ordinary level of the ground.

No grave in which an interment has taken place, except it be a vault or grave purchased for the use of a family, shall be re-opened for another interment, until after the expiration of stated periods of time, that is to say:—

No grave in which a person of the age of 16 years and upwards has been buried, shall be re-opened for another interment until after 14 years from the time when such person shall have been buried.

No grave in which a person between the ages of seven and 16 years has been buried, shall be re-opened for another interment until after 10 years from the time when such person shall have been buried.

No grave in which a child of the age of seven years and under has been buried, shall be re-opened for another interment until after seven years from the time when such child shall have been buried.

But if, on re-opening any grave, the corpse last interred therein shall be found undecayed, the remains shall not be disturbed, but such grave shall be filled up again with earth, and shall not be used for another interment until the complete decay of such corpse shall have taken place.

Whenever a burial has taken place (except in a private vault), the grave shall be forthwith filled up with earth, and the surface shall be covered with fresh turf, or be planted with shrubs or other suitable vegetation, unless a monument is to be erected upon it, but in no case shall the bare earth be left exposed.

2. Twenty-four hours' previous notice of an interment must be given to the clerk of the Board, exclusive of Sunday; or an extra charge for working at nights be paid before the ground is opened.

3. Notice to be given in the form provided by the Board.

4. All

DORKING—*continued.*

4. All fees and charges must be paid to the clerk, at the office of the Board, on notice being given of an interment, and before the notice is accepted.

5. The selection of the grave space is, in all cases, subject to the approval of the Board, or of a committee or officer appointed by them; the wishes of persons applying will be met as far as may be deemed practicable.

6. Coffins of wood only shall be used in graves, the exclusive right of burial in which is not purchased.

7. Burials will not be allowed in the chapels, or within 8 feet from the walls thereof, or within 8 feet from the lodge premises.

8. Vaults or brick graves shall be opened from the top, unless the ground required for entrance shall have been purchased.

9. Tablets may be erected on the boundary walls, but not on the outer walls of the buildings. Copper cramps shall be used in the erection of tablets.

10. All graves and vaults to be dug and excavated by the sexton appointed by the Board, or under his superintendence, and all planting and cultivation to be subject to the approval of the Board.

11. If any damage is caused by the bringing in of any materials, grave stones, or monuments, the person or persons causing the damage will be required to make it good.

12. At least 14 days before the erection of any monument or memorial, a drawing thereof, with proposed inscription, shall be deposited with the clerk, for the approval of the Board, or a sub-committee appointed by Board. All questions as to fitness of any monumental inscription in the consecrated part of the ground are, by law, ultimately determinable by the bishop of the diocese.

13. A register of burials in the ground will be kept at the office of the Burial Board, where, at all reasonable times, searches may be made, and certified extracts obtained.

14. Grave spaces may be enclosed with stone, not exceeding 12 inches in height from the ground, but not with railings or palisades.

15. All monuments and tablets shall be kept neat and clean, and in good order, at the charge of the owners thereof; in default of which, the same shall be forfeited to the Board, who shall then be entitled to take possession thereof, and remove or repair, as they may think fit.

16. No head stone shall be allowed above 4 feet in height, and 2 feet 6 inches in breadth.

17. No brick arches above ground will be allowed over any grave.

18. The purchase of the exclusive right of burial in any grave space, gives no claim to the interment of non-parishioners, except in the case of the immediate descendants or relatives of the original purchaser. Every other case, as it arises, must be submitted to at least three members of the Board for the time being.

19. Purchasers or owners of exclusive right of burial cannot, under any circumstances, dispose of their rights to non-parishioners, nor to parishioners without the consent of the Board; every such transfer to be made by the Board, and at the expense of the applicant.

20. Any person doing wilful damage within the burial-ground, or playing at any game therein, or disturbing any persons therein assembled for the purpose of burying any body therein, or committing any nuisance therein, is liable to forfeit to the Burial Board, for every such offence, a sum not exceeding 5 *l.*

21. The public will be admitted to the cemetery daily from 8o'clock a. m. till sunset. On Sundays, the cemetery will be closed from half-past 10 to 1, and from half-past 2 to a quarter-past 4 o'clock. Children under 10 years of age will not be admitted except under charge of a responsible person. No dogs will be allowed within the grounds.

DORKING—*continued.*

TABLE OF FEES.

	CONSECRATED SIDE OF BURIAL GROUND.					UNCONSECRATED SIDE OF BURIAL GROUND.		
	Burial Board, Ground Fee.	Vicar, Ground Fee.	Incumbent, Service Fee.	Clerk.	Sexton.	TOTAL.	Burial Board, Ground Fee.	Sexton.	TOTAL.
COMMON GRAVES:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Pauper of the age of 16 years or upwards, buried at the expense of the union or parish; grave 6 feet deep	- -	- -	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 3 6	- 6 6	- -	3 6	- 3 6
Pauper between the ages of 7 and 16 years; grave 5 feet deep	- -	- -	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 3 6	- 6 6	- -	- 3 6	- 3 6
Pauper of 7 years of age or under; grave 4½ feet deep	- -	- -	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 3 6	- 6 6	- -	- 3 6	- 3 6
Parishioner or resident of the age of 16 years or upwards; grave 6 feet deep	- 5 -	- -	- 2 -	- 2 -	- 7 -	- 16 -	- 5 -	- 3 6	- 8 6
For extra depth, per foot, 1st foot	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- 1 -	—
Ditto - - - ditto - 2d foot	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 6	- -	- -	- 1 6	—
Parishioner or resident between the ages of 7 and 16 years; grave 5 feet deep	- 4 -	- -	- 2 -	- 2 -	- 6 -	- 14 -	- 4 -	- 3 -	- 7 -
For extra depth, per foot, 1st foot	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- 1 -	—
Ditto - - - ditto - 2d foot	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 6	- -	- -	- 1 6	—
Parishioner or resident child of 7 years of age or under; grave 4½ feet deep	- 3 -	- -	- 2 -	- 2 -	- 5 -	- 12 -	- 3 -	- 2 6	- 5 6
For extra depth, per foot	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- 1 -	—
Infant, still-born	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
BRICK OR STEINED GRAVES:									
For parishioner or resident of any age; grave not exceeding 8 feet deep	2 - -	2 - -	- 2 -	- 5 6	- 8 6	4 16 -	2 - -	- 4 3	2 4 3
Ditto, in perpetuity	5 - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	5 - -	—	—
On re-opening same for subsequent interment	- -	1 - -	- 2 -	- 5 6	- 8 6	1 16 -	- -	- 4 3	- 4 3
VAULTS:									
Vault, 8 feet deep and 9 feet long by 8 feet wide (outside measure), in perpetuity	7 10 -	7 10 -	- 2 -	- 5 6	- 8 6	15 16 -	7 10 -	- 4 3	7 14 3
On re-opening vault for subsequent interment	- -	1 - -	- 2 -	- 5 6	- 8 6	1 16 -	- -	- 4 3	- 4 3
Vault, 8 feet deep and 9 feet long by 12 feet wide (outside measure), in perpetuity	10 - -	10 - -	- 2 -	- 5 6	- 8 6	20 16 -	10 - -	- 4 3	10 4 3
On re-opening same for subsequent interment	- -	1 - -	- 2 -	- 5 6	- 8 6	1 16 -	- -	- 4 3	- 4 3
Vault, 8 feet deep and 9 feet long by 16 feet wide (outside measure), in perpetuity	12 10 -	12 10 -	- 2 -	- 5 6	- 8 6	25 16 -	12 10 -	- 4 3	12 14 3
On re-opening same for subsequent interment	- -	1 - -	- 2 -	- 5 6	- 8 6	1 16 -	- -	- 4 3	- 4 3
N. B. Vaults of any other size to be in each case the subject of a special agreement with the Board.									
TOMBS, MONUMENTS, TABLETS, &c.									
For wooden rail or memorial	- 5 -	- 5 -	- -	- -	- 1 -	- 11 -	- 5 -	- 1 -	- 6 -
For head and foot stones	- 10 -	- 10 -	- -	- -	- 1 -	1 1 -	- 10 -	- 1 -	- 11 -
For double ditto	- 15 -	- 15 -	- -	- -	- 1 -	1 11 -	- 15 -	- 1 -	- 16 -
Flat stone on grave	1 - -	1 - -	- -	- -	- 1 -	2 1 -	1 - -	- 1 -	1 1 -
Tomb	5 - -	5 - -	- -	- -	- 5 -	10 5 -	5 - -	- 5 -	5 5 -

Tablets on walls of burial ground, or in either of the chapels, or any memorial not comprised within the foregoing description, to be the subject of special agreement with the Board.

The sexton's fees on the consecrated side include tolling the bell, and on both sides of the burial ground include digging the grave, except in the cases of brick or steined graves and vaults, in which cases the earth is removed and replaced by the bricklayer. In the unconsecrated side, for common graves, steined graves, and vaults, the fees to the sexton will be doubled if the bell is required to be tolled.

For entry in register of grant of purchased grave, 2*s.* 6*d.* For certificate of grant, 2*s.* 6*d.*

For non-residents, not being parishioners, brought into this parish for interment, the foregoing fees will be doubled.

DORKING—*continued*.

FEES to be paid to the Registrar (6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 86, s. 35).

	£. s. d.
For every search extending over a period of not more than one year -	- 1 -
For every additional year - - - - - - - - - -	- - 6
For every single certificate - - - - - - - - - -	- 2 6

Approved, as regards the consecrated part of the burial-ground.
14 December 1855. *C. R. Winton.*

Approved, so far as regards the Board fees.
Whitehall, 29 December 1855. *H. Labouchere.*
8 November 1855. *George Curtis*, Chairman of Vestry.

Approved by Burial Board.
6 December 1855. *William H. Joyce*, Chairman.

By order of the Board.
John Dendy Sadler, Clerk.

DOWNHAM MARKET.

AT present, no Table of Fees has been prepared.
29 March 1856. *Townley & Reed*, Clerks.

DUNMOW.

No Burial Board is in operation in this parish. Shortly after the Order in Council was issued for closing the existing parochial churchyard and the dissenters' burial-ground, opportunities offered of purchasing eligible spots immediately adjoining the above grounds. These, after due inspection by Mr. Grainger, have been purchased, with the sanction of Sir George Grey, by the separate subscriptions of the members of the several congregations, and have been conveyed, the former to the vicar and churchwardens, the latter to the trustees of the chapel; and the arrangement as to fees remains as before.

19 April 1856. *John Perry Gunn*, Vestry Clerk.

EYE.

A RETURN of the TABLE of FEES determined on by the Burial Board for the Parish of *Eye*, in the County of *Suffolk*, under the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, and 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134, for Burials in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Grounds respectively; with the Mode of Appropriating such Fees to Parochial Incumbents and other Officers, to Dissenting Ministers, and to the General Purposes of such Board.

PARTICULARS OF FEES.	In Consecrated Ground.					In Unconsecrated Ground.		
	Total Fees Charged.	Division of Fees.*				Total Fees Charged.	Division of Fees.	
		Parochial Incumbent.	Clerk.	Sexton.	Burial Board.		Sexton.	Burial Board.
Interments:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
On the interment of any person above seven years of age, if residing at house at the time of death (and not being a servant therein), the gross estimated rental of which, according to the poor-rate assessment of the parish, together with any land or premises occupied therewith, is 25 *l.* and upwards - - -	- 16 -	- 2 6	- 1 -	- 2 6	- 10 -	- 16 -	- 2 6	- 13 6
Ditto of any person under seven years of age -	- 15 -	- 2 6	- 1 -	- 1 6	- 10 -	- 15 -	- 1 6	- 13 6

(*continued*)

* The fees to the incumbent and clerk are only paid when the religious service is performed. When no service, the amount is appropriated to the general purposes of the Burial Board.

EYE—*continued.*

PARTICULARS OF FEES.	Total Fees Charged.	In Consecrated Ground. Division of Fees.				In Unconsecrated Ground. Total Fees Charged.	In Unconsecrated Ground. Division of Fees.	
		Parochial Incumbent.	Clerk.	Sexton.	Burial Board.		Sexton.	Burial Board.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
On the interment of any person above seven years of age residing in house as above, rated at 10 *l.* and under 25 *l.*	– 13 6	– 2 6	– 1 –	– 2 6	– 7 6	– 13 6	– 2 6	– 11 –
Ditto of any person under seven years of age	– 12 6	– 2 6	– 1 –	– 1 6	– 7 6	– 12 6	– 1 6	– 11 –
Ditto of any person above seven years of age residing in house as above, rated at 5 *l.* and under 10 *l.*	– 11 –	– 2 6	– 1 –	– 2 6	– 5 –	– 11 –	– 2 6	– 8 6
Ditto of any person under seven years of age	– 10 –	– 2 6	– 1 –	– 1 6	– 5 –	– 10 –	– 1 6	– 8 6
Ditto of any person above seven years of age residing in house as above, rated under 5 *l.*	– 7 6	– 2 6	– 1 –	– 2 6	– 1 6	– 7 6	– 2 6	– 5 –
Ditto of any person under seven years of age	– 6 6	– 2 6	– 1 –	– 1 6	– 1 6	– 6 6	– 1 6	– 5 –
On the interment of a still-born child	– 2 6	- -	- -	– 1 6	– 1 –	– 2 6	– 1 6	– 1 –
On the interment of any person at the expense of the parish of Eye in a common grave	– 6 –	– 2 6	– 1 –	– 2 6	- -	– 6 –	– 2 6	– 3 6
Brick Graves and Vaults:								
For the right of constructing a brick grave to contain one coffin	1 11 6	1 – –	– 1 –	- -	– 10 6	1 11 6	- -	1 11 6
For the right of constructing a vault 7 feet in length, 6 feet in width, and 6 feet 6 inches in depth	8 10 –	5 5 –	– 5 –	- -	3 – –	8 10 –	- -	8 10 –
For the right of constructing a vault 7 feet in length, 8 feet in width, and six feet 6 inches in depth	11 12 –	7 7 –	– 5 –	- -	4 – –	11 12 –	- -	11 12 –
For the right of constructing a vault 7 feet in length, 10 feet 6 inches in width, and 6 feet 6 inches in depth	14 14 6	9 9 –	– 7 6	- -	5 – –	14 14 6	- -	14 14 6
For the right of constructing a vault 7 feet in length, 9 feet in width, and 8 feet 6 inches in depth	18 1 –	11 11 –	– 10 –	- -	6 – –	18 1 –	- -	18 1 –
For the right to re-open a vault	3 5 6	2 2 –	– 2 6	- -	1 1 –	3 5 6	- -	3 5 6
Gravestones and Tombstones:								
For the right to erect a head and foot grave-stone	1 11 6	1 – –	– 1 –	- -	– 10 6	1 11 6	- -	1 11 6
For the right to erect a coffin-shaped stone, without head or foot stone	3 5 6	2 2 –	– 2 6	- -	1 1 –	3 5 6	- -	3 5 6
For the right to erect a coffin-shaped stone, with head and foot stone	4 6 6	3 3 –	– 2 6	- -	1 1 –	4 6 6	- -	4 6 6
For the right to erect any other tomb or stone (not being a monument) not exceeding 7 feet by 3 feet 6 inches	4 6 6	3 3 –	– 2 6	- -	1 1 –	4 6 6	- -	4 6 6
For the right to erect such last-mentioned tomb or stone not exceeding 7 feet by 6 feet	5 11 6	4 4 –	– 2 6	- -	1 5 –	5 11 6	- -	5 11 6
For the right to erect such last-mentioned tomb or stone not exceeding 7 feet by 10 feet 6 inches	7 – –	5 5 –	– 5 –	- -	2 2 –	7 – –	- -	7 – –
Monuments:								
For the right to erect any monument not exceeding 3 feet 6 inches square	7 12 –	5 5 –	– 5 –	- -	2 2 –	7 12 –	- -	7 12 –
For the right to erect any monument not exceeding 6 feet square	9 14 –	6 6 –	– 5 –	- -	3 3 –	9 14 –	- -	9 14 –
For the right to erect any monument not exceeding 7 feet by 10 feet 6 inches	11 16 –	7 7 –	– 5 –	- -	4 4 –	11 16 –	- -	11 16 –
For the right to erect mural monument in chapel not exceeding 2 feet 6 inches by 3 feet	5 5 –	5 5 –	- -	- -	- -	5 5 –	- -	5 5 –
Palisading:								
For the right to enclose with palisading any grave or vault, per foot	– 1 –	6*d.* per foot	a fee of – 2 6	- -	about 4*d.* per foot	– 1 –	- -	– 1 – per foot.
Inscriptions:								
For the right of putting every inscription on any gravestone after the first inscription	– 10 –	– 5 –	- -	- -	– 5 –	– 10 –	- -	– 10 –
For the right of putting every inscription on any coffin-shaped stone, vault stone, or monument, after the first inscription	– 15 –	– 7 6	- -	- -	– 7 6	– 15 –	- -	– 15 –
Purchase:								
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave, space 9 feet by 4 feet, over and above all other fees and payments	2 2 –	- -	- -	- -	2 2 –	2 2 –	- -	2 2 –
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial for 20 years in a grave, space 9 feet by 4 feet, over and above all other fees and payments	1 1 –	- -	- -	- -	1 1 –	1 1 –	- -	1 1 –

EYE—*continued.*

PARTICULARS OF FEES.	Total Fees Charged.	In Consecrated Ground.				In Unconsecrated Ground.		
		Division of Fees.				Total Fees Charged.	Division of Fees.	
		Parochial Incumbent.	Clerk.	Sexton.	Burial Board.		Sexton.	Burial Board.
Excavating:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For digging graves, every additional foot beyond 5 feet 6 inches of a person over seven years of age, and for every foot beyond 4 feet of a person under seven years of age - - -	– 1 –	- -	- -	– 1 –	- -	– 1 –	– 1 –	—
For excavating for a brick grave 6 feet deep -	– 5 –	- -	- -	– 5 –	- -	– 5 –	– 5 –	—
For excavating for a brick grave, every additional foot beyond 6 feet - - - - -	– 1 –	- -	- -	– 1 –	- -	– 1 –	– 1 –	—
For excavating for a vault, per cubic yard -	– 1 –	- -	- -	– 1 –	- -	– 1 –	– 1 –	—
Bell:								
For tolling the church bell, per hour, at death or burial - - - - - - - -	– 1 –	- -	- -	– 1 –	- -	– 1 –	– 1 –	—

Non-parishioners are in all cases charged double the above fees, and on the interment of a non-parishioner in consecrated ground a fee of 6 *s.* 8 *d.* in addition to the fee of 2 *s.* 6 *d.* before mentioned is payable to the parochial incumbent, a fee of 2 *s.* to the clerk, and a fee of 2 *s.* 6 *d.* (if the person interred be above seven years of age, and if under that age, 1 *s.* 6 *d.*) to the sexton, and the balance (if any) to the general purposes of the Burial Board; but if in unconsecrated ground, the fee to the sexton only is paid, and the balance appropriated to the general purposes of the Burial Board.

On the erection of any gravestone, brick grave, vault, monument, &c. for a non-parishioner in consecrated ground, the fees before mentioned are payable to the parochial incumbent and clerk, and the balance to the general purposes of the Burial Board; but if in unconsecrated ground, the whole amount is appropriated to the general purposes of the Burial Board.

3 April 1856.

Fra. Woolnough, Clerk.

FAKENHAM.

TABLE OF FEES determined upon by the Burial Board of the Parish of *Fakenham, Norfolk*, under the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 87, for Burials in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground respectively, and approved by the Secretary of State.

	£.	s.	d.
1. On the interment of any person at the expense of the parish or union -	–	2	6
2. A common grave for any person above 10 years of age - - -	–	7	6
3. Ditto under 10 years of age - - - - - - - - -	–	5	–
4. A still-born child - - - - - - - - - -	–	2	6
5. For digging grave, per foot, beyond six feet - - - - -	–	1	–
6. For the purchase of an exclusive right of burial in perpetuity, in a grave space, 9 feet by 4 feet, in addition to all other fees and payments - - - - - - - - - -	2	2	–
7. Entry of grant and certificate of ditto - - - - - -	–	2	6
8. Ground for a brick grave or single vault - - - - - -	1	1	–
9. Opening same - - - - - - - - - -	–	10	6
10. A double vault - - - - - - - - - -	5	5	–
11. Opening same - - - - - - - - - -	2	12	6
12. A stone over a common grave - - - - - - - -	–	5	–
13. Ditto brick grave or single vault - - - - - - -	–	10	–
14. Ditto double vault - - - - - - - - -	2	2	–
15. Additional inscription on stone over brick grave - - - -	–	2	6
16. Ditto over double vault - - - - - - - - -	1	1	–
17. Railing round a brick grave or single vault - - - - -	–	10	6
18. Ditto round a double vault - - - - - - - - -	2	2	–

On the interment of non-parishioners all fees and payments will be charged double the above rates.

J. W. Bainbridge, Clerk.

FARNHAM.

Table of Fees.

	CONSECRATED PORTION OF THE BURIAL GROUND.						UNCONSECRATED PORTION.		
	Burial Board, Ground Fee.	Vicar, Ground Fee.	Incumbent, Service Fee.	Clerk.	Sexton.	TOTAL.	Burial Board, Ground Fee.	Sexton.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Common grave for poor people, if grave not exceeding 6 feet deep and nothing to be at any time placed over it but the sod -	– – 6	– –	– 2 6	– 1 –	– 5 –	– 9 –	– – 6	– 5 –	– 5 6
Common grave not exceeding 6 feet deep - - - - - -	– 2 6	– –	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 5 –	– 15 –	– 2 6	– 5 –	– 7 6
Ditto - - - - - 7 feet deep	– 5 –	– –	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 7 –	– 19 6	– 5 –	– 7 –	– 12 –
Ditto - - - - - 8 feet deep	– 7 6	– –	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 8 –	1 3 –	– 7 6	– 8 –	– 15 6
Arching over - - - - -	– 10 –	– 5 –	– –	– –	– 1 –	– 16 –	– 10 –	– 1 –	– 11 –
Head and foot stone - - -	– 10 6	– 5 –	– –	– –	– 1 –	– 16 6	– 10 6	– 1 –	– 11 6
Wooden rail - - - - -	– 5 –	– 5 –	– –	– –	– 1 –	– 11 –	– 5 –	– 1 –	– 6 –
Body stone - - - - -	1 1 –	1 1 –	– –	– –	– 2 6	2 4 6	1 1 –	– 2 6	1 3 6
Ditto - if on plinth - -	2 2 –	2 2 –	– –	– –	– 5 –	4 9 –	2 2 –	– 5 –	2 7 –
Brick or steined grave for one body, not exceeding 8 feet deep - -	1 1 –	1 1 –	1 – –	– 10 –	1 – –	4 12 –	1 1 –	1 – –	2 1 –
Ditto - - - - - for two bodies	2 2 –	2 2 –	1 – –	– 10 –	1 5 –	6 19 –	2 2 –	1 5 –	3 7 –
Re-opening same for fresh interment - - - - - -	1 1 –	1 1 –	1 – –	– 10 –	– 7 –	3 9 –	1 1 –	– 7 –	1 8 –
Vault for 4 bodies - - -	6 6 –	3 3 –	1 – –	– 10 –	1 15 –	12 14 –	6 6 –	1 15 –	8 1 –
Ditto - 6 bodies - - -	9 9 –	4 4 –	1 – –	– 10 –	2 5 –	17 8 –	9 9 –	2 5 –	11 14 –
Ditto - 8 bodies - - -	12 12 –	5 5 –	1 – –	– 10 –	2 15 –	22 2 –	12 12 –	2 15 –	15 7 –
Ditto - 10 bodies - - -	15 15 –	6 6 –	1 – –	– 10 –	3 5 –	26 16 –	15 15 –	3 5 –	19 – –
And so on in proportion for every additional body.									
Re-opening vault for every fresh interment - - - - -	2 2 –	1 1 –	1 – –	– 10 –	– 7 –	5 – –	2 2 –	– 7 –	2 9 –
Tomb - - - - - -	3 3 –	3 3 –	– –	– –	– 5 –	6 11 –	3 3 –	– 5 –	3 8 –
Iron railing - - - - -	2 2 –	2 2 –	– –	– –	– 5 –	4 9 –	2 2 –	– 5 –	2 7 –

Non-parishioners not being inhabitants pay double fees.

In all cases the vaults and brick graves, as well as common graves, to be dug by the sexton appointed by the Board.

REGISTRAR'S FEES.

	s.	d.
For certificate of grant of vault or brick grave - - - - - - - - - -	2	6
For searching registry of burials - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1	–
Ditto - - - ditto - - every additional year - - - - - - - -	–	6
For each certified copy of entry - - - - - - - - - - - -	2	6
For the grant of exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave space, over and above all stamps - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5	–

FISHERTON ANGER.

Table of Fees and Payments.

	To the Burial Board.	To Incumbent, if interred in Consecrated Ground.	To Officiating Minister, if interred in Unconsecrated Ground.	To the Clerk, if interred in Consecrated Ground.	To the Sexton.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
On interment at the expense of the union or infirmary -	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 1 –	– 1 –	– 1 6
Of any other person over 10 years of age - - -	– 5 –	– 2 –	– 2 –	– 1 6	– 1 6
Of a child under 10 years of age - - - - - -	– 2 6	– 2 –	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 1 –
Of any person not within the prescribed hours (additional)	– 2 6	—	—	—	—
For a bricked grave - - - - - - - -	1 1 –	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 10 6	—
Vault not exceeding 8 feet in depth by 6 feet in width -	3 3 –	3 3 –	3 3 –	—	—
Opening grave or vault - - - - - - - -	1 1 –	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 10 6	– 2 6
Erecting a head stone (2 feet wide) - - - -	– 10 6	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	—

FISHERTON ANGER—*continued.*

	To the Burial Board.	To Incumbent, if interred in Consecrated Ground.	To Officiating Minister, if interred in Unconsecrated Ground.	To the Clerk, if interred in Consecrated Ground.	To the Sexton.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Erecting tombstones	2 2 –	2 2 –	2 2 –	– 10 6	—
Enclosing with palisades a space not exceeding 8 feet by 6 feet	2 2 –	2 2 –	2 2 –	– 10 6	—
On erecting mural monument in chapel	5 5 –	5 5 –	5 5 –	– 10 –	—
For adding inscription to head stone, tomb, or mural monument	– 5 –	– 10 6	– 10 6	– 2 6	—
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave, space 10 feet by 4 feet, over and above all other fees and payments	1 1 –	—	—	—	—
Entry on register of grant of purchased grave	– 2 6	—	—	—	—
Certificate of grant	– 1 –	—	—	—	—
Digging grave 6 feet deep of a person above 10 years of age	- -	- -	- -	- -	– 2 6
Every additional foot	- -	- -	- -	- -	– 1 6
Of a child under 10 years of age	- -	- -	- -	- -	– 1 6
Every additional foot	- -	- -	- -	- -	– 1 –
Excavating for a brick grave 6 feet deep	- -	- -	- -	- -	– 6 –
Every additional foot	- -	- -	- -	- -	– 2 –
Excavating for a vault, per cubic yard	1 – –	—	—	—	—
The use of hand-hearse within the parish, without attendants, at the burial of a person at the expense of the parish or union, or under 10 years of age	– 2 6	—	—	—	—
At the burial of any other person	– 5 –	—	—	—	—
If in a brick grave or vault	– 7 6	—	—	—	—
Filling up and turfing grave	- -	- -	- -	- -	– 2 –
Searching register of burials (one year)	– 1 –	—	—	—	—
Every additional year	– – 6	—	—	—	—
Each certified copy of entry	– 2 6	—	—	—	—
Tolling chapel bell and attendance at every burial not at the expense of the parish or union, for every hour	- -	- -	- -	- -	– 5 –

All damage done to any boundary walls by making a vault or grave to be substantially repaired by the party causing the same.

All inscriptions and plans of monuments, tablets, and stones to be erected in the cemetery or chapels to be submitted to the Board for its approval.

On interments of non-parishioners all fees and payments to be charged double.

Orders for funerals must be given to the sexton two clear days before the funeral, and all fees and charges must be paid at the time the order is given.

By order of the Burial Board,

G. Smith, Clerk.

FOLKESTONE.

THE fees have not yet been determined on, as the cemetery will not be ready for use before the 1st of August next.

Connected with the time for opening, the Board were informed that the time for closing the parish churchyard would be recommended to Her Majesty in Council to be extended to the 1st of August next; and as nothing has since been heard from the Privy Council, the Burial Board, and all parties concerned, are desirous of knowing whether interments may lawfully take place in the parish churchyard after the 1st of April, the time at present fixed for closing it.

29 March 1856. *Richard Hart*, Clerk.

FRAMLINGHAM.

THE Burial Board of this parish have not at present adopted or arranged any list of fees for interments, &c. in the burial ground of this parish.

29 March 1856. *W. Edwards*, Clerk.

GLOUCESTER.

No Burial Board at present exists in Gloucester.

31 March 1856. *A. H. Jenkins,* Town Clerk.

GRANTHAM, SPITTLEGATE, AND MANTHORPE CUM-LITTLE GONERBY.

The Board is only lately formed, and the order for closing the present burial ground will not come into operation until 1st January next, so that no Table of Fees has as yet been determined upon.

10 April 1856. *Robt. Johnston,* Clerk.

GRAY'S THURROCK.

Scale of Fees and Payments.

Parishioners.	For the Board. £.	s.	d.
Parish Burials:			
For the interment of any person, whether adult or child, at the expense of the parish	–	2	–
Ordinary Interments:			
For the interment of every person above the age of 12 years, in a common grave, 5 feet deep	–	3	–
Ditto, extra depth, per foot	–	1	–
For the interment of any child under 12 years of age, in a common grave, 4 feet deep	–	2	–
Dito, extra depth, above 5 feet, per foot	–	1	–
For the interment of every still-born child	–	2	–
Purchase in Perpetuity:			
Grant of perpetuity (including certificate), each space, over and above all other fees; ground to be selected subject to the approval of the Board	3	3	–
Brick grave for one coffin, 5 feet deep	1	–	–
Ditto, extra depth, per foot	–	2	6
Ditto, for two coffins, 10 feet deep	1	10	–
Ditto, extra depth, per foot	–	2	6
For the right of constructing a vault for two coffins	2	–	–
Ditto, for each additional coffin	1	–	–
For opening a brick grave or vault	1	–	–
For erecting head and foot stone, with name, age, and date inscribed thereon	–	10	–
Ditto, with flat or coffin-shaped stone	1	–	–
For erecting a monument or vault stone	2	–	–
For palisading round grave, grave spaces, or vault, per foot	–	1	6
Searching register of burial for one year	–	1	–
Ditto, for each additional year extra	–	–	6
For each certified copy of an entry over and above such search	–	2	6

Non-Parishioners.

For the interment of any person not being a parishioner (except at the expense of the parish), double fees and payments in all cases.

N.B.—In addition to the above, the vicar is entitled to receive the same fees in respect of burials in the consecrated ground, which he has previously enjoyed and received in the burial ground for the parish, and the clerk and sexton are entitled to receive on such burials the same fees as they have previously received.—15 & 16 Vict., c. 85, sec. 32.

When the exclusive right of burial, and also of constructing any monument, gravestone, tablet, or monumental inscription, is sold in the consecrated ground, there will have to be added to the above payments, for the incumbent of the parish, such fees as shall be settled and fixed by the vestry, with the approval of the bishop of the diocese, and if no such fees shall have been so settled therein, such fees as he would by law or custom have been entitled to on the grant of the like rights in the burial ground of this parish.—Ibid. sec. 33.

GUILDFORD.

The Guildford Burial Board are unable to send a return of the "Table of Fees" in use in their new ground, the same not being yet prepared, their notices for builders' tenders being only just issued.

2 April 1856. *John Bullen*, Clerk.

HALSTEAD.

The Halstead Burial Board have not yet determined upon any Table of Fees for burials. Our cemetery is not to be opened until the 1st of June.

29 March 1856. *G. P. Arden*, Clerk.

HARTLEPOOL.

The Burial Board of Hartlepool, to which I am acting as clerk *pro tem.*, has not yet made any Table of Fees, although the subject has frequently been under consideration preparatory to the opening of the ground. The Board have much difficulty in fixing on a scale of fees, observing the great difference in charges in the various Burial Boards throughout the country.

29 March 1856. *Thomas Bell*, Town Clerk.

HASTINGS.

No burial fees have yet been drawn out for Hastings.

29 March 1856. *John G. Shorters*, Town Clerk.

HEAP.

A vestry meeting of ratepayers will be held on the 19th instant, for the purpose of altering and revising the ancient scale of fees and charges which the clergy of the Church of England are entitled to receive and make in the consecrated portion of the new cemetery. On or about the 23d instant, I hope to be able to make the required return.

St. Luke's, Heywood, 12 May 1856. *Thos. Wolstenholme*, Clerk.

HITCHIN.

The Burial Board of the parish of Hitchin have only recently commenced the works in relation to the same, and have not yet settled or arranged any Table of Fees for burials in either consecrated or unconsecrated ground, the burial-ground not being sufficiently completed for interments at present.

2 April 1856. *Charles Times*, Clerk.

HUNTINGDON.

TABLE of FEES, PAYMENTS, and SUMS Fixed, Settled, and Received by the above Burial Board, under Section 34 of Statute 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85.

	£.	s.	d.
Fees to the Board:			
On every interment of a resident in a common grave in the borders lettered A, F, and O respectively	–	1	–
On every interment of a non-resident in any of the above	–	7	6
Any inhabitant of Huntingdon may secure a common grave space in any of the above borders on payment of	–	5	–
For every wooden memorial over common grave, showing name, and age, and date of death	–	2	6
For the purchase, by a resident inhabitant of Huntingdon, of exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave space (over and above all other fees and payments), per square yard:			
In compartments G, H, J, K, L, respectively	–	7	6
„ B, E, N, respectively	–	5	–
„ C, D, M, respectively	–	1	6
On every interment of a non-resident in a grave space (over and above all other fees and payments), per square yard:			
In compartments G, H, J, K, L, respectively	–	15	–
„ B, E, N, respectively	–	10	–
„ C, D, M, respectively	–	5	–
On the purchase of a plot of ground, no less than four square yards to be charged,—			
Residents: For every bricked grave	1	1	–
„ For every vault	5	5	–
„ On every subsequent opening of a vault	1	1	–
„ For every grave stone	–	10	6
„ For mural monument inside chapel, per square foot	1	1	–
„ For mural monument on cemetery walls, per square foot	–	10	6
„ For use of hand-hearse in respect of persons to be interred in common graves in the borders A, F, O	–	2	6
„ The like in any of the other compartments	–	5	–
„ The like in vaults or brick graves	–	7	6
N. B.—Double fees to be paid by non-residents obtaining grants.			
Fees to the Porter on Interments in Unconsecrated Ground:			
On interment of an adult	–	2	6
On interment of a young person aged 10 years, and under 15 years	–	2	–
On interment of an infant under 10 years	–	1	6
The above fees to porter are for digging grave, attending funeral, filling up and turfing grave and removing waste earth. The porter is to be entitled to an extra fee of 1*s.* for every additional foot in depth beyond the depth of five feet. He is also to be entitled to 1*s.* a cubic yard for every yard of earth excavated from a vault instead of the above fees on interments in common graves.			

HUNTINGDON—*continued.*

Fees to the Porter on Interments in Unconsecrated Ground—*continued.*	£.	s.	d.
On every opening of a vault - - - - - - - - - -	-	10	-
On interment in unconsecrated ground, if required to toll chapel bell -	-	1	-

N. B.—Double fees and payments to the porter will be required in respect of persons buried in the unconsecrated part of the cemetery who at the time of death were not resident in Huntingdon, except in respect of the original grantee of a burial plot, or of persons standing in the relationship of husband, wife, son or daughter, or son's wife, or daughter's husband, or grandson or granddaughter to the original grantee of a burial plot.

Fees to the Clerk:			
For every registration of grant - - - - - - - - -	-	2	6
For every registration of reserved grave space in borders A, F, O - -	-	1	-
For every search of register of grants - - - - - - - -	-	1	-

N. B.—This return does not contain any statement of the payments made to the incumbents, parish clerks, and sextons, the Secretary of State having, in a letter of the 2d day of February last, struck out of a return made to him all such payments, with a notification that the Burial Board had no power to fix the fees for the minister, clerk, or sexton, such fees being provided for by the Act 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85.

19 April 1856. *Charles Margetts,* Clerk.

HYTHE.

THE Burial Board for the Parish of St. Leonard, Hythe, have not determined upon their Table of Fees, but the subject is under consideration. The burial ground is not yet completed.

4 April 1856. *W. S. Smith,* Clerk.

KEIGHLEY.

THIS Burial Board have not hitherto decided upon the Table of Fees.

2 April 1856. *George Smith,* Clerk.

KENDAL.

THE cemetery in the Borough of Kendal consists of two portions of ground, one on the north side of a certain road, and the other portion on the south side of the said road. That portion on the north side of the road is divided into two principal divisions, the larger of which is consecrated, and used in accordance with the rites of the Established Church, and the smaller one is set apart exclusively for the use of Roman-catholics.

The portion of ground on the south side of the road is used by Dissenters of different denominations.

The consecrated ground and that used by Dissenters are divided into three sections, marked on the plans A. B. and C. The Roman-catholics' is divided into two sections, marked on the plan A. and B.

KENDAL—*continued.*

The "interment charges" in any of the sections marked A. are as follow:—

	s.	d.
For the grave of an adult, 6 feet deep	3	6
For a young person from 7 to 16 years old, 5 feet deep	2	6
For a child under 7 years of age, 4½ feet deep	2	–

The interment charges in Sections B. and C. are as under:—

For a person above 16 years of age, 6 feet deep	7	6
For a child from 7 to 16 years of age, 5 feet deep	5	–
For an infant under 7 years of age, 4½ feet deep	4	6

The above charges are made by the Burial Board, and are exclusive of the minister's and clerk's fees, which are, for the minister, 1*s.* each interment, and for the clerk, 6*d.*, when the funeral takes place at the usual hour; but at all other hours the clerk's fee is 1*s.* 6*d.* These are precisely the same as were charged at the parish church, and do not extend beyond the limits of the consecrated ground.

The sexton's fees are somewhat different from those charged at the parish church, and are as follow:—

	s.	d.
For making a grave 6 feet deep	3	–
For one 5 feet deep	2	–
For one 4½ feet deep	1	6

And for every additional foot in depth in private graves 1*s.* is charged, to which the sexton is entitled. These are included in the Burial Board charges for interment, so that there is only 6*d.* from each burial towards the incidental expenses of the cemetery from graves in Section A.; but in the other sections the profits are greater.

The monumental fees remain the same as were charged at the parish church, viz.: for a headstone, 1*l.* 1*s.*; for a flat stone laid over the grave, 2*l.* 2*s.*; and the same kind, with plinth underneath, 3*l.* 3*s.*; and for a chest tomb, 5*l.* 5*s.*

No fee has yet been charged for dissenting ministers. The cemetery was opened in September 1855.

The payments for private graves to the Burial Board in Sections B. and C. are as under:—

SECTION B.	£.	s.	d.
For one grave space, with right to erect a monument	1	10	–
For a second, bought at the same time by the same person	1	–	–
For every other additional grave above two, purchased at the same time by the same person	–	15	–
SECTION C.			
For every grave space, with right to erect a tombstone	2	10	–
For a second, bought at the same time by the same person	2	–	–
For every additional grave above two, purchased by the same person at the same time	1	10	–

The person who keeps the grounds in order and the chapels clean (two), 15*s.* per week; and the salary of the Registrar and Clerk to the Board, 30*l.* per annum.

5 April 1856. *John Washington*, Clerk.

KING'S LYNN.

TABLE of FEES and CHARGES taken at the Borough Cemetery, under the Burials Acts.

	For Parishioners of either of the Parishes within the Borough:	£.	s.	d.
Interment fee	For interment, adult	–	9	4
	Ditto child under 12 years of age	–	8	4
Irregular hours	For an interment out of the ordinary hours (extra)	–	2	6
Still-born child	For the interment of a still-born child	–	3	–
Head-stone	For the erection of a head-stone, not exceeding 3 ½ feet in height, nor 2 ½ feet in width	–	10	–
	For every additional inscription on same	–	5	–
Selection of spot for burial	For permission to select a spot for burial	1	1	–
Purchase in perpetuity	For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a plot of ground, 9 feet by 4 feet	2	12	6
	Ditto ditto 5 ft. 9 in. by 2 ft. 9 in.	1	11	6
	For forming a brick grave in any grave-space	1	11	6
	For forming a vault	5	5	–
	For re-opening vault or grave	1	1	–
	For erecting a coffin-shaped or other tomb, not exceeding 1 foot in height nor 14 superficial feet in area, on any grave-space	2	2	–
	For erecting any other tomb on any grave-space, not exceeding 28 superficial feet in area	3	3	–
	For every additional inscription on monument or tomb	1	1	–
	For inclosing tomb or plot of ground with iron palisades, not exceeding 2 feet in height	1	1	–
	If exceeding 2 feet	3	3	–
	For erecting a monument over a grave or vault	3	3	–
Monuments in chapel	For erecting a mural monument in either chapel	10	10	–
	For every additional inscription on same	2	2	–
Hand-hearse	For the use of hand-hearse, without attendants, at an interment, in a purchased grave or vault	–	5	–
Registering	Registering grant of freehold or brick grave	–	2	6
	Registering grant of vault	–	5	–
	Transfer of freehold or brick grave	–	1	–
	Transfer of vault	–	2	6
Certificate	Certificate of grant or transfer	–	1	–
	Certificate of burial from register	–	2	6
Searches	Searches for burial, one year (to be included in certificate, if granted)	–	1	–
	Searches for every year after the first	–	–	6
	Searches for register of freehold grave or vault	–	1	–
	For Non-Parishioners:			
Interment fee	For interment	1	9	4
	All other fees to be doubled.			

PAYMENTS out of FEES made by the Burial Board.

	In Consecrated Ground.		In Unconsecrated Ground.	
	To the Clerk.	To the Sexton.	To the Minister.	To the Grave-digger.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
In respect of an interment of an adult or child	– 2 –	– 2 –	– 2 4	– 2 –
In respect of an interment of a still-born child	– –	– 2 –	– –	– 2 –
	To the Minister.			
To the minister of the parish of St. Margaret, in lieu of burial fees and of fees payable in respect of grants of rights within the cemetery, a fixed annual payment of	55 – –	—	—	—
To the minister of the parish of South Lynn, All Saints, in lieu of the like, a fixed annual payment of	25 – –	—	—	—

Table of Fees and Charges.

Classes of Ground referring to Letters on Plan.	DESCRIPTION OF GRAVES, &c.	CONSECRATED GROUND. Fees payable to the Board.	Vested Fees payable to Vicar.	Vested Fees payable to Clerk.	Vested Fees payable to Sexton.	Total.	UNCONSECRATED GROUND. Fees payable to the Board.	Minister.	Gravedigger.	Total.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
C.	Single interment for an adult	– 15 –	– 4 6	– 3 6	– 7 –	1 10 –	– 15 –	– 4 –	– 7 –	1 6 –
D.	Ditto - - ditto	– 9 –	– 4 6	– 3 6	– 7 –	1 4 –	– 9 –	– 4 –	– 7 –	1 – –
E.	Ditto - - ditto	– 4 –	– 4 6	– 3 6	– 7 –	– 19 –	– 4 –	– 4 –	– 7 –	– 15 –
C.	Single interment for a child under 14 years	– 10 –	– 4 6	– 3 6	– 4 –	1 2 –	– 10 –	– 4 –	– 4 –	– 18 –
D.	Ditto - - ditto	– 7 –	– 4 6	– 3 6	– 4 –	– 19 –	– 7 –	– 4 –	– 4 –	– 15 –
E.	Ditto - - ditto	– 3 –	– 4 6	– 3 6	– 4 –	– 15 –	– 4 –	– 4 –	– 4 –	– 12 –
A.	Single vault space in perpetuity	3 12 –	3 7 6	– 8 6	1 2 –	8 10 –	3 12 –	1 1 –	1 2 –	5 15 –
B.	Ditto - - ditto	2 10 –	3 7 6	– 8 6	1 2 –	7 8 –	2 10 –	– 10 6	1 2 –	4 2 6
A.	Double vault space in perpetuity	7 5 –	6 10 6	– 13 6	1 11 –	16 – –	7 5 –	1 1 –	1 11 –	9 17 –
B.	Ditto - - ditto	5 5 –	6 10 6	– 13 6	1 11 –	14 – –	5 5 –	– 10 6	1 11 –	7 6 6
C.	Single grave space in perpetuity, 9 feet by 4 feet	2 – –	– 4 6	– 3 6	– 7 –	2 15 –	2 – –	– 4 –	– 7 –	2 11 –
	Extra ground beyond the size of vault space, per square foot	- -	- -	- -	- -	– 6 –	- -	- -	- -	– 6 –
	For re-opening single vault	– 15 –	1 5 6	– 6 –	– 6 –	2 12 6	– 15 –	– 10 6	– 5 –	1 10 6
	Ditto - - double ditto	– 15 –	2 6 6	– 8 6	– 6 –	3 16 –	– 15 –	– 10 6	– 5 –	1 10 6
	For re-opening single grave	– 5 –	– 4 6	– 3 6	– 7 –	1 – –	– 5 –	– 4 –	– 7 –	– 16 –

N. B.—The above fees in all cases include the desk service, and all the fees payable to the vicar, clerk and sexton, but are exclusive of the building and formation of vaults and brick graves. A single vault space is calculated at 9 feet by 4 feet. A double vault space at 9 feet by 8 feet. Depth of grave for single interment, 7 feet for an adult; 6 feet for a child.

Additional Fees.

	For excavating extra depth of grave beyond 7 feet, 2 *s.*; 8 feet, 4 *s.*; 9 feet, 7 *s.*; 10 feet, 11 *s.*; 11 feet, 15 *s.*									
	For head and foot-stone	1 1 –	2 12 6	- -	- -	3 13 6	1 1 –	- -	- -	1 1 –
	For a flat ledger	1 11 6	3 3 –	- -	- -	4 14 6	1 11 6	- -	- -	1 11 6
	For a tomb	2 2 –	5 5 –	- -	- -	7 7 –	2 2 –	- -	- -	2 2 –
	For an inclosure of iron rails	2 2 –	3 3 –	- -	- -	5 5 –	2 2 –	- -	- -	2 2 –
	Space for tablet on walls of chapel, &c., per foot superficial	– 10 6	– 5 3	- -	- -	– 15 9	– 10 6	- -	- -	– 10 6

Tablets not to project more than three inches from the wall in either of the chapels, &c., without the special permission of the Board.

The fees for non-parishioners to be double, together with a fee of 6 *s.* 8 *d.* payable to the vicar, in the consecrated ground, for opening the ground.

KINGSTON-UPON-THAMES—*continued.*

REGULATIONS.

The west portion of the ground, and the chapel thereon, will be consecrated for burials, according to the rites of the united Church of England and Ireland. The east portion is unconsecrated, and any duly authorised or recognised minister, or other person, may officiate at burials therein, provided the service or ceremony be decorously conducted.

Notice is to be given between the hours of ten o'clock in the morning, and four o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the Burial Board, at least two days previous to any interment, if in a vault or bricked grave then three days in every case, exclusive of Sunday, and no application can be received, nor will any interment be allowed on that day, except in case of urgent necessity under an official order.

The notice is to be in the form provided by the Board, and is to contain a statement of the Christian and Surnames, the calling or description, and the age of the person to be buried, date of the death, the parish in which it occurred, the day and hour of the intended burial, whether in the consecrated or unconsecrated ground, the situation, description, and depth of grave or vault, whether purchased or not purchased, and the name of the minister or other person intended to officiate.

No burial can take place before two or after four o'clock, from Michaelmas to Lady-day, or before two or after five o'clock from Lady-day to Michaelmas, without special permission of the Board, in which case an extra fee of 5 *s.* will be required.

All fees and charges, including those reserved by law for the incumbent of the parish and parish clerk in the consecrated ground, and also including the charges for digging and excavating graves, are to be paid at the office of the Burial Board, on giving the notice, and all other fees before the work is begun, in respect of which they are payable, and the receipt for the fees and payments is, if required, to be produced at the lodge previous to the funeral entering the ground.

For the minister, or other person officiating at each burial in the unconsecrated portion of the ground, it is required that payments will be made at the same time and place, and of the same amount, as stated in the Table of Fees fixed on by the Burial Board, and such payments will for the sake of convenience be received by the clerk to the Burial Board for and on behalf of the person entitled to the same.

The selection of the spot is in all cases, both of general interment and of purchase, to be subject to the approval of the Board or of a committee appointed by them, but the wishes of applicants will be met as far as may be deemed practicable.

The Burial Board being authorised to make arrangements for facilitating the conveyance of the bodies to the burial-ground, will provide a hand-hearse for general use, within the parish, at a reasonable charge, but persons using it are to furnish the necessary assistants, and to be answerable for any damage done to the hearse.

No more than one body shall be buried in any vault or grave, except in a vault or grave purchased for the exclusive use of a family.

Coffins of wood only will be allowed in graves, the exclusive right of burial in which is not purchased.

No brick or stone is to be used in or upon, nor any monument, tomb, or horizontal stone, erected or laid upon, or over any grave, unless the exclusive right of burial is first purchased, and the extra fees paid thereon.

Persons will be allowed to place a rail at the side of a common grave, with the name, age, and date of death of the person interred, which may be removed by the Board at the expiration of 10 years.

No interment shall take place in any vault or grave, not filled up with earth, unless the corpse be enclosed in an air-tight metallic coffin.

When more than one body is interred in any grave, purchased for the use of a family, a layer of earth 18 inches in thickness at the least, shall be left between each coffin, and that next interred therein.

The consent in writing of the owner to any interment, in a purchased vault or grave, must be left at the office, with the notice of burial.

No grave or vault, less than six feet, or more than 12 feet in depth from the surface, will be allowed, and none but graves, bricked graves, or vaults, purchased in perpetuity, are to be re-opened.

Burials will not be allowed in the chapel, or within 15 feet from the walls thereof, or within 4 feet from the fences, or 15 feet from the lodge premises.

All graves and vaults are to be dug and excavated by the sexton or gravedigger appointed by the Burial Board, or under his superintendence, to preserve uniformity.

Wherever a burial has taken place, except in a private vault, the surface of the grave shall be forthwith covered with fresh turf, or be planted with shrubs, or other suitable vegetation,

KINGSTON-UPON-THAMES—*continued.*

vegetation, unless a monument is to be erected upon it, and in no case shall the bare earth be left exposed.

All materials, gravestones, and monuments must be conveyed into the burial-ground by hand or on carts, or trucks, with wheels of not less than 4 inch tire.

All gravestones, monuments, memorials, and inscriptions are to be subject to the approval of the Burial Board, and a copy of every inscription, if containing anything more than the name, date of death, and age of the deceased, proposed to be placed in the ground, and a drawing, showing the form and dimensions of every tomb or monument proposed to be erected, must be left at the office of the Board for approval before erection.

All questions as to the fitness of any monumental inscription in the consecrated part of the ground, are ultimately determinable by the bishop of the diocese.

A register of the burials, both in the consecrated and unconsecrated portions of the ground, will be kept at the office of the Burial Board, where at all reasonable times searches may be made and certified extracts obtained.

Every person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall, or fence, belonging to the burial-ground, or destroy or injure any tree or plant therein, or who shall daub or disfigure any wall thereof, or put up any bill therein, or on any wall thereof, or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or gravestone, or do any other wilful damage, play at any game, or sport or discharge fire-arms (save at a military funeral), in the burial-ground, or wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled therein for the purpose of burying any body therein, or commit any nuisance within the ground, is liable to forfeit to the Burial Board, for every such offence, a sum not exceeding 5 *l.*

On, and after the 1st day of July 1855, the burial-ground will be open to the public, under certain regulations daily (except during hours of divine service on Sundays) from 11 to 4 from Michaelmas to Lady-day, and from 10 to 8 from Lady-day to Michaelmas. Children less than 10 years of age will not be admitted, except under the care of a responsible person; and all visitors will be expected in general to keep on the gravelled roads and walks, and invariably to refrain from touching the shrubs or flowers, and to observe perfect decorum in all respects; and no dogs will be admitted on the ground.

It is requested that all complaints of incivility or inattention be made to the clerk to the Board.

LANCASTER.

REGULATIONS.

1. ALL charges for interments, for the purchase of exclusive right of burial, and for monuments, must be paid for to the registrar at the time the order is given.

2. Certificate of death to be produced, and all required information to be given, at the time of interment.

3. Twenty-four hours' previous notice to be given for an interment in graves selected by the Board, and 36 hours' for an interment in purchased spaces. If the interment be fixed for a Monday, notice to be given at or before twelve o'clock on the previous Saturday. Three clear days' notice to be given if a vault or bricked grave be required. If the requisite notice be not given, an extra charge will be made for working at night.

4. The purchaser of the exclusive right of burial will be furnished with a grant of the same, for which the sum of 2*s.* 6*d.*, exclusive of stamp, shall be paid. No vault or grave, in which the exclusive right of burial has been purchased, shall be opened without the owner's consent in writing. The owner shall not have the power of transferring the right of burial in any grave (without the consent of the Board) to any person other than relations, unless by will. Any person succeeding under a will, or by heirship, will be furnished with a certificate of ownership, on production of satisfactory evidence of title, and the payment of 2*s.* 6*d.* for the certificate.

5. Coffins of wood only will be allowed in graves in which the exclusive right of burial is not purchased.

6. No brick or stone is to be used in or upon, nor any monument or head-stone erected or laid over, any grave, except the exclusive right of burial is first purchased.

7. All brick or stone work in the vaults or graves to be executed by the Board.

8. Every coffin in a bricked grave or vault to be covered by a set of stone slabs.

9. All

LANCASTER—*continued.*

9. All foundations, and the removal and refixing of memorials, to be executed by the Board.

10. No iron railing exceeding 2 ft. 6 in. in height, or foot-stones, will be allowed, except with the special consent of the Board.

11. Drawings of every proposed monument or head-stone, with a copy of the intended inscription (if containing anything beyond the name, age, and date of decease), to be submitted for the approval of the Board, and filed in the office, and no monument or head-stone can be admitted without the approval of the Board, signed by the clerk. The number of the grave or vault corresponding with the grave book, must be placed on each memorial.

12. No hewing or dressing of stone, or operation of any kind, shall be permitted within the ground, or in the approaches thereto, unless sanctioned by the Board; and persons erecting head-stones or monuments must use such means for protecting the grass and walks as are directed by the Board, and so soon as the erections are completed the whole space must be satisfactorily cleaned.

13. All servants or labourers employed in erecting monuments, &c. must be subject to the bye-laws of the Board while so employed.

14. All monuments and materials must be conveyed into the cemetery by hand, or on carts or trucks with wheels of not less than four inches tire.

15. Graves and vaults in purchased spaces, and all monuments and headstones, to be kept in repair by the owners, unless a special agreement for that purpose is made with the Board. Notice will be sent to the owner or his representatives in case of such repairs being required; and after six months' neglect to comply with such notice, the exclusive right in the grave or vault will be forfeited.

16. Every person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall, or fence belonging to the cemetery, or destroy or injure any tree or plant therein, or who shall daub or disfigure any wall thereof, or put up any bill therein, or on any wall thereof, or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or headstone, or do any other wilful damage, or who shall play at any game, or sport, or discharge fire-arms (save at a military funeral), or wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled for the purpose of burying any body, or who shall commit any nuisance within the ground, is liable under the Act 10 & 11 Vict. c. 65, s. 58 and 59, to forfeit to the Burial Board, for every such offence, a sum not exceeding 5 *l.*

17. On and after the 1st November 1855 the cemetery will be open to the public, under certain regulations, daily. Children under 10 years of age will not be admitted, except under the care of a responsible person; and all visitors will be expected to keep on the gravelled roads and walks, to refrain from touching the shrubs or flowers, and to observe perfect decorum in all respects.

18. No dogs will be admitted.

The Board reserve to themselves the right from time to time, to make any alterations in the foregoing regulations.

The regulations of Her Majesty's Secretary of State under the Burial Acts are applicable to this cemetery, and must be considered incorporated herewith.

A plan of the cemetery, showing the situation of the grave spaces, is kept at the registrar's office, and may be seen without charge.

The Board forbid any gratuity being received by any of their servants.

All further information to be obtained at the registrar's office, at the cemetery.

By order of the Board.

FEES AND PAYMENTS.

For the Exclusive Right of Burial in Perpetuity.

On the First Purchase:—In Sections Coloured on Plan—

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
Crimson, surface space 9 ft. by 4 ft. 6 in. - - -	10	10	–
Lilac - - ditto - - ditto - - - - -	5	5	–
Green - - ditto - 9 ft. by 4 ft. - - - -	3	3	–
Pink - - ditto - - ditto - - - - -	1	1	–

Any person desiring two or three adjoining spaces at the same time will be entitled to a reduction of one-third.

LANCASTER—*continued.*

On each Interment, after the First:—In Sections Coloured on Plan—

	Adults.	Children under 7 Years.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Crimson	2 2 –	1 1 –
Lilac	1 1 –	– 10 6
Green	– 15 –	– 7 6
Pink	– 7 6	– 3 9

Single interments will be allowed in sections coloured green and pink, at half the above purchase charges, with the privilege of purchasing the exclusive right in perpetuity, on payment of the remaining half within 12 months from the date of the first interment.

Charges for Labour.

For the first opening, not exceeding 6 feet deep, 1*s.* 6*d.* and upwards per cubic yard, according to the nature of the ground.

For the first opening, for extra depths, as may be agreed.

For single brick or stone-work, with stone covers, for each interment, 15*s.*

For all other classes of stone or brick-work, as may be agreed.

For Single Interment, in Graves selected by the Board, without any Inscription or Memorial, exclusive of Burial Fees.

	£. s. d.
Adults	– 6 –
Children under 7 years of age	– 5 –
Still-born children, in separate graves	– 5 –
Ditto not in separate graves	– 1 6

For Placing Monuments, Headstones, &c.

	£. s. d.
Headstone, not exceeding 2 ft. 6 in. in height	no charge.
Monument (ordinary size)	1 1 –
Monument (extraordinary size) as may be agreed.	

For removing and replacing headstone, 2*s.* 6*d.*

Ditto ditto monument (ordinary size), 10*s.*

Ditto ditto monument (extraordinary size), as may be agreed.

Maintaining graves with flowers and shrubs, either by annual payment or in perpetuity, as may be agreed.

For Burial Fees.

	In the Consecrated Ground.	s. d.	In the Unconsecrated Ground.	s. d.
At the usual hour	Vicar	2 6	Minister	2 6
	Parish clerk	1 4		
At an extra hour or in the morning	Vicar	5 –	Minister	5 –
	Parish clerk	1 6		
At the expense of union, or township, hospital, or infirmary	Vicar	– 8	Minister	– 8
	Parish clerk	1 1		

For non-residents in the township, all fees and payments will be double, except the burial fee to the vicar or minister, which will be 10*s.* in addition to the single fee.

	s. d.
For certificate of every purchase in perpetuity, exclusive of stamp	2 6
Burial certificate	2 6
Searching register of burials, one year	1 –
Ditto ditto each additional year	– 6

LEWISHAM.

As yet no fees have been settled by the Board.

24 April 1856. *Octavius C. Tryon Eagleton*, Clerk.

LINCOLN.

THE Burial Board for the parishes of St. Botolph, St. Peter-at-Gowts, St. Mark, St. Mary-le-Wigford, St. Benedict, St. Peter-at-Arches, St. Martin, St. Michael-on-the-Mount, and St. Paul, in the city of Lincoln, have not yet settled and determined the fees to be received by the Burial Board, parochial incumbents, and other officers, under the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85; 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134; and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 87; for burials in the new burial ground, which will not be ready for interments until July next.

14 April 1856. *Thurstan G. Dale*, Clerk.

LONDON (CITY OF).

TABLE OF CHARGES.

For purchase of Exclusive Right of INTERMENT in the CATACOMBS.

	£. s. d.
For an adult cell for 1 coffin	10 10 –
For adult cells for 2 coffins	20 – –
Ditto 3 ditto	30 – –
Ditto 4 ditto	38 – –
Ditto 5 ditto	47 – –
Ditto 6 ditto	56 – –
For a cell for a child under 10 years of age	5 5 –
For opening and closing a compartment in catacomb	– 15 –

INTERMENT FEES ON THE ABOVE.

Parishioners.		Non-Parishioners.	
Adult.	Child under 10 years.	Adult.	Child under 10 years.
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
3 – –	2 10 –	4 – –	3 – –

London (City of)—*continued.*

For the Purchase of Right of Interment exclusively, either in the Consecrated or in the Unconsecrated Portions of the Cemetery.

	Size of Ground.	First Class.		Second Class.		Third Class.	
		Parishioners.	Non-Parishioners.	Parishioners.	Non-Parishioners.	Parishioners.	Non-Parishioners.
	F. I. F. I.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For ground sufficient for a vault	9 0 by 6 6	12 12 –	15 15 –	11 11 –	13 13 –	8 8 –	10 10 –
For ground sufficient for a brick grave	9 0 by 4 0	10 10 –	12 12 –	8 8 –	10 10 –	6 6 –	7 7 –
For ground for a private grave, including the right of placing tomb-stone, monument, or enclosing and planting	6 6 by 2 10	4 – –	5 – –	3 3 –	4 – –	2 10 –	3 – –
For ground for a private grave, with the same privileges	6 6 by 2 6	3 3 –	4 4 –	2 15 –	3 8 –	1 15 –	2 2 –
Extra ground, per foot super	– – –	– 10 –	– 10 –	– 7 –	– 7 –	– 5 –	– 5 –

The charges for digging will be considered extra, and are given at page 45.

Fees for Interments on the Above.

	Parishioners.		Non-Parishioners.	
	Adult.	Child under 10.	Adult.	Child under 10.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
In private vaults	2 15 –	2 – –	3 10 –	2 10 –
In brick graves	2 10 –	1 15 –	3 3 –	2 2 –
In private graves in select places	1 5 –	– 16 –	1 10 –	1 – –
In private graves in general ground	1 – –	– 12 –	1 5 –	– 15 –
For opening and closing a vault	1 – –	1 – –	1 – –	1 – –
For opening and closing a brick grave	1 – –	1 – –	1 – –	1 – –

Charges for Burials in Common Graves, including the Interment Fees, and use of the Chapel.

	Parishioners.		Non-Parishioners.	
	Adults, each.	Children under 10 Years of Age, each.	Adults, each.	Children under 10 Years of Age, each.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
First class	1 – –	– 10 –	1 5 –	– 12 6
Second class	– 10 –	– 5 –	– 12 6	– 7 6

London (City of)—*continued.*

Charges for Removals from other Places of Interment.

	Adults.	Children.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
To catacombs, each coffin - - - - - -	2 – –	1 10 –
To private vaults „ - - - - - -	2 – –	1 10 –
To brick graves „ - - - - - -	2 – –	1 10 –
To private graves „ - - - - - -	1 – –	– 15 –

Charges for the Construction of Vaults and Brick Graves.

	In Mortar, including flat Covering Stone.	In Cement, including flat Covering Stone.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For building a private vault, complete, for 12 coffins -	23 – –	31 – –
For building a private brick grave, complete, for 6 coffins - - - - - - - - - -	18 – –	23 – –
For excavating, per cubic yard, for brick graves or vaults erected by persons' own builders - - -	– 3 3	—
For iron bearers or vaults for 6 coffins, each - -	– 3 6	—
Ditto - - - - - - for 12 coffins, each - -	– 7 –	—

Charges for Digging Graves or Re-opening Graves.

For digging a grave or re-opening a grave 7 feet or under 7 feet in depth, 7*s.*

Digging extra Depth beyond 7 Feet.	£. s. d.	Total Cost of Grave.	£. s. d.
1 foot - - - -	– 2 –	8 feet deep - - -	– 9 –
2 feet - - - -	– 4 –	9 „ - - - -	– 11 –
3 „ - - - -	– 6 6	10 „ - - - -	– 13 6
4 „ - - - -	– 8 6	11 „ - - - -	– 15 6
5 „ - - - -	– 11 –	12 „ - - - -	– 18 –
6 „ - - - -	– 13 6	13 „ - - - -	1 – 6
7 „ - - - -	– 16 –	14 „ - - - -	1 3 –
8 „ - - - -	– 18 6	15 „ - - - -	1 5 6
9 „ - - - -	1 1 6	16 „ - - - -	1 8 6
10 „ - - - -	1 4 6	17 „ - - - -	1 11 6

LONDON (CITY OF)—*continued.*

EXTRA CHARGES.

	£.	s.	d.
On all interments before 2 o'clock, P. M., or after sunset	–	5	–
On common interments, excepting between 2 and 4 o'clock, P. M.	–	5	–
For the use of large weather screen	–	7	6
For removing and replacing head stones to a private grave	–	3	–
For removing and replacing stone ledger	–	5	–
Entry of grant of interment or purchase	–	2	6
Searching register for one year		1	–
Giving certificate from the register, including search for any period not exceeding two years	–	2	6
Searching for every additional year	–	–	6
Making up and turfing a private grave	–	2	6
Ditto - - - - ditto - - - per annum	–	2	6
Ditto - - - - ditto - - - in perpetuity	3	3	–
Planting with flowers, and keeping in order, a private grave, per annum	–	10	6
Planting with flowers, and keeping in order, a private grave, in perpetuity	10	10	–
Maintaining head and foot stones, per annum	–	5	6
Ditto - - - ditto - - - in perpetuity	5	5	–
For interring a still-born child	–	1	6

For maintaining monuments, tombs, vaults, and brick graves, per annum, or in perpetuity, separate agreements may be made according to the nature of the work.

LOUGHBOROUGH.

No fees have at present been determined upon by the Board, the intended burial-ground being only in course of formation.

31 March 1856. *H. H. Toone,* Clerk.

L O U T H.

RETURN of the TABLE of FEES determined on for Burials in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground respectively, with the Mode of appropriating such Fees to Parochial Incumbents and other Officers, to Dissenting Ministers, and to the General Purposes of the Board.

	Parishioners:	For the Board. £.	s.	d.
Parish Burials	On the interment of any person at the expense of the parish or union	–	2	–
Ordinary interments	On the interment of any person in an ordinary grave over 10 years of age	–	3	–
	Of a child under 10 years of age	–	2	–
	Of a person out of the prescribed hours, additional	–	1	6
	Of a still-born child	–	2	–
Headstone	For the erection of a headstone in an ordinary grave	–	5	–
Purchase for 50 Years	For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial for 50 years in a grave (space, 9 feet by 4 feet)	1	–	–
	Interment fee in the same	–	5	–
	Filling up and turfing a grave in the same	–	1	–
	Erecting a headstone on the same	–	5	–
	Erecting on the same a coffin-shaped or other tomb not exceeding 1 foot in height nor 14 superficial feet in area	–	10	–

LOUTH—*continued.*

		For the Board. £.	s.	d.
	Parishioners:			
Purchase in perpetuity	For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a plot of ground 10 feet by 4 feet	3	3	–
	Every interment fee in the same, whether in vault or otherwise	–	5	–
	Filling up and turfing after interment	–	1	–
	Erecting a headstone on the same	–	5	–
	Erecting on the same a coffin-shaped or other tomb, as above	1	–	–
	For erecting any other tomb on the same	2	–	–
	Inclosing the same with iron palisades not exceeding 2 feet in height	1	1	–
	Exceeding 2 feet in height	3	3	–
	Re-opening vault or grave in the same	1	1	–
	For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a plot of ground 10 feet by 8 feet	6	6	–
	Every interment fee in the same, whether in vault or otherwise	–	5	–
	Filling up and turfing after interment	–	1	–
	Erecting a headstone on the same	–	5	–
	Erecting on the same a coffin-shaped or other tomb, as above	1	–	–
	Erecting any other tomb on the same	2	–	–
	Inclosing the same with iron palisades not exceeding 2 feet in height	2	2	–
	Exceeding 2 feet in height	5	5	–
	Re-opening vault or grave in the same	1	1	–
	For erecting a mural monument in chapel	5	5	–
	For every additional inscription on the same	1	1	–

For Non-parishioners all fees and payments are to be charged double.

In addition to the above, the vicar is entitled to receive the same fees in respect of burials in the consecrated ground which he has previously enjoyed and received in the burial ground for the parish, and the clerk and sexton are entitled to receive on such burials the same fees as they have previously received. (15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, s. 32.)

When the exclusive right of burial, and also of constructing any monument, gravestone, tablet or monumental inscription, is sold in the consecrated ground, there will have to be added to the above payments, for the incumbent of the parish, such fees as shall be settled and fixed by the vestry, with the approval of the bishop of the diocese; and if no such fees shall have been so settled therein, such fees as he would by law or custom have been entitled to, on the grant of the like rights in the burial ground of this parish. (Ibid. sec. 33.)

The fees in the foregoing schedule have been fixed for the general purposes of the Board.

At present the following fees only have been received on the consecrated ground, under the direction of the incumbent:—

	s.	d.
For the incumbent, on an ordinary interment	2	6
For the clerk ditto	1	–
For the sexton ditto of an infant	2	6
For the ditto ditto of an adult	3	6

These have been received only *pro tempore*, and without prejudice to the incumbent's claims. No complete list has yet been handed in by the incumbent, clerk, or sexton, for the sanction of the Board.

No schedule of fees for dissenting ministers has been fixed by or asked for from the Board.

1 April 1856. *Chris. Ingoldby*, Clerk.

LYME REGIS.

OUR burial ground is not yet prepared for consecration or interments, and the question of fees and their appropriation has not yet been considered by the Board.

29 March 1856. *Rob. Hillman*, Clerk.

MALDON.

FEES and PAYMENTS to be made to the Burial Board for the Parishes of *All Saints* and *St. Peter*, in the Borough of *Maldon*, in respect of all Interments in the Burial-ground of the said Parishes, and on the Grant of Rights of Burial in Perpetuity, and other Rights in the said Burial-ground.

		Additional Payments to be made on Interments, &c. in the Consecrated Portion of the Ground,	
		To the Incumbent.	To the Sexton.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
On the interment of any parishioner at the expense of the parish or union	– 2 –	– 2 6	—
On the interment of any other person over ten years of age	– 5 –	– 10 –	– 3 6
On the interment of ditto, if in a purchased or bricked grave or vault, or if any memorial is erected, additional	– 5 –	—	—
On the interment of a child under ten years of age in grave 4 feet deep	– 2 6	– 4 –	– 2 –
On the interment of ditto, if in a purchased or bricked grave or vault, or if any memorial is erected, additional	– 2 6	—	—
On the interment of any person, if not within the prescribed hours, additional	– 2 6	—	—
On the interment of a still-born child	– 2 6	– 1 6	– 1 6
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave, space 9 feet by 4 feet, over and above all other fees and payments	1 1 –	—	—
For entry in register of grant of exclusive right of burial	– 2 6	—	—
For certificate of grant, in addition to the cost of stamp and parchment	– 1 –	—	—
For the right of making a bricked grave	1 1 –	4 12 –	*1 3 6
For the right of constructing a vault not exceeding 9 feet by 8 feet externally, and 10 feet in depth	5 5 –	10 18 –	*1 3 6
For re-opening a bricked grave	1 1 –	1 9 –	– 13 –
For re-opening a vault	1 1 –	2 10 –	– 16 6
For the right of erecting a head and foot stone	– 10 6	2 2 –	—
For the right of erecting a similar memorial in wood	– 5 –	2 2 –	—
For the right of erecting ditto, if extending to two graves, in either material	- - -	3 3 –	—
For the right of erecting a coffin-shaped tomb over grave	2 2 –	3 3 –	—
For the right of placing any other tomb or stone not exceeding 9 feet by 4 feet	2 2 –	3 3 –	—
„ „ „ „ „ 9 „ 8 „	4 4 –	6 6 –	—
For the right of bricking over a grave	– 5 –	– 10 6	—
For the right of enclosing with palisades a space not exceeding 9 feet by 4 feet	1 1 –	5 5 –	—
„ „ „ „ „ 9 „ 8 „	2 2 –	5 5 –	—
For the right of erecting mural tablet in chapel	5 5 –	5 5 –	—
For every additional inscription on any monument or memorial	– 5 –	– 10 6	—
For digging a grave 6 feet deep for a person over ten years of age	– 4 6	—	—
„ „ „ „ „ every additional foot	– 2 –	– 1 –	—
For digging a grave for a child under ten years of age	– 2 –	—	—
„ „ „ „ every additional foot	– 2 –	– 1 –	—
For excavating a bricked grave 6 feet deep	– 7 –	—	—
„ „ „ „ every additional foot	– 2 –	—	—
For excavating for a vault, per cubic yard	– 1 –	—	—
For filling up and turfing a grave	– 2 –	—	—
For the use of a hand hearse within the parish, without attendants, at the burial of a person at the expense of the parish or union, or under ten years of age	– 2 6	—	—
For the use of a hand hearse at the burial of any other person	– 5 –	—	—
For the use of a hand hearse, if in a bricked grave or vault	– 7 6	—	—

* On the first interment.

On the interment of non-parishioners, all fees and payments are to be charged at double the above rates.

Regulation 6.—The Burials Acts not empowering the Board to fix a scale of payments to be made to dissenting ministers for their services at interments in the unconsecrated portion of the ground, and dissenting ministers objecting to all compulsory payments for their services, no scale of fees payable to them can be given. As a matter of convenience, the clerk will receive with the fees payable to the Board such sums as the persons requiring the services of a dissenting minister may be willing to give for those services, or if preferred by the persons making such payments, they may be made directly to the minister officiating.

The above is a true copy of the table of fees upon interments and the grant of rights in the burial-ground for the parishes of All Saints and St. Peter, Maldon, adopted by the Burial Board for those parishes, and of the table of fees claimed by the incumbent and sexton of those parishes, as payable to them by custom, and of the regulation with respect to fees to dissenting ministers, adopted by the said Burial Board. Dated the 2d day of April 1856.

Jno. Crick, Clerk.

MANSFIELD.

The Mansfield Cemetery is not yet fully made, and no scale of fees to parochial incumbents and other officers, to dissenting ministers, and to the general purposes of the Board, has been settled.

31 March 1856. *R. J. Parsons.*

MARKET RASEN.

Fees and Payments.

	To the Board.
	£. s. d.
For every common grave	– 1 –
For land for tombs or vaults in perpetuity, per square yard	– 7 6
For every brick grave	– 15 –
For every body stone, when land or brick grave not paid for	– 15 –
For every head and foot stone to a common grave	– 7 6
For every interment,—minister, 2*s.*; clerk, 1*s.*; sexton, 2*s.* 6*d.*	– 5 6

For non-parishioners double the above sums.

Parties having purchased land, and paid for same, whether for vaults, tombs, or brick graves, may place such monuments as are not contrary to the laws relating to places of interments, without any other charge to the Board.

Whitehall, 24 January 1856. *Wm. Rawson,* Clerk.

The above is a copy of the charges made by this Board, and the proceeds are applied to the keeping in order and management of the ground, and the balance (if any) towards the poor-rates, according to the Acts of Parliament.

MELCOMBE REGIS.

Table of Fees determined by the Burial Board appointed under the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, and 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134.

	Board.
	£. s. d.
For each interment in site fixed by the Board in Section A	– 12 6
Ditto ditto Section B	– 10 –
Ditto ditto Section C	– 2 6
For each interment in site selected by the relations and friends of the deceased in Section A	1 5 –
Ditto ditto Section B	1 – –
Ditto ditto Section C	– 10 –
If in a purchased plot, brick grave or vault, an additional	– 5 –
Interment of a still-born child	– 2 6

(continued)

MELCOMBE REGIS—*continued.*

	BOARD. £. s. d.
For each interment at the expense of the parish or union	– 2 –
For every grave space, or family plot, 9 ft. long, 4 ft. 6 in. wide, and 6½ ft. deep, purchased in perpetuity	3 – –
And so in proportion for any greater number, each	3 – –
For the privilege of making a steined or brick grave or vault, 9 ft. by 4 ft. 6 in., each, in addition	1 – –
For the privilege of inclosing with iron rails a grave space, or family plot, purchased in perpetuity, for each grave space in the inclosure	– 10 –
For every interment after the first in a steined grave, or vault, purchased grave, or family plot	1 1 –
For the privilege of erecting a headstone in the burial-ground, not exceeding 2 ft. 8 in. in width, and 5 ft. in height, each	– 10 6
Ditto, foot-stone, not exceeding 2 ft. 6 in. in height, and 1 ft. 6 in. in width, each	– 3 6
For flat stones placed according to the regulations of the Board, each	1 1 –
For erecting a tomb over a brick grave or vault	2 2 –
For tablets on walls of chapels, each, not exceeding 24 in. by 18 in.	5 5 –
Ditto cloister, each ditto	2 12 6
Ditto cemetery, each ditto	1 1 –
For every additional inscription on any tablet or stone, &c.	– 5 –
If the interment should take place out of the regulated hours, an additional fee of	– 2 6
For digging a common grave in unconsecrated ground	– 5 –

Extra per foot, by agreement.

All grave spaces occupied by steined or brick graves, vaults, or flat stones, must be purchased in perpetuity.

In the case of a non-parishioner, all fees and charges to be one-half extra.

The foregoing fees are charged for the cost and expenses of providing and maintaining the new burial-ground, and are the only fees received by the Burial Board, and do not include any fees payable to the rector, officiating minister, clerk, or sexton.

31 March 1856. *Geo. Andrews,* Clerk.

MIDDLESBRO'-ON-TEES.

CHARGES and REGULATIONS for INTERMENTS.

THE southern portion of the ground is consecrated, and the northern unconsecrated, and there is a chapel to each. In the unconsecrated part of the ground interments may take place with or without religious services.

CHARGES FOR INTERMENT.

	For Adults. £. s. d.	Children under 7 Years of Age. £. s. d.
In the portion coloured red on the plan	1 – –	– 15 –
Ditto ditto blue ditto	– 15 –	– 10 –
Ditto ditto yellow ditto	– 7 –	– 5 –
For a burial at the expense of the parish	– 4 6	—
For a still-born child	– 2 6	—

For

MIDDLESBRO'-ON-TEES—*continued.*

For an interment in the morning, or at any other than the hour fixed by the minister, also for the interment of non-parishioners, double the above charges are made.

The right of burial in any number, not exceeding five grave-spaces, may be secured for a term of five years by payment for the same to the Board according to the above scale; and such right may be renewed by further payment at the expiration of the above-mentioned period.

Depth of graves for persons 16 years of age and above, 6 feet; between the ages of 7 and 16, 5 feet; and for children under 7 years of age, 4 feet.

Charges for the purchase of the freehold of graves, which gives permission to the purchaser to enclose the same, to build with bricks, and to lay down or erect monumental stones thereon; also to inter in coffins of lead or other metal (which permission is not granted unless the freehold is purchased),

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
For a grave 7 ft. 6 in. by 3 ft. 6 in. - - - - - -	5	5	–
Ditto - 8 ft. by 7 ft. - - - - - - - -	10	10	–

And for a larger space in like proportion.

Permission may be obtained to erect a headstone on an ordinary grave on payment of 7*s.* 6*d.*; but a plan or sketch of such stone, and a copy of all epitaphs and inscriptions are required to be submitted to and approved by the Board before being introduced into the ground.

The above charges are exclusive of fees and other dues payable to the minister and clerk in respect of burials, and to the incumbent, on vaults and headstones in the consecrated part of the burial-ground.

Graves will be planted with flowers, and afterwards kept in order, for 5*s.* per annum.

Twenty-four hours' notice must be given to the sexton at his residence previous to an interment; and when the burial is intended to take place on a Sunday, the order for the grave must be given not later than Friday night.

A charge of 1*s.* will be made for ringing the chapel bell, when required.

By order of the Burial Board for the township of Middlesbrough.

January 1856. *John Stevenson*, Clerk.

Approved by Sir George Grey, 26th March 1856.

MUCH WOOLTON.

THE Woolton Burial Board not having been successful in obtaining a site, have of course not arrived at the question of fees. We had the option of a very eligible piece of ground contiguous to the churchyard, which was, however, objected to by a few proprietors within the 200 yards, and Lord Palmerston, to whom we applied for advice, declined to entertain the matter; since which time nothing further has been done, or is likely to be done, as it is impossible to get land within any convenient distance, not subjected to the objections of some party.

Robert Leicester, Incumbent of Woolton.

29 March 1856.

NARBERTH.

No Table of Fees has as yet been prepared.

30 April 1856. *John Thomas*, Clerk.

NEWARK.

THE Burial Board for this parish have not at present settled upon any scale of fees for their burial ground, nor have they at present made any arrangement with the parochial incumbent and other officers or dissenting ministers.

29 March 1856. *William Newton*, Clerk.

NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

BURIAL BOARD OF ALL SAINTS.

No tables of fees have as yet been prepared, in consequence of the time not having yet expired for the completion of the contract for the intended cemetery for this parochial chapelry.

14 April 1856. *Andrew Middlemess*, Clerk.

BURIAL BOARD OF BYKER.

As yet we have not obtained any ground for a burial ground, and therefore we have no fees.

2 April 1856. *Alexander Carins*, Clerk.

BURIAL BOARD FOR THE PARISH OF ST. ANDREW AND TOWNSHIP OF JESMOND.

THE burial ground will not be completed until about the end of the present year, and consequently no table of fees has yet been determin ed on.

66, Grey-street, Newcastle, 3 April 1856. *Joseph Blacklock*, Clerk.

UNITED BURIAL BOARD OF ST. JOHN, WESTGATE, AND ELSWICK.

THE Board have not yet fixed the table of fees.

62, Grainger-street, 21 April 1856. *Thomas N. Cathrall*, Clerk.

BURIAL BOARD OF ST. NICHOLAS.

THE Burial Board of St. Nicholas, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, have not as yet considered the subject of fees for burials.

29 March 1856. *George Thirkeld Gibson*, Acting Clerk.

Table of Fees and Charges.

Classes Referring to Letters on Plan.	DESCRIPTION OF GRAVES, &c.	CONSECRATED GROUND.						UNCONSECRATED GROUND.				
		Charges for Purchase of Right of Burial, &c.	Vested Fees Payable to Vicar.	Vested Fees Payable to Clerk.	Vested Fees Payable to Sexton.	Total Charges and Fees for Interment of Persons dying in Newport or St. Woollos.	Total Charge and Fees for Interment of Persons brought from other Parishes.	Charges for Purchase of Right of Burial, &c.	Minister.	Grave-digger.	Total Charges and Fees for Interment of Persons dying in Newport or St. Woollos.	Total Charges and Fees for Interment of Persons brought from other Parishes.
		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
A.	Single grave, including walling, in perpetuity	8 – –	2 2 –	– 1 6	1 – –	11 3 6	15 3 6	8 – –	– 10 6	– 7 –	8 17 6	12 17 6
	Double ditto, ditto	15 – –	2 2 –	– 1 6	1 10 –	18 13 6	26 3 6	15 – –	– 10 6	– 10 6	16 1 –	23 11 –
	For every interment after the first	2 4 –	– 10 6	– 1 6	– 7 –	3 3 –	4 5 –	2 4 –	– 10 6	– 3 6	2 18 –	4 – –
B.	Single grave, including walling, in perpetuity	5 10 –	2 2 –	– 1 6	1 – –	8 13 6	11 8 6	5 10 –	– 7 6	– 7 –	6 4 6	8 19 6
	Double ditto, ditto	10 – –	2 2 –	– 1 6	1 10 –	13 13 6	18 13 6	10 – –	– 7 6	– 10 6	10 18 –	15 18 –
	For every interment after the first	1 11 –	– 10 6	– 1 6	– 7 –	2 10 –	3 5 6	1 11 –	– 7 6	– 3 6	2 2 –	2 17 6
C.	First-class private grave, in perpetuity	2 1 6	– 5 –	– 1 6	– 12 –	3 – –	4 – 9	2 1 6	– 5 –	– 3 6	2 10 –	3 10 9
	For every interment after the first	– 17 –	– 5 –	– 1 6	– 8 –	1 11 6	2 – –	– 17 –	– 5 –	– 3 –	1 5 –	1 13 6
D.	Second-class private grave, in perpetuity	– 18 –	– 5 –	– 1 6	– 12 –	1 16 6	2 5 6	– 18 –	– 5 –	– 3 6	1 6 6	1 15 6
	For every interment after the first	– 12 6	– 5 –	– 1 6	– 8 –	1 7 –	1 12 3	– 12 6	– 5 –	– 2 6	1 1 –	1 6 3
E.	Single interment	– 12 6	– 5 –	– 1 6	– 12 –	1 11 –	1 17 3	– 12 6	– 5 –	– 2 6	1 – –	1 6 3
F.	For each pauper interment	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 1 6	– 3 6	– 12 6	– 15 –	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 2 6	– 10 –	– 12 6
	For a still-born child	– –	– – –	– – –	– 2 6	– 2 6	– 2 6	– –	– – –	– 1 6	– 1 6	– 1 6
	For permission to erect headstones, each	– 10 6	– 10 6	– – –	– –	1 1 –	– – –	– 10 6	– – –	– –	– 10 6	—
	For permission to erect flat stones	1 1 –	1 1 –	– – –	–	2 2 –	– – –	1 1 –	– – –	– –	1 1 –	—
	For permission to erect ornamental tombs, each	2 2 –	2 2 –	– – –	– –	4 4 –	– – –	2 2 –	– – –	– –	2 2 –	—

A single grave space is calculated at 8 feet by 4 feet.

These fees are calculated for graves of a depth of 7 feet; any less or additional depth will be deducted therefrom, or added thereto, at the rate of 2s. per foot, as the case may be.

A single grave space is calculated at 8 feet by 4 feet.

These charges are calculated for graves not exceeding a depth of 7 ft.; for additional depth, 2s. per foot will be added.

NEWPORT AND ST. WOOLLOS—*continued.*

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. All orders for interments to be given at the office of the Board, No. 96, Stow-hill, Newport, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 5 o'clock p. m.; and all dues to be paid before the ground can be opened, or a vault built.

2. The order must be in the form provided by the Board, and contain a statement of the christian and surname, the calling or description, and the age of the person to be buried, date of the death, the parish in which it occurred, the day and hour of the intended burial, whether in the consecrated or unconsecrated ground, the situation, description, and depth of grave or vault.

3. The friends of the deceased interring in the unconsecrated ground are expected, at the time of giving the order for such interment, to name the minister they wish to officiate, otherwise the Board will provide one.

4. No orders can be received on Sundays, but interments may take place on that day, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock p. m.

5. Twenty-four hours' notice will be required to be given for an interment in either of the classes C., D., E. and F.; and in either of the classes A. and B., three days' notice will be required.

6. To preserve uniformity, the whole of the brickwork necessary for graves or vaults will be executed by and at the cost of the Board; and the design of every monument, tablet or grave-stone, together with the proposed inscription, must be submitted for the approval of the Board before erection.

7. No grave-stone or monument to be erected, except over vaults or graves where the exclusive right of burial is purchased.

8. All materials, grave-stones and monuments, must be conveyed into the burial-ground by hand, or on waggons, carts, or trucks, with wheels having tires of not less than four and a half inches in width.

9. All monuments, grave-stones, vaults, and places of burial, to be kept in good order and repair at the expense of the respective owners thereof.

10. Plans of the cemetery, describing the situation and number of the vaults and graves, which are open to inspection without charge, are kept both at the office of the Board, and at the residence of the superintendent in the burial-ground.

11. Certificates of burial can only be obtained at the office of the Board.

12. Every person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall, or fence belonging to the burial-ground, or destroy or injure any tree or plant therein, or who shall daub or disfigure any wall thereof, or put up any bill therein, or on any wall thereof, or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or grave-stone, or do any other wilful damage, play at any game or sport, or discharge fire-arms (save at a military funeral), in the burial-ground, or wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled therein for the purpose of burying any body therein, or commit any nuisance within the grounds, will be prosecuted by the Burial Board according to law.

13. On and after the 2d day of September next, the burial-ground will be open to the public, under certain regulations, daily, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. between the 2d September and 30th April, and from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. between the 1st May and 1st September. Children less than 10 years of age will not be admitted, except under the care of a responsible person; and all visitors will be expected to keep on the gravelled roads and walks, and invariably to refrain from touching the shrubs or flowers, and to observe perfect decorum in all respects. No dogs admitted.

14. No carriages or horses but those in attendance on funerals will be allowed to enter the cemetery, without a special order from the clerk.

15. It is requested that no fees be given to attendants or servants of the Board, who are forbidden to receive such on pain of dismissal; and that all complaints of incivility or inattention be made to the clerk.

By order of the Board,

April 1855. *J. F. Mullock,* Clerk.

NORWICH CEMETERY.

Scale of Fees and Charges authorised to be taken at the *Norwich* Cemetery.

First Class.—Persons rated (or lodging in houses rated) 25 *l.* or upwards. Second Class.—Rated 10 *l.* and under 25 *l.* Third Class.—Rated under 10 *l.* Fourth Class.—Persons not rated.

	Consecrated or Unconsecrated Ground.	CONSECRATED GROUND.												UNCONSECRATED GROUND.									
	Board.	Minister.				Clerk.				Sexton.				Funeral Service, if provided by Board,				Digging Grave.					
	Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.	Class 4.	Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.	Class 4.	Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.	Class 4.	Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.	Class 4.	Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.	Class 4.	Grave.	Extra Depth.
	s. d.	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*		
Interment Fee:—Common grave—parishioners	10 –	7 6	5 –	2 6	10 –	5 –	3 –	2 6	3 6	2 6	1 6	1 –	6 6	5 –	4 –	3 –	–	–	–	–	6 6	5 –	4 –	3 –	6 ft. deep	1 *s.* p' ft.
Ditto – – children under 10 years	7 –	5 –	3 –	2 6					3 –	2 –	1 –	1 –	4 –	3 –	2 –	2 –	–	–	–	–	4 –	3 –	2 –	2 –	5 ft. „	ditto.
Ditto – – non-parishioners	15 –	12 –	7 6	–	20 –	10 –	6 –	–	4 6	3 –	2 –	–	8 –	6 –	4 9	–	10 –	5 –	3 –	2 –	8 –	6 –	4 9	–	6 ft. „	ditto.
Freehold grave { parishioners and	10 –	–	7 *s.* 6 *d.*	–	12 6	7 6	5 –	–	3 6	2 6	1 6	–	7 –	5 6	4 6	–	–	–	–	–	7 –	5 6	4 6	–	6 ft. „	2 *s.* 6 *d.* p'ft.
Brick grave – { non-parishioners }	15 –	–	10 *s.*	–	20 –	15 –	10 –	–	5 –	3 6	3 –	–	8 –	6 –	4 9	–	–	–	–	–	8 –	6 –	4 9	–		
Vault – – – – – ditto –	–	2 *l.* 2 *s.*		–	–	1 *l.* 1 *s.*		–	–	–	10 *s.*	–	–	5 *s.* 6 *d.* per superficial foot, digging 12 feet deep.			–	–	–	–	6 *d.* per superficial foot, digging 12 feet deep.			
Still-born children – – – –	£. –	1 –																					
Ground:—For freehold grave—single, 9 feet by 3 feet		1 10 –																					
For brick grave – ditto, 9 feet by 4 feet		2 2 –																					
Ditto – – – double, 9 feet by 7 feet		3 10 –																					
For vault – – – – – – 9 feet square		5 5 –																					
For every square foot additional, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*																							
Gravestones:—On erecting head or foot stones		– 5 –			£. –	6 6																	
Paving grave with pebbles, and tablets		– 5 –				– 5 –																	
Flat stone or coffin-shaped stone not raised more than 12 inches		– 10 –				– 10 –																	
Monuments:—On erecting over freehold or brick grave		1 1 –				1 1 –																	
Ditto – – vault		3 3 –				2 2 –																	
Tablets, fee on erecting, in chapel		– 10 p' sq. ft.				– 10 6																	
Palisading round freehold or brick grave or vault included in charge for ground.																							
Inscriptions:—For every additional inscription on gravestone		– 2 6			*s. d.* 5 –	*s. d.* 2 6	*s. d.* 2 6	*s. d.* 2 6															
On monument over freehold or brick grave		– 5 –																					
Ditto – – – vault		– 10 6			7 6	5 –	5 –	5 –															
Turfing graves, if done by Board		– 1 6 p' ann.																					
Registering grant of freehold or brick grave		– 2 6																					
Ditto – – – vault		– 5 –																					
Registering transfer of freehold or brick grave		– 1 –																					
Ditto – – – – vault		– 2 6																					
Certificate of grant or transfer		– 1 –																					
Ditto – burials (from register)		– 2 6																					
Searches for burials, one year (to be included in certificate, if granted)		– 1 –																					
Ditto – every year after the first		– – 6																					
Ditto – register of freehold grave or vault		– 1 –																					
Hand hearse or bier		– 1 –																					

N.B.—The Board will, when requested, provide a one-horse hearse and fly for the conveyance of the corpse and mourners, at the following prices:—

For hearse and fly	£. – 7 6
For hearse only	– 4 –

By Order of the Board,
W. L. Mendham, Clerk.

NORWICH CEMETERY—*continued.*

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. ALL orders to be given, and fees and charges paid at the cemetery-office before the ground is opened, or the graves or vaults built, and also upon all monuments, head-stones, &c.

2. Certificate of registration of death to be produced, and the name of the parish or district from which the body is removed, and all other information required, to be stated at the time of paying the fees. The time fixed for a funeral must be that at which the procession is at the cemetery, and the time must be punctually observed, to prevent inconvenience, and one funeral interfering with another.

3. Twenty-four hours' previous notice to be given for a common interment, and 36 hours for purchased graves. If the interment be to take place on a Sunday or Monday, notice to be given not later than the preceding Friday. Three clear days' notice at least to be given if a vault or brick grave be required.

This rule is not to apply to Jews, or in cases of death from epidemic or endemic disease upon medical certificate.

4. The brickwork may be executed by any person appointed by the purchaser, subject to the regulations made by the Board, and the surplus soil to be removed from the ground, if required.

5. No vault or grave in which the exclusive right of burial has been purchased, shall be opened without the owner's consent in writing.

6. In common graves, coffins of wood only to be used.

7. All foundations of monuments, removal or refixing same, and other work connected therewith, to be done under the superintendence of the Board, or their surveyor. Vaults and brick graves to be opened under the same superintendence.

8. Brick graves to be opened from the top, except by special agreement.

9. All monuments, tablets, and gravestones must be conveyed into the cemetery on carts or trucks with wheels not less than four inches in breadth; and all monuments, tablets, gravestones, and graves are to be kept in repair by their owners, unless a special agreement be made with the Board. No grave stones are to be erected over common graves after 12 months from the interment, without leave of the Board.

10. No palisading or railing will be allowed without the consent of the Board.

11. Before the erection of any tablet, monument, gravestone, iron railing or palisade, a drawing thereof, with the proposed inscription, must be sent to the cemetery-office for approval by the Board, and in consecrated ground the inscription must have been first approved by the clergyman of the parish from which the body is buried.

12. A plan of the cemetery, showing the situation of purchased graves and interments, will be kept at the cemetery-office, and may be seen without charge. The office is open daily from eleven o'clock until one, and from three until five, Sundays, Christmas Day, and Good Friday excepted.

13. Dogs are not allowed to enter the ground.

14. The cemetery will be open daily, from seven in the morning until sunset, and will be guarded both night and day.

15. Any other information to be obtained at the Cemetery-office.

By order.

W. L. Mendham, Clerk.

OGBOURNE, ST. ANDREW.

THE Burial Board of this parish, of which I am chairman, was formed under the provisions of 18 & 19 Vict. cap. 128, s. 10. I presume that it was not the intention of The House to require a return of fees to be made, when, as in the case of this parish, the additional ground will when consecrated, merge in, and fall under the same regulations as the existing churchyard. (*See* 18 & 19 Vict. cap. 128, s. 10.)

8 April 1856. *James Bliss*, Vicar.

OLDHAM.

No Table of Fees has yet been appointed.

10 April 1856. *J. Summer Seales*, Clerk.

PADDINGTON.

Divisions of Burial Fees.

	PARISHIONER.					NON-PARISHIONER.				
	Minister.	Burial Board.	Parish Clerk.	Sexton.	Total.	Minister.	Burial Board.	Parish Clerk.	Sexton.	Total.
First Ground:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Ground for brick grave, 9 feet by 6 feet 6 inches	6 2 6	6 2 6	5 –	3 10 –	16 – –	7 17 6	7 17 6	10 –	3 15 –	20 – –
Ditto 9 feet by 4 feet	5 6 6	5 6 6	5 –	2 2 –	13 – –	6 14 –	6 14 –	7 6	2 4 6	16 – –
For right of erecting tomb, or head and foot stone, 6 feet 6 inches by 2 feet 6 inches	1 8 6	1 8 6	3 –	– 3 –	3 3 –	1 17 6	1 17 6	4 6	– 4 6	4 4 –
Interment fee for adult	– 16 –	– 16 –	3 –	– 7 –	2 2 –	1 4 6	1 4 6	3 6	– 7 6	3 – –
Ditto for child (under 10 years)	– 10 –	– 10 –	3 –	– 5 –	1 8 –	– 16 –	– 16 –	3 –	– 5 –	2 – –
Second Ground:										
For right of erecting tomb, or head and foot stone, 6 feet 6 inches by 2 feet 6 inches	– 19 –	– 19 –	2 –	– 2 –	2 2 –	1 8 –	1 8 –	3 6	– 3 6	3 3 –
Interment fee for adult	– 11 –	– 11 –	2 6	– 5 6	1 10 –	– 16 –	– 16 –	2 6	– 5 6	2 – –
Ditto for child (under 10 years)	– 7 6	– 7 6	1 6	– 3 6	1 – –	– 12 –	– 12 –	2 –	– 4 –	1 10 –
Third Ground:										
Interment fee for adult	– 5 –	– 5 –	1 6	– 3 6	– 15 –	– 11 6	– 11 6	2 6	– 4 6	1 10 –
Ditto for child	– 3 6	– 3 6	1 –	– 2 –	– 10 –	– 7 6	– 7 6	2 –	– 3 –	1 – –

For Extra Depth and Re-opening Private Graves.

	s.	d.	
7 feet to 10 feet	2	–	per foot.
10 feet to 15 feet	2	6	„
15 feet to 20 feet	3	–	„

For excavating ground for large brick graves beyond 10 feet, the depth stated in regulations, 15*s.* per foot.

For excavating ground for small brick graves beyond 10 feet, the depth stated in regulations, 10*s.* per foot.

Extra Fees and Charges.

	£. s. d.
On interments at any other hour than between 2 and 4 o'clock, the time appointed by regulations	– 7 6
Opening and closing brick grave	1 1 –
Iron bearers or landing to ditto on re-opening	1 1 –
Moving and replacing gravestones	– 5 –
Interring still-born child	– 2 6
For extra ground for private graves, per square foot	– 8 –
Extra ground for brick graves or monuments, per square foot	– 10 6
Turfing graves, per annum	– 2 6
Entry of grant of private graves	– 2 6
Certificates of burial (each)	– 2 6
Examining register, not exceeding one year	– 1 –
Each additional year	– – 6

PADDINGTON—*continued.*

REGULATIONS.

1. ALL fees and charges to be paid at the office of the clerk and sexton, 6, Park Place-terrace, Paddington-green, and the names, abode, and age of the deceased, with the name and address of the undertaker, and the day and hour of proposed burial to be stated when the order is given.

2. Notice of interment to be given before 12 o'clock at noon, two days preceding the proposed interment; and for interments on a Sunday or Monday, notice must be given on the preceding Friday; and if in a brick grave to be constructed, four clear days' previous notice to be given at the office.

3. The payment of the interment fees will provide for the full desk service in the Episcopal chapel. In the unconsecrated ground is a chapel in which a minister of any religious denomination, chosen by the friends of the deceased, may solemnize burial service.

4. All interments to take place between 2 and 4 o'clock, otherwise an additional fee to be paid.

5. No interments in any vault or brick grave, except in coffins of lead.

6. None other than wooden coffins to be used in common graves, not purchased.

7. Gravestones and monuments to be erected only over graves in which the exclusive right of burial is purchased.

8. A drawing of every intended monument, and a copy of proposed inscription, must be submitted for the approval of the Burial Board, and filed at their office.

9. Monuments or gravestones to be erected within one year after interment in any grave, otherwise the same not to be considered private, and exclusive right to be forfeited, unless licence for further time be obtained from the Board.

10. Headstones in the front row next to any path not to exceed four feet in height, and in any other part of the ground five feet six inches; measuring from the surface of the ground in each case.

11. All monuments, gravestones, vaults, and places of burial, to be kept in repair by the owners, or the grant of the grave to become forfeited, if neglected for a period of five years.

12. Certificates of burial to be obtained by application to the clerk at the cemetery.

13. No headstones of soft York, Caen, or Bath stone, admitted in the ground.

14. The registrar's certificate of the death of the person to be buried, or the coroner's warrant, where an inquest has been held, must be given to the clerk at the cemetery.

The cemetery is open to the public on Sundays from 1 until 5, and on other days from 10 until 5 o'clock, Christmas Day and Good Friday excepted, on which days there will be no interments.

N.B.—No dogs admitted in the ground.

By order of the Burial Board, 14 September 1855.

1 May 1856. *Robt. Ford*, Clerk.

PENZANCE.

TABLES of FEES determined on by the Burial Board under the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 87, for Burials in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground respectively, with the mode of Appropriating such Fees to Parochial Incumbents and other Officers, to Dissenting Ministers, and to the General Purposes of the Board.

INTERMENT FEES.

	Above Seven Years of Age.	Under Seven Years of Age.	PAUPERS.		Still-born Children.
			Above Seven Years of Age.	Under Seven Years of Age.	
For Parishioners:	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*
Vicar of Madron, in the consecrated ground - - - - -	1 –	1 –	—	—	—
Board, in the unconsecrated ground					
Officiating minister - - -	2 6	2 6	1 –	1 –	—
Clerk (if required) - - -	2 –	2 –	1 –	1 –	—
Sexton: brick graves, &c., and vaults	10 –	10 –	—	—	—
„ ordinary graves - -	6 –	3 6	4 –	2 6	2 6
For Non-Parishioners:					
Officiating minister - - -	7 –	7 –	—	—	—
Clerk (if required) - - -	4 –	4 –	—	—	—
Sexton - - - - - -	10 –	10 –	- -	- -	5 –

PENZANCE—*continued.*

GROUND FEES.

NATURE of the FEE PAYABLE.	IN THE UNCONSECRATED PORTION OF THE GROUND.		IN THE CONSECRATED PORTION OF THE GROUND.					
	To the Board.		To the Vicar.		To the Incumbent of Chapel.		To the Board.	
	For a Parishioner.	For a Non-Parishioner.	For a Parishioner.	For a Non-Parishioner.	For a Parishioner.	For a Non-Parishioner.	For a Parishioner.	For a Non-Parishioner.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For the ground, on every interment in a common grave	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 10 -
For the choice of any particular spot for a grave	1 1 -	2 2 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 1 -	2 2 -
For the ground for every private grave or every brick grave, when first constructed, for every space not exceeding 9 feet by 4 feet, exterior dimensions	2 2 -	4 4 -	1 1 -	- - -	1 1 -	- - -	- - -	4 4 -
Opening subsequently	- 10 6	1 1 -	- 5 3	- - -	- 5 3	- - -	- - -	1 1 -
On the erection of every tomb or monument, or covering-stone or head-stone and curb, over a brick grave or private grave, with one inscription only	1 1 -	2 2 -	- 10 6	- - -	- 10 6	- - -	- - -	2 2 -
For every inscription thereon after the first	- 2 6	- 5 -	- 1 3	- - -	- 1 3	- - -	- - -	- 5 -
On the erection of every monument, not exceeding 9 superficial feet, on the walls of the chapel inside, per foot	1 1 -	2 2 -	- 10 6	- - -	- 10 6	- - -	- - -	2 2 -
For every inscription thereon after the first	- 10 6	1 1 -	- 5 3	- - -	- 5 3	- - -	- - -	1 1 -
On the erection of grave-stones, head and foot, or either of them	- 10 6	1 1 -	- 5 3	- - -	- 5 3	- - -	- - -	1 1 -
For every inscription thereon after the first	- 2 6	- 5 -	- 1 3	- - -	- 1 3	- - -	- - -	- 5 -
For the loan of a pall-cloth	- 5 -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 5 -	- 10 -
Certificate of burial, each body	- 2 6	- 2 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 2 6	- 2 6
Searching register, for the first year	- 1 -	- 1 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	- 1 -
Searching register, for every year after the first	- - 6	- - 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - 6	- - 6
For every slab, under Rule No. 9 of the bye-laws of the Board	- 5 -	- 5 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 5 -	- 5 -
Turfing the grave, if requisite	- 1 -	- 1 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	- 1 -

Excavating private grave, beyond the first 8 feet, for additional burials therein
Excavating for brick grave
Excavating for foundation for monument, &c.
Erection of monuments (extra size)
And on any occasion not provided for in the aforegoing Tables

} By special arrangement with the Board.

26 June 1856.

Rodd, Darke, & Cornish, Clerks.

PORTSEA.

Burial Fees.

	VICAR.	CLERK.	SEXTON.	Officiating Minister in Unconsecrated Ground.	For the Board in Consecrated Ground.	For the Board in Unconsecrated Ground.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For interments at the expense of the parish, each, as follows:							
Children four years of age and under, in a grave 4 feet deep	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 1 6	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 3 6	- 4 6
Children ten years of age and under, in a grave 5 feet deep	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 4 -	- 5 -
Children fifteen years of age and under, in a grave 5 feet deep	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 2 6	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 4 6	- 5 6
Persons over fifteen years of age, in a grave 6 feet deep	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 3 -	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 5 -	- 6 -
For interments in a common funeral grave, each, as follows:							
Children four years of age and under, in a grave 4 feet deep	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 2 -	- 2 -	- 1 6	- 4 6	- 6 6
Children ten years of age and under, in a grave 5 feet deep	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 3 6	- 2 -	- 1 6	- 6 -	- 8 -
Children fifteen years of age and under, in a grave 5 feet deep	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 4 -	- 2 -	- 2 -	- 7 -	- 9 -
Persons over fifteen years of age, in a grave 5 feet deep	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 4 -	- 2 -	- 2 6	- 7 6	- 9 6
Persons over fifteen years of age, in a grave 6 feet deep	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 5 -	- 2 -	- 3 -	- 9 -	- 11 -
For every interment in a vault, brick grave, or purchased grave space	- 2 -	- 1 -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- 3 -	- 6 -	- 11 -
If the interment should take place before the usual hour in the afternoon, an additional fee, in every case, of	- 5 -	- 2 6	- 2 -	- 2 -	- 10 6	- 18 -	1 - -
Prayers in the chapels	- 3 6	- 2 6	- 2 -	- 3 6	- - -	- 4 6	- 8 -
For a grave space, bricked or unbricked, not exceeding 9 feet by 4 feet, 6 feet deep, not in perpetuity	2 2 -	- -	- 10 -	- - -	2 2 -	4 14 -	4 14 -
For a grave space, bricked or unbricked, of the like size and depth, in perpetuity	3 3 -	- -	- 10 -	- - -	3 3 -	6 16 -	6 16 -
For a double grave space or vault, not exceeding 9 feet by 6 feet, 6 feet deep, in perpetuity	4 4 -	- -	1 5 -	- - -	4 4 -	9 13 -	9 13 -
For a selected site for a grave space, bricked or unbricked, subject to the approval of the Burial Board, extra	- -	- -	- -	- - -	1 10 -	1 10 -	1 10 -
For a selected site for a double grave space or vault, subject to the like approval, extra	- -	- -	- -	- - -	2 10 -	2 10 -	2 10 -
For re-opening a vault, brick grave, or purchased grave space	- 10 6	- -	- 5 6	- - -	- 10 6	1 6 6	1 6 6
For erecting a head stone	- 10 6	- -	- 2 -	- - -	- 2 6	- 15 -	- 15 -
For erecting a tomb over a single brick grave, vault, or purchased grave space	1 1 -	- -	- 4 -	- - -	1 5 -	2 10 -	2 10 -
The like over a double brick grave, vault, or purchased grave space	1 1 -	- -	- 4 -	- - -	2 10 -	3 15 -	3 15 -
For removing, cleaning, or painting a head stone	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- 2 -	- 2 -	- 2 -
For removing, cleaning, or painting a tomb or memorial over a vault, brick grave, or purchased grave space	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- 5 -
For every additional inscription on any head stone, tomb, or memorial	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- 2 6
For erecting a mural monument in mortuary chapels, not exceeding 24 inches by 18 inches	5 5 -	- -	- -	- - -	5 5 -	10 10 -	10 10 -
For every additional square foot	- 10 6	- -	- -	- - -	- 10 6	1 1 -	1 1 -
For certificate of registry of grant of vault, brick grave, or purchased grave space	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- 2 6
For the interment of a still-born child	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- 1 6	- 1 6	- 1 6
For digging a common grave deeper than as above stipulated, per foot extra	- -	- -	- 1 -	- - -	- 1 6	- 2 6	- 2 6
For digging a single vault, brick grave, or purchased grave space deeper than 6 feet, per foot extra	- -	- -	- 3 6	- - -	- 3 -	- 6 6	- 6 6
For digging a double vault, brick grave, or purchased grave space deeper than 6 feet, per foot extra	- -	- -	- 5 -	- - -	- 6 -	- 11 -	- 11 -
For moulding up and turfing over a common grave of a person over fifteen years of age	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- 1 6	- 1 6	- 1 6
For moulding up and turfing over a common grave of a child fifteen years of age and under	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 1 -
For moulding up and turfing over a single brick grave or purchased grave space	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- 5 -
For moulding up and turfing over a double brick grave, vault, or purchased grave space	- -	- -	- -	- - -	- 7 6	- 7 6	- 7 6

30 May 1856.

W. J. Hellyer, Clerk.

PUTNEY.

RETURN of the Burial Board for the Parish of *Putney*.

A copy of the Table of Fees determined on by the above Board is hereto annexed.

The fees are charged on the unconsecrated as well as the consecrated ground.

The Board takes and appropriates all the fees, except the registrar's fees, towards the payment of 90 *l.* per annum as a fixed stipend to the incumbent, in lieu of fees formerly received by him of 25 *l.* per annum to the clerk of the Board, his salary, and to the gardener the wages of 14 *s.* per week. The registrar's fees are received by him.

Hare & Whitfield, Clerks.

CHARGES AND FEES.

	Ground.	Interment Fees.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Vault, 9 ft. by 12 ft. superficial - - - -	30 – –	2 10 –	32 10 –
Ditto, 9 ft. by 9 ft. ,, - - - - -	18 10 –	2 10 –	21 – –
Brick grave, 9 ft. by 4 ft. - - - - -	8 – –	2 10 –	10 10 –
Private single grave, in perpetuity, 6 ft. 6 in. by 2 ft. 6 in. in the clear, 7 ft. deep - - -	1 5 –	2 10 –	3 15 –
Double private grave, not bricked, 6 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft. in the clear, 9 ft. deep - - - - -	3 17 6	2 10 –	6 7 6
Same, 6 ft. 6 in. by 6 ft. 6 in., 9 ft. deep - - -	9 13 –	2 10 –	12 3 –
Same, 6 ft. 6 in. by 9 ft., 9 ft. deep - - -	13 17 –	2 10 –	16 7 –
Private grave, not in perpetuity, 6 ft. 6 in. by 2 ft. 6 in. in the clear, 7 ft. deep - - - - -	– 15 6	– 4 6	1 – –
Common grave, 5 ft. deep - - - - -	– –	– 4 6	– 4 6
Interment by parish or union - - - - -	– –	– 2 6	– 2 6

EXTRA FEES.

	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
Re-opening vault - -	8 8 –	Ledger stone - - -	2 2 –
Ditto brick grave - -	4 4 –	Monument - - - -	6 6 –
Ditto private grave - -	1 1 –	Iron railing - - -	5 5 –
Head and foot stone - -	1 10 –	Turfing, per annum - -	– 2 6
Coffin stone - - -	– 10 –	Removal of body from parish	– 4 6

REGISTRAR'S FEES.

	£. s. d.
For certificate of grant of vault or brick grave - -	– 2 6
The grant of the exclusive right of burial in a grave space, over and above all stamps - - - - - - -	– 2 6

A deduction of one-third allowed upon the interment fees for children under 12 years of age.

The customary fees to clerk and sexton, being reserved by Act of Parliament, are payable as heretofore.

To the above fees (including the customary fees to clerk and sexton) one-third will be added for the burial of a non-parishioner.

The above Table of Fees was settled and fixed by the ratepayers in vestry assembled, this 4th of October 1855.

William Brown, Chairman and Churchwarden.

The above scale of fees was fixed and settled by the Board, this day, 11th October 1855.

Approved by me,
C. J. London.

Christ. Thomas Robinson, Chairman.

PUTNEY—*continued.*

REGULATIONS.

All applications for interments are to made to Mr. George Pedder, registrar and sexton, River-street, Putney. One clear day's notice is required to be given for common grave funerals, and four days for those in vaults, brick graves, and family graves.

All charges and fees demanded are to be paid to the registrar before any vault or grave be opened, or any ground broken.

No interments in any vault or brick grave, except in coffins of lead.

All monuments, gravestones, vaults, and places of burial, to be kept in repair by the owners, or the grant of the grave to become forfeited.

REDDITCH.

TABLE of FEES for Interments, &c. in the Cemetery.

DESCRIPTION.	TO THE BOARD.	TO THE MINISTER.	TO THE CLERK.	TO THE SEXTON.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
General interments, 8 *s.* 6 *d.* each	– 2 6	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 3 –
Additional:				
For bricked grave	1 1 –	1 1 –	—	—
For vault not exceeding 10 feet by 8 feet	5 5 –	5 5 –	—	—
For re-opening brick grave or vault	1 1 –	1 1 –	—	—
For erecting head-stone	– 10 6	– 10 6	—	—
For erecting coffin-shaped tomb over grave	2 2 –	1 1 –	—	—
For erecting any other tomb or stone, not exceeding 8 feet by 4 feet	2 2 –	2 2 –	—	—
Ditto, not exceeding 10 feet by 8 feet	4 4 –	2 2 –	—	—
For inclosing with palisades, not exceeding 8 feet by 4 feet	1 1 –	1 1 –	—	—
Ditto, not exceeding 10 fect by 8 feet	2 2 –	2 2 –	—	—

5 April 1856. *John Osborne,* Clerk.

RETFORD.

HEREWITH I enclose a Table of the Fees determined on by the Burial Board of this place.

The sum of 4 *s.* is paid to the officiating minister for each case of interment in the forenoon, and 2 *s.* in the afternoon. The sum of 2 *s.* is paid to the parish clerk for each case of interment on the consecrated portion of the ground in the forenoon, and 1 *s.* in the afternoon. The sum of 1 *s.* is paid to the clerk to the Board for filling up each form of conveyance of exclusive right of interment; the remaining sums in the first Table are at the disposal of the Board.

At a meeting of the Board, held on the 7th instant, the clerk having reported that an inconvenience resulted from the practice hitherto pursued in collecting the extra fees on the consecrated portion of the ground payable to the vicar; resolved, that in future the Board refrain from interfering in such collection.

W. Liller, Clerk.

10 April 1856.

TABLE

RETFORD—*continued.*

TABLE OF FEES.

	Section A.	Section B.	Section C.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
For each interment in the afternoon - -	- 5 6	- 12 6	- 15 -
For each interment of a still-born child - -	- 1 6	- 2 6	- 3 6
For each interment of a child under seven years of age - - - - - - -	- 5 -	- 7 6	- 15 -
For a burial in a forenoon, extra - - -	- 2 -	- 2 -	- 2 -
For the purchase of the exclusive right of interment in a grave - - - - - -	- - -	1 11 6	4 - -
For the conveyance of the exclusive right -	- - -	- 2 6	- 2 6
This right on Section B. may be purchased at any period within 12 months after interment.			
To non-residents not liable to be rated to the parish at the time of decease, 50 per cent. additional will be charged on each of the above except on Section A., to which non-parishioners will not be admitted.			
EXTRA FEES Payable on the Consecrated Ground:			
Burial of person from another parish - -	- - -	1 1 -	1 1 -
Burial in a vault - - - - - - -	- - -	1 1 -	1 1 -
For privilege of erecting a head-stone - -	- - -	- 10 6	- 10 6
For privilege of laying a flat stone - -	- - -	1 1 -	1 1 -
For privilege of erecting a raised tomb - -	- - -	2 2 -	2 2 -
To the parish clerk for interment in afternoon	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 1 -
To the parish clerk for interment in forenoon	- 2 -	- 2 -	- 2 -

All fees are to be paid to the clerk to the Board previously to interment,

By order,

30 January 1855. *W. Liller*, Clerk.

ROMSEY.

THE Romsey Burial Board have not yet considered the subject of fees, not having yet been able to secure an approved site for a cemetery.

2 April 1856. *C. L. Lordan*, Clerk.

ROTHERHAM.

Fees charged by the Burial Board.		Appropriation of Fees to Incumbent, Clerk, Sexton, &c.			
		Incumbent.	Clerk.	Sexton.	Burial Board.
First Class Ground:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
A single family vault or grave, morning interment	5 16 –	– 12 6	– 3 6	– 10 –	4 10 –
Ditto - - ditto - - afternoon interment	5 3 –	– 2 –	– 1 –		
Subsequent morning interment in ditto	1 13 –	– 12 6	– 3 6	– 7 –	– 10 –
Ditto - afternoon - ditto -	1 – –	– 2 –	– 1 –		
Second Class Ground:					
A single family vault or grave, morning interment	4 6 –	– 12 6	– 3 6	– 10 –	3 – –
Ditto - - ditto - - afternoon ditto -	3 13 –	– 2 –	– 1 –		
Subsequent morning interment in ditto	1 10 6	– 12 6	– 3 6	– 7 –	– 7 6
Ditto afternoon - ditto - ditto	– 17 6	– 2 –	– 1 –		
Third Class Ground:					
A family grave or vault, afternoon interment	2 – 6	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 7 6	1 10 –
Subsequent interment in ditto	– 14 –			– 6 –	– 5 –
Fourth Class Ground:					
A family grave, afternoon interment	1 5 6	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 7 6	– 15 –
Subsequent interment in ditto	– 14 –	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 6 –	– 5 –
Interment of an adult in common grave	– 11 –	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 3 –	– 5 –
Ditto, under 6 years of age in ditto	– 9 6	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 3 –	– 3 6
Interment of a pauper in common grave	– 7 6	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 3 –	– 1 6
Ditto, extra-parochial ditto	– 11 –	– 2 –	– 1 –	– 3 –	– 5 –
Interment of a still-born child in ditto	– 2 –	- -	- -	- -	– 1 –

N. B.—The above charges for vaults and graves do not include either the materials or the expenses attending the making of such vaults and graves.

The above scale of charges are for the consecrated ground, and the charges in the unconsecrated ground are the same in every particular, with the exception of the clerk's fees, which are carried to the account of the Board.

RUTHIN.

The Burial Board is at an end, the parish having provided themselves with a suitable burial-ground so as not to come under the provisions of the Burial Acts of Parliament.

31 March 1856. *J. Jones.*

SAFFRON WALDEN.

This Board have not at present prepared any scale of fees.

31 March 1856. *Simeon J. King.*

ST. COLUMB.

No Table of Fees has yet been settled by this Board.

3 April 1856. *J. Whitefield*, Clerk.

ST. IVES.

(Ground not Consecrated.)

	£.	s.	d.
Ground for brick graves, 9 feet by 6 feet	4	10	–
Charge for every re-opening of ditto	–	7	6
Grave-digger	–	5	–
Ground for graves not brick, 7 feet by 6 feet	2	12	6
Charge for every re-opening	–	5	–
Grave-digger	–	2	6
Graves, 7 feet by 3 feet, for single interments	–	10	–
Grave-digger	–	2	6
Graves for children under 10 years of age	–	5	–
Grave-digger	–	2	6
Fee for putting down grave or tomb-stone	–	7	6
Use of the bier, if required	–	1	–
Single graves, 6½ feet by 2½ feet	–	4	–
Grave-digger	–	2	–
Graves for children under 10 years of age	–	2	6
Grave-digger	–	2	–
Still-born infants in ground as allotted		—	
Grave-digger	–	1	–
Registrar's fee for copy of registry	–	1	–
Registrar's fee for transfer of vaults and graves	–	2	6

The privilege of purchasing graves to be equally open to persons of every religious denomination, and all to have equally the privilege of using funeral rites and ceremonies, and of having the assistance of such ministers or teachers as they may please, or of dispensing with the attendance of any such.

ST. LEONARD, SHOREDITCH.

THE Burial Board have not yet determined upon a scale of fees for the parish, an agreement being about to be entered into with the City of London and Tower Hamlets Cemetery Company at Bow for the interment of the dead.

7 April 1856. *W. G. Davis*, Clerk.

ST. MARGARET AND ST. JOHN, WESTMINSTER.

THIS Board have not purchased any land for the purpose of forming a burial-ground for these parishes, but under the 26th section of the 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, they have entered into a contract with the London Necropolis Company at Woking for the interment in an allotted part of their cemetery, of the bodies of persons who would have had rights of interment in the burial-ground of these parishes.

The fees in respect of interments in such allotted ground, are wholly payable to the Necropolis Company, and no fees whatever are receivable by the Burial Board. The Necropolis Company Act (sect. 19) provides for the fees payable to the incumbents of these parishes in respect of the interments above referred to, and the Burial Board do not in any way interfere therewith.

Manchester Buildings, Westminster,
31 March 1856. *Charles Rogers*, Clerk.

ST. MARY, ISLINGTON.

Table of Fees.

Consecrated Ground.

	Parishioners.	Non-Parishioners.
First Ground:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Purchase of ground for a brick grave, 6 ft. 6 in. by 9 ft., and 9 ft. deep in the clear of brickwork, will contain 12 coffins, with the right of erecting a tomb, flat, or head and foot stone	12 12 –	15 15 –
Ditto, 6 ft. 6 in. by 6 ft. 6 in., and 9 ft. deep ditto, will contain 8 coffins	8 8 –	11 11 –
Ditto, 6 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft., and 9 ft. deep ditto, will contain 4 coffins	(1) 4 4 –	(1) 5 15 6
Interment fee for adults	(1) 1 11 6	(1) 3 3 –
Ditto for children under 12 years of age	1 1 3	2 2 –
Second Ground:		
Ground for a grave, 6 ft. 6 in. by 2 ft. 6 in., and 7 ft. deep, with the right of erecting tomb, flat, or head and foot stone, will contain 2 coffins	(2) 2 2 –	(2) 3 3 –
Interment fee for adults	(2) 1 2 6	(2) 1 17 6
Ditto for children	– 15 –	1 5 –
Third Ground:		
Ground for a grave, 6 ft. 6 in. by 2 ft. 6 in., and 7 ft. deep, with the right of placing a flat, or head and foot stone, will contain 2 coffins	(3) 2 2 –	(3) 3 3 –
Interment fee for adults	(3) – 12 –	(3) 1 2 6
Ditto for children	– 8 –	– 15 –

Consecrated Ground.	Fees.	Extra Fees.	To Vicar.	To Clerk.	To Board.	Total.
(1) First Ground:	£. s. d.	Extra fees to the Burial Board.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Parishioners, with purchase	5 15 6		2 4 6	– 1 –	3 10 6	5 15 6
Ditto – common interments	1 11 6		– 6 –	– 1 –	1 4 6	1 11 6
Non-parishioners, with purchase	8 18 6		2 7 6	– 2 –	6 9 –	8 18 6
Ditto – common interments	3 3 –		– 9 –	– 2 –	2 12 –	3 3 –
(2) Second Ground:						
Parishioners, with purchase	3 4 6		1 5 –	– 1 –	1 17 10	3 4 6
Ditto – common interments	1 2 6		– 4 8	– 1 –	– 16 10	1 2 6
Non-parishioners, with purchase	5 – 6		1 8 –	– 2 –	3 10 6	5 – 6
Ditto – common interments	1 17 6		– 7 –	– 2 –	1 8 6	1 17 6
(3) Third Ground:						
Parishioners, with purchase	2 14 –		1 5 2	– 1 –	1 7 10	2 14 –
Ditto – common interments	– 12 –		– 4 2	– 1 –	– 6 10	– 12 –
Non-parishioners, with purchase	4 5 6		1 7 3	– 2 –	2 16 3	4 5 6
Ditto – common interments	1 2 6		– 6 3	– 2 –	– 14 3	1 2 6

For children the interment fees are one-third less.

Unconsecrated Ground.

	Parishioners.	Non-Parishioners.
First Ground:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Purchase of ground for a brick grave, 6 ft. 6 in. by 9 ft., and 9 ft. deep in the clear of brickwork, will contain 12 coffins, with the right of erecting a tomb, flat, or head and foot stone	12 12 –	12 12 –
Ditto, 6 ft. 6 in. by 6 ft. 6 in., and 9 ft. deep ditto, will contain 8 coffins	8 8 –	8 8 –
Ditto, 6 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft., and 9 ft. deep ditto, will contain 4 coffins	4 4 –	4 4 –
Interment fee for adults	1 11 6	2 2 –
Ditto for children	1 1 3	1 8 –
Second Ground:		
Ground for a grave, 6 ft. 6 in. by 2 ft. 6 in., and 7 ft. deep, with the right of erecting a tomb, flat, or head and foot stone, will contain 2 coffins	2 2 –	2 2 –
Interment fee for adults	1 2 6	1 5 –
Ditto for children	– 15 –	– 16 8
Third Ground:		
Ground for a grave 6 ft. 6 in. by 2 ft. 6 in., and 7 ft. deep, with the right of placing flat, or head and foot stone, will contain 2 coffins	2 2 –	2 2 –
Interment fee for adults	– 12 –	– 15 –
Ditto for children	– 8 –	– 10 –

For

St. Mary, Islington—*continued.*

	£.	s.	d.	
For extra depth and re-opening private graves, from 7 to 10 feet -	–	1	6	per foot.
Ditto - - - - - ditto - - - - - - - 10 to 14 feet -	–	2	–	„
Ditto - - - - - ditto - - - - - - - 14 to 17 feet -	–	3	6	„
Ditto - - - - - ditto - - - - - - - 17 to 20 feet -	–	5	–	„

Extra Fees and Charges.

	£.	s.	d.
Early or late interments - - - - - - - - - - -	–	7	6
Opening and closing brick graves - - - - - - - - - -	1	1	–
Moving and replacing gravestones - - - - - - - - -	–	5	–
Interring still-born child - - - - - - - - - - -	–	3	–
For extra ground for private graves, per square foot - - - - -	–	8	–
Extra ground for brick graves or monuments, per square foot - - - -	–	10	–
Turfing graves, per annum - - - - - - - - - -	–	2	6
Entry of grant of private graves, and conveyance of ground - - - -	–	2	6
Certificates of burial (each) - - - - - - - - - -	–	2	6
Examining register, not exceeding one year - - - - - - - -	–	1	–
Each additional year - - - - - - - - - - -	–	–	6

Regulations.

1. All fees and charges to be paid at the office of the clerk, and the names, abode, and age of the deceased, with the name and address of the undertaker, and the day and hour of proposed burial, to be stated when the order is given, and the registrar of deaths' certificate produced.

2. Notice of interment to be given before four o'clock, p. m., one clear day before the proposed interment; and for interments on a Monday, notice must be given on the preceding Friday; and if in a brick grave to be constructed, four clear days' previous notice to be given at the office.

3. The payment of the interment fees will provide for the full desk service in the Episcopal Chapel. In the unconsecrated ground is a chapel in which a minister of any religious denomination, chosen by the friends of the deceased, may solemnize burial service. In the event of the friends of the deceased not providing their own minister, a minister appointed by the Board, in connexion with the Finchley Chapel, will officiate.

4. All interments to take place between one and four o'clock, otherwise an additional fee to be paid, except on Sundays, when interments are to take place between eight and ten o'clock in the morning.

5. No interments in any vault or brick grave except in coffins of lead.

6. None other than wooden coffins to be used in common graves not purchased.

7. Gravestones and monuments to be erected only over graves in which the exclusive right of burial is purchased.

8. A drawing of every intended monument, and a copy of proposed inscription, must be submitted for the approval of the Burial Board, and filed at their office.

9. Monuments or gravestones to be erected within one year after interment in any grave, otherwise the same not to be considered private, and exclusive right to be forfeited, unless licence for further time be obtained from the Board.

10. All monuments, gravestones, vaults and places of burial, to be kept in repair by the owners, or the grant of the grave to become forfeited, if neglected for a period of five years.

11. Certificates of burial to be obtained by application to the registrar at the cemetery.

12. No head-stones of soft York, Caen or Bath stone, admitted in the ground.

13. The registrar's certificate of the death of the person to be buried, or the coroner's warrant where an inquest has been held, must be given to the registrar at the cemetery.

The cemetery is open to the public, except on Sundays, from ten until five o'clock. Christmas-day and Good Friday there will be no interments.

N. B.—No dogs admitted to the ground.

By order of the Burial Board,

1 January 1856. *James Taylor*, Clerk.

ST. MARY ABBOTTS, KENSINGTON.

Scale of Fees for Burials, Stones, &c.

Interment Fees for Burials in the Open Ground.

No. 1.
For the Burial of a Parishioner.

	North Ground.	South Ground.
Adults:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The vicar	– 7 –	– 10 –
The parish	– 7 –	– 10 6
The clerk	– 1 –	– 1 –
The sexton	– 1 –	– 1 –
£.	– 16 –	1 2 6
Children under 10 years of age:		
The vicar	– 6 –	– 7 –
The parish	– 4 –	– 6 –
The clerk	– 1 –	– 1 –
The sexton	– 1 –	– 1 –
£.	– 12 –	– 15 –

No. 2.
For the Burial of a Non-Parishioner.

	North Ground.	South Ground.
Adults:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
The vicar	– 15 –	– 18 –
The parish	– 15 –	– 18 –
The clerk	– 1 –	– 1 –
The sexton	– 1 –	– 1 –
£.	1 12 –	1 18 –
Children under 10 years of age:		
The vicar	– 9 –	– 11 –
The parish	– 9 –	– 11 –
The clerk	– 1 –	– 1 –
The sexton	– 1 –	– 1 –
£.	1 – –	1 4 –

No. 3.
For making a Brick Grave.

	£. s. d.
The vicar	6 – –
The parish	4 – –
The clerk	– 4 –
The sexton	– 4 –
£.	10 8 –
Interment Fees:	
The vicar	1 11 6
The parish	– 10 6
Digging the grave	1 1 –
£.	3 3 –
Re-opening brick grave for future Interments:	
The vicar	2 2 –
The parish	1 1 –
£.	3 3 –

No. 4.
For making a Double Brick Grave.

	£. s. d.
The vicar	12 12 –
The parish	8 8 –
The clerk	– 4 –
The sexton	– 4 –
£.	21 8 –

Interment fees and re-opening for future interments, the same scale as No. 3.

For a Flat Stone.	£. s. d.
The vicar	3 – –
The parish	1 2 –
The clerk	– 2 6
The sexton	– 2 6
£.	4 7 –

Extra fee for extra depth of grave below 6 feet, at 2*s.* per foot.

No. 5.

Pauper dying in the Parish.	£. s. d.
The vicar	– 3 –
The clerk	– 1 –
The sexton	– 1 –
£.	– 5 –

For a Head and Foot Stone.	£. s. d.
The vicar	2 – –
The parish	1 – –
The clerk	– 2 6
The sexton	– 2 6
£.	3 7 –

Catacombs: for a Single Interment.	£. s. d.
The vicar	9 – –
The parish	4 12 –
The clerk	– 4 –
The sexton	– 4 –
£.	14 – –

Fee for tablets to be by special agreement with the Burial Board.

This Table of Fees was settled and fixed by the ratepayers in vestry assembled, this 23d day of January 1855.

John Sinclair, Chairman.

Approved,
John Sinclair, Vicar.

6 March 1855.

Approved,
C. J. London.

ST. MARYLEBONE.

Table of Fees.

The Fees are the same in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground.

APPORTIONMENT OF FEES for Ground. Rector.	Ground. General Purposes.	Brickwork. General Purposes.	——	Ground.	Brickwork in Mortar, including Flat Stone.	INTERMENT FEES. Parishioners. Adult.	Parishioners. Child under 10 Years.	Non-Parishioners. Adult.	Non-Parishioners. Child under 10 Years.
£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.		£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
* 2 15 -	15 5 -	22 - -	Brick grave for 12 coffins, 9 feet by 6½ feet (two tiers of six each).	18 - -	22 - -	3 3 -	2 2 -	4 4 -	3 3 -
* 2 15 -	15 5 -	17 - -	Step entrance to ditto, 9 feet by 6½ feet (if required).	18 - -	17 - -	—	—	—	—
* 2 12 6	9 19 6	18 - -	Brick grave for six coffins, 9 feet by 4 feet.	12 12 -	18 - -	3 3 -	2 2 -	4 4 -	3 3 -
* 2 12 6	9 19 6	12 - -	Step entrance to ditto, 9 feet by 4 feet (if required).	12 12 -	12 - -	—	—	—	—
* - 15 -	2 8 -	- -	Private grave, with privilege of placing monument or grave-stones, 7 feet deep, 6 feet 6 inches by 2 feet 6 inches.	3 3 -	- -	2 2 -	1 5 -	3 3 -	1 15 -
* - 15 -	3 9 -	- -	Ditto - - - - in select places	4 4 -	- -	2 12 6	1 15 6	3 13 6	2 5 -
In the Unconsecrated Ground the fees in the first column marked (*) are applicable to general purposes.			Interment in a separate grave (not in perpetuity).	- -	- -	1 10 -	1 - -	2 2 -	1 10 -
			Ditto, with register stone for name	- -	- -	2 10 -	2 - -	3 3 -	2 10 -
			Common interment in a grave -	- -	- -	- 12 -	- 10 -	1 5 -	- 18 -

APPORTIONMENT OF INTERMENT FEES. This is the same in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground, except that in the latter those marked (* Rector) are paid to the Dissenting Minister.	PARISHIONERS.						NON-PARISHIONERS.					
	* Rector.		Sexton.		General Purposes.		* Rector.		Sexton.		General Purposes.	
	Adult.	Child.	Adult.	Child.	Adult.	Child.	Adult.	Child.	Adult.	Child.	Adult.	Child.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
	- 6 -	- 6 -	- 3 6	- 3 6	2 13 6	1 12 6	- 12 -	- 12 -	- 3 6	- 3 6	3 8 6	2 7 6
	--	--	--	--	--	—	--	—	—	--	—	—
	- 6 -	- 6 -	- 3 6	- 3 6	2 13 6	1 12 6	- 12 -	- 12 -	- 3 6	- 3 6	3 8 6	2 7 6
	--	--	--	--	--	—	--	—	--	--	—	—
	- 6 -	- 6 -	- 3 6	- 3 6	1 12 6	- 15 6	- 12 -	- 12 -	- 3 6	- 3 6	2 7 6	- 19 6
	- 6 -	- 6 -	- 3 6	- 3 6	2 3 -	1 6 -	- 12 -	- 12 -	- 3 6	- 3 6	2 18 -	1 9 6
	- 4 4	- 4 4	- 3 6	- 3 6	1 2 2	- 12 2	- 8 8	- 8 8	- 3 6	- 3 6	1 9 10	- 17 10
	- 4 4	- 4 4	- 3 6	- 3 6	2 2 2	1 12 2	- 8 8	- 8 8	- 3 6	- 3 6	2 10 10	1 17 10
	- 4 4	- 4 4	- 3 6	- 3 6	- 4 2	- 2 2	- 5 4	- 4 4	- 3 6	- 3 6	- 16 2	- 10 2

For Extra Depth and Re-opening Private Graves.

(Applied to General Purposes.)

	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
Beyond 7 feet to 8 feet	- 2 -	Beyond 7 feet to 15 feet	- 18 6
„ 9 „	- 4 -	„ 16 „	1 1 6
„ 10 „	- 6 -	„ 17 „	1 4 6
„ 11 „	- 8 6	„ 18 „	1 7 6
„ 12 „	- 11 -	„ 19 „	1 10 6
„ 13 „	- 13 6	„ 20 „	1 13 6
„ 14 „	- 16 -		

EXTRA FEES.	£. s. d.											
On interments at any other hour than between two and four o'clock, the time appointed by regulations.	- 7 6	- 5 -	- 5 -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- 7 6	- 7 6
Opening and closing brick grave - - - -	1 1 -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1 1 -	1 1 -	- -	- -	- -	1 1 -	1 1 -
Iron bearers or landing to ditto on re-opening -	1 1 -	- -	- -	- -	- -	1 1 -	1 1 -	- -	- -	- -	1 1 -	1 1 -
Moving and replacing gravestones - - -	- 5 -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 5 -	- 5 -	- -	- -	- -	- 5 -	- 5 -
For interring still-born child - - - -	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
For extra ground beyond the size of private grave, per square foot - - - - - -	- 8 -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 8 -	- 8 -	- -	- -	- -	- 8 -	- 8 -
Ditto of brick grave or ground reserved for monuments, per square foot - - - - -	- 10 6	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 10 6	- 10 6	- -	- -	- -	- 10 6	- 10 6
Turfing graves, per annum - - - - -	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
Entry of grant of private graves - - - -	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
Certificates of burial - - - - - - -	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6	- -	- -	- -	- 2 6	- 2 6
Examining the register one year - - - - (Each additional year 6d. extra).	- 1 -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -	- 1 -	- -	- -	- -	- 1 -	- 1 -

ST. MICHAEL, LEWES.

Fees taken by Minister, Clerk and Sexton.

	Minister's Fees.	Clerk and Sexton's Fees.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Making a vault in chancel; minister's property—what he pleases	- - -	- 10 6
Making a vault in churchyard	2 2 -	- 5 -
Ditto in church	4 4 -	- 5 -
Making a steine grave in church	2 2 -	- 5 -
Ditto in churchyard	1 1 -	- 2 6
Burial in chancel—what minister pleases generally given	5 5 -	1 1 -
Burial in church, vault or grave	1 1 -	- 10 6
Ditto in churchyard	- 10 6	- 6 -
Ditto in common grave	- 1 -	- 3 6
To erect a monument in chancel; minister's property—what he pleases, generally	5 5 -	- 5 -
To erect a monument in church	2 2 -	- 5 -
To erect a tomb in churchyard	1 1 -	- 2 6
To erect a headstone in ditto	- 6 8	- 1 6
To erect a double headstone in ditto	- 16 4	- 2 6
To erect a footstone in ditto	- 3 4	- 1 -
To erect a wood rail in ditto	- 13 4	- 2 6

Corpse brought into the parish, double fees, and 6 *s.* 8 *d.* for minister.

ST. NICHOLAS, ROCHESTER.

No Fees determined upon yet; the ground will not be ready for use till June 1856.

31 March 1856. *Richard Prall*, Clerk.

ST. PANCRAS.

Table of Fees determined on by the Burial Board.

Consecrated Ground.

		TO VICAR.	TO CHURCH TRUSTEES.	TO PARISH CLERK.	TO BURIAL BOARD.
Interments of Parishioners:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
First-class, adults	2 2 –	– 6 –	– 12 –	– 2 –	1 2 –
Second-class, ditto	1 5 –	– 4 8	– 5 –	– 1 6	– 13 10
Third-class, ditto	– 15 –	– 4 2	– 2 6	– 1 6	– 6 10
First-class, children	1 8 –	– 4 –	– 8 –	– 1 4	– 14 8
Second-class, ditto	– 16 8	– 3 1½	– 3 4	– 1 –	– 9 2½
Third-class, ditto	– 10 –	– 2 9½	– 1 8	– 1 –	– 4 6½
Interments of Non-Parishioners:					
First-class, adults	3 3 –	– 9 –	– 18 –	– 3 –	1 13 –
Second-class, ditto	1 17 6	– 7 –	– 7 6	– 2 3	1 – 9
Third-class, ditto	1 2 6	– 6 3	– 3 9	– 2 3	– 10 3
First-class, children	2 2 –	– 6 –	– 12 –	– 2 –	1 2 –
Second-class, ditto	1 5 –	– 4 8	– 5 –	– 1 6	– 13 10
Third-class, ditto	– 15 –	– 4 2	– 2 6	– 1 6	– 6 10
The above charges in all cases provide for the tolling of the bell.					
Charges for Ground for Private Graves or Vaults for Parishioners or Non-Parishioners, in addition to the Interment Fees:					
For a single private grave 6 ft. 6 in. by 2 ft. 6 in. in the clear of brickwork, and 7 feet deep, with the right of placing a flat or head stone	3 3 –	1 1 –	1 1 –	– – –	1 1 –
For a double private grave 6 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft. in the clear, and 9 feet deep	5 15 6	1 16 6	1 16 6	– – –	2 2 6
For a private grave 6 ft. 6 in. by 6 ft. 6 in. and 9 feet deep	11 11 –	3 13 –	3 13 –	– – –	4 5 –
For a private grave 6 ft. 6 in. by 9 ft., and 9 feet deep	15 15 –	5 5 –	5 5 –	– – –	5 5 –

An extra charge is made for a step entrance to any private grave, or for additional depth, viz., 1 *s.* 6 *d.* per foot, from 7 to 10 feet; 2 *s.* 6 *d.*, from 10 to 14 feet; 3 *s.* 6 *d.*, from 14 to 17 feet; 5 *s.* from 17 to 20 feet. Excavating 3 *s.* per cubic yard; the whole of which fees are received by the Burial Board.

Unconsecrated Ground.

	£. s. d.
Interments of Parishioners:	
First-class, adults	1 11 6
Second-class, ditto	1 – –
Third-class, ditto	– 12 –
Interments of Non-Parishioners:	
First-class, adults	2 2 –
Second-class, ditto	1 5 –
Third-class, ditto	– 15 –
A deduction of one-third made for children under 12 years of age.	
For a single private grave 6 ft. 6 in. by 2 ft. 6 in. in the clear of brickwork, with the right of placing a flat or head stone	2 2 –
For a double private grave 6 ft. 6 in. by 4 ft. in the clear, and 9 feet deep	4 4 –
For a private grave 6 ft. 6 in. by 6 ft. 6 in., and 9 feet deep	8 8 –
For a private grave 6 ft. 6 in. by 9 ft., and 9 feet deep	12 12 –
The same charge made for step entrance and additional depth of grave as that in the consecrated ground.	

All fees in this ground are received by the Burial Board, except a gratuity of 10 *l.* presented to dissenting minister, for officiating at the funerals of 46 adults and 44 children, from the 1st December 1855 to 11th February 1856, and five per cent. commission paid to undertakers.

ST. PAUL'S, DEPTFORD.

THE Burial Board of this parish has hitherto been unable to procure a burial ground, and therefore no Table of Fees has as yet been determined on.

Thomas Marchant, Clerk.

31 March 1856.

SALISBURY.

THE Burial Board of St. Thomas, St. Edmund, and St. Martin, Salisbury, have not yet determined on a Table of Fees, under the Acts of 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134, and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 87, Her Majesty in Council having extended the period for closing the existing burial grounds of the city until the 1st day of July next.

2 April 1856. *G. Smith*, Clerk.

SCARBOROUGH.

THE Burial Board for the Parish of Scarborough has only lately been elected, and they have not yet determined on any Table of Fees.

John Cook,
J. S. P. Moody, } Joint Clerks.

29 March 1856.

SHEPTON MALLET.

As the cemetery here is at present unfinished, no Scale of Fees has as yet been determined on.

John Burrows, Clerk.

31 March 1856.

SHERBORNE.

As yet no Table of Fees has been determined on by the Sherborne Burial Board.

9 April 1856. *John Y. Melmotly*, Clerk.

SHREWSBURY.

No Table of Fees has yet been determined upon by this Burial Board.

22 May 1856. *J. Rule*, Clerk.

SOHAM.

No Tables of Fees for burials in the new burial ground have yet been prepared by the Burial Board for this parish.

3 April 1856. *Thomas Hustwick*, Clerk.

SOUTHWARK.

St. George-the-Martyr.

A Burial Board has not been appointed in this parish.

1 April 1856. *John Day*, Assistant Overseer.

St. Saviour.

The Burial Board of this parish have entered into an arrangement with the London Necropolis Company, whereby they have had made over to the parish two plots of ground (in extent about six acres), the one consecrated, the other not, in the Woking Cemetery, situated at Woking in Surrey. The fees charged for burial are the same as are charged by the Necropolis Company, under their Act of Parliament.

11 April 1856. *Frederick Drewett.*

STAFFORD.

Table of Fees and Charges.

1. Common Graves.

Single Interments (without choice of Site, and Funerals to take place at the prescribed hour in the afternoon) in the several Divisions coloured on the Plan, as under :—

	First Division. Blue.		Second Division. Yellow.		Third Division. Pink.		Fourth Division. Brown.	
	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.
	s. d.	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*	*s. d.*
Board - -	10 –	7 6	7 6	5 –	5 6	3 6	5 6	3 6
Minister - -	7 6	5 –	5 –	3 6	3 –	2 6	1 –	1 –
Registering -	– 6	– 6	– 6	– 6	– 6	– 6	– 6	– 6
Total - -	18 –	13 –	13 –	9 –	9 –	6 6	7 –	5 –

2. Private Graves.

Reserved Grave Space Site, 9 feet by 4 feet, for Common Graves.

	1st Division.	2d Division.	3d Division.
	£. *s. d.*	£. *s. d.*	£. *s. d.*
Board - - - - - - - -	1 5 –	– 15 –	– 12 –
Minister - - - - - - - -	– 15 –	– 12 6	– 10 –
Registering - - - - - - - -	– – 6	– – 6	– – 6
	2 – 6	1 8 –	1 2 6
Subsequent interments, each, inclusive of ministers' and registering fees - - -	1 5 6	1 – 6	– 18 –

STAFFORD—*continued.*

3. PRIVATE BRICK GRAVES OR VAULTS.

RESERVED GRAVE SPACE SITE, 9 feet by 4 feet, for BRICK GRAVE or VAULT, for not exceeding Three Bodies.

	1st Division.	2d Division.	3d Division.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Board	4 – –	3 – –	2 – –
Minister	1 – –	1 – –	1 – –
Registering	– – 6	– – 6	– – 6
	5 – 6	4 – 6	3 – 6
Subsequent interments, each, inclusive of ministers' and registering fees	2 – 6	1 15 6	1 15 6

RESERVED GRAVE SPACE SITE for FAMILY VAULTS.

	Board.	Minister.	Registering.
	£. s. d.	£. s. .	£. s. d.
For not exceeding 4 bodies — 1st division	6 – –		
For not exceeding 4 bodies — 2d division	5 – –		
For not exceeding 6 bodies — 1st division	8 – –	1 – –	– – 6
For not exceeding 6 bodies — 2d division	6 – –		
For not exceeding 9 bodies — 1st division	12 – –		
For not exceeding 9 bodies — 2d division	9 – –		
Subsequent interments, each — 1st division	1 – –	1 – –	– – 6
Subsequent interments, each — 2d division	– 15 –		

The Ministers' Fees will be paid to the Minister performing the Service.

For the use of Hand Hearse, 2 *s.*

For Morning Funerals in Vaults and Burials in Graves in Perpetuity, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

The Tolling of the Bell at the Burial-ground for one hour is included in the above charges.

The usual fee will be payable to the clerk of St. Mary's, St. Chad's, and Christ Church, for the tolling of the bell at the church, if required by the parties.

Double fees in all cases on the burial of persons brought from other parishes or townships.

7 February 1856. By order of the Board.

STAINES.

TABLE of FEES and PAYMENTS payable to the Burial Board.

	CONSECRATED GROUND.				UNCONSECRATED.
	Board.	Incumbent.	Parish Clerk.	TOTAL.	Dissenting Minister from Total.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Vault to contain 6 bodies	6 6 –	2 2 –	– 7 –	8 15 –	2 2 –
Ditto - 8 bodies	8 8 –	2 2 –	– 7 –	10 17 –	2 2 –
Ditto - 10 bodies	10 10 –	2 2 –	– 7 –	12 19 –	2 2 –
Re-opening vault	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	2 7 –	1 1 –
Brick grave for 2 bodies	2 2 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	3 8 –	1 1 –
Re-opening same	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	2 7 –	1 1 –
COMMON OPEN GRAVES.					
1st Class:					
In perpetuity	2 2 –	– 5 –	– 2 6	2 9 6	– 5 –
Children under 12 years	1 1 –	– 5 –	– 2 6	1 8 6	– 5 –
2d Class:					
In perpetuity	1 1 –	– 5 –	– 2 6	1 8 6	– 5 –
Open grave not in perpetuity	– 12 6	– 4 –	– 1 6	– 18 –	– 4 –
Children under 12 years	– 4 –	– 2 –	– 1 6	– 7 6	– 2 –
3d Class:					
Common grave	– 7 –	– 2 6	– 1 6	– 11 –	– 2 6
Expense of parish or union	– 5 –	– 2 6	– 1 6	– 9 –	– 2 6
Still-born child	– 2 6	—	—	—	—
Poor person's ditto	– 1 –	—	—	—	—
Non-parishioners not being inhabitants, double fees.					
Monuments	2 2 –	1 1 –	- - -	3 3 –	1 1 –
Head and foot stones, or rail	– 10 6	– 5 –	- - -	– 15 6	– 5 –
Coffin-shaped tomb over grave	1 1 –	– 10 6	- - -	1 11 6	– 10 6
Enclosing grave with palisades, 8 feet by 4	1 1 –	– 10 6	- - -	1 11 6	– 10 6
Ditto - - - - ditto - 10 feet by 8	2 2 –	1 1 –	- - -	3 3 –	1 1 –
Erecting tomb over double vault	4 4 –	1 1 –	- - -	5 5 –	1 1 –
Ditto - ditto single vault or brick grave	2 2 –	1 1 –	- - -	3 3 –	1 1 –
Removing, cleaning, or painting a head-stone	– 5 –	—	—	—	—
Ditto - - ditto - over vault or brick grave	– 10 6	—	—	—	—
Every additional inscription on any head-stone, tomb, or monument	– 5 –	—	—	—	—
For digging a common grave	– 2 6	—	—	—	—
Ditto, deeper than 6 feet, extra per foot	– 2 –	—	—	—	—
Moulding up and turfing over vault	– 4 6	—	—	—	—
Ditto, ditto, brick grave	– 3 –	—	—	—	—
Ditto, ditto, common grave	– 1 6	—	—	—	—

I approve of this Table.

28 July 1855. *C. J. London.*

A true copy.

23 April 1856. *Tho. Richings*, Clerk.

REGISTRAR'S FEES:

	£. s. d.
For certificate of grant of vault or brick grave	– 2 6
For searching registry of burials	– 1 –
Ditto - - ditto every additional year	– – 6
For each certified copy of entry	– 2 6
For grant of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave space over and above all stamps	– 5 –

STOKE-NEXT-GUILDFORD.

After the Burial Board of this parish had been appointed, a new burial ground was obtained by an arrangement with the rector, as an addition to the old churchyard, and the same has been conveyed to the Church Commissioners, and in consequence of this the Burial Board have not proceeded further to act under the provisions of the Burial Acts.

Guildford, 9 April 1856. *Mark Smallpiece*, Vestry Clerk.

STONY STRATFORD.

The subject of fees has not yet been under the consideration of the Board, it having been hitherto occupied in arranging the first preliminaries only in providing the ground.

31 March 1856. *John Worley*, Clerk.

S T O W.

Table of Fees and Payments, allowed at a meeting of the Vestry of the Parish of *Stow*, in the County of *Gloucester* (duly convened and held the 15th day of August, A. D. 1856, for the special purpose of sanctioning the same), to be received by the Burial Board, without prejudice to the Fees and Payments to the Rector of Stow, as stated in the column set apart for that purpose.

	For the Burial Board.			For the Rector.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Interment of any person dying in the parish	–	2	6	—		
Interment of any parishioner, not dying in the parish	–	5	–	1	1	–
Interment of any non-parishioner, not dying in the parish	–	10	–	1	1	–
Interment in a brick grave, or vault, of any person dying in the parish	1	1	–	1	1	–
Interment in a brick grave, or vault, of any parishioner, not dying in the parish	2	2	–	2	2	–
Interment in a brick grave, or vault, of any non-parishioner not dying in the parish	3	3	–	2	2	–
Fee on opening, and interment in a vault, of any person dying in the parish	–	–	–	1	1	–
Fee on opening, and interment in a vault, of any person not dying in the parish	–	–	–	2	2	–
Erecting a headstone to the memory of any person dying in the parish	–	10	6	–	10	6
Erecting a headstone to the memory of any parishioner, not dying in the parish	1	1	–	1	1	–
Erecting a headstone to the memory of any non-parishioner not dying in the parish	2	2	–	1	1	–
Placing a flat stone over the grave, or vault, of any person dying in the parish	1	1	–	1	1	–

STOW—*continued.*

	For the Burial Board.			For the Rector.		
	£.	*s.*	*d.*	£.	*s.*	*d.*
Placing a flat stone over the grave, or vault, of any parishioner, not dying in the parish	2	2	–	2	2	–
Placing a flat stone over the grave, or vault, of any non-parishioner, not dying in the parish	3	3	–	2	2	–
Erecting a tomb over the grave, or vault, of any person dying in the parish	2	2	–	2	2	–
Erecting a tomb over the grave, or vault, of any parishioner, not dying in the parish	4	4	–	4	4	–
Erecting a tomb over the grave, or vault, of any non-parishioner, not dying in the parish	5	5	–	4	4	–
For every additional name, if of any person dying in the parish, on a headstone	–	5	3	–	5	3
For every additional name, if of any parishioner not dying in the parish, on a headstone	–	10	6	–	10	6
For every additional name, if of any non-parishioner not dying in the parish, on a headstone	1	1	–	–	10	6
For every additional name, if of any person dying in the parish, on a flat stone	–	10	6	–	10	6
For every additional name, if of any parishioner not dying in the parish, on a flat stone	1	1	–	1	1	–
For every additional name, if of any non-parishioner not dying in the parish, on a flat stone	1	11	6	1	1	–
For every additional name, if of any person dying in the parish, on a tomb	1	1	–	1	1	–
For every additional name, if of any parishioner not dying in the parish, on a tomb	2	2	–	2	2	–
For every additional name, if of any non-parishioner not dying in the parish, on a tomb	2	12	6	2	2	–
For certificate of registry of grant of vault or brick grave	–	2	6		—	
For searching register of burials for one year	–	1	–		—	
For searching register of burials in every additional year, provided the sum charged does not exceed 5 *s.*	–	–	6		—	
For each certified copy of entry in register of burials	–	2	6		—	

N. B.—The charge for digging a grave is left to the discretion of the Burial Board.

All inscriptions and plans of headstones, flat stones, and tombs, to be erected in the cemetery, to be submitted to the Burial Board for its approval.

SUDBURY.

THE Sudbury Burial Board has not yet determined on any Table of Fees.

2 April 1856. *Robert Ransom.*

SWANAGE.

TABLE of FEES and PAYMENTS to be received and made on Interments, Construction of Brick Graves and Vaults, Erection of Monuments, &c.

ON WHAT PAYABLE.	For the Board.	Sexton, Digging, Excavating, and Attendance.	Clerk.	Minister.	TOTAL in Consecrated Ground.	TOTAL in Unconsecrated Ground, as fixed by the Vestry.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
On the interment of any person at the expense of the parish	- -	- 1 -	- 1 -	- 2 6	- 4 6	- 4 6
Ground for a common grave	- 3 -	- 2 6	- 2 -	- 3 -	- 10 6	- 10 6
Ground, if under 10 years of age	- 1 6	- 1 6	- 2 -	- [illegible] -	- 8 -	- 8 -
Ground for a brick grave to contain three (8 feet by 4)	1 - -	- 6 -	- 2 6	- 10 6	1 19 -	1 19 -
Re-opening ditto	- 7 6	- 2 -	- 2 6	- 10 6	1 2 6	1 2 6
Ground for a family vault to contain six (10 feet by 8)	2 10 -	- 12 -	- 3 -	1 1 -	4 6 -	4 6 -
Re-opening ditto	- 15 -	- 2 -	- 3 -	1 1 -	2 1 -	2 1 -
Still-born child	- 2 6	—	—	—	—	—
Erecting headstone	- 7 6	—	—	—	—	—
Ditto, tombstone over a brick grave	- 15 -	—	—	—	—	—
Ditto - ditto - over a family vault	1 10 -	—	—	—	—	—
Railing round a tomb	1 10 -	—	—	—	—	—
Ditto, round a family vault	3 - -	—	—	—	—	—
For all inscriptions after the first	- 2 6	—	—	—	—	—

For non-parishioners all Board fees will be doubled.

I hereby notify that the approval and consent of the Secretary of State for the Home Department, as well as of the Bishop of the Diocese of Sarum, to the above Table of Fees and Payments (adopted by the Burial Board, as well as by the vestry for the parish of Swanage), has been duly given and signified to me, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134, and 18 & 19 Vict. c. 128; and that the same Table has been entered in the registry of the said Bishop of Sarum. Witness my hand this 23d day of November 1855.

Freeland Filliter, Clerk.

SWANSEA.

THE Burial Board for the borough of Swansea have not yet determined on the scale of fees for the said borough.

17 April 1856.

C. B. Mansfield, Clerk.

TAUNTON,

(St. Mary Magdalen, and Bishops Hull.)

Table of Fees and Payments fixed by the Burial Board for Interments, &c., in the Burial Ground provided by the said Board.

	On Interments of Persons dying within the said Parishes.	On Interments of Persons removed from any other Parish.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Common interment fees	– 5 –	– 12 6
Appropriated Grave Spaces, each:		
First-class	2 2 –	6 6 –
Second-class	1 1 –	3 3 –
Third-class	– 10 6	1 11 6
Extra to the above Charges:		
Brick grave for one coffin	2 2 –	2 2 –
Ditto for each additional coffin in depth	– 10 6	– 10 6
Each additional inscription upon any stone or monument	– 6 8	– 6 8
Flatstone	1 1 –	1 1 –
Headstone	– 7 8	– 7 8
Footstone	– 3 4	– 3 4
Vault	10 10 –	10 10 –

Monuments:	£. s. d.
Every erection not exceeding 15 inches in height	2 2 –
Exceeding 15 inches and not exceeding 2 feet	3 3 –
Exceeding 2 feet and not exceeding 3 feet	4 4 –
All above 3 feet	5 5 –

Railings to be paid for as monuments. If railing and flatstone, or monument, be put up together, the fee to be paid on the highest erection.

These fees and payments are exclusive of grave-digging.

Appropriation of the Burial Fees.

	PARISHIONERS.					NON-PARISHIONERS.				
	Incumbent or Minister.	Clerk.	Sexton.	Churchwardens.	Board.	Total.	Incumbent or Minister.	Clerk.	Sexton.	Churchwardens.	Board.	Total.
	£. s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Consecrated ground	– 2 6	1 6	1 –	–	–	– 5 –	– 9 2	1 6	1 –	–	– – 10	– 12 6
Unconsecrated	– 2 6	–	1 –	–	– 1 6	– 5 –	– 9 2	–	1 –	–	– 2 4	– 12 6
Grave Space:												
First-class	–	–	–	–	2 2 –	2 2 –	–	–	–	–	6 6 –	6 6 –
Second-class	–	–	–	–	1 1 –	1 1 –	–	–	–	–	3 3 –	3 3 –
Third-class	–	–	–	–	– 10 6	– 10 6	–	–	–	–	1 11 6	1 11 6
Brick Grave for 1 coffin:												
Magdalen	1 1 –	–	–	1 1 –	–	2 2 –	1 1 –	–	–	1 1 –	–	2 2 –
Unconsecrated and Bishops Hull	1 1 –	–	–	–	1 1 –	2 2 –	1 1 –	–	–	–	1 1 –	2 2 –
Brick grave, for each additional coffin in depth	–	–	–	–	– 10 6	– 10 6	–	–	–	–	– 10 6	– 10 6
Additional inscription on stone, &c.	– 6 8	–	–	–	–	– 6 8	– 6 8	–	–	–	–	– 6 8
Flatstone	– 6 8	–	1 –	–	– 13 4	1 1 –	– 6 8	–	1 –	–	– 13 4	1 1 –
Headstone	– 6 8	–	1 –	–	–	– 7 8	– 6 8	–	1 –	–	–	– 7 8
Footstone	– 3 4	–	–	–	–	– 3 4	– 3 4	–	–	–	–	– 3 4
Vault:												
Consecrated	5 5 –	–	–	5 5 –	–	10 10 –	5 5 –	–	–	5 5 –	–	10 10 –
Unconsecrated	5 5 –	–	–	–	5 5 –	10 10 –	5 5 –	–	–	–	5 5 –	10 10 –
Monument:												
Not exceeding 15 in.	2 2 –	–	–	–	–	2 2 –	2 2 –	–	–	–	–	2 2 –
Not exceeding 2 feet	3 3 –	–	–	–	–	3 3 –	3 3 –	–	–	–	–	3 3 –
Not exceeding 3 feet	4 4 –	–	–	–	–	4 4 –	4 4 –	–	–	–	–	4 4 –
Above 3 feet	5 5 –	–	–	–	–	5 5 –	5 5 –	–	–	–	–	5 5 –

TAUNTON—*continued.*

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

All fees and charges to be paid at the clerk's office before the ground is opened or the vault built.

Twenty-four hours' notice of every interment to be given at the lodge before 12 o'clock at noon. If the interment be to take place on a Monday, notice to be given not later than on the preceding Friday. Earlier interment will be permitted if certified by a medical man to be necessary, or ordered by the Board under special circumstances.

No vault or grave in which the exclusive right of burial has been purchased shall be opened without the owner's consent in writing.

In common graves, coffins of wood only to be used.

No interment shall take place in any vault unless the corpse be enclosed in an air-tight metallic coffin.

No more than one body shall be buried in any grave except purchased graves

Every grave must be at least six feet in depth, and purchasers contemplating the burial of more than one body in the same grave must go to the additional depth of three feet at least for each body after the first intended to be buried, and a layer of 18 inches at least of earth must be left between the coffins.

Vaults and brick graves to be opened from the top only unless by special permission.

Monuments or gravestones are required to be erected over all purchased vaults and graves within 12 months from the date of the first interment therein, or the exclusive right will be forfeited; unless an extension of time be obtained from the Burial Board.

Copper cramps only to be used in the erection of monuments.

A drawing of every monument and gravestone, and a copy of all proposed inscriptions to be submitted to the Board for approval before erection. The number of the grave or vault corresponding with the grave book must also be placed on each monument or gravestone.

All catacombs, vaults, and graves will be sold subject to the present or any future regulations issued or to be issued with regard to burial-grounds by Her Majesty's Secretary of State, or other competent authority.

All monuments, railings, gravestones, vaults, and purchased places of burial to be kept in repair by the owners or the same not to be considered as private.

The cemetery is open for public inspection from eight o'clock in the morning till sunset, and on Sundays from two o'clock p. m. until six o'clock.

It is requested that no fee may be given to any attendant or servant at the cemetery.

By order of the Burial Board,

June 1855. *Wm. P. Pinchard,* Clerk.

TEIGNMOUTH, EAST AND WEST.

REGULATIONS made by the Burial Board for the Parishes of *East Teignmouth* and *West Teignmouth,* with the TABLE of FEES and PAYMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

1. THE eastern portion of the ground and the chapel thereon will be consecrated for burials according to the rites of the united Church of England and Ireland: the western portion is unconsecrated, and any duly authorised or recognised minister may officiate at burials therein, provided the service or ceremony be decorously conducted.

2. Notice is to be given between the hours of ten and five o'clock, at the office of the clerk and register to the Burial Board, at least two days previous to any interment; if in a vault or bricked grave, then three days; in every case exclusive of Sunday; and no application can be received on that day.

3. The notice is to be in the form provided by the Board, and is to contain a statement of the christian and surnames, the calling or description and the age of the person to be buried, date of the death, the parish in which it occurred, the day and hour of the intended burial, whether in the consecrated or unconsecrated ground, the situation, description, and depth of grave or vault, whether purchased or not purchased, and the name of the minister intended to officiate.

4. The

TEIGNMOUTH, EAST AND WEST—*continued.*

4. The hours of interment in the consecrated or unconsecrated ground are from 8 o'clock a. m. to 5 o'clock p. m., from 25th March to 29th September; and from 9 o'clock a. m. to 4 o'clock p. m., from 29th September to 25th March.

5. All fees and charges, including those reserved for the incumbents of the parishes of East and West Teignmouth respectively, and the parish clerks of the said parishes respectively in the consecrated ground, and also the charges for digging, excavating and turfing graves, are to be paid at the office of the clerk and registrar to the Burial Board on giving the notice; and all other fees before the work is begun in respect of which they are payable; and the receipt for the fees and payments is, if required, to be produced at the lodge previous to the funeral entering the ground.

6. The Board do not interfere with or receive payment of fees on behalf of ministers officiating at burials in the unconsecrated portion of the ground.

7. The selection of the spot is, in all cases both of general interment and of purchase, to be subject to the approval of the Board, or of a committee appointed by them; but the wishes of applicants will be met as far as may be deemed practicable.

8. No more than one body shall be buried in any vault or grave, except in a vault or grave purchased for the exclusive use of a family.

9. Coffins of wood only will be allowed in graves, the exclusive right of burial in which is not purchased.

10. No brick or stone is to be used in or upon, nor any monument, tomb or horizontal stone erected or laid upon or over any grave, except those in which the exclusive right of burial is first purchased.

11. No interment shall take place in any vault or grave not filled up with earth unless the corpse be enclosed in an air-tight metallic coffin.

12. When more than one body is interred in any grave purchased for the use of a family, a layer of earth 18 inches in thickness at the least shall be left between each coffin and that next interred therein.

13. The consent in writing of the owner to any interment in a purchased grave or vault, must be left at the office of the clerk and registrar with the notice of burial.

14. No grave or vault less than six feet or more than ten feet in depth from the surface will be allowed; and none but bricked graves or vaults are to be re-opened.

15. Burials will not be allowed in the chapels, or within 10 feet from the walls thereof, or within two feet from the fences or from the lodge premises.

16. All graves and vaults in the consecrated portion of the ground are to be dug and excavated by the sextons of the parishes of East Teignmouth and West Teignmouth respectively, or under their superintendence; and in the unconsecrated part of the ground by sextons authorised by the Board.

17. Whenever a burial has taken place, except in a private vault, the surface of the grave shall be forthwith covered with fresh turf, or be planted with shrubs or other suitable vegetation, unless a monument is to be erected upon it; and in no case shall the bare earth be left exposed.

18. All materials, gravestones, and monuments must be conveyed into the burial ground by hand, or on carts or trucks with wheels of not less than four-inch tire. All walls of vaults to be nine inches thick, and every wall between two vaults to be a party wall: all damage done to any boundary wall or to the walks or ground by making brick graves or vaults is to be repaired by the person causing the same.

19. All gravestones, monuments, memorials and inscriptions are to be subject to the approval of the Burial Board; and a copy of every inscription, if containing anything more than the name, date of death, and age of the deceased, proposed to be placed in the ground, and a drawing showing the form and dimensions of every tomb or monument proposed to be erected, must be left at the office of the clerk at least 10 days for approval. All questions as to the fitness of any monumental inscription in the consecrated part of the ground are ultimately determinable by the bishop of the diocese.

20. A register of the burials, both in the consecrated and unconsecrated portions of the ground, will be kept at the office of the clerk and registrar to the Burial Board; where at all reasonable times, searches may be made, and certified extracts obtained.

Teignmouth, East and West—*continued.*

21. Every person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall or fence belonging to the burial-ground, or destroy or injure any tree or plant therein, or who shall daub or disfigure any wall thereof, or put up any bill therein, or on any wall thereof, or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or gravestone, or do any other wilful damage, play at any game or sport, or discharge fire-arms (save at a military funeral) in the burial-ground, or wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled therein, or commit any nuisance within the ground, is liable to forfeit to the Burial Board, for every such offence, a sum not exceeding 5*l.*

22. The burial-ground will be open to the public, free of any charge, from eight o'clock in the morning till sunset; but on Sunday, Good-Friday, and Christmas-day, and on days of public fast or thanksgiving, it will be closed during the hours of Divine service. All visitors in general will be expected to keep on the gravelled roads and walks, and invariably to refrain from touching the shrubs or flowers, and to observe perfect decorum in all respects.

Fees and Payments.

	For the Board.	For Incumbent, in Consecrated Ground.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
On the interment of any person at the expense of the parish or union	- - -	- 2 -
On the interment of any other person	- 2 6	- 2 6
On the interment of any person, if not within the prescribed hours (additional)	- 2 6	- 5 -
On the interment of a still-born child	- 2 6	—
Every bricked grave	1 1 -	2 2 -
Every single vault, not exceeding 10 feet in depth by 4 feet in width	2 10 -	4 4 -
Every double vault, not exceeding 10 feet in depth by 8 feet in width	5 - -	8 8 -
Re-opening a grave or vault	- 15 -	1 1 -
Erecting a headstone	- 10 6	1 1 -
Similar memorial in wood	- - -	- 5 -
Every additional inscription on any monument or memorial	- 5 -	—
Erecting or placing any tomb or stone over a grave, not exceeding 10 feet by 8 feet	2 2 -	3 3 -
Enclosing with palisades a space not exceeding 10 feet by 8 feet	2 2 -	3 3 -
Erecting mural monument in chapel, not exceeding 3 feet by 2 feet	3 3 -	5 5 -
For an extra size, subject to agreement.		
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave space 10 feet by 4 feet, over and above all other fees and payments	1 1 -	—
Entry in register of grant of purchased grave	- 2 6	—
Certificate of grant	- 1 -	—
Searching register of burials, one year	- 1 -	—
Every additional year	- - 6	—
Each certified copy of an entry	- 2 6	—

Digging

TEIGNMOUTH, EAST AND WEST—*continued.*

	For the Sexton.
	£. s. d.
Digging, filling in, and turfing a grave 6 feet deep, of a person over 10 years of age	– 7 6
Every additional foot	– 1 –
Digging, filling in, and turfing a grave of any person, at the expense of the parish or union	– 3 –
Digging, filling in, and turfing a grave of a child under 10 years of age	– 4 –
Every additional foot	– 1 –
Excavating for a brick grave, 6 feet deep	– 14 –
Every additional foot	– 1 –
For a vault	1 – –
For a double vault	2 – –
Tolling chapel bell	– 1 –

	For Parish Clerk, in Consecrated Ground.
	£. s. d.
Attendance at every burial at the expense of the parish or union	– 1 –
Attendance at every other burial	– 1 6
Attendance at every burial in a bricked grave	– 2 6
Attendance at every burial in a vault	– 5 –

The sexton's fee on the interment of a still-born child is 2*s.* 6*d.*

On the interment of non-parishioners, all fees for the Burial Board and the incumbent in consecrated ground are charged double.

W. R. Hall Jordan,
1 February 1856. Clerk and Registrar.

TEWKESBURY.

THE Burial Board have not yet adopted any Table of Fees, the new burial-ground having only recently been purchased.

Charles W. Moore, Clerk.
9 April 1856.

THETFORD.

TABLE of FEES determined on by the Burial Board for the Parishes of *St. Cuthbert, St. Mary,* and *St. Peter,* in the Borough of *Thetford,* in the Counties of *Norfolk* and *Suffolk,* for Burials in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground respectively.

In the Consecrated Portion of the Burial Ground which is set apart for Purchased Graves.

By Parishioners:	£. s. d.
For a common earth grave for one person	1 1 –
For a brick grave for one person	2 12 6
For right of constructing a place of burial for two persons	3 3 –
For the like for three persons	3 13 6
For the like for four or five persons, in two grave spaces of 9 feet by 4 feet	4 4 –

(*continued*)

THETFORD—*continued.*

By Parishioners—*continued.*	£.	s.	d.
For a memorial, consisting of a flat stone	2	12	6
For the like, consisting of a ridge tomb	3	3	–
For the like, consisting of any other description, occupying a grave space not exceeding 9 feet by 4 feet	4	4	–
For enclosing a grave with iron palisades	4	4	–
For the exclusive right to bury in perpetuity in a grave space of 9 feet by 4 feet (over and above all other fees and payments)	2	2	–
For re-opening any grave or vault	1	1	–
By Non-Parishioners:			
For the exclusive right to bury in perpetuity in a grave space of 9 feet by 4 feet (over and above all other fees and payments)	2	2	–

All other charges made to parishioners are charged double to non-parishioners.

In the Consecrated Portion of the Burial Ground which is set apart for Free Burials.

By Parishioners:	£.	s.	d.
For memorial, consisting of a flat stone in remembrance of one person	1	1	–
By Non-Parishioners:			
For memorial, consisting of a flat stone in remembrance of one person	2	2	–

N. B. The same fees are charged in the unconsecrated portions of the burial-ground as in the consecrated portions.

As to the Appropriation of the Fees.

The vestries have resolved (with the approval of the bishop of the diocese) that out of the fees or payments to be paid to the Board in respect of any rights acquired under the 33d section of the 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134, in the consecrated part of the burial-ground, there should be paid to the incumbents or ministers for the time being (in lieu of the fees or sums which they would have been entitled to on the grant of the like rights in their burial-grounds) the following fees or sums, viz., the fee or sum of 2*l.* on the grant by the Board of the right of constructing any vault or place of burial in their burial-ground, with the exclusive right of burial therein, for not exceeding five bodies, either in perpetuity or for a limited period; and the fee or sum of 2*l.* on the grant by the Board of the right of erecting and placing in their burial-ground any monument, grave-stone, tablet, or monumental inscription, in memory of not exceeding five bodies. The vestries arrived at the amount by striking an average of the fees received by the ministers during a given number of years. The Board make no provision for the ministers of other denominations.

The ministers of the Established Church, in addition to the amount payable to them by the Board in respect of their rights under the 33d section, receive the same fees for performing the burial service as heretofore in their burial-grounds. These fees are paid to them by the relatives or friends of the deceased, or the parish in the case of paupers.

The ministers of other denominations also receive the same fees for performing the burial service as heretofore in their burial-grounds, and payable as in the case of ministers of the Established Church.

The clerks and sextons receive the same fees for performing the burial service and digging the graves as heretofore in their burial-grounds.

TONBRIDGE.

The Burial Board for Tonbridge having been only appointed in November last, no Table of Fees has yet been determined on.

10 April 1856. *Sydney Alleyne*, Clerk.

TOPSHAM.

No Table of Fees has, as yet, been determined on by the Burial Board for this parish, but such Table is likely to be prepared in the course of a few weeks.

29 March 1856. *Henry Troake*, Clerk.

TORRINGTON, GREAT.

Table of Fees fixed by the Burial Board for Interments, &c. in the Burial-ground provided by the said Board.

		£.	s.	d.
Common interment fee		–	2	6
Appropriated grave space, per foot superficial		–	1	–
Extra to the above charges	Brick grave for one coffin	–	15	–
	Ditto – for each additional coffin	–	10	6
	Headstone, if exceeding 3½ feet by 2 feet above the surface, per foot superficial	–	1	–
	Tomb or flat stone	–	10	6
	Tablet in chapel, per foot superficial	–	10	–
	Vault not exceeding two grave spaces	3	3	–

On the interment of every non-inhabitant, one-half more than the above fees will be charged.

The above Table does not include the fees to the officiating minister, clerk, or sexton, which remain as heretofore.

Geo. Doe, Clerk.

TOTNES.

Fees are not yet fixed, nor will the Cemetery be opened until the latter part of July or beginning of August next.

20 May 1856. *Fras. B. Cuming*, Clerk.

TOTTENHAM.

Up to the present time, through unavoidable delay in obtaining possession of the land, the Board have been unable to bring the proposed new burial-ground into use, and therefore no fees have been received, nor have any been determined upon.

17 April 1856. *W. B. Hunnings*, Clerk.

TROWBRIDGE.

TABLE of FEES * payable to the Board in respect of Burial Rights and Interments in the New Burial-ground provided for the Parish, pursuant to "The Burials beyond the Metropolis Act," 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134.

	Board.	Officiating Minister's Fee for Interment.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
On the interment of any person at the expense of the parish or union	– 2 –	– 2 –
On the interment of any other person over ten years of age, in a common grave not in perpetuity	– 6 6	– 2 6
On the interment of a child under ten years of age, ditto	– 4 6	– 2 6
On the interment of a still-born child	– 2 6	—
Ground for a common grave in perpetuity, to contain not more than three persons	– 10 –	—
On the interment of each person in such grave	– 4 6	– 5 –
Ground for a brick grave, in perpetuity, not exceeding 9 feet by 4 feet, 10 feet deep	1 10 –	—
On the interment of each person in such grave	– 12 6	– 10 –
Ground for a double brick grave or vault, in perpetuity, 9 feet by 8 feet, 10 feet deep	3 – –	—
On the interment of each person in such grave or vault	1 2 6	1 – –
For erecting a head stone	– 10 –	—
For erecting a head stone and foot stone	– 15 –	—
For placing a flat stone over a grave or vault	3 – –	—
For erecting a tomb over a brick grave or vault	2 5 –	—
For enclosing with palisades a brick grave or vault	1 10 –	—
For erecting mural monument in chapel	10 – –	—
For every additional inscription on any stone, tomb, or monument	– 5 –	—
For certificate of registry of grant of vault or grave	– 2 6	—
For searching registry of burials, one year	– 1 –	—
For ditto, every additional year	– – 6	—
For each certified copy of entry	– 2 6	—
For digging or re-opening a common grave	– 4 –	—
For tolling bell of parish church, if ordered, for the first hour	– 2 –	—
For ditto, for every extra hour	– 1 –	—

* These fees apply to both the consecrated and unconsecrated ground.

For non-parishioners all fees to be doubled.

By order of the Board,

January 1856. *R. Rodway*, Clerk.

TYNEMOUTH.

THE Burial Board are at present preparing a Table of Fees, and so soon as it has been determined upon and sanctioned by the Secretary of State the Return will be made.

8 April 1856. *Thos. C. Lietch.*

UXBRIDGE.

REGULATIONS made by the Burial Board for the Township of *Uxbridge*, with the TABLE of FEES and PAYMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

1. THE southern half of the ground, and the chapel thereon, are consecrated for burials according to the rites of the United Church of England and Ireland. The northern half is unconsecrated, and any duly authorised or recognised minister may officiate at burials therein, provided the service or ceremony be decorously conducted.

2. Notice is to be given between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of Mr. H. S. Batt, the clerk to the Burial Board, at least two days previous to any interment (except in special cases, certified by a medical man); if in a vault or brick grave, then four days in every case exclusive of Sunday, and no application can be received on that day (except as aforesaid).

3. The notice is to be in the form provided by the Board, and is to contain a statement of the christian and surnames, the calling or description, and the age of the person to be buried, date of the death, the township, parish, or place in which it occurred, the day and hour of the intended burial, whether in the consecrated or unconsecrated ground; the situation, description, and the depth of vault or grave, whether purchased or not purchased, and the name of the minister intended to officiate.

4. No burial can take place before ten o'clock in the morning, or after sunset, without special permission.

5. All fees and payments, including those reserved by law for the incumbent, and clerk, and sexton, in the consecrated ground, and also including the charges for digging and excavating, are to be paid at the office of the clerk to the Burial Board, on giving the notice of interment, and all other fees, before the work is begun, in respect of which they are payable, and the receipt for the fees and payments is, if required, to be produced at the lodge previous to the funeral entering the ground.

5*a*. For each burial in the unconsecrated portion of the ground the fees and payments are to be made at the same time and place, and of the same amount in all cases, as in the consecrated ground, and such fees and payments will be received by the clerk to the Burial Board, for and on behalf of the parties entitled thereto.

6. The selection of the spot is, in all cases both of general interment and of purchase, to be subject to the approval of the Board, or of a committee appointed by them; but the wishes of applicants will be met as far as may be practicable.

7. No more than one body shall be buried in any vault or grave not purchased.

8. No monument, tomb, or horizontal stone or brickwork, is to be erected or laid out of the ground upon or over any grave or vault not purchased. No dwarf headstone is to exceed 2 ft. 6 in. in height out of the ground.

9. No interment shall take place in any vault not filled up with earth, unless every corpse interred therein be enclosed in an air-tight metallic coffin.

10. Where more than one body is interred in any purchased grave, a layer of earth 18 inches in thickness at the least shall be left between the coffins; and no interment shall take place in any such gave without a covering of earth four feet in thickness at the least, measuring from the upper surface of the coffin to the ordinary level of the ground.

11. The consent in writing of the owner to any interment in a purchased vault or grave must be left at the office of the clerk to the Board with the notice of interment.

12. No grave or vault less than 6 feet or more than 8 feet in depth from the surface, will be allowed, and none but purchased graves or vaults are to be re-opened.

13. Burials will not be allowed in the chapels, or within 10 feet from the walls thereof, or within 10 feet from the front fence, or from the lodge premises.

14. All graves and vaults, both in the consecrated and unconsecrated ground, are to be dug and excavated by the sexton appointed by the Burial Board, or under his superintendence.

15. Whenever a burial has taken place (except in a purchased grave or vault, on which a monument, tomb, or horizontal stone, or brickwork is to be erected), the surface of the grave shall be forthwith covered with fresh turf, and restored to its usual condition; or be planted, with the approbation of the Board, with shrubs or other suitable vegetation. In no case shall the bare earth be left exposed.

 16. All

UXBRIDGE—*continued.*

16. All materials, gravestones, and monuments, must be conveyed into the burial-ground by hand, or on carts or trucks with wheels of not less than 4-inch tire.

17. All gravestones, monuments, and inscriptions are to be subject to the approval of the Burial Board, and a copy of every inscription, if containing anything more than the name, date of death, and age of the deceased, proposed to be placed in the ground, and a drawing showing the form and dimensions of every monument, tomb, or stone proposed to be erected, must be left at the office of the clerk to the Board at least 10 days for approval. All questions as to the fitness of any monumental inscription in the consecrated part of the ground are ultimately determinable by the bishop of the diocese. No grave-rail or other wooden erection will be allowed in the ground.

18. Every person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall, or fence belonging to the burial-ground, or destroy or injure any tree or plant therein, or who shall daub or disfigure any wall thereof, or put up any bill therein, or on any wall thereof, or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or gravestone, or do any other wilful damage, play at any game or sport, or discharge fire-arms (except at a military funeral) in the burial-ground, or wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled therein for the purpose of burying any body therein, or commit any nuisance within the ground, is liable to forfeit to the Burial Board, for every such offence, a sum not exceeding *5 l.*

19. On and after the 29th day of October 1855 the burial-ground will be open to the public under certain regulations, daily, except during hours of Divine service on Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas-day, and on the days of public fast or thanksgiving. Children less than 10 years of age will not be admitted, except under the care of a responsible person; and all visitors will be expected in general to keep on the gravelled roads and walks, and invariably to refrain from touching the shrubs or flowers, and to observe perfect decorum in all respects.

TABLE OF FEES.

	IN CONSECRATED GROUND.				IN UNCONSECRATED GROUND.			
	The Board.	Incumbent.	Clerk and Sexton.	TOTAL.	The Board.	Minister.	Grave-digger.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
On the interment of any person at the expense of the parish or union	– 1 –	– 2 –	– 7 6	– 10 6	– 1 –	– 2 –	– 7 6	– 10 6
On the interment of any other person in a grave not exceeding 6 feet in depth	– 1 –	– 3 –	– 9 6	– 13 6	– 1 –	– 3 –	– 9 6	– 13 6
Ditto, exceeding 6 feet in depth, for every extra foot	– –	– –	– 2 –	– –	– –	– –	– 2 –	—
On the interment of a still-born child	– 1 –	– –	– 2 6	– 3 6	– 1 –	– –	– 2 6	– 3 6
For a brick grave not exceeding 6 feet in depth	1 1 –	1 1 –	1 8 6	3 10 6	1 1 –	1 1 –	1 8 6	3 10 6
Ditto, exceeding 6 feet in depth	1 1 –	2 2 –	1 19 –	5 2 –	1 1 –	2 2 –	1 19 –	5 2 –
Ditto, for digging over 6 feet, for every extra foot	– –	– –	– 6 –	– –	– –	– –	– 6 –	—
For a vault, not exceeding 10 feet in length by 8 feet in width, and 6 feet in depth, and so on in like proportion for all increase of width	2 2 –	5 5 –	2 17 –	10 4 –	2 2 –	5 5 –	2 17 –	10 4 –
For a like vault, exceeding 6 feet in depth, for every extra foot	– –	– –	– 12 –	– –	– –	– –	– 12 –	—
For re-opening a brick grave independently of excavating	– 10 6	– 10 –	– 5 –	1 5 6	– 10 6	– 10 –	– 5 –	1 5 6
Ditto, a vault grave, ditto	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	2 7 –	1 1 –	1 1 –	– 5 –	2 7 –
For erecting a head and foot-stone, or head-stone and kerb	– 10 6	1 1 –	– 5 –	1 16 6	– 10 6	1 1 –	– 5 –	1 16 6
For a dwarf head-stone and kerb	– 5 –	– 10 6	– 4 6	1 – –	– 5 –	– 10 6	– 4 6	1 – –
For erecting a stone over a grave or vault 8 feet long by 4 feet wide	– 10 6	2 2 –	– 10 6	3 3 –	– 10 6	2 2 –	– 10 6	3 3 –
The like, 10 feet long by 8 feet wide, and so on in proportion	1 1 –	3 3 –	– 15 –	4 19 –	1 1 –	3 3 –	– 15 –	4 19 –
A tomb	2 2 –	5 5 –	1 1 –	8 8 –	2 2 –	5 5 –	1 1 –	8 8 –
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave space 9 feet by 4, over and above all other fees and payments	2 2 –	1 1 –	– –	3 3 –	2 2 –	1 1 –	– –	3 3 –
For the purchase of the exclusive right of burial in perpetuity in a grave space 10 feet by 8, over and above all other fees and payments	3 3 –	2 2 –	– –	5 5 –	3 3 –	2 2 –	– –	5 5 –
For entry in register of grant of purchased grave	– 2 6	– –	– –	– 2 6	– 2 6	– –	– –	– 2 6
Certificate of grant	– 1 –	– –	– –	– 1 –	– 1 –	– –	– –	– 1 –

The fees and payments to the Board are to be increased one-third on the interment of non-parishioners.

Part of the fees reserved as above to the "clerk and sexton," and the whole of the fees reserved to the "gravedigger," are received by the Board for their general purposes.

Henry S. Batt, Clerk and Registrar.

WALTHAM HOLY CROSS.

This Board have not yet agreed upon the amount of fees, but the same is now under their consideration, and will be prepared before the time arrives for the opening the new burial-ground.

Waltham Abbey, Essex, 10 May 1856. *Joseph Jessopp*, Clerk.

WAREHAM.

It appeared to this Burial Board, shortly after its formation, that it was possible to continue to bury in the present burial-ground, without infringing the Order in Council relating thereto; consequently no steps have been taken to provide a new burial-ground, nor otherwise in relation to the Burial Acts.

8 April 1856. *William Phippard.*

WELLS.

(In and Out Parishes of *St. Cuthbert*, and the Liberty of *St. Andrew.*)

No Table of Fees has at present been determined on by the Board; the proposed table is now under public inspection previous to its transmission for approval by the Secretary of State.

8 April 1856. *W. J. S. Foster*, Clerk.

WESTBURY.

The chapels and burial-grounds are not as yet completed, and no Table of Fees has been prepared.

24 May 1856. *Henry Pinniger*, Clerk.

WEST HAM.

The land to be appropriated for a burial-ground for West Ham parish is only contracted for, and when the purchase shall be completed it will take several months before it will be ready for interments; and up to the present time the fees to be charged for burials are not determined upon.

Plaistow, West Ham, Essex, 9 April 1856. *John Sutton*, Clerk.

WESTON-SUPER-MARE.

Table of Fees.

	£.	s.	d.
1. For interment of a parishioner, buried at the expense of the parish or union	–	3	–
2. For interment of a still-born child	–	2	–
3. For interment of a parishioner in a common grave, under 10 years of age, who resided in a house rated at 7 *l.* annual rent, or under	–	4	–
4. Ditto ditto above 7 *l.*	–	9	–
5. For interment of a parishioner in a common grave, above 10 years of age, who resided in a house rated at 7 *l.* annual rent, or under	–	9	–
6. Ditto ditto above 7 *l.*	–	12	–
7. For every brick grave	4	10	–
8. Re-opening a brick grave or vault	2	10	–
9. For erecting a head-stone, with or without a foot-stone	1	10	–
10. For placing a flat stone over the grave	4	–	–
11. For placing any other monument over the grave	7	–	–

 (*continued*)

WESTON-SUPER-MARE—*continued.*

	£.	s.	d.
12. Any memorial in wood	1	–	–
13. Every additional inscription	–	5	–
14. Palisades or iron railings, including ten feet by five feet	7	–	–
15. Ditto ditto ten feet by ten feet	10	–	–
16. Certified copy of register	–	2	6
17. Tolling the chapel bell, and general supervision	–	1	–
18. Turfing the graves	–	1	–
19. Interment of a visitor, or person from another parish, over and above and in addition to all other charges	2	2	–

These payments are exclusive of grave digging, as the nature of the ground makes it impossible to fix a sum for this in every case. The porter shall superintend the making of each grave, and bring in a charge for the amount of labour. The charge is to be submitted for approval to the Board.

The above Table of Fees are thus appropriated.

Nos.	Board.			Incumbent.			Clerk.			Sexton.			TOTAL.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
1	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	–	–	6	–	3	–
2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–
3	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	4	–
4	–	3	–	–	2	–	–	2	–	–	2	–	–	9	–
5	–	3	–	–	2	–	–	2	–	–	2	–	–	9	–
6	–	3	–	–	3	–	–	3	–	–	3	–	–	12	–
7	1	–	–	3	–	–	–	5	–	–	5	–	4	10	–
8	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	5	–	–	5	–	2	10	–
9	–	10	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	10	–
10	1	10	–	2	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	–
11	2	–	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	–	–
12	–	10	–	–	10	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
13	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	–
14	2	–	–	5	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	7	–	–
15	4	–	–	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	10	–	–
16	–	2	6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	6
17	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
18	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
19	–	16	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	5	–	2	2	–

Purchase of exclusive right of burial will be allowed by the Board, for a sum to be determined by the Board, with respect to the dimensions and position.

The above fees apply to the consecrated and unconsecrated portions of the cemetery. Dissenting ministers and their officers shall receive the same payments as the incumbents, clerks, and sextons in the consecrated part.

These payments are to be paid at the office of the clerk of the Board, on his demand.

A hearse is provided. The charge, in the case of parishioners from houses rated at 10 *l.* per annum, is 5 *s.* for a person under 10 years of age; and 10 *s.* for a person above 10 years of age. In the former case, four bearers will be conveyed; in the latter, six bearers will be conveyed.

Twenty-four hours' notice of every interment to be given at the lodge before 12 o'clock at noon. If the interment be fixed for a Monday, notice to be given not later than the preceding Friday.

A drawing of every monument or grave-stone, and a copy of all proposed inscriptions to be submitted to the Board for approval before erection. The number of the grave, corresponding with the register-book, must also be placed on each monument or grave-stone.

The cemetery is open to the public from 8 a. m. till sunset, and on Sundays from 2 p. m. till 6 p. m.

No dogs are admitted. The porter is authorised to remove from the ground all disorderly persons, and persons leaving the paths.

N. B.—Any departure from the above rules, regulations, and list of fees, in special cases, may be made by the special order of the Board, provided such order be consistent with the provisions of the Burial Act.

Henry Davies, Clerk.

WHITEHAVEN AND PRESTON QUARTER.

Rules and Regulations and Fees payable to the Board.

1. The fees payable on an interment must be paid to the clerk when the order for the same is given to him, such order to be given between the hours of ten in the forenoon and seven in the evening, at least 24 hours before the time appointed for the funeral; and if the same be intended to take place on a Monday, the order to be given before noon on the Saturday previous, except in the case of a speedy interment being necessary, when shorter notice, according to circumstances, will be sufficient. If the interment is to take place in a vault or bricked grave, 48 hours' notice must be given, exclusive of Sunday. No orders for burials will be received on Sundays.

2. The fees payable for the erection of tombstones, &c., to be paid on the permission of the Board for the erection of the same being given, and before the work is commenced.

3. Interments in unpurchased ground shall take place on spots to be pointed out by the Board, or their officer.

4. Purchasers of grave spaces may select their own sites, subject to the approval of the Board.

5. The purchaser of a grave space will be furnished with a certificate of such purchase, and the particulars of the same shall be entered in a registry book kept for that purpose, and the number shall be entered on the plan of the cemetery.

6. The owner of any such purchased ground shall not have the power of transferring the right of burial in the same to any other than persons relations by blood or marriage, unless by last will, or consent of the Board.

7. Any person establishing a claim to a grave space by heirship, or under a will, will be furnished with a fresh certificate of proprietorship, on application to the clerk, and on payment of the fee chargeable for the same.

8. No headstone or other monument shall be erected over an unpurchased grave.

9. No monument, headstone, or other erection shall be put up until a description or drawing has been laid before, and approved of by, the Board; nor shall any inscription or epitaph be put on the same without the approval of the Board.

10. No hewing or dressing of stones will be permitted within the cemetery, or any approaches to the same; and all rubbish, refuse, stones, &c., remaining after the erection of a monument, &c., must be removed forthwith by the party erecting the same.

11. Masts, canvas, or boards must be used to preserve the grass or turf, when erecting monuments, and such other precautions used as the curator may direct. No cart or wheelbarrow shall be taken on the turf or anywhere but on the main roads of the ground; and all damage done in the erection of monuments, &c., shall be made good by the persons erecting the same.

12. The registrar's certificate of the death of the person to be buried must be produced to the clerk when notice of an interment is given, and left with the curator on entering the cemetery.

13. That the following fees (exclusive of fees payable to the incumbents of the churches or chapels in Whitehaven and Preston Quarter) be payable to the Board:—

	£.	s.	d.
In unpurchased ground:			
A grave space for an adult for a limited period, ground selected by the Board	–	5	–
A grave space for a child under 14	–	3	–
A grave space for a still-born child	–	1	–
A grave space for an adult pauper, dying in the workhouse of the Whitehaven Union, belonging to other parishes than Whitehaven and Preston Quarter	–	7	6
A grave space for a pauper child under 14, dying in the workhouse of the Whitehaven Union, belonging to other parishes than Whitehaven and Preston Quarter	–	4	6
For digging a grave, not exceeding four and a half feet in depth	–	1	6
For digging a grave, not exceeding five and a half feet in depth	–	2	–
In purchased ground:			
A grave space	1	1	–
A brick grave	2	2	–
A double brick grave	4	4	–
Re-opening a grave for a person under 14	–	5	–
Re-opening a grave for a person above 14	–	10	–

(*continued*)

WHITEHAVEN AND PRESTON QUARTER—*continued.*

In purchased ground—*continued.*	£.	*s.*	*d.*
For digging a grave not exceeding five and a half feet in depth	–	2	–
For every additional foot in depth	–	2	–
Erecting a headstone	–	10	6
A flat stone	1	1	–
A raised stone	2	2	–
Inclosing within palisades, including charges for stone, not more than eight feet by four feet	4	4	–
Inclosing within palisades, including charges for stone, not more than ten feet by eight feet	5	5	–
Entry of register of grant of purchased ground	–	2	6
Certificate of grant	–	1	–

Double interment fees (except for digging grave) and monumental fees for non-parishioners, except for paupers belonging to other parishes than Whitehaven and Preston Quarter.

14. That the following charges will be made by the Board, if required to provide hearses:—

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
For providing a one horse hearse, including driver	–	5	–
For providing a two horse hearse, including driver	–	10	6
For providing a one horse conveyance to carry the body of a child under two years of age, including driver (a hearse being dispensed with)	–	7	6
For waiting with a one horse hearse, including driver, at any chapel in the township of Whitehaven and Preston Quarter, not exceeding half an hour	–	–	6
For waiting with a two horse hearse, including driver, at any chapel in the said township, not exceeding half an hour	–	1	6

No hearse or carriage containing a corpse (except hearses or carriages belonging to the person contracting with the Board) will be allowed to enter the ground, except on payment to the Board of 2*s.* 6*d.* for a one-horse hearse or carriage, and 5*s.* for a two horse hearse or carriage.

N. B.—Since the above fees received the sanction of the Secretary of State, the Board have determined that the charge for digging a space for a brick grave be double that for digging a common grave.

By Order,
J. Atkinson, Clerk.

CLERGYMAN'S FEES.

THE Board have in no way interfered with the fees payable to the clergymen in Whitehaven and Preston Quarter. The clergyman interring a body in consecrated ground receives from a parishioner of Whitehaven the sum of 3*s.* 6*d.*, the same as he had before the closing of the Whitehaven churchyards, and the clerk gets 1*s.*; and the clergyman interring a body in consecrated ground receives from a parishioner of Preston Quarter 2*s.*, and the clerk 1*s.* There are three clergymen in Whitehaven and one in Preston Quarter. The parishioners of Whitehaven determined at a vestry meeting, held on the 9th November 1855, "That, in addition to the fees charged by the Burial Board on the grant of rights, under the provisions of the Act 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85, s. 34, there shall be charged in the consecrated portion of the burial ground the undermentioned fees, viz.:

	£.	*s.*	*d.*
For a brick grave	1	1	–
For an upright stone	–	10	6
For a flat or raised stone	1	1	–
For inclosing with palisades, including the above fees	5	5	–

And that the incumbent or minister of the district from which a body is taken shall be entitled to receive the above-named additional fee or fees charged on the grant of a right or rights by the Burial Board."

The parishioners of Preston Quarter have come to no determination as to fees payable to the minister. The clergyman who has not a burial ground, claims the fees payable at St. Bees, the parish church. Preston Quarter was part of St. Bees parish, but has recently been made an independent parish.

Persons interring in the unconsecrated ground pay their own minister; the Board in no way interferes.

WIGAN.

Our cemetery is not yet ready for interments, and the Burial Board are now engaged in preparing a scale, but have not as yet completed it.

9 April 1856. *John S. Marshall*, Clerk.

WIGTON.

Regulations.

1. The Board will dispose of single or family grave spaces in any part of the cemetery.

2. The purchaser of the exclusive right of burial will be furnished with a conveyance of the same, for which a fee of 2 *s.* 6 *d.* shall be paid, in addition to the cost of the stamp.

3. The owners shall not have the power of transferring the right of burial in any grave (except by will) to any person but relations next in kin by blood or marriage.

4. On the death of the owners of grave spaces, persons claiming by heirship, or succeeding by title, on producing satisfactory evidence of his or her title, shall be furnished with a certificate of his or her ownership on payment of 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

5. No monuments, gravestones, fence, or planting, will be admitted into the grounds until approved of by the Board, to whom a specific written statement and drawing of what is proposed, must be submitted.

6. Proprietors must keep their monuments, gravestones, and fences, in neat and proper order, of which the Board or their curator shall be judges; failing attention to this requirement within a fortnight after receiving a written notice from the curator, the Board shall be at liberty to put the same in good repair at the expense of the proprietors, and they will be precluded from the use of the grave spaces until the expense shall be paid to the Board.

7. No trees or ornamental shrubs which may have been planted shall be cut or carried away without the consent of the Board or their curator.

8. All monuments and gravestones must be made of good sound materials; no gravestone must exceed 5 feet in height and 3 feet 3 inches in breadth, and no fence, rail, or chain to exceed 3 feet in height.

9. No monument or gravestone can be erected except on purchased ground. Persons erecting gravestones or monuments must use such means to protect the grass and walks as will be satisfactory to the curator, and all rubbish must be removed forthwith.

10. Notices for interment must be given to the curator not later than mid-day of the day preceding the funeral. All fees and charges must be paid for when orders for interment are applied for.

11. The servants of the Board are only to perform the necessary services in grave-digging.

12. The registrar's certificate of the death of the person to be buried must be given to the curator on entering the cemetery.

13. Every person who shall wilfully destroy or injure any building, wall, or fence, belonging to the cemetery, or destroy or injure any tree or plant therein, or who shall daub or disfigure any wall thereof, or put up any bill therein, or on any wall thereof, or wilfully destroy, injure, or deface any monument, tablet, inscription, or gravestone within the cemetery, or do any other wilful damage therein, shall forfeit to the company for every such offence a sum not exceeding 5 *l.*

14. Every person who shall play at any game or sport, or discharge fire-arms, save at a military funeral, in the cemetery, or who shall wilfully and unlawfully disturb any persons assembled in the cemetery for the purpose of burying any body therein, or who shall commit any nuisance within the cemetery, shall forfeit to the company for every such offence a sum not exceeding 5 *l.*

N. B.—Interment fees may be seen by applying to the curator of the cemetery.

WIGTON—*continued.*

CHARGES for EXCLUSIVE RIGHT of BURIAL.

	£.	s.	d.
Family or single grave spaces in any of the borders, with privilege of erecting monuments or gravestones, each space	2	–	–
One or more grave spaces for a period not exceeding 15 years, without the privilege of erecting monuments or gravestones, each	–	15	–
For erecting monuments or gravestones	–	15	–

GRAVE SPACES in Sections A. J. K.

One grave space, with privilege of erecting monument or gravestone	1	10	–
One space for a period not exceeding 15 years	–	10	–
For erecting monument or gravestone	–	10	–

GRAVE SPACES in any of the Sections except A. J. K.

One grave space full size, or for a young person, or for a child, with right of erecting monument or gravestone	1	–	–
One space for a period not exceeding 15 years	–	7	6
For erecting monument or gravestone	–	7	6

INTERMENT CHARGES.

For providing a grave for a child under 7 years of age	–	2	–
For providing a grave for a young person from 7 to 16 years	–	2	6
For providing a grave for a person 16 years of age and upwards	–	3	6

IN PURCHASED GROUND.

For breaking the surface for a grave for a child under 7 years of age	–	5	–
For a young person from 7 to 16 years of age	–	7	6
For a young person of the age of 16 and upwards	–	10	–

The above charges are exclusive of any fees which may be lawfully demanded by the clergy of the Church of England.

The ground is not yet consecrated.

Dissenting clergymen have as yet exacted no fees.

WIMBORNE MINSTER.

TABLE of FEES and PAYMENTS.

ON WHAT PAYABLE.	FOR THE BOARD.			SEXTON.			CLERK.			MINISTER.			TOTAL.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
On the interment of any person at the expense of the parish	–	1	–	–	1	6	–	1	–	–	2	–	–	5	6
Ditto any person in the condition of a labourer, or any of his family under 10 years of age	–	1	–	–	1	6	–	1	–	–	2	–	–	5	6
Ditto of any other person over 10 years of age in common grave	–	3	–	–	2	6	–	1	6	–	3	–	–	16	–
Ditto if under 10 years of age	–	1	6	–	1	6	–	1	6	–	3	–	–	7	6
For a brick grave to contain three, 8 by 4	1	10	–	–	5	–	–	2	6	–	7	–	2	4	6
Re-opening ditto	–	10	–	–	2	6	–	2	6	–	7	–	1	2	–
For a family vault to contain six, 10 by 8	4	–	–	–	7	–	–	3	–	–	10	–	5	–	–
Re-opening ditto	1	–	–	–	3	–	–	3	–	–	10	–	1	16	–

WIMBORNE MINSTER—*continued.*

ON WHAT PAYABLE.	FOR THE BOARD.	SEXTON.	CLERK.	MINISTER.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Vault of larger dimensions, or family burial plot, subject to special agreement with Board.					
Still-born child	- -	- 2 6	—	—	—
Erecting headstone or other memorial (single)	- 10 -	- -	—	—	—
Ditto double for two persons	- 15 -	- -	—	—	—
Ditto footstone	- 5 -	- -	—	—	—
Tomb over brick grave	1 - -	- -	—	—	—
Ditto, ditto, family vault	2 - -	- -	—	—	—
Inclosing round tomb, or family vault or grave space, with iron railing, not exceeding 5 feet in height, per lineal foot	- 1 6	—	—	—	—
For all inscriptions after the first	- 5 -	—	—	—	—
Monumental tablet in chapel	3 - -	—	—	—	—
And for every square foot	2 - -	—	—	—	—
To entry on register of grant of purchase of grave	- 2 6	—	—	—	—
For certificate of grant if required	- 1 -	—	—	—	—
Registering burials in vaults or steined graves	- 2 6	—	—	—	—
Ditto common grave	- 1 -	—	—	—	—
For use of hand-hearse at the burial of a person in the condition of a labourer	- 2 6	—	—	—	—
Ditto at the expense of any parish or union	- 2 6	—	—	—	—
Ditto any other person	- 5 -	—	—	—	—
For searching register of burials for one year	- 1 -	—	—	—	—
Ditto every additional year	- - 6	—	—	—	—
For every single certificate	- 2 6	—	—	—	—
Tolling chapel bell	- 1 -	—	—	—	—

Non-parishioners to be charged double the amount of fees payable to the Board and Minister.

N. B.—The fees are the same for burials both in the consecrated and unconsecrated ground.

Edward Lewer, Chairman.
J. O. Chislett, Clerk.

WIRKSWORTH.

TABLE of FEES, PAYMENTS, and CHARGES to be received by the Burial Board for Interments in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground.

	£. s. d.
For the interment of every body of an inhabitant of the townships of Wirksworth, Cromford, and Alderwasley, in the open ground, to be selected by the Burial Board, and at the usual hour in the afternoon appointed for funerals	- 6 6
For the interment at any other time than the usual hour appointed, of every body of an inhabitant of the said townships, in the open ground, to be selected by the Burial Board	- 16 6
For the interment of every body of a person in the open ground, not being an inhabitant of the said townships, over and above and in addition to all other charges and fees	2 2 -
For the grant of the site of a brick or stone grave or vault, for an inhabitant of the said townships, to be approved by the Burial Board, not exceeding 9 feet by 4 feet, 9 feet deep	2 12 6

WIRKSWORTH—*continued.*

	£.	s.	d.
For the grant of the site of a brick or stone grave or vault, for a person not being an inhabitant of the said townships, to be approved by the Burial Board, not exceeding 9 feet by 4 feet, 9 feet deep	4	4	–
For opening any vault or brick grave, for the interment of the body of any person being an inhabitant of any of the said townships	1	5	–
For opening any vault or brick grave, for the interment of the body of a person not being an inhabitant of the said townships	2	10	–
For erecting a tomb over a grave or vault	2	2	–
For placing a flag-stone	–	10	–
For erecting a new head-stone and foot-stone	–	10	6
For adding future inscriptions	–	10	–

The above charges include all the fees payable to the vicar, officiating minister, clerk, and sexton. All brick and stone work at vaults and graves must be done by the purchaser. The erection of all head-stones, and all stone-work over vaults and graves, and the inscription thereon, to be under the direction of the Board, and according to the general regulations for the time being existing.

WITNEY.

THE Witney Burial Board have not yet prepared any Table of Fees, nor is the ground at present divided or apportioned.

James Westell, Clerk.

9 April 1856.

WIVENHOE.

No Table of Fees has yet been agreed upon by this Board.

Colchester, 22 April 1856. *John H. Church*, Clerk.

WOODBRIDGE.

TABLE of BOARD FEES, exclusive of all Fees to the respective Ministers, which remain as before.

	Consecrated.			Unconsecrated.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
For digging common grave, not to be less than 6 feet in depth	–	3	6	–	3	6
For every additional foot in depth	–	1	6	–	1	6
Every vault or bricked grave, for every 3 feet of width, and for one coffin	–	10	6	1	1	–
And for every additional coffin	–	10	6	1	1	–
N. B. No coffin to be less than 4 feet from the surface of the soil.						
Head and foot stone	–	10	6	1	1	–
Coffin-shape or flat stone over a grave	–	15	–	1	10	–
Tomb over a vault	1	1	–	2	2	–
If surrounded by iron railing	1	11	6	3	3	–
Each additional inscription	–	5	–	–	5	–

On the interment of non-parishioners, all fees and payments to be charged double.

16 May 1856. *John Wood*, Jun., Clerk.

WOOLWICH.

Table of Charges.*

GRAVES AND BURIALS.	First Ground.	Second Ground.	Third Ground.	Minister.	Clerk.	Sexton.	Bell.†
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Burial in common grave { Parishioner	2 2 –	1 1 –	– 13 –	– 3 –	– 1 –	– 1 –	– 4 –
Burial in common grave { Non-parishioner	4 4 –	2 2 –	– – –	1 1 –	– 3 –	– 2 –	– 8 –
Children under ten years of age one quarter less.							
Purchase of private grave { Parishioner	3 3 –	2 2 –	1 10 –	—	—	—	—
Purchase of private grave { Non-parishioner	6 6 –	4 4 –	—	—	—	—	—
Burial in a brick grave or vault { Parishioner	4 4 –	3 3 –	– – –	2 2 –	– 5 –	– 6 –	– 8 –
Burial in a brick grave or vault { Non-parishioner	6 6 –	4 4 –	– – –	2 12 6	– 7 6	– 10 6	– 8 –
Digging Extra Depths of Purchased Graves, not being Brick Graves or Vaults:							
From 7 feet to 10 feet, 1 *s.* per foot.							
From 10 feet to 12 feet, 2 *s.* per foot.							
From 12 feet to 15 feet, 3 *s.* per foot.							
Digging brick grave or vault, per cubic yard, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*							
Beyond 9 feet, 4 *s.* per cubic yard.							
Turfing grave, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*							
Head and foot stones { Parishioner	3 3 –	2 2 –	1 10 –	1 1 –	– 2 6	– 2 6	—
Head and foot stones { Non-parishioner	4 4 –	3 3 –	– – –	1 1 –	– 2 6	– 2 6	—
For every additional inscription, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*							
Flat stone or ledger, or enclosed space { Parishioner	4 4 –	3 3 –	– – –	2 2 –	– 3 –	– 2 6	—
Flat stone or ledger, or enclosed space { Non-parishioner	6 6 –	4 4 –	– – –	2 2 –	– 3 –	– 2 6	—
Raised monuments of every description { Parishioner	10 10 –	8 8 –	—	—	—	—	—
Raised monuments of every description { Non-parishioner	15 15 –	12 12 –	—	—	—	—	—
Brick grave { Parishioner	8 8 –	7 7 –	– – –	6 6 –	– 5 –	– 5 –	—
Brick grave { Non-parishioner	12 12 –	10 10 –	– – –	6 6 –	– 5 –	– 5 –	—
Vault { Parishioner	15 15 –	– – –	– – –	10 10 –	– 10 6	– 2 *s.* 6 *d.* per day whilst the making of the vault is in progress.	—
Vault { Non-parishioner	21 – –	—	—	—	—		—
Entry in register of private graves, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*							

* These charges are the same in the consecrated and unconsecrated portion of the Woolwich Burial-ground; but the fees are not paid to the minister, clerk, sexton, and bell in the unconsecrated portion, the whole being carried to the credit of the poor-rate. The Board, however, by resolution determined that the sum of 5 *s.* should be paid to dissenting ministers performing the burial service in the unconsecrated ground.

† One half of this amount is paid to churchwardens, and the other half to clerk and sexton.

WRAWBY-CUM-BRIGG.

No Table of Fees has been determined upon.

11 April 1856. *John Hett*, Clerk.

YARMOUTH, GREAT.

Scale of Fees.

First Class.—Persons rated (or lodging in houses rated) 10 *l.* or upwards.
Second Class.—Rated under 10 *l.* Third Class.—Persons not rated.

	Class 1.	Class 2.	Class 3.
Interment Fee:	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*	*s.* *d.*
Common grave	12 6	10 6	6 –
Freehold ditto	31 –	19 –	19 –
Brick ditto			
Vault	£. 2 – –		
Still-born children	– 1 –		
Ground:			
For freehold grave—single, 9 feet by 4 feet	1 5 –		
For brick ditto ditto, 9 feet by 4 feet	2 12 –		
Ditto double, 9 feet by 8 feet	4 7 –		
Vault, 9 feet square	6 6 –		
For every square foot additional, 2 *s.* 6 *d.*			
Grave Stones:			
On erecting head or footstones	– 12 6		
Paving grave with pebbles and tablets, including pebbles and bricks	25 *s.*	19 *s.*	12 *s.* 6 *d.*
Flat stone, or coffin-shape stone, not raised more than 12 inches	£. 1 10 –		
Monuments:			
On erecting over freehold or brick grave	1 18 –		
Ditto vault	4 4 –		
Tablets:—Fee on erecting in chapel	1 *l.* per square foot.		
Palisading round freehold, or brick grave, or vault, per foot superficial enclosed	£. – 1 3		
Inscriptions:			
For every additional inscription on gravestone	– 3 –		
On monument over freehold or brick grave	– 6 –		
Ditto over vault	– 12 6		
Registering grant of freehold or brick grave, or vault	– 5 –		
Ditto transfer of freehold, or brick grave, or vault	– 2 6		
Certificate of grant or transfer	– 1 –		
Ditto burials (from register)	– 2 6		
Searches for burials one year (to be included in certificate, if granted)	– 1 –		
Ditto every year after the first	– – 6		
Ditto register of freehold grave or vault	– 1 –		
Hand hearse or bier	– 2 –		
Tolling bell	– 2 –		

Non-parishioners to pay double the amount of the above fees.

By order,

Great Yarmouth, 21 May 1856. *Charles Cory*, Town Clerk.

YARMOUTH, GREAT—*continued.*

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1. ALL orders to be given, and fees and charges paid, at the cemetery office, before the ground is opened, or the graves or vaults built; and also upon all monuments, head stones, &c.

2. Certificate of registration of death to be produced, and the name of the parish or district from which the body is removed, and all other information required, to be stated at the time of paying the fees. The time fixed for a funeral must be that at which the procession is at the cemetery, and the time must be punctually observed, to prevent inconvenience, and one funeral interfering with another.

3. Hours of interment from 9 a. m. till 6 p. m., from 25th March to 29th September; and from 29th September to 25th March from 9 a m. till 4 p. m.; except Sundays, Christmas Day, and Good Friday, and then, from 9 to 10 a. m. and from 1 to 2, and from 4 till 5 p. m.

4. Twenty-four hours' previous notice to be given for a common interment, and 36 hours for purchased graves. If the interment be to take place on a Sunday or Monday, notice to be given not later than the preceding Friday. Three clear days' notice at least to be given if a vault or brick grave be required.

This rule is not to apply to Jews, or in cases of death from epidemic or endemic disease, upon medical certificate, or in case of corpses found at sea, or in the rivers, or washed on shore.

5. The brickwork may be executed by any person appointed by the purchaser, subject to the regulations made by the Board, and the surplus soil is to be removed from the ground or to such part of it, as shall be directed by the Board.

6. No vault or grave in which the exclusive right of burial has been purchased, shall be opened without the owner's consent in writing.

7. In common graves, coffins of wood only to be used.

8. All foundations of monuments, removal or refixing same, and other work connected therewith, to be done under the superintendence of the Board, or their surveyor. Vaults and brick graves to be opened under the same superintendence.

9. Brick graves to be opened from the top, except by special agreement

10. All walls and arches of vaults, or brick graves, to be nine inches thick.

11. All monuments, tablets, and grave stones, must be conveyed into the cemetery on carts or trucks with wheels not less than four inches in breadth, and all monuments, tablets, grave stones and graves, are to be kept in repair by their owners, or the grant of the ground will be forfeited, unless a special agreement be made with the Board.

12. No grave stones are to be erected over common graves after 12 months from the interment without leave of the Board, nor over any vault or grave in which the exclusive right of burial has not been purchased.

13. Before the erection of any tablet, monument, grave stone, iron railing or palisade, a drawing thereof, with the proposed inscription, must be sent to the cemetery office for approval by the Board, and in consecrated ground the inscription must have been first approved by the minister of the parish of Great Yarmouth.

14. A plan of the cemetery, showing the situation of purchased graves and interments, will be kept at the cemetery office, and may be seen without charge. The office is open daily from 11 o'clock until 2, Sundays, Christmas Day, and Good Friday excepted.

15. Dogs are not allowed to enter the ground.

16. All damage done to any grave or vault, or to any walls, trees, or shrubs, to be made good by the party causing the same.

17. Any other information to be obtained at the Cemetery office.

By order,

C. Cory, Town Clerk.

ABSTRACT

OF

RETURNS of the TABLES of FEES determined on by each of the BURIAL BOARDS appointed under the Acts 15 & 16 Vict. c. 85; 16 & 17 Vict. c. 134; and 17 & 18 Vict. c. 87, for BURIALS in the Consecrated and Unconsecrated Ground respectively, with the Mode of Appropriating such Fees—(in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 479, of Session 1855).

(*Mr. Bell.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
29 *July* 1856.

[*Price* 1 *s.*]

442.

Under 16 *oz.*

CATHEDRAL AND COLLEGIATE CHURCHES.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 2 June 1856;—*for*,

A RETURN "from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for *England* of every Payment made to them since the 20th day of January 1855, on Account of any Suspended Stalls in the Cathedral and Collegiate Churches of *England* and *Wales* (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 44, of Session 1855)."

(*Mr. William Ewart.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 25 *June* 1856.

RETURN from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for *England* of every Payment made to them since the 20th day of January 1855, on Account of any Suspended Stalls in the Cathedral and Collegiate Churches of *England* and *Wales*.

Cathedral, &c.	Number of Suspended Canonries.	Date of Payment.	Amount Received.	Total.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Bristol	2	1856, Feb. 9	- - -	1,107 9 4
Canterbury	6	1855, July 19	1,300 7 6	
		„ Dec. 15	3,155 19 6	
		1856, Feb. 19	450 4 –	
				4,906 11 –
St. David's	1	1855, July 28	134 11 3	
		1856, Jan. 11	4 19 6	
				139 10 9
Durham	4	1855, July 28	1,000 – –	
		1856, Jan. 7	8,109 11 4	
				9,109 11 4
Ely	2	1855, Feb. 26	320 18 7	
		„ July 12	468 18 6	
		„ Aug. 21	400 – –	
		„ Sept. 18	600 – –	
		„ Nov. 5	40 – –	
		„ Dec. 13	372 – 6	
		1856, Feb. 8	400 – –	
				2,601 17 7
Exeter	2	1855, April 21	400 – –	
		„ June 22	730 18 –	
		1856, Feb. 1	600 – –	
		„ April 12	600 – –	
				2,330 18 –
Gloucester	2	1855, Feb. 9	1,000 – –	
		„ Mar. 23	481 7 1	
				1,481 7 1
Hereford	1	1855, July 12	41 13 4	
		„ Nov. 27	334 12 7	
		„ Dec. 13	120 – –	
				496 5 11
Llandaff	6	1856, Jan. 3	- - -	539 17 5
Norwich	2	1855, Feb. 24	1,940 17 10	
		1856, Feb. 14	1,286 7 3	
				3,227 5 1
Rochester	1	1855, Jan. 31	494 14 8	
		„ Sept. 14	807 19 2	
		1856, April 12	283 7 4	
				1,586 1 2
		Carried forward - - - £.		27,526 14 8

CATHEDRAL, &c.	Number of Suspended Canonries.	Date of Payment.	Amount Received.	Total.
			£. s. d.	£. s. d.
		Brought forward - - -	- - -	27,526 14 8
Salisbury - - - - -	2	1855, Jan. - 27	55 18 –	
		„ May - 5	1,018 19 9	
		„ Nov. - 10	262 3 3	
				1,337 1 –
Wells - - - - - -	2	1855, Feb. - 8	1,265 – –	
		1856, Feb. - 4	884 – –	
				2,149 – –
Westminster - - - -	4	1855, Jan. - 26	1,680 11 –	
		„ April - 24	1,333 12 4	
		„ June - 26	124 8 –	
		„ July - 10	1,086 16 4	
		„ Oct. - 22	1,594 12 –	
		1856, Jan. - 19	1,744 2 –	
		„ April - 23	2,285 4 4	
				9,849 6 –
Winchester - - - -	5	1855, April - 21	4,074 3 4	
		„ July - 4	2,715 2 1	
				6,789 5 5
Windsor - - - - -	6	1855, Feb. - 27	4,991 14 –	
		„ March - 9	19 10 –	
		1856, Feb. - 9	7,144 9 9	
				12,155 13 9
Worcester - - - -	6	1855, May - 16	2,863 8 2	
		1856, May - 21	3,367 14 –	
				6,231 2 2
			£.	66,038 3 –

(By order of the Board.)

11, Whitehall Place,
5 June 1856.

James J. Chalk,
Secretary.

CATHEDRAL AND COLLEGIATE CHURCHES.

RETURN from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for *England* of every Payment made to them since the 20th day of January 1855, on account of any Suspended Stalls in the Cathedral and Collegiate Churches of *England* and *Wales* (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 44, of Sess. 1855).

(*Mr. William Ewart.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
25 *June* 1856.

307.

Under 1 *oz.*

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 2 June 1856;—*for*,

A RETURN "from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for *England*, of the Grants or Reductions allowed by them since the 1st day of March 1855, to the several Chapters of *England* and *Wales*, to pay Substitutes for performing Additional Duties cast upon them by the Suspension of Canonries; with the Names of the Persons who, as such Substitutes, have received such Grants (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 147, of Session 1855)."

CATHEDRAL.	Names of the Parties by whom the Additional Duties were performed.	Description of Payment.	Amount of Payment after deducting Income Tax.
1855:			£. s. d.
Exeter	Very Rev. the Dean	Three months' service, at 33 *l.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.* per month.	* 94 17 11
	Rev. E. C. Harington	ditto	* 94 17 11
Gloucester	Rev. R. W. Ford	One month's service, at 50 *l.* per month.	47 1 8
	Rev. Edward Bankes	ditto	47 1 8
Norwich	Very Rev. the Dean	Two months' service, at 50 *l.* per month.	97 1 8
Rochester	Rev. R. W. Shaw	One month's service, at 50 *l.* per month.	46 13 4
Southwell	Ven. Archdeacon Wilkins	Twelve months' service, at 20 *l.* per month.	224 17 2
Worcester		Three months' service, at 50 *l.* per month.	143 8 9
1856:			
Exeter	Very Rev. the Dean	Three months' service, at 33 *l.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.* per month.	* 93 10 10
	Ditto	ditto	* 93 10 10
Norwich	Rev. C. N. Wodehouse	One month's service, at 50 *l.* per month.	47 1 8
	Very Rev. the Dean	ditto	47 1 8
Rochester	Rev. R. W. Shaw	One month's service at 50 *l.* per month.	46 13 4
Southwell	Ven. Archdeacon Wilkins	Six months' service, at 20 *l.* per month.	112 – –
Worcester		Three months' service, at 50 *l.* per month.	140 – –

* Exeter.—The difference between the Chapter and the Commissioners with respect to these payments, alluded to in the former Returns, remains unsettled.

By order of the Board,

11, Whitehall-place,
5 June 1856.

(signed) *James J. Chalk*,
Secretary.

CHAPTERS.

RETURN from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for *England* of the Grants or Reductions allowed by them since 1 March 1855, to the several Chapters of *England* and *Wales*, to pay Substitutes for performing Additional Duties cast upon them by the Suspension of Canonries, with the Names of the Persons who, as such Substitutes, have received such Grants.

(*Mr. William Ewart.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
25 *June* 1856.

CHURCH LEASEHOLDS.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 24 April 1856;—*for*,

A "RETURN of the Number of LEASEHOLDS (every Lease being considered as a distinct Leasehold) in the several Dioceses of *England* and *Wales*, in respect of which APPLICATIONS have been made by the Lessees, either to the Archbishops and Bishops, or Deans and Chapters respectively, for the PURCHASE of the REVERSION, or for the SALE of the TERM, or for both in Part; and whether, on such Application, Terms have been either Agreed upon, and Referred to the Church Estate Commissioners, or Declined by the Lessees, or whether such Applications have been Declined by the Lessors, or remain under Consideration (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 375, of Session 1854)."

(*Mr. Ingham.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
25 *July* 1856.

SCHEDULE.

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Diocese of London	6
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Dean and Chapter of Cathedral Church of Rochester	15
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Ecclesiastical Commissioners	16

No Returns have been received from the Dioceses of St. Asaph, St. David's, Ely, Lichfield, Llandaff, Manchester, Oxford, Rochester, Winchester, nor from the Deans and Chapters of St. David's, Lincoln, Salisbury, Southwell, Westminster, Winchester, Windsor.

RETURN of the Number of LEASEHOLDS (every Lease being considered as a distinct Leasehold) in the several Dioceses of *England* and *Wales*, in respect of which APPLICATIONS have been made by the Lessees, either to the Archbishops and Bishops, or Deans and Chapters respectively, for the PURCHASE of the REVERSION, or for the SALE of the TERM, or for both in Part; and whether, on such Application, Terms have been either Agreed upon, and Referred to the Church Estate Commissioners, or Declined by the Lessees, or whether such Applications have been Declined by the Lessors, or remain under Consideration.

CANTERBURY.

Number of leaseholds (every lease being considered a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion	3
Number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the sale of the term	6
Number of leaseholds (each lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion in part, and for the sale of the term in part	None.
	9

Number of applications in which terms have been agreed upon, and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners	2
Number of such applications declined by the lessee after the terms were stated, and on what grounds	1
The lessee considered the price offered to be inadequate.	
Number declined by the lessor under similar circumstances, and on what grounds	1
It was objected to in consequence of contiguity to Canterbury Cathedral.	
Number now remaining under consideration	5
	9

A very considerable estate in the parish of Deal, consisting chiefly of small tenements held by upwards of 300 leases, has been surveyed and valued in consequence of a general desire expressed by the lessees to purchase, and terms are about to be offered to them, except as to some parts of this estate, which it is thought advisable at present to retain.

Since the return made on the 16th June 1854 all the 13 cases which were therein stated to have been agreed on, and also five of the seven cases therein stated to be then remaining, have been completed. It is not expected that the remaining two cases will be completed. The estates are of small value.

Lambeth Palace,
3 June 1856.

J. B. Cantuar.

YORK.

Number of leaseholds in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion, for the sale of the term, and for both in part (including 51 cases under consideration at the date of the last return)	145
Number of applications by lessees to purchase the reversion	117
Number of applications by the lessees to sell the term	24
Number of applications by lessees to purchase part and to sell part	4
Number of cases where terms have been agreed upon	86
Number of cases referred to the Church Estates Commissioners	81
Number of cases where terms have been declined by the lessees	4
Number of applications by the lessees to purchase the reversion declined by the lessor	4
Number of applications by lessees to sell the term declined by the lessor	—
Number of cases remaining under consideration	51

N.B.—In reference to the direction "every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold," it is necessary to explain that such is not the general form in which the applications are made; most of the leases under the See of York are much subdivided, so that one proprietor is interested in part of several leases, and his application is for the sale or purchase of what he holds, and this return is of the applications so made.

75, Petergate, York,
3 July 1856.

W. Gray.

DIOCESE OF BANGOR.

None.

Bangor, 12 July 1856. *C. Bangor.*

DIOCESE OF BATH AND WELLS.

On my accession to the See I made over the episcopal estates to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, and now I have no means of getting at the facts called for. The application ought to be made to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, or to E. Lovell, Esq., steward of the episcopal estates at Wells.

Auckland, Bath and Wells.

2, Grosvenor Crescent, 10 May.

DIOCESE OF CARLISLE.

The only leasehold within the diocese of Carlisle, in respect of which application has been made to the Bishop of Carlisle for the purchase of the reversion, is the estate called Gloster Hill, in the parish of Warkworth, in the county of Northumberland, demised by the late Lord Bishop of Carlisle to Robert Dand for term of 21 years by lease, dated the [illegible]th day of September 1851, which application was declined by the said Lord Bishop.

No application has been made in respect of any leasehold under the See of Carlisle for sale of the term, or for purchase of the reversion and sale of the term both in part.

22 May 1856. *G. G. Mounsey,* Secretary.

DIOCESE OF CHESTER.

Number of Leaseholds in respect of which Applications have been made by the Lessees to the Bishop for the Purchase of the Reversions.	For Purchase of Reversion in Part, and Surrender of Term in Residue.	For Grant of Reversion in Part, and Surrender of Term in the other Part by way of Exchange.	For Purchase of Reversion in Part.	Terms agreed upon and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners.	Terms declined by the Lessees.	Applications declined by the Lessor.	Remain under Consideration.
Five	-	-	-	Five.			
	One	-	-	One	-	-	One.
		One	-	-	-	-	One.
			One; but without any specific proposal of terms.	-	-	-	--Consideration deferred.
One; but without any specific proposal of terms.	-	-	-	-	-	-	--Consideration deferred.

27 May 1856. *J. Chester.*

DIOCESE OF CHICHESTER.

None since the last Return.

E. W. Johnson, Secretary and Steward.

DIOCESE OF DURHAM.

THE number of applications made to the Bishop of Durham by lessees for the purchase of reversions has been 53, and for the sale of terms five.

Terms as to the purchase of reversions in respect of six leases, and as to sale of terms in respect of three leases, have been agreed upon and referred to the Church Estate Commissioners.

One application for purchase of the reversion was declined for the reasons given in a former return.

The other applications remained under consideration when the whole of the leasehold estates held under the See were transferred to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in whom they are now vested.

E. Dunelm.

Auckland Castle, 25 May 1856.

DIOCESE OF EXETER.

THERE has been no application of this nature.

Exeter, 11 July 1856.

DIOCESE OF GLOUCESTER AND BRISTOL.

THE number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made to the Bishop by his lessees for the purchase of the reversion, is nine.

No applications have been made by lessees for the sale of their terms, either wholly or in part.

Of the above number of applications, four have been agreed upon, the agreements having been confirmed by the Church Estates Commissioners; of the remainder, three have not yet been settled, the terms having only just been proposed to the lessees; and two applications have not yet been entered upon. No application has been declined.

An offer was made by the lessee of an estate in Bristol to the Church Estates Commissioners, to purchase the reversion of his leasehold, but it was declined by them. The Bishop was no party to the offer.

May 1856.

DIOCESE OF LINCOLN.

NUMBER of applications for purchase by the lessees - - - - -	16
Number of applications for sale by the lessees - - - - - -	1
Number of applications for both - - - - - - - - - -	None.
Number of cases in which terms have been agreed upon - - - -	7
Number of cases in which terms have been declined by the lessor - -	3
Ditto - - - - - ditto - - - - - - - by the lessees - -	5
Number of cases remaining under consideration unsettled - - - -	2

Palace, Lincoln, 28 May 1856. *William Moss*,
Secretary to the Lord Bishop, and Deputy Registrar.

DIOCESE OF LONDON.

Number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion	8
Number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the sale of the term	2
Number of leaseholds (each lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion in part, and for the sale of the term in part	None.
	10

Number of applications in which terms have been agreed upon, and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners	6
Number of such applications which have been declined by the lessees, after the terms have been stated, and on what grounds	None.
Number which have been declined by the lessor under similar circumstances, and on what grounds	None.
Number now remaining under consideration	4
	10

Since the return made on the 16th June 1854, all the five cases which were therein stated to have been agreed on, and the two cases therein stated to have been declined by the lessees (but subsequently agreed to), and also six of the 15 cases therein stated as remaining under consideration, have been completed.

For the Lord Bishop of London,

3 June 1856. *Chris. Hodgson*, Auditor.

DIOCESE OF NORWICH.

Q. The number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made since the last return by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion, and including 30 remaining under consideration at the last return?—*A.* Sixty-four.

Q. The number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the sale of the term, including one which remained under consideration at the last return, under treaty for the purchase of the reversion?—*A.* Two.

Q. The number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion in part, and for the sale of the term in part, eight of which were remaining under consideration at the last return?—*A.* Eleven.

Q. The number of such applications in which terms have been agreed upon and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners?—*A.* Thirty-seven.

Q. Number of such applications which have been declined by the lessees after the terms have been stated?—*A.* Twenty.

Q. The number which have been declined by the lessors under similar circumstances, and on what grounds?—*A.* None.

Q. The number which now remain under consideration?—*A.* Twenty.

J. Kitson, Secretary to the Lord Bishop of Norwich.

DIOCESE OF PETERBOROUGH.

Applications by lessees for purchase of the reversion		18
For sale of the term		11
For both, in part		6
		35
Terms agreed upon and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners, and sanctioned by them	32	
Remain under consideration	3	
		35

31 May 1856. *G. Peterborough.*

Henry Pearson Gates, Secretary to the Bishop.

DIOCESE OF RIPON.

As to Applications made between 13 May 1854 and 24 May 1856.

	Allertonshire.	Howdenshire.
Number of applications that have been made by lessees for the purchase of the reversion	15	4
Number of like applications where terms agreed upon	9	1
Number of like applications declined by lessees	None.	1
Number of like applications declined by lessors	None.	None.
Number of applications remaining under consideration	6	2
Number of applications that have been made for the sale of the term	13	None.
Number of like applications where terms agreed upon	11	None.
Number of like applications declined by lessees	None.	None.
Number of like applications declined by lessors	2	None.
Number of applications remaining under consideration	None.	None.

5 June 1856. *C. T. Ripon.*

DIOCESE OF SALISBURY.

Number of Leaseholds in respect of which Applications have been made by the Lessees:

For the purchase of the reversion	8
For the sale of the term	3
For the purchase of the reversion in part, or for the sale of the term in part	1

Number of Applications in which—

Terms have been agreed on	3
Subject has been referred to the Church Estates Commissioners	1
Declined by lessee	–
Declined by lessor	3
Number now remaining	4

Fitz^d Macdonald,
Secretary to the Bishop of Sarum.

DIOCESE OF SODOR AND MAN.

Sir, Bishop's Court, 13 May 1856.

I PRESUME that the application for a Return in accordance with the Resolution of the House of Commons respecting leaseholds in the several dioceses of England and Wales has been called for by mistake from me.

Under existing circumstances the Church Estate Commissioners for England and Wales have no authority over ecclesiastical property in the Isle of Man.

I remain, &c.
Sodor and Man.

DIOCESE OF WORCESTER.

Q. The number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion?—*A.* Four hundred and forty-eight.

Q. The number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessor for the sale of the term?—*A.* Twenty-four.

Q. The number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion in part, and for the sale of the term in part?—*A.* Seven.

Q. The number of such applications in which terms have been agreed upon and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners?—*A.* Three hundred and eighty-five.

Q. Number of such applications which have been declined by the lessees after the terms had been stated, and on what grounds?—*A.* Twelve; nine considered terms excessive; two under disability, and unable to enfranchise; one had no power to enfranchise.

Q. The number which have been declined by the lessor under similar circumstances, and on what grounds?—*A.* Four; sum asked considered excessive.

Q. The number which now remain under consideration?—*A.* Seventy-eight.

This Return comprises all cases which have been dealt with under the Episcopal and Capitular Estates Management Acts, and includes copyholds as well as leaseholds, each part of a lease or grant being considered as a distinct case.

24, Grosvenor-place,
16 June 1856.

H. Worcester.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF CANTERBURY.

LEASEHOLDS in respect of which Applications have been made by the Lessees for the Purchase of the Reversion, or for the Sale of the Term, or for both in part.

Nos. continued from Return of 1854.	
40	Great Chart: Highfield and Courtfield
41	„ Chart Woods.
42	Cranbrook Rectory (Part 2).
43	Eastry Lands and Chequer Acre.
44	Faversham Glebe (Part).
45	Halstow Rectory.
46	Ickham Hazling Woods.
47	Tenement in Burgate, Canterbury (Executors W. White Lessees).
18 (b)	Hollingbourne, Snockherst Woods, and Tile Oast (Part). Second application.

LEASEHOLDS in respect of which Terms have been agreed upon and referred to Church Estates Commissioners.

44. Faversham Glebe (Part) - - -	Terms accepted by lessees, and approved by Commissioners; conveyance in progress.
18 (b) Hollingbourne, Snockherst Woods, and Tile Oast (Part) - - -	Since former return, terms have been accepted by lessees, and are about to be submitted to Commissioners.

Addenda to Return of 1854.

1. Chart Magna: Westbrooke and Colerede - - - - - - -	Waiting for order of Court of Chancery, authorising trustees for the parties interested in leases to make such investment.
2. Chart Magna: Tenement - - - -	
5. Godmersham: Manor and Rectory -	Conveyance of reversion still incomplete, but in progress.
6. „ Woods - - -	
7. „ Bilting Lands - -	
14. Peckham, East: Le Hatches - -	Conveyance of reversion completed.
15. Tenement, St. Alphage, Canterbury, (White) - - - - - - -	Ditto - - ditto.

LEASEHOLDS in respect of which Terms have been declined by Lessees.

45. Halstow Rectory.
47. Tenement, Burgate.

LEASEHOLDS in respect of which Applications have been declined by the Lessors on the grounds herein mentioned.

40. Great Chart: Highfield and Courtfield	Declined by lessors, sale being prejudicial to adjoining property of Chapter.
41. „ Chart Woods	Declined for same reason.
46. Ickham: Hazling Woods	Ditto.

Applications remaining under Consideration.

42. Cranbrook Rectory (Part)	Application to purchase reversion under consideration of Chapter.
43. Eastry Lands and Chequer Acre	Terms have been offered to lessee; not yet accepted or declined.

Addenda to Return of 1854.

1. Bramford Rectory	Arrangements could not be effected to satisfaction of lessors and lessees.
2. Copton Manor	Negotiation dropped, trustees for parties interested in the leases having no power to raise money for enfranchisement.
3. Sheldwich Rectory	
4. Ickham Manor	No further progress made since return in 1854.
Kitepan Marsh	Application to Chapter to purchase.
Ditto	Leasehold interest dropped.
5. Monkton Rectory	Lessee ultimately declined to sell his interest.
„ Sextry Lands	

16 May 1856. *Dan. Finch*, Auditor.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF CARLISLE.

Sir, Hallsteads, near Penrith, 10 May 1856.

YOUR letter of the 7th reached me this morning. For the return it requires of leaseholds, for the purchase or sale, &c., of which applications have been made to the Dean and Chapter of Carlisle, I beg to refer you to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England. All business of this kind connected with the Cathedral of Carlisle has been transacted by the Commissioners, and not by the Dean and Chapter, since the Dean and Chapter transferred their estates provisionally to the Commissioners in 1852.

I have, &c.

T. Massey, Esq. (signed) *A. C. Tait*, Dean of Carlisle.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF CHESTER.

THE Dean and Chapter of Chester have parted with their estate to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, and have no leaseholds to enfranchise.

10 May 1856. *Charles Townshend*, Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF CHICHESTER.

Number of Lease.	Premises Demised.	Lessee.	Result of Application.
4, p. 2 (part of)	Rentcharges amounting to 203*l.* 19*s.* 1*d.* in Childham, Sussex.	Charles Duke -	Declined by the lessors.
143, p. 2 - -	12 *a.* of land in Rudgwick, Sussex.	Joshua Drinkald	Consideration deferred till after the next renewal.
44, p. 1 - -	Broomer Farm, in Birdham, Sussex.	Matthew Cobby -	Declined by the lessors.
165, p. 1 (part of)	Lands in High Wycombe, Bucks.	William Terry -	Acceded to, but not yet carried out.
79 - -	Lands in Charlton, Hants -	John Cannings -	Consideration deferred till after the next renewal.
151 - -	Lands in Upmarden, Sussex	Charles Whicher	Declined by the lessors.
78 (part of) -	Land in Oving, Sussex -	John Osborn -	Declined by the lessors.
193, pt. 1 *b.* -	House in West-street, Chichester.	H. W. Freeland	Acceded to; but terms not yet proposed.
193, pt. 2 *a.* -	House in West-street, Chichester.	H. W. Freeland	

5 June 1856.

E. W. Johnson,
Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF DURHAM.

Number of leaseholds in respect of which applications have been made for the purchase of the reversions, since the last return - - - - - - -	152
Number of leaseholds in respect of which applications have been made for the sale of the terms - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1
	153

Number of leaseholds in respect of which applications for the purchase of the reversions have been agreed upon, and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	68
Number of leaseholds in respect of which applications for the purchase of the reversions have been declined by the lessors, because it was not expedient to sell at present - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2
Number of leaseholds declined by lessees after terms asked by lessors - -	1
Number of leaseholds in respect of which applications for the sale of terms were declined by lessors, because the price asked was too much - - - - -	1
Number of leaseholds in respect of which applications are still under consideration - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	81
	153

N. B.—In 24 of the 81 cases still under consideration, valuations have been made, and terms asked of the lessees, but no definite answers have yet been received.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF ELY.

(A.)—Leaseholds Sold.

1. A SMALL plot of ground, held under lease, which was required as the site of the water tower at Ely by the Local Board of Health. This piece of ground might have been sold under the powers of the Local Board, without the interposition of the Estates Commissioners.

2. The

2. The Rectory House at Westwratting, Cambridgeshire, with a small field attached to it. In this case, the terms first agreed upon by the lessors and lessee were rejected by the Estates Commissioners. The lessee had expended a large sum upon the premises immediately before and during the negotiations, and the lessors felt they were bound to pay regard to this expenditure in fixing the sum to be paid. Somewhat higher terms were subsequently proposed by the surveyor of the Commissioners, and accepted by the lessee.

The attention of the chapter was forcibly called to the false position in which they had been, and would hereafter be placed, in the course of this and similar negotiations. The Commissioners invest, for the benefit of the Chapter, such a portion of the produce of the sale as they think sufficient to reproduce the septennial fines, which the leasehold had previously produced, or was likely to produce, and they retain the remainder for themselves; as the Chapter therefore have no interest whatever, either for themselves or their successors, or the diocese to which they belong, in the result of the negotiation, they are clearly not the proper parties to conduct it; they are neither agents nor principals, though required to act in both these characters, without possessing the powers which should belong to the one, or the motives which should influence the other.

Considering, therefore, the Commissioners as the real parties interested in these transactions, and that they alone possessed the power of fixing conclusively the sum to be paid by the lessee, the Chapter offered to transfer to them the entire management of the negotiations, from the commencement to the conclusion, and to place at their disposal all their surveys and valuations, and also the services of their surveyor, who was familiar with the condition of their property, merely reserving their consent to the sale, as well as to the sum which should be invested as a compensation for their fines, to such stage or stages of the proceedings as might be deemed to be most convenient. The Commissioners declined acceding to this proposal, and the consequence has been that a total stop has been put to all further negotiations.

The applications to the Chapter for the enfranchisement of their leaseholds have been numerous, including nearly one-fourth of their whole number; in the majority of cases they were made with a view merely of ascertaining the probable terms which would be demanded, without any serious intention of prosecuting the negotiations, unless the terms had been very advantageous; in some cases, however, they were very urgently pressed, and great disappointment was felt, and expressed, because the Chapter did not feel themselves in a situation to undertake the preliminary inquiries, with a view of submitting terms of sale to the Estates Commissioners.

(B.)—Leaseholds Purchased.

In one case only was an application made by the Chapter to the Estates Commissioners to be allowed to apply a portion of the funded property belonging to them to the purchase of the existing leasehold interest in a portion of the tithes of Little Hadham, in Hertfordshire. The sum proposed to be given, which was 900 *l.*, was approved by the Commissioners; but they required, as a condition of the purchase, that the additional sum of 275 *l.* should be paid to themselves, upon the assumption that the income of the tithes, say 75 *l.* per annum, which would devolve to the Chapter by this purchase, would be sufficient to pay, not only the usual septennial fines (2 ½ years), but also an average annual income, as great as 900 *l.* and 275 *l.* together would yield if invested in the funds, or in land. But even admitting the correctness of this conclusion, we may fairly dispute the policy of this narrow and illiberal jealousy of the possibility of any increase of chapter revenues, as resulting from such purchases, as tending to discourage, at least, if not to put a stop to, a class of purchases which offer the most prompt and certain means of converting beneficial into rack-rent tenures, and of thus largely increasing chapter revenues. The Chapter declined the purchase on these conditions; and no other similar negotiation has been entertained.

(C.)—Enfranchisement of Copyholds.

No copyholds have been enfranchised by the Chapter of Ely since the Act 17 & 18 Vict. c. 57, came into operation.

The terms for the enfranchisement of two small copyholds were submitted to the Estates Commissioners, and approved by them; but in apportioning the proceeds between themselves and the Chapter, the Commissioners claimed 40 per cent. of the whole, to which the Chapter demurred; a long correspondence ensued upon the principles of this and similar apportionments, but with no satisfactory result. Ecclesiastical were treated like other manors belonging to corporate bodies by the Act 4 & 5 Vict. c. 35, and a considerable number of copyholds belonging to the Chapter were enfranchised by the Copyhold Commissioners, the whole proceeds of their enfranchisements being invested in trust for the benefit of the corporation; their proceedings also were remarkably prompt, and no fees whatever were charged by their officers. The Act of 17 & 18 Vict. c. 57, transferred the jurisdiction of the copyhold to the Estates Commissioners, in the case of ecclesiastical manors, and further gave them the right to claim for themselves whatever dormant value the process of enfranchisement might call into being, thus depriving the existing members of the chapter of a right to property, however trifling in value, which had been vested in them by the former Act, and thus violating a principle which all previous Acts of the Legislature had held to be inviolable. The estimation of this dormant value is a question of extreme difficulty, there being no sufficient data for its solution.

The preceding observations have been appended to the Return required by the House of Commons for the purpose of explaining the reasons why the Chapter of Ely has hitherto failed to give effect to the Acts for the enfranchisement of their leaseholds and copyholds; they beg to disclaim all intention, in making them, of casting any imputation upon the conduct of the Estates Commissioners, who are entrusted with great powers, and who are properly cautious in the exercise of them; but they would venture to express their persuasion that much of the difficulty which has occurred between themselves and the Commissioners would not have occurred if, instead of conducting their negotiations entirely by correspondence, the Commissioners had employed a man of high character and superior intelligence as an Assistant Commissioner to communicate personally with the Chapters on all questions which concerned them.

14 May 1856. *George Peacock*, Dean.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF EXETER.

There have been four such applications, all for purchase of the reversion. Two have been declined, on grounds that the alienation with reference to the property itself was not deemed essential. One has been referred to and approved by the Church Estates Commissioners, and is in progress, and the fourth remains under consideration.

11 July 1856.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF THE CATHEDRAL CHURCH OF GLOUCESTER.

For the Purchase of the Reversion.

Number.	How dealt with.
2	Agreed; referred to the Church Estates Commissioners, and completed.
11	Agreed; and referred to the Commissioners.
2	Not proceeded with by the lessees.
2	Declined by the lessees.
7	Declined by the lessors.

For the Sale of the Term.

Number.	How dealt with.
1	Agreed; and completed.

N.B.—By virtue of a scheme prepared by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, approved by Her Majesty in Council, and gazetted on the 17th July 1855, the estates of the said Dean and Chapter were (with certain exceptions) transferred to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners to hold as from the 1st day of January 1855.

John A. Whitcombe,
20 May 1856. Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF BRISTOL.

No applications have been made to the Dean and Chapter of Bristol by any lessees "for the purchase of the reversion, or for the sale of the term," since the last return, as per Parliamentary Paper, No. 375, of Session of 1854.

Josh Bessell,
23 May 1856. Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF HEREFORD.

Number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion, or for sale of the term, or for both in part.

One; viz., by Mr. John Tunstall Pearce, for the purchase of the reversion of certain lands, and the sale of his lease of tithes. Terms agreed upon and referred to the Church Estate Commissioners, who reported that the consideration to be paid by the lessee was not sufficient.

Richard Underwood,
13 May 1856. Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF LICHFIELD.

No application has been made by the lessees of the corporate estates of the Dean and Chapter with respect to the sale or purchase of any of those estates.

9 May 1856.

Charles Gresley,
Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF LLANDAFF.

Corporation.	Number of Applications by Lessees to Purchase Reversions.	County.	Parish.	Nature of Estate.	Tenure.	GENERAL REMARKS.
Dean and Chapter of Llandaff.	1	Glamorgan	Llandaff	Land; a field -	Leasehold for 21 years.	In this case application has been made to purchase of the lessee his interest and that of the reversion for the Howell Charity purposes, the terms of which have been agreed upon and have been referred to the Church Estates Commissioners, and now under consideration.
	2	Glamorgan	Llandaff	Land; a field -	Leasehold for 21 years.	In this case the application is made by the same parties as above stated, and for the same purpose, the terms of which have been agreed upon and have been referred to the Church Estates Commissioners, and now under consideration.
	3	Glamorgan	Llandaff	Lands; house, cottages, and premises.	Leasehold for 21 years.	In this case the lessee applies to the Dean and Chapter to know the terms upon which the reversion will be sold of the whole property, but the Chapter have not yet directed a survey and valuation to be made thereof.
	4	Monmouth	Undy and Whidstone.	Tithe rentcharge, lands, and premises.	Leasehold for 21 years.	In this case the lessee, as in the preceding one, applies to the Dean and Chapter to know the terms upon which the reversion will be sold of all the tithe rentcharge, lands, and premises; but the Chapter have not yet directed a survey and valuation to be made thereof.
TOTAL Number of Applications -	4					

12 June 1856.

Edw. Stephens,
J. Huckwell, } Chapter Clerks.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF THE CATHEDRAL CHURCH OF ST. PAUL, IN LONDON.

Number of leaseholds (every lease being considered a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion - - - - - - - - - - - -	1
Number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the sale of the term - - - - - - - - - - - - -	None.
Number of leaseholds (each lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion in part, and for the sale of the term in part - - (This effected by way of exchange).	1
	2

Number of applications in which terms have been agreed upon and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners - - - - - - - -	2
Number of such applications which have been declined by the lessees after the terms have been stated, and on what grounds - - - - - -	None.
Number which have been declined by the lessor under similar circumstances, and on what grounds - - - - - - - - - - - -	None.
Number now remaining under consideration - - - - - - -	None.

Since the return made in June 1854 two of the seven cases then stated to be under consideration have been completed.

By order of the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's,

Chris. Hodgson,
Chapter Clerk.

3 June 1856.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF MANCHESTER.

Two applications have been made by lessees for the purchase of the reversionary interest in properties now held in lease for years under the Dean and Chapter of Manchester; such applications have not been declined by the lessors, but will be taken into consideration at the next quarterly meeting of the Chapter.

R. C. Clifton, M.A.,
Bursar.

23 May 1856.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF NORWICH.

Q. The number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made since the last return by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion, and including 10 remaining under consideration at the last return?—*A.* Twelve.

Q. The number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the sale of the term?—*A.* Two.

Q. The number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold), in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees for the purchase of the reversion in part, and for the sale of the term in part?—*A.* None.

Q. The number of such applications on which terms have been agreed upon, and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners?—*A.* One.

Q. Number of such applications which have been declined by the lessees after the terms have been stated?—*A.* Three.

Q. The number which have been declined by the lessors under similar circumstances, and on what grounds?—*A.* One.

Q. The number which now remain under consideration?—*A.* Nine.

J. Kitson, Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF CHRIST CHURCH, OXFORD.

The Dean and Chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, are specially excepted from the authority of the Church Estates Commissioners, as being a College of the University.

Henry G. Liddell, Dean.

11 May 1856.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF PETERBOROUGH.

THE estates of the Dean and Chapter of Peterborough were transferred to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, by an Order in Council bearing date the 29th day of March 1854; the Dean and Chapter to receive 6,210 *l.* per annum until the Ecclesiastical Commissioners put the Dean and Chapter in possession of estates equal to the said sum of 6,210 *l.*, exclusive of costs of management, and no portion of the property of the Dean and Chapter is to be appropriated to the common fund until the arrangement be fully carried out.

26 May 1856. *Henry Pearson Gates.*

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF RIPON.

THE leasehold interests are the same as at the date of my former letter of the 28th April 1854, namely, application has been made by one leaseholder for the purchase of the reversion or for the sale of the term, and four others have mentioned the purchase of the reversion without making any formal application, and the several cases remain undisposed of, no further movement on either side having been made.

13 May 1856. *Robert Robinson,* Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF CATHEDRAL CHURCH OF ROCHESTER.

Number of Lease.	NAMES OF LESSEES.	Nature of Application.	Result of Application; viz., Terms agreed upon and referred to the Church Estates Commissioners, or Terms declined by Lessees; or Application declined by Lessors; and if declined, on what grounds.
235	Thomas Stevens; messuage and lands in Southfleet, Kent.	For purchase of the reversion.	Application declined by lessors until further consideration of the propriety of generally acceding to such applications without special reasons.
75	Joseph Acworth; manor of Reed Court, in Frindsbury, Kent, and 44 tenements on Smithfield Bank, Chatham, Kent.	For purchase of the reversion.	The like.
310	Ralph Oakden; messuage and lands in Goudhurst, Kent.	For purchase of the reversion.	The like.
39	Simon Magnus and Sarah Magnus; 294 messuages in Chatham, Kent.	For purchase of the reversion.	The like.
329	The Rev. James Formby; land, outbuildings, &c., in Frindsbury.	For purchase of the reversion.	The like.

29 May 1856. *George Essex,* Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF WELLS.

SINCE May 1854, one reversion of an estate held under the Dean and Chapter of Wells has been sold to a lessee, and about six applications to purchase other reversions have been made by lessees, and declined by the lessors. No application for sale to the Dean and Chapter has been made by any lessee.

17 May 1856. *Edw. Parfitt,* Chapter Clerk.

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF WORCESTER.

Terms agreed upon; approved by the Church Estates Commissioners, and completed	4
Terms agreed upon; approved by the Church Estates Commissioners, and in course of completion	9
Applications agreed to, but terms declined by lessees	5
Terms required by lessors under consideration of lessees	10
Applications consented to, and in course of valuation	3
Application for surrender of part of the leasehold and purchase of reversion in residue	1
Applications remaining under consideration	8
Applications declined by lessors	2
Agreement for the sale of the leasehold term	1

9 June 1856. *Clisson & Hooper.*

DEAN AND CHAPTER OF YORK.

THE Dean and Chapter of York, under an Order in Council of the 18th of August 1852, conveyed to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England the whole of their capitular estates.

Charles A. Thiselton, Chapter Clerk.

ECCLESIASTICAL COMMISSIONERS.

(File No. 8013.)

Sir, 11, Whitehall Place, 26 May 1856.

I HAVE the honour, on behalf of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 14th instant, transmitting a copy of an Address presented to Her Majesty in pursuance of a Resolution of the House of Commons, dated the 24th ultimo, with the prayer of which the Queen has been pleased to comply, for a Return "of the number of leaseholds (every lease being considered as a distinct leasehold) in the several dioceses of England and Wales, in respect of which applications have been made by the lessees either to the Archbishops and Bishops, or Deans and Chapters respectively, for the purchase of the reversion, or for the sale of the term, or for both in part;" and requesting to be furnished with such a return so far as relates to the several episcopal and capitular estates which have been made over to or vested in the Commissioners.

I have, on behalf of the Commissioners, to explain, in reply, that there are no estates either made over to or vested in this Board, which come within the purview of the return in question.

I am, &c.

Horatio Waddington, Esq. (signed) *James J. Chalk.*

CHURCH LEASEHOLDS.

RETURN of the Number of Leaseholds in the several Dioceses of *England* and *Wales*, in respect of which Applications have been made for the Purchase of the Reversion or for the Sale of the Term, or for both in part; &c. (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 375, of Session 1854).

(*Mr. Ingham.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
25 *July* 1856.

399.

Under 3 *oz.*

CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 8 May 1856;—*for*,

A "RETURN of all SUMS which have been Granted by any PUBLIC DEPARTMENT of the GOVERNMENT within the last Ten Years, in Aid of the Erection of CHURCHES or SCHOOLS, or have been Expended by such Departments for such Purposes, stating in each Case the Particulars; namely, the Locality and Date, and the Amount of the Sum Granted or Expended."

COMMISSIONERS FOR BUILDING NEW CHURCHES.

STATEMENT of all SUMS which have been Granted by Her Majesty's Commissioners for Building New Churches within the last Ten Years, in Aid of the Erection of CHURCHES, or have been Expended by the said Commissioners for such Purpose, stating in each Case the Particulars; namely, the Locality and Date, and the Amount of the Sum Granted or Expended.

PARISH AND PLACE.	COUNTY.	When Grant made by the Church Commissioners.	Amount Granted or Expended. £.	s.	d.
Paddington, All Saints Church, Cambridge-place	Middlesex	7 April 1846	100	–	–
Blackburn, Trinity Church (in addition to 1,500*l.* granted before the commencement of this Return).	Lancaster	„ „	19	2	6
Woolwich, St. John's Church (in addition to 1,500*l.* granted before the commencement of this Return).	Kent	28 „ „	512	–	6
Prestwich-cum-Oldham, Trinity Church, Coldhurst	Lancaster	26 May „	250	–	–
Glossop, Charlesworth	Derby	„ „	250	–	–
Shelton, Trinity Church, Hope	Stafford	14 July „	325	–	–
Stoke-upon-Trent, Trinity Church, Northwood	- ditto	„ „	250	–	–
Bermondsey, St. Paul's Church	Surrey	„ „	400	–	–
Ditto - Christ Church	- ditto	„ „	300	–	–
Whalley, St. James's Church, Burnley	Lancaster	„ „	250	–	–
Ditto St. Paul's Church, Lane Bridge	- ditto	„ „	250	–	–
St. George, St. Michael's Church, Two-Mile Hill	Gloucester	„ „	250	–	–
Prestbury, St. Peter's Church, Macclesfield	Chester	„ „	257	–	–
Burslem, Trinity Church, Sneyd	Stafford	„ „	350	–	–
Guiseley, Woodside	York	„ „	200	–	–
Almondbury, Upper Thong	- ditto	„ „	200	–	–
Kirkburton, St. Paul's Church, Shipley	- ditto	„ „	100	–	–
Greenwich, Christ Church, East Greenwich	Kent	„ „	350	–	–
Ditto (additional Grant)	-	28 Nov. 1848	100	–	–
Battersea, Christ Church	Surrey	14 July 1846	200	–	–
Shelton, St. Matthew's Church, Etruria	Stafford	„ „	250	–	–
Darlaston, St. George's Church	- ditto	28 „ „	250	–	–
Ditto (additional Grant)	-	12 June 1849	50	–	–
Ashton-under-Lyne, St. John's Church, Hurst	Lancaster	24 Nov. 1846	250	–	–
Whalley, All Saints Church, Burnley	- ditto	„ „	150	–	–
Coventry, St. John, St. Thomas's Church	Warwick	„ „	230	–	–
Stockport, Portwood	Chester	„ „	300	–	–
Ditto - St. Mark's Church, Dukinfield	- ditto	„ „	250	–	–
Dewsbury, St. Matthew's Church, West Town	York	„ „	250	–	–
Halifax, Mytholm Royd	- ditto	8 Dec. „	300	–	–
Davenham, Danebridge	Chester	„ „	150	–	–
Llangonoyd, Maestog	Glamorgan	9 Feb. 1847	100	–	–
Bury, St. John's Church, Shuttleworth	Lancaster	„ „	200	–	–
Whalley, Lumb	- ditto	„ „	300	–	–
Ilkestone, Cotmanhay	Derby	23 „ „	300	–	–
Middlewich, Minshull Vernon	Chester	9 March „	150	–	–
Stockport, St. Mark's Church, Bredbury	- ditto	23 „ „	250	–	–

(*continued*)

PARISH AND PLACE.	COUNTY.	When Grant made by the Church Commissioners.	Amount Granted or Expended.
			£. s. d.
Sheffield, Christ Church, Pitsmoor	York	23 March 1847	232 – –
Duffield, Milford	Derby	„ „	250 – –
Middlewich, Byley	Chester	13 April „	75 – –
Great Budworth, Antrobus	- ditto	„ „	80 – –
Kenwyn with St. Kea, Baldhu	Cornwall	27 „ „	200 – –
Long Benton, Walker	Northumberland	„ „	150 – –
Manchester, Christ Church, Denton	Lancaster	11 May „	250 – –
Sheffield, Eldon	York	8 June „	200 – –
Ditto (additional Grant)	- - - - -	25 Jan. 1848	50 – –
Earsdon, Sighill	Northumberland	8 June 1847	200 – –
Pontefract, East Knottingley	York	„ „	200 – –
Eglwysilan, Newbridge (in addition to 414*l.* 4*s.* 9*d.* granted before the commencement of this Return.)	Glamorgan	22 „ „	5 5 –
Whitby, Baxtergate (in addition to 650*l.* granted before the commencement of this Return.)	York	„ „	100 – –
Duffield, Christ Church, Bridgehill	Derby	13 July „	200 – –
Wolverhampton, St. Luke's Church, Bilston	Stafford	„ „	300 – –
Islington, St. Mary; Christ Church, Highbury	Middlesex	9 Nov. „	50 – –
Bristol, St. Philip and St. Jacob; St. Jude's Church	Gloucester	23 „ „	250 – –
Ditto (additional Grant)	- - - -	14 March 1848	25 – –
Darlington, St. John's Church	Durham	14 Dec. 1847	150 – –
Merthyr Tydvil (in addition to 1,150*l.* granted before the commencement of this Return).	Glamorgan	„ „	53 13 2
Penrith	Cumberland	11 Jan. 1848	50 – –
St. Austell, Charlestown	Cornwall	„ „	250 – –
Wolverhampton, St. Mark's Church	Stafford	22 Feb. „	250 – –
St. Austell, Treverbyn	Cornwall	14 March „	150 – –
Wolverhampton, St. Matthew's Church	Stafford	„ „	300 – –
Aston-juxta-Birmingham, Saltley	Warwick	„ „	300 – –
Bradford, Oxenhope	York	28 „ „	250 – –
Halifax, St. Michael's Church, Shelf	- ditto	11 April „	250 – –
Tipton, Ocker Hill	Stafford	„ „	250 – –
Bradford, St. Matthew's Church, Bankfoot	York	9 May „	200 – –
Chester-le-Street, St. John's Church, Birtley	Durham	„ „	200 – –
Cadoxton-juxta-Neath, Shewen	Glamorgan	„ „	125 – –
Stoke Dameral, St. James's Church, Devonport	Devon	23 „ „	400 – –
Northampton, St. Giles; St. Edmund's Church	Northampton	13 June „	250 – –
Lowton, Golborne	Lancaster	„ „	200 – –
Bradford, Eccleshill (in addition to 1,100*l.* 6*s.* 11*d.* granted before the commencement of this Return).	York	9 May „	13 18 –
West Ham, Christ Church, Marsh District	Essex	11 July „	300 – –
Ditto (additional Grant)	- - - - -	27 March 1849	50 – –
Wolverhampton, Trinity Church, Willenhall	Stafford	11 July 1848	245 – –
St. Breage, Godolphin	Cornwall	„ „	220 – –
Lanchester, St. Cuthbert's Church, Benfieldside	Durham	„ „	200 – –
St. Pancras, Trinity Church, Hartland-road, Haverstock Hill.	Middlesex	25 „ „	400 – –
Hackney, Homerton (in addition to 1,000*l.* granted before the commencement of this Return).	- ditto	14 Nov. „	50 10 –
Wendron, Carnmenellis	Cornwall	„ „	150 – –
Rochdale, Healey	Lancaster	„ „	150 – –
St. Agnes, Mount Hawke	Cornwall	„ „	150 – –
Leeds, St. Matthew's Church, Little London	York	„ „	200 – –
Leeds, All Saints' Church	- ditto	„ „	300 – –
Kennington, St. Barnabas' Church, Wandsworth-road	Surrey	9 Jan. 1849	150 – –
Ditto (additional Grant)	- ditto	12 June „	50 – –
Wolstanton, Chesterton	Stafford	9 Jan. „	150 – –
Stoke Dameral, St. Paul's Church, Devonport	Devon	27 Feb. „	350 – –
Gravesend, St. James's Church	Kent	„ „	300 – –
Sheffield, St. Jude's Church Moorfields	York	13 March 1849	300 – –
Ditto (additional Grant)	- - - -	26 April - 1853	50 – –
Deptford, St. Paul; St. James's Church, Hatcham	Kent	27 March 1849	400 – –
Frodsham, Kingsley	Chester	„ „	150 – –
Llanelly, St. Paul's Church	Carmarthen	„ „	250 – –
Prestwich, Rooden-lane	Lancaster	24 April „	200 – –
Chorley, St. Peter's Church	- ditto	„ „	250 – –
Birstall, St. Mary's Church, Gomersal	York	22 May „	180 – –
Kensington, St. Mary's Church, West Brompton	Middlesex	„ „	85 – –
Rotherhithe, St. Paul's Church, Globe-street	Surrey	12 June „	150 – –

PARISH AND PLACE.	COUNTY.	When Grant made by the Church Commissioners.	Amount Granted or Expended.
			£. s. d.
Bedwelty, Tredegar, Ebbw Vale	Monmouth	10 July 1849	250 – –
Hales Owen, Langley	Worcester	„ „	150 – –
Abingdon, St. Helen's	Berks	„ „	250 – –
Birmingham, St. Martin, St. Jude's Church	Warwick	„ „	500 – –
Liverpool, Bevington	Lancaster	24 „ „	300 – –
St. Wollas, Newport; Trinity Church, Pilgwenlly	Monmouth	„ „	250 – –
West Derby, St. Stephen's Church, Edgehill	Lancaster	„ „	300 – –
Whalley, Musbury	- ditto	13 Nov. „	200 – –
Stoke Dameral, St. Mary's Church, Devonport	Devon	„ „	350 – –
Gresford, Gwersyllt	Denbigh	11 Dec. „	150 – –
Hart, Hartlepool	Durham	„ „	250 – –
Lewisham, Christ Church, Forest Hill	Kent	„ „	140 –
Prestwich, St. Saviour's Church, Ringley	Lancaster	12 Feb. 1850	200 – –
Croydon, St. Peter's Church, South End	Surrey	26 „ „	250 – –
Edmonton, St. James's Church, Upper Edmonton	Middlesex	12 March „	100 – –
St. Pancras, St. Mark's Church, Albert-road	- ditto	„ „	250 – –
Ditto - St. Matthew's Church, Bedford New Town	- ditto	„ „	300 – –
Ditto - St. Luke's Church, King's Cross	- ditto	9 April „	300 – –
Bishop Stortford, All Saints Church, Hockeril	Hertford	23 „ „	160 – –
St. Just, Pendeen	Cornwall	14 May „	200 – –
Dewsbury, South Ossett	York	„ „	200 – –
Stoke Dameral, St. Stephen's Church, Devonport	Devon	„ „	250 – –
St. Andrew, Holborn; St. Peter's Church, Saffron-hill (in addition to 16,218 *l.* 16 *s.* 9 *d.* granted before the commencement of this Return).	Middlesex	28 „ „	98 14 9
Stockport, Marple	Chester	„ „	200 – –
Camborne, Penponds	Cornwall	„ „	150 – –
Lambeth, St. Thomas's District	Surrey	11 June „	500 – –
Forest of Dean, Holy Jesus Church, Lydbrook	Gloucester	„ „	100 – –
West Ham, Emanuel Church, Forest Gate	Essex	„ „	125 – –
Keighley, St. Mary's Church, Eastwood	York	„ „	100 – –
Ditto - - - (additional Grant)	- - -	25 „ „	100 – –
Ditto - - - (ditto)	- - -	9 July „	30 – –
Wolverhampton, St. Stephen's Church, Willenhall	Stafford	„ „	300 – –
St. Agnes, Mithian	Cornwall	12 Nov. „	170 – –
Aberdare, St. Elvan's Church	Glamorgan	„ „	250 – –
Wolverhampton, Wednesfield Heath	Stafford	„ „	220 – –
Calverley, St. Paul, Pudsey	York	„ „	200 – –
Banbury, Christ Church, South Banbury	Oxford	26 „ „	250 – –
Ditto - - - (additional Grant)	- - -	10 Dec. „	100 – –
Bradford, Clayton (in addition to 1,000 *l.* granted before the commencement of this Return).	York	„ „	30 18 –
Bridport	Dorset	„ „	200 – –
Newington, St. Mary, St. Paul's Church	Surrey	„ „	750 – –
Manchester, St. Mark's Church, Hulme	Lancaster	„ „	250 – –
Cheltenham, St. Luke's Church, Sandford	Gloucester	„ „	250 – –
Abingdon, St. Helen, Sandford	Berks	„ „	60 – –
Ditto - ditto - Shippon and North Court	- ditto	„ „	75 – –
Leeds, St. Michael's Church, Burlingthorpe	York	14 Jan. 1851	300 – –
Prestwich-cum-Oldham, Wernith	Lancaster	„ „	100 – –
Ditto (additional Grant)	- - -	12 April „	25 – –
Bishopwearmouth, Hendon	Durham	11 March „	150 – –
Skipton, Embsay	York	25 „ „	150 – –
Islington, St. Paul's District, St. Matthew's Church	Middlesex	8 April „	50 – –
Aberdare, St. Fagan's Church	Glamorgan	13 May „	200 – –
Plymouth, Charles; St. John's Church, Sutton-on-Plym	Devon	„ „	300 – –
Croydon, St. Mark's Church	Surrey	„ „	100 – –
Merthyr Tydvil, Pont-y-Rhun	Glamorgan	27 „ „	100 – –
Holywell, Brynford	Flint	10 June „	125 – –
Ruabon, Rhos Llanerchrugog	Denbigh	24 „ „	200 – –
Birmingham, St. Martin; St. John's Church, Ladywood	Warwick	8 July „	267 – –
Stoke-upon-Trent, Edensor	Stafford	„ „	300 – –
Ditto, Wellington	- ditto	„ „	200 – –
Halifax, Barkisland	York	„ „	150 – –
Llantrisant, St. David's Church, Rhondda Valley	Glamorgan	11 Nov. „	60 – –

(*continued*)

PARISH AND PLACE.	COUNTY.	When Grant made by the Church Commissioners.	Amount Granted or Expended. £. s. d.
Stoke Newington, St. Matthias' Church	Middlesex	11 Nov. 1851	175 – –
Ditto, ditto (additional Grant)	–	10 Feb. 1852	75 – –
King's Norton, St. Paul's Church, Balsall Heath	Worcester	11 Nov. 1851	300 – –
Limehouse, St. John's Church	Middlesex	„ „	400 – –
Blackburn, All Saints Church	Lancaster	25 „ „	200 – –
Sheffield, Brightside	York	9 Dec. „	100 – –
Leeds, St. Stephen's Church, Burmantofts	- ditto	„ „	200 – –
Ditto, St. Thomas, Leylands	- ditto	„ „	350 – –
Ditto, St. Jude's Church, Pottery Field	- ditto	„ „	300 – –
Islington, Trinity District; St. Andrew's Church, Thornhill-square.	Middlesex	„ „	350 – –
Kelloe, Coxhoe	Durham	27 Jan. 1852	250 – –
Woolwich, Trinity Church	Kent	24 Feb. „	10 – –
Carmarthen, St. Peter	Carmarthen	18 May „	300 – –
Leeds, New Wortley	York	„ „	350 – –
Bradford, Bradford Moor	- ditto	„ „	200 – –
Watford, All Saints Church, Levesden	Hertford	„ „	125 – –
Barking	Essex	„ „	250 – –
Westminster, St. John; Trinity Church, Besborough Gardens.	Middlesex	„ „	10 – –
Croydon, Christ Church, Broad Green	Surrey	25 „ „	10 – –
Madeley, Coalbrooke Dale	Salop	„ „	10 – –
Halifax, Christ Church, Mountpellon	York	„ „	125 – –
Wolstanton, Knutton Heath	Stafford	„ „	100 – –
Rochdale, Wardle	Lancaster	8 June „	160 – –
Milton next Gravesend	Kent	22 „ „	125 – –
Sheffield, St. Matthew's Church, Carver-street	York	„ „	200 – –
West Bromwich, Christ Church, Greets Green	Stafford	„ „	300 – –
Hammersmith	Middlesex	„ „	250 – –
Durham, Giles Gate, Belmont	Durham	„ „	180 – –
Kensington, St. John	Middlesex	6 July „	10 – –
Aberystwith, St. Michael's Church, Abertilery	Monmouth	„ „	125 – –
Alfreton, Somercotes	Derby	„ „	10 – –
Llanllechid	Carnarvon	9 Nov. „	300 – –
Wakefield, St. Mary's Church	York	„ „	300 – –
Islington, St. John's District; St. Mark's Church, Tollington Park.	Middlesex	„ „	210 – –
Holyhead, St. Seiriol's Church, Maescaled	Anglesey	23 „ „	185 – –
St. Ives, Halsetown	Cornwall	„ „	150 – –
St. Marylebone, Christ Church District; St. Matthew's Church, Portman Market.	Middlesex	„ „	10 – –
Aberystwith, Nantyglo	Monmouth	7 Dec. 1852	100 – –
Brixton, St. John's Church, Angell Town	Surrey	„ „	10 – –
Prestwich-cum-Oldham, St Matthew, Chadderton	Lancaster	8 March 1853	100 – –
Southampton, St. Mary, Northam	Southampton	26 April „	175 – –
Chatham, St. Paul's Church	Kent	„ „	300 – –
Harborne, St. Matthew's Church, Smethwick	Stafford	„ „	125 – –
Merthyr Tydvil, Cyfartha	Glamorgan	„ „	250 – –
Knaresborough	York	„ „	300 – –
Wirksworth, St. James's Church, Idridgehay	Derby	„ „	50 – –
Winchester, St. Maurice, Trinity Church	Southampton	„ „	300 – –
Southampton, St. Mary, St. Luke's Church, Newtown	- ditto	24 May „	250 – –
Birmingham, St. George, St. Mathias's Church	Warwick	„ „	380 – –
St. Marylebone, St. Mary, Nutford-place	Middlesex	„ „	10 – –
Greenwich, St. John's Church, Blackheath	Kent	„ „	10 – –
Leeds, St. Barnabas' Church, Brewery-field	York	14 June „	250 – –
Sheffield, Holliscroft	- ditto	„ „	180 – –
Wath-upon-Dearne, Christ Church, Brampton Bierlow	- ditto	28 „ „	125 – –
Wrexham	Denbigh	„ „	300 – –
Isleworth	Middlesex	„ „	10 – –
Plumstead	Kent	8 Nov. „	110 – –
Lee, Christ Church, Lee Park	- ditto	„ „	5 – –
Hove, St. John's Church	Sussex	22 „ „	5 – –
Kenwyn, St. George's Church, Truro	Cornwall	9 May 1854	100 – –
Stratford-on-Avon, St. James the Great Church	Warwick	„ „	80 – –
Bristol, St. Paul, St. Clement's Church	Gloucester	„ „	100 – –
Prescott, St. Helen	Lancaster	„ „	100 – –
Ditto - additional grant	–	8 May 1855	50 – –
Mynyddysllwyn, Penmaen	Monmouth	9 May 1854	70 – –
Stockport, St. Matthew's Church, Edgeley	Chester	„ „	100 – –

PARISH AND PLACE.	COUNTY.	When Grant made by the Church Commissioners.	Amount Granted or Expended.
			£. s. d.
Stockport (additional Grant)	- - - - -	8 April - 1856	50 – –
York, St. Olave, St. Thomas's Church, Groves	York - - -	9 May - 1854	50 – –
Sheffield, St. Luke's Church, Dyer's Hill	- ditto - - -	„ „	100 – –
Llanbeblig, Carnarvon	Carnarvon - -	„ „	100 – –
Rochdale, St. Alban's Church, Pinfold	Lancaster - -	„ „	100 – –
Warwick, St. Nicholas, Emscote	Warwick - -	„ „	80 – –
Basford, Cinder Hill	Nottingham - -	23 „ „	100 – –
Plymouth, St. Andrew, St. James's Church	Devon - - -	13 June „	100 – –
Mansfield	Nottingham - -	27 „ „	100 – –
Paddington, Christ Church, Craven Hill	Middlesex - -	„ „	10 – –
Ditto, St. Stephen's Church, Westbourne Park	- ditto - - -	11 July „	10 – –
Basford, New Basford	Nottingham - -	„ „	100 – –
Bolton-le-Moors, St. James's Church, Brightmet, Tonge	Lancaster - -	„ „	75 – –
Islington, St. Paul's District, St. Jude's Church, Mildmay Park.	Middlesex - -	„ „	250 – –
Streatham, St. Mary's Church, Balham	Surrey - - -	14 Nov. „	10 – –
Kennington, Christ Church, Brixton Road	- ditto - - -	9 Jan. - 1855	5 – –
Islington, St. Mary, St. Philip's Church, Arlington Square	Middlesex - -	23 „ „	250 – –
Paddington, St. Saviour's Church	- ditto - - -	27 March „	5 – –
Shoreditch, Haggerstone	- ditto - - -	„ „	5 – –
Ditto - additional grant	- - - - -	24 July „	195 – –
Poplar, Isle of Dogs	Surrey - - -	24 April „	5 – –
Lambeth, St. John, Waterloo Road, St. Andrew's Church	- ditto - - -	„ „	230 – –
Eccles, Paddington	Lancaster - -	22 May „	220 – –
Astbury, St. Stephen's Church, Congleton	Chester - - -	12 June „	150 – –
Richmond	Surrey - - -	„ „	5 – –
Burton-upon-Trent, Christ Church District, Branstone	Stafford - - -	26 „ „	80 – –
Swansea	Glamorgan - -	„ „	85 – –
Chesterfield, Newbold	Derby - - -	24 July „	80 – –
Kensington, St. John, St. Peter's Church	Middlesex - -	13 Nov. „	5 – –
Liverpool, Vauxhall	Lancaster - -	13 Dec. „	200 – –
Andover, Smannel	Southampton - -	10 Jan. - 1856	50 – –
Ditto - Wildhern	- ditto - - -	„ „	50 – –
Whitby, St. Michael's Church	York - - -	„ „	150 – –
Islington, Lower Holloway, St. Luke's Church	Middlesex - -	26 Feb. „	200 – –
Hampstead, St. Saviour's Church, Haverstock Hill	- ditto - - -	11 March „	5 – –
Silkstone, St. John's Church, Barnsley	York - - -	8 April „	200 – –

Church Commissioners' Office,
30 May 1856.

Tho. Beachcroft, Secretary.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

RETURN of Sums Granted by the Secretary-at-War in Aid of the Erection of Churches and Schools, or that have been Expended for such Purposes, within the last Ten Years.

DATE OF AUTHORITY.	PARTICULARS AND LOCALITY.	DONATIONS TO CHURCHES.	DONATIONS TO SCHOOLS.
		£. s. d.	
16 July 1845	In aid of the erection of District Church, St. John's Wood	500 – –	- nil.
21 May 1846 (111,700–Canterbury–76.)	In aid of the erection of a new Church at Canterbury, contiguous to the Barracks	500 – –	
16 August 1854. (17978–75.)	In aid of the erection of a new Church at Mahebourgh, Mauritius	600 – –	
	£.	1,600 – –	

War Department,
30 May 1856.

G. C. Munby.

RETURN of Sums Granted by the Ordnance Department in Aid of the Erection of Churches and Schools, or that have been Expended for such Purposes, within the last Ten Years.

DATE OF AUTHORITY.	PARTICULARS AND LOCALITY.	Donations to Churches. £. s. d.	Donations to Schools. £. s. d.	Subscriptions to Schools. £. s. d.
20 Oct. 1855 - (A-1878)	In aid of erection of a new Church at Pembroke Dock	30 – –	—	
12 Sept. 1845 - (P-2470)	In aid of National School at Avely, Purfleet	- - -	10 – –	—
8 April 1846 - (P-2264)	In aid of School at Alverstoke	- - -	10 – –	—
9 Jan. 1847 - (T-3)	In aid of All Saints Church, St. John's Wood	500 – –	—	
12 Feb. 1847 - (E-229)	In aid of establishing an Evening School at Portsmouth, at 10*l.* per annum, 10 years	- - -	- - -	100 – –
23 Aug. 1847 - (E-2526)	In aid of a Mechanics' Library at Enfield	- - -	10 – –	—
19 May 1848 - (P-2562)	In aid of Schools at Wimmering and Widley, near Portsmouth	- - -	10 – –	—
26 Feb. 1849 - (P-2335)	In aid of lighting and repairing St. Thomas Church, Portsea	5 – –	—	
16 Sept. 1850 - (P-2652)	In aid of School at Purfleet, at 15*l.* per annum, six years	- - -	- - -	90 – –
18 Jan. 1854 - (T-5)	In aid of Church at Plumstead	100 – –	—	
14 Aug. 1854 - (T-551)	In aid of Church at Chatham	100 – –	—	
26 Sept. 1854 - (T-680)	Land at Shooter's Hill, Woolwich, granted for a site for a Church, 0.365; value about 300*l.*	—		
8 Jan. 1855 - (T-1)	In aid of Scotch Church, Queenstown	100 – –	—	
12 Sept. 1855 - (P-2470)	In aid of School at Purfleet	- - -	10 – –	—
19 Oct. 1855 - (T-710)	In aid of School at Plumstead	- - -	1,000 – –	—
9 Aug. 1850 - (W-1535) and 12 Jan. 1856 - (Z-233-1)	Allowance to School at Waltham Abbey, increased from 15*l.* to 30*l.* per annum	- - -	- - -	120 – –
	£.	835 – –	1,050 – –	310 – –

Accountant-General's Office, War Department,
Pall Mall, 23 May 1856.

Henry Smith.

WOODS AND FORESTS.

RETURN by the COMMISSIONERS of Her Majesty's WOODS, FORESTS, and LAND REVENUES, of all SUMS which have been Granted within the last Ten Years, in Aid of the ERECTION of CHURCHES, or have been Expended for such Purposes, stating in each Case the Particulars; namely, the Locality and Date, and the Amount of the Sum Granted or Expended.

DATE of PAYMENT.	LOCALITY: COUNTY.	LOCALITY: PARISH or DISTRICT.	Amount Granted or Expended: In Aid of the Erection of New Churches.	Amount Granted or Expended: In Aid of the Restoration or Repair of Existing Churches.	OBSERVATIONS.
ENGLAND:			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
28 May 1849	Berks	Winkfield	30 – –	– – –	A portion of this contribution was applicable to the erection of a Parsonage House.
31 Mar. 1856	Devon	Exmoor	1,815 4 11	– – –	Under the provisions of the Act for the disafforestation of Exmoor Forest (55 Geo. 3, c. 138). the cost of erecting a Church and Parsonage is imposed upon the Land Revenue: the total estimated outlay is 2,972*l.* 6*s.*, about two-fifths of which are applicable to the Church, and the residue to the Parsonage. The sum inserted in the first column is the amount which has been advanced to the contractor up to the 31st March last.
14 Sept. 1846	Dorset	Motcombe	– – –	40 – –	
12 Mar. 1849	Gloucester	Cinderford	– – –	310 13 2	This sum was invested in the purchase of 333*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* 3 per Cent. Consols, and the dividends are made applicable to the repairs of the Church, under the Act 5 & 6 Vict. c. 65.
Nov. – 1851	– ditto	Lydbrook	250 – –	—	
15 June 1853	– ditto	Mitcheldean	– – –	100 – –	
31 May 1848	Hants	Soberton	100 – –	– – –	A portion of this contribution was applicable to the erection of a Parsonage House.
7 Nov. 1854	– ditto	Netley	50 – –	—	
30 June 1855	– ditto	Fordingbridge	50 – –	—	
8 Feb. 1856	– ditto	Boldre	20 – –	—	
11 Aug. 1854	Kent	Lee	50 – –	—	
5 Aug. 1846	Lancaster	Aldingham	– – –	30 – –	
1 Aug. 1849	– ditto	Tower	– – –	20 – –	
16 Nov. 1846	Lincoln	Langton	50 – –	—	
12 Dec. 1850	– ditto	Whaplode	– – –	30 – –	
22 Mar. 1846	Middlesex	Marylebone, Portland Town, Regent's Park.	20 – –	—	
29 April 1846	– ditto	Marylebone, St. Andrews, Well's-street, Oxford street.	200 – –	—	

(continued)

DATE of PAYMENT.	LOCALITY: COUNTY.	LOCALITY: PARISH or DISTRICT.	Amount Granted or Expended: In Aid of the Erection of New Churches.	Amount Granted or Expended: In Aid of the Restoration or Repair of Existing Churches.	OBSERVATIONS.
ENGLAND—*continued.*			£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
10 Aug. 1846	Middlesex -	St. Martin's-in-the-Fields, Westminster, St. Matthew's, and Tavistock Chapel.	- - -	50 - -	
30 April 1849	- ditto - -	St. Margaret, Westminster, Knightsbridge.	150 - -	—	
16 Jan. 1850	- ditto - -	St. Pancras, Christchurch.	300 - -	—	
25 Mar. 1850	- ditto - -	Isleworth - -	10 - -	—	
7 Feb. 1851	- ditto - -	Liberty of the Rolls, St. Thomas' Church.	- - -	10 - -	
26 Aug. 1852	- ditto - -	Marylebone, Margaret-street, Cavendish-square.	- - -	250 - -	
5 Sept. 1855	- ditto - -	St. Margaret, Westminster, Palmer's Village.	100 - -	—	
20 Dec. 1847	Norfolk - -	Stokeferry - -	- - -	100 - -	
10 April 1848	- ditto - -	- ditto - - -	- - -	50 - -	
23 April 1849	Northampton -	Potterspury - -	- - -	20 - -	
1 July 1850	- ditto - -	Hartwell - -	50 - -	—	
15 April 1850	Oxford - -	Beckly - - -	- - -	15 - -	
10 April 1848	Sussex - -	Selsey - - -	- - -	15 - -	
24 Aug. 1846	York - -	Sutton-on-Derwent -	- - -	20 - -	
WALES:					
27 Oct. 1850	Denbigh - -	Rhuabon-Rhosllanerchrygog.	25 - -	—	
SCOTLAND:					
31 Oct. 1849	Fife - - -	St. Andrew's - -	- - -	84 - -	
IRELAND:					
21 Jan. 1850	Dublin - -	Chapelizod, Roman Catholic Chapel.	50 - -	—	
ISLE OF MAN:					
13 Oct. 1847	Douglas - -	St. Thomas's Church	150 - -	- - -	A portion of each of these contributions was applicable to the erection of a Parsonage House.
10 April 1848	- ditto - -	- ditto - - -	100 - -	- - -	
20 May 1850	Onchan - -	- ditto - - -	- - -	21 13 9	
2 Nov. 1852	Maroun - -	- ditto - - -	150 - -	—	
23 July 1853	Lonan - -	Laxey Glen - -	200 - -	—	
20 Dec. 1855	Bishopscourt -	Cathedral Chapel -	250 - -	—	

Note.—The several contributions detailed in the foregoing Return were made in consideration of the landed property belonging to Her Majesty in the several parishes or districts specified.

Office of Woods, &c.,
18 July 1856.

Charles Gore,
James Howard,
Commissioners of Her Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues.

CUSTOMS, UNITED KINGDOM.

RETURN of all Sums which have been Granted within the last Ten Year sin Aid of the Erection of Churches, or have been Expended for such Purposes, stating in each Case the Particulars; viz., the Locality and Date, and the Amount of the Sums Granted or Expended in each Year respectively.

Year of Payment.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT. £.	s.	d.
1846 - -	Remaining moiety in aid of the funds for building a Church at Milton (Treasury Order, 24 February 1846).	150	–	–
„ - -	Towards rebuilding the Parish Church at Fairlight, Sussex (Treasury Order, 30 December 1844).	40	–	–
„ - -	Towards rebuilding and enlarging St. Osmund Church, Osmington, Dorset (Treasury Order, 23 May 1845).	30	–	–
1848 - -	In aid of fund for building a new Church at Middleton, Littlehampton, Sussex (Treasury Order, 10 May 1844).	50	–	–
1849 - -	Towards repairing the Parish Church at Cushendon, Coleraine (Treasury Order, 20 July 1849).	6	–	–
„ - -	Towards repairing St. George's Church, Portland, Dorset (Treasury Order, 18 June 1849).	40	–	–
1850 - -	Towards repairing the Parish Church at Felpham, Sussex (Treasury Order, 8 April 1850).	35	–	–
„ - -	Towards erecting a Church at Dengie, Essex (Treasury Order, 4 April 1850).	35	–	–
„ - -	Towards repairs of Canvey Island Chapel (Treasury Order, 25 May 1850).	30	–	–
„ - -	Towards erecting a Church at Rye Harbour, Sussex (Treasury Order, 20 September 1850).	30	–	–
1853 - -	Towards enlarging the Parish Church at Newhaven, Sussex (Treasury Order, 16 September 1853).	50	–	–
1854 - -	Ditto - - ditto - - 28 November 1854 - - -	30	–	–
„ - -	Towards the enlargement of the Church at Eastbourne, Sussex (Treasury Order, 18 May 1853).	50	–	–
1855 - -	Towards erecting the Church at Plymstock, Devon (Treasury Order, 21 February 1855).	50	–	–
„ - -	Towards repairing the Church of St. John the Baptist at Trimmingham, Norfolk (Treasury Order, 14 December 1854).	35	–	–
1856 - -	Towards enlarging the Church at Rottingdean, Sussex (Treasury Order, 10 May 1854).	60	–	–

Office of Comptroller-General, Custom House, London, 10 June 1856.

E. Arnaud, Comptroller-General.

CHURCHES AND SCHOOLS.

RETURN of all Sums which have been Granted by any Public Department of the Government within the last Ten Years, in Aid of the Erection of Churches or Schools, or have been Expended by such Departments for such Purposes, stating in each Case the Particulars; namely, the Locality and Date, and the Amount of the Sum Granted or Expended.

(*Marquis of Blandford.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
23 *July* 1856.

387. *Under 2 oz.*

CRIMINOUS CLERKS.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 4 April 1856;—*for*,

"RETURN of all Cases concerning the Correction of Criminous Clerks in Holy Orders, in which Commissions have Issued in *England*, with the Report of such Commissions, and of all Causes Tried in the Arches Court of *Canterbury*, and in the Appellate Court of *York*:"

"And, like Return from all the Ecclesiastical Courts of *Ireland*, during the Period elapsing from the 1st day of January 1846 to the 1st day of January 1856, both inclusive."

(*Mr. Robert Phillimore.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
26 *July* 1856.

ARCHES COURT OF CANTERBURY.

A RETURN of all CASES concerning the Correction of CRIMINOUS CLERKS in HOLY ORDERS, Tried in the Arches Court of *Canterbury* within the last Ten Years.

Name of the Suit.	With what Offence Charged.	When Instituted.	Result of Suit.	Whether any Commission Issued.
The Office of the Judge promoted by—				
Burder *v.* Williams -	Drunkenness - - - - -	23 April 1846	The party promoting gave articles, but on 8th February 1847 he declared he proceeded no further.	No Commission.
Thorpe *v.* Whish - -	For ordering to be read in the parish church of Bedminster during Divine Service a protest against the office and authority of the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol within the said parish, and affixing the said protest on one of the doors of the said church.	15 July 1846	No articles exhibited, and on 29th December 1846, nothing being prayed, the cause was dismissed.	No Commission.
Burder *v.* Mavor - -	For holding two benefices with cure of souls without dispensation.	21 June 1847	Sentence signed 11th January 1848, that the perpetual curacy of Forest Hill was void.	No Commission.
Freeland *v.* Neale - -	For publicly reading prayers, &c. without licence, and contrary to an inhibition.	3 Nov. 1847	3d June 1848, admonished to abstain from offending in future.	No Commission.
Burder *v.* Edwards -	Intoxication - - - - -	23 Dec. 1848	No articles were given in, and on 2d May 1849 nothing prayed.	Commission.
Cooper *v.* Dodd - -	Refusing to bury a corpse after notice and warning given.	31 Jan. 1849	23d April 1850, suspended for three months.	No Commission.
Alston *v.* King - -	For holding two benefices with cure of souls without dispensation.	1 May 1849	Letters of Request were presented and filed, but no process issued.	No Commission.
Madan *v.* Karr - -	Cursing and swearing, lewd and indecent conversation.	8 Nov. 1849	3d May 1851, admonished to be more circumspect for the future.	No Commission.
Hodgson *v.* Gladstone -	Preaching and reading prayers in an unconsecrated building, commonly called Long Acre Chapel, without licence.	27 Jan. 1852	10th June 1852, admonished to refrain from the like conduct in future.	No Commission.
Burder *v.* Nathan - -	Intoxication and immorality of conduct.	24 April 1852	23d April 1853, suspended for three years.	Commission.
Bishop of Hereford *against* Thompson.	For having harboured and kept at his vicarage, at Kington, one Harriet Sophia Augustine Maria Binkes, a notoriously lewd and unchaste woman.	20 Sept. 1852	The party cited appeared under protest, which, after argument, was sustained, and the party proceeded against was, on the 19th January 1853, dismissed.	Commission.
Burder *v.* Morton -	Publicly reading prayers, and performing other Divine offices, and preaching in divers churches without licence.	17 Feb. 1853	2d November 1853, admonished to refrain from the like conduct in future.	No Commission.
Burder *v.* Selmes - -	Brawling and smiting - - -	23 Aug. 1853	28th November 1853, admonished to refrain from the like conduct in future.	No Commission.
Johnson *v.* West - -	Drinking to excess, and undue familiarity with his servants, quarrelling and smiting, and habitually swearing.	18 May 1855	1st December 1855, suspended for two years.	No Commission.
Burder *v.* Pughe - -	Drunkenness - - - - -	20 Aug. 1855	29th November 1855, suspended for five years.	No Commission.

Wm. Townsend, Registrar.

APPELLATE COURT OF YORK.

A RETURN of all CASES concerning the Correction of CRIMINOUS CLERKS in HOLY ORDERS, Tried in the Appellate Court of *York* within the last Ten Years.

Date when Citation issued.	
30 July 1847. By Letters of Request from the Bishop of Ripon.	The office of the Judge promoted by John Burder, esq., against the Rev. Richard Hale, clerk, vicar of Harewood, in the diocese of Ripon, for irreverent and unseemly conduct in the pulpit before and during the time of preaching his sermon, and for quarrelling, chiding, and brawling in the parish church of Harewood aforesaid. 18th January 1849 sentence of suspension for six months, with costs given.
30 March 1848. By Letters of Request from the Bishop of Durham.	The office of the Judge promoted by Joseph Davidson, esq., against the Rev. Peter Penson, clerk, vicar of St. Oswald's, in the diocese of Durham, for irreverent and immoral conduct, by committing a lewd and indecent assault upon the person of William Oliver, in the parish church of St. Oswald's aforesaid. Proceedings discontinued 29th June 1848.
23 February 1854. By Letters of Request from the Bishop of Carlisle.	The office of the Judge promoted by George Gill Mounsey, esq., against the Rev. George Newby, clerk, perpetual curate of Boroughdale, in the parish of Crosthwaite, in the diocese of Carlisle, for drunkenness. 27th April 1854 defendant having submitted to the authority of his Bishop, proceedings were discontinued.
2 November 1854. By Letters of Request from the Bishop of Chester.	The office of the Judge promoted by John Myers, esq., against the Rev. Joseph Clark, clerk, curate of Sefton, in the diocese of Chester, for drunkenness. 10th July 1855 sentence given. Defendant dismissed.
2 November 1854. By Letters of Request from the Bishop of Carlisle.	The office of the Judge promoted by George Gill Mounsey, esq., against the Rev. Moses Hetherington, clerk, perpetual curate of Mungrisdale, in the diocese of Carlisle, for drunkenness. 7th December 1855 sentence of suspension for three years given against defendant, with costs.

There has not been any case against a clerk in holy orders appealed from any of the Diocesan Courts of the province of York, nor has there been any case against any such clerk within the diocese of York during the above period.

Archbishop's Registry, York, 11 April 1856.

Wm. Hudson, } Deputy
Jos. Buckle, } Registrars.

ECCLESIASTICAL COURTS, IRELAND.

RETURNS of all Cases concerning the Correction of Criminous Clerks in Holy Orders in which Commissions have issued in *Ireland*, with the Report of such Commissions, during the Period elapsing from the 1st January 1846 to 1st January 1856, both inclusive.

ARMAGH.

— None. —

19 April 1856. *Geo. Scott,* Registrar.

CLOGHER.

— None. —

21 April 1856. *Maurice Burnell,* Deputy Registrar.

MEATH.

— None. —

26 April 1856. *James W. Bourke,* Deputy Registrar.

DERRY.

— None. —

1 May 1856. *Jas. E. Nesbitt,* Registrar.

RAPHOE.

— None. —

13 May 1856. *William Wilson,* Deputy Registrar.

DOWN AND CONNOR.

We have no proceedings in Ireland similar to the practice in England of issuing Commissions for the correction of criminous clerks in holy orders, such matters being proceeded with here in the Consistory Courts of the several dioceses. In the strict sense of the word, we have had no proceedings against criminous clerks in holy orders in this diocese within the period referred to; I, however, append a return of such proceedings as have taken place against the clergy in this diocese within the time mentioned.

22 April 1856. *J. M. Higginson,* N. P. Deputy Registrar.

DIOCESE OF DOWN AND CONNOR.

DATE.	Name of Case.	Name of Clergyman.	Benefice and Rank.	Nature of Offence.	RESULT OF PROCEEDINGS. — REMARKS.
1842: April - -	Rev. W. D. Crommelin *v.* Rev. Henry Stewart.	Rev. Henry Stewart -	Carrowdore. Perpetual curate.	Refusing to administer the Lord's Supper to Mr. Crommelin, not having got notice from him of his intention to become a communicant.	Mr. Stewart was condemned in the costs of suit, and a monition served on him by the Lord Bishop to restrain him from pursuing such conduct in future.
1854: May - -	Lord Bishop *v.* Rev. W. K. Lynar.	Rev. William King Lynar.	Islandmagee. Rector.	None. Residence in his parish of Islandmagee.	A monition was served to compel residence, from which an appeal was had by Mr. Lynar to his Grace the Lord Primate. Appeal decided against him. He has now gone to reside near to his parish, with the consent and permission of Bishop.
July - -	Lord Bishop *v.* Rev. James Milligan.	Rev. James Milligan	Killaney. Vicar	Non-residence in his parish of Killaney.	A monition was served to compel residence. An explanation, deemed satisfactory, was given by Mr. Milligan, and the matter terminated.

22 April 1856.

J. M Higginson, N. P.,
Deputy Registrar.

DROMORE.

— None. —

26 April 1856.

Hugh Stewart,
Deputy Registrar.

KILMORE.

— None. —

15 May 1856.

R. Erskine, Registrar.

ELPHIN.

— None. —

24 April 1856.

Hugh J. Flynn,
Deputy Registrar.

ARDAGH.

— None. —

23 April 1856.

George Hearn, Registrar.

TUAM.

— None. —

21 April 1856.

B. J. Clarke,
Deputy Registrar.

KILLALA AND ACHONRY.

— None. —

Samuel Stork,
Registrar.

23 April 1856.

DUBLIN.

No Return received.

KILDARE.

No Return received.

OSSORY.

— None. —

Humphrey Semple, jun.,
Registrar.

24 April 1856.

FERNS.

The Lord Bishop of Ossory, Ferns, and Leighlin, *against* The Rev. Hugh Stewart.

Commission to inquire into alleged misconduct.

Proceedings still pending.

Thomas Kough,
Registrar.

3 May 1856.

LEIGHLIN.

— None. —

Thomas Kough,
Registrar.

3 May 1856.

CASHEL, EMLY, WATERFORD, AND LISMORE.

— None. —

James Lowrey Hickey.
Registrar.

19 April 1856.

CORK AND ROSS.

— None. —

William Bennett, Not. Pub.,
Deputy Registrar.

CLOYNE.

No Commission issued or Report made.

One case was tried in the Ecclesiastical Court against a clergyman for baptising a child without the consent of the clergyman of its parish.

William Rogers,
Registrar.

KILLALOE AND KILFENORA.

— None. —

29 April 1856. *Js. Hastings Allen*, Registrar.

CLONFERT AND KILMACDUAGH.

— None. —

22 April 1856. *John F. T. Crampton*, Registrar.

LIMERICK, ARDFERT, AND AGHADOE.

— None. —

19 April 1856. *Js. M'Mahon*, Registrar.

PREROGATIVE COURT.

— None. —

23 April 1856. *M. Keating*, *A. C. Hawkins*, } Deputy Registrars.

EXEMPT JURISDICTION OF NEWRY AND MORNE.

— None. —

22 April 1856. *Daniel Bagot*, Dean of Dromore.

SURROGATE PECULIAR JURISDICTION OF LISMORE.

— None. —

22 April 1856. *T. H. Meyrick*, Surrogate.

CRIMINOUS CLERKS.

RETURN of Cases concerning the Correction of Criminous Clerks in Holy Orders, in which Commissions have Issued in *England* and *Ireland*, from 1 January 1846 to 1 January 1856.

(*Mr. Robert Phillimore.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 26 *July* 1856.

411.

Under 1 *oz.*

NEW CHURCHES.

AN ACCOUNT of CHARGES and EXPENSES paid by Her Majesty's Commissioners in and about the Execution of the several Acts of Parliament for Building and promoting the Building of Additional CHURCHES in Populous Parishes, from the 25th March 1855 to the 25th March 1856.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
SALARIES (including the Income Tax on those liable to the same):		
Secretary, from 25th December 1854 to 25th December 1855 -	600 – –	
Surveyor - - ditto - - - ditto - -	700 – –	
Clerks - - - ditto - - - ditto - -	800 – –	
Office-keeper - - ditto - - - ditto - -	100 – –	
Ditto (Allowance for Two Servants) - - ditto - -	80 – –	
Messenger, from 27th December 1854 to 26th December 1855 -	65 – –	
Copying, from 22d March 1855 to 20th March 1856 - - -	89 10 10	
		2,434 10 10
RENT and TAXES:		
Rent, from 25th December 1854 to 25th December 1855 - -	233 17 1	
Taxes and Rates, from 25th March 1855 to 25th March 1856 -	79 14 2	
Cost of Lease of House - - - - - - - - -	18 16 4	
		332 7 7
Repairs during the year 1855 - - - - - - - -	- - -	23 11 7
Furnishing - ditto - - - - - - - - -	15 8 2	
Small Supplies in the House, from 25th March 1855 to 25th March 1856 - - - - - - - - - - -	12 11 2	
		27 19 4
Surveyor's Travelling Expenses, for the year 1855 - - - - - -		95 7 –
Coals, for the year 1855 - - - - - - - - - - - -		28 16 8
Candles - ditto - - - - - - - - - - - - -		16 5 –
Gazettes - ditto - - - - - - - - - - - - -		14 14 –
Stamps, Postage, Parcels, and sundry small Disbursements, from 25th March 1855 to 25th March 1856 - - - - - - - - - - -		33 18 7
Law Costs, from 1st April 1854 to 31st March 1855 - - - - - -		380 18 5
	£.	3,388 9 –

Church Commissioners' Office,
8 May 1856.

Thos. Beachcroft,
Secy.

NEW CHURCHES.

AN ACCOUNT of CHARGES and EXPENSES paid by Her Majesty's Commissioners in and about the Execution of the several Acts of Parliament for Building and promoting the Building of Additional CHURCHES in Populous Parishes, from the 25th March 1855 to the 25th March 1856.

(*Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
9 *May* 1856.

PLUMSTEAD PARISH.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 21 April 1856;—*for*,

A "COPY of MEMORIAL of the Archbishop of *Canterbury* and others to Lord *Panmure*, relative to the WANT of ACCOMMODATION for DIVINE WORSHIP in the Parish of *Plumstead*, and the Claims upon the Government to assist in providing for the MORAL WELFARE of its OPERATIVES; together with Copies of Applications of the Incumbent of *Plumstead* to the War Department upon the same Subject, in connection with Appendix 514 to Reports on Public Petitions."

War Department, May 1856.

F. PEEL.

MEMORIAL of the Archbishop of *Canterbury* and others, December 1855.

To the Right Honourable Lord *Panmure*, G.C.B., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the War Department.

THE undersigned would respectfully call your Lordship's attention to the present condition of the parish of Plumstead. Several thousand men and boys are now employed by Government in the Arsenal at Woolwich. The population of the parish of Plumstead, in which these people chiefly reside, and where the Arsenal is situated, has advanced, since the commencement of the war, from about 2,000 to 12,000.

Scarcely any provision at all has been made for the instruction, either on week-days or Sundays, of these people thus gathered suddenly together. The resources of the parish being quite inadequate to provide for so extraordinary an increase, the undersigned respectfully submit that it is the duty of the Government, as it is of every ordinary contractor or employer, to take care that during so extraordinary an emergency, the means of moral and religious instruction should not be wanting, either to their workpeople or their families. The undersigned would most earnestly impress upon your Lordship the necessity of giving this matter your immediate and most serious consideration, with a view to enable the incumbent of the parish to provide a remedy for this grievous state of things.

MEMORIAL to the Honourable Board of Ordnance.

THE population of the parish of Plumstead has augmented within a few years from little more than 1,000 to nearly 12,000. It consists almost entirely of the operatives of the Arsenal and their families. There is no middle class; I doubt if there is a single shopkeeper who pays income tax.

Schools are required for 1,000 children, and the estimated expense of their erection is 2,000 *l.*

It

It is in vain to look for such a sum within the parish, or from the landowners, who are either public companies or non-resident. I would, therefore, urge the Government, which is the largest landowner, and which has created the population, to contribute half the required amount; in which case I engage that the schools shall be immediately erected on approved plans, and with a constitution sanctioned by the authorities of the Arsenal, or by the Board of Ordnance.

I am, &c.

Bramblebury House, Plumstead, (signed) *W. Acworth.*
9 June 1855.

LETTER from the Rev. *W. Acworth* to Lord *Panmure.*

My Lord, Plumstead Vicarage, 23 October 1855.

I THINK it my duty to thank your Lordship for recommending to the Treasury my Memorial for assistance towards the erection of schools in this parish. You may think me too importunate if I again press our claims on your notice, but Sir Charles Trevelyan, in a recent interview, and Mr. Cowper, also, recommended me to lay our case before you.

Within a few years, owing to the augmentation of the Government works, our population has increased from 2,000 to 12,000, and perhaps no parish in England has such limited accommodation for religious worship. There is no middle class; probably not one shopkeeper paying income tax. The landowners are, without exception, non-resident, and generally consist of public bodies. The late vicar offered 1,500 *l.* towards the erection of a new church, and could only obtain in the parish the promise of 260 *l.* more, though the present building holds but 400, and is a mile and a half from the mass of the population. I brought these matters under Lord Raglan's notice in an interview I had with him soon after I became vicar of the parish, and the result was that the Lords of the Treasury made a grant of 100 *l.* for the erection of a new church, a sum which, as I told their Lordships, was so disproportioned to what might have been expected from the greatest landowners, and almost sole employers of labour in the parish, that I could only put it in the Bank, where it has lain ever since.

Your Lordship may probably ask whether considerable extraneous help might not be obtained. The Church Building Commissioners have offered 110 *l.*, stating that their funds are very nearly exhausted. The London Diocesan Society till recently confined their grants to the metropolis, and have now few or no funds at their command. The utmost to be expected from the Incorporated Society, now that the Queen's Letter is withheld, would be about 70 *l.* or 80 *l.*, and this under such conditions as not to be worth accepting. I know of no other quarter for help, unless I were to go through the country with a begging petition, leaving my congregation to be scattered, and my parish neglected. Begging letters have proved a complete failure except among my private friends, and many of them have expressed their surprise at being asked to provide for the religious instruction of Government operatives.

If the Lords of the Treasury will give me 2,000 *l.*, I will engage to raise 2,000 *l.* more, and without delay to erect a plain church, the benefit of which, will be almost exclusively confined to the labourers, artisans, and officers in the Government works. I do not ask one farthing from the Government, as a Government, but simply as landowners and employers; and my conviction is, that they would receive a very large return in the improved habits and affections of their operatives, and hitherto the labour of both juveniles and adults has been most excessive on the Lord's Day, as well as other days of the week, and not the slightest effort has been made for their improvement or welfare. May I therefore beg you, as a Christian man, to recommend our case again to the Lords of the Treasury. I should hope there may be no necessity to wait for further communications from the Board of Ordnance, as the authorities have already certified to the above state of things. At Waltham Abbey, with not a tithe of our claims, the Government have for years given 50 *l.* annually,

annually, to augment the salary of the clergyman, as well as 30 *l.* towards the maintenance of the schools, on the express ground of employing in their works so many of the parishioners. If we could only get both a church and schools, I have no doubt we could manage to provide ourselves with a reading-room and coffee-house, a lodging-house for young men, and perhaps a cricket ground, and thus offer some counterpoise to the too powerful attractions of the penny theatres, and the numerous beerhouses and ginshops.

When I tell your Lordship, that I am the nephew of the late James Oswald, of Auchincruive; that I have three certificated teachers from Scotland; and that the largest contributors in the parish to the proposed new church, are a Methodist and a Congregationalist, you will not suspect me of the intolerant spirit which characterises some sections of the Established Church.

I have, &c.
(signed) *W. Acworth.*

PLUMSTEAD PARISH.

COPY of MEMORIAL of the Archbishop of *Canterbury* and others to Lord *Panmure*, relative to the WANT of ACCOMMODATION for DIVINE WORSHIP in the Parish of *Plumstead*, and of Applications of the Incumbent of *Plumstead* to the War Department upon the same subject.

(*Marquis of Blandford.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
26 *May* 1856.

241.

Under 1 *oz.*

QUEEN ANNE'S BOUNTY.

AN ACCOUNT of all RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS by the GOVERNORS of QUEEN ANNE'S BOUNTY, during the Year ending on the 31st day of December 1854.

RECEIPTS:

	£. s. d.	CASH. £. s. d.
First Fruits and Tenths		14,224 18 7
Benefactions (exclusive of the value of Houses, Lands, and Stipends granted, and of 1,300 *l.* Bank Annuities transferred by Benefactors to the Governors) for the Augmentation of Livings		14,355 1 7
Free Gifts in favour of particular Benefices (exclusive of 500 *l.* Bank Annuities transferred to the Governors)	215 – –	
Casual Sums, chiefly Free Gifts, to make up Purchase Monies	673 7 7	
		888 7 7
Produce of Stock sold for General Purposes		21,872 3 3
Income from Capital. Dividends on Government Funds	28,016 18 2	
Ditto on Bank Annuities advanced on Mortgage	17,212 10 –	
Interest on Monies advanced on Mortgage to Build, &c. Residence Houses	29,408 11 6	
		74,637 19 8
Instalments, in part liquidation of Monies advanced on Mortgage (including 184 *l.* 9 *s.* 4 *d.* received from C. Shaw)		43,085 18 3
Endowment Trust Monies (exclusive of 20,394 *l.* 4 *s.* 5 *d.* Bank Annuities, transferred to the Governors)		10,326 11 1
Net Produce of Sales of Bounty Lands belonging to Benefices	23,866 19 6	
Old Buildings ditto	490 3 8	
Residence Houses ditto	1,193 – 6	
Lands conveyed to the Church Building Commissioners ditto	135 – –	
		25,685 3 8
Tithe Rent-charge Redemption Monies		885 1 –
Rent-charge, Lady Godolphin's Trust		99 9 –
	£.	206,060 13 8

DISBURSEMENTS:

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Paid to the Clergy. Interest and Dividends on Money and Stock appropriated to their Livings	57,794 13 10	
Ditto ditto produced by Sales of Bounty Lands	4,780 17 4	
Dividends on Stock belonging to Endowment Trusts	10,704 18 –	
Ditto „ to Tithe Redemption Trusts	380 16 6	
Ditto „ to School Sites Trust	1 12 10	
Ditto „ to Churches in Dean Forest	301 7 5	
Ditto produced by Sales of Old Buildings	539 14 11	
Ditto „ by Sales of Residence Houses	71 13 1	
Ditto „ by Conveyance of Land to Church Building Commissioners	62 1 9	
Ditto „ by Sale of Land to Railway Companies	75 10 3	
Ditto „ by Penalties for Non-residence	7 13 3	
On Account of Lady Godolphin's Rent-charge	99 16 –	
		74,820 15 2
Paid for Purchase – Of Houses, Lands, and Buildings, out of appropriated Money	5,840 8 10	
Of Ditto out of Produce of Sales of Residence Houses	371 12 5	
Of Tithe Rent-charge out of appropriated Money	1,950 – –	
Of Lands out of Endowment Trusts	1,019 15 9	
Of Houses and Lands out of Produce of Sales of Bounty Lands	1,738 10 4	
Of Ditto out of ditto of Old Buildings	1,175 18 3	
		12,096 5 7
Paid for the Erection of Residence Houses. Out of appropriated Money	23,037 9 6	
„ Endowment Trust Money	205 15 4	
„ Bounty Lands ditto	875 12 4	
„ Produce of Sales of Residence Houses	2,612 10 3	
		26,731 7 5
Loans on Mortgage to build, &c. Glebe Houses		48,796 6 11
Purchase of Stock for General Purposes		36,847 6 6
Salaries to the Secretary and Treasurer, to the Auditor, and to the Clerks, Messenger, and others		4,291 – –
Remuneration to Clerks and others for extra Services		360 15 –
Superannuation Annuities		240 – –
Annuities to Retired Officers of the late Offices of First Fruits and Tenths, per Treasury Warrant, 12th July 1839		362 10 –
Solicitor for Conveyance of Lands purchased, General Bill, Counsel's Fees, and Disbursements		754 4 10
Surveyor for examining Plans and Specifications of Parsonage Houses		141 3 –
House-rent, Repairs and Taxes, Stationery, Stamps, Postage, Printing, and other Disbursements		1,154 16 10
Dean and Chapter of St. Paul's, London, pursuant to Decree of Exchequer, 11th Elizabeth		15 16 1
	£.	206,612 7 4

Bounty Office,
30 November 1855.

Chris' Hodgson,
Treasurer.

FIRST FRUITS Due, or in Arrear.

	NAME OF BENEFICE.	DIOCESE.	DEANERY.	COUNTY.	AMOUNT. £. s. d.
R.	Burneston	Ripon	Catterick	York	35 8 6
R.	Hackney, West	London	-	Middlesex	10 16 6
R.	Ickleford	Rochester	Hitchin	Herts	9 – 6
R.	St. Mary in the Marsh	Canterbury	Lymme	Kent	22 13 10
R.	Ribbesford	Hereford	Burford	Worcester	26 19 9
V.	St. Wenn	Exeter	Pydre	Cornwall	16 10 6

First Fruits Office. *Chris^r Hodgson*, Receiver.

TENTHS Due, or in Arrear.

	NAME OF BENEFICE.	DIOCESE.	DEANERY.	COUNTY.	AMOUNT. £. s. d.
R.	Addington	Oxford	Bucks	Bucks	– 19 5
R.	St. Albans, Wood Street, with	London	-	City	1 13 4
R.	St. Olave, Silver Street				– 14 9
R.	Bridgham	Norwich	Rokeland	Norfolk	1 2 7
R.	Dittisham	Exeter	Totness	Devon	3 10 –
R.	East Worlingham	ditto	South Molton	ditto	– 16 1
R.	Grafton Underwood	Peterborough	Higham	Northampton	1 6 1
R.	Hackney, South	London	-	Middlesex	5 2 6
R.	Hackney, West	ditto	-	ditto	5 2 6
R.	Hampreston	Salisbury	Pimperne	Dorset	1 7 6
V.	Harmondsworth	London	-	Middlesex	1 4 6
V.	Hinckley	Peterborough	Sparkenhoe	Leicester	– 19 5
R.	Ickleford	Rochester	Hitchin	Herts	1 13 –
V.	Idsall	Lichfield	Newport	Salop	1 11 2
P.	Llarthne	St. David's	Llandillo	Carmarthen	1 10 6
P.	Archdeaconry of Cardigan, *alias* Llandyfriog	ditto	Under Ayron	Cardigan	3 13 –
R.	Llanfrynach	ditto	Third Part of Brecon	Brecon	– 9 6
R.	Llanrug	Bangor	Arvon	Carnarvon	– 11 9
R.	Markshall	Rochester	Lexden	Essex	1 8 6
V.	Mendlesham	Norwich	Hartismere	Suffolk	1 9 5
R.	Newnham	Winchester	Basingstoke	Southampton	1 16 2
R.	Ribbesford	Hereford	Burford	Worcester	2 16 5
R.	Shenley	Oxford	Bucks	Bucks	2 5 5
V.	Sporle	Norwich	Cranwise	Norfolk	1 – 10
R.	Stackpool Elidur	St. David's	Pembroke	Pembroke	1 11 9
R.	Sudeley Manor	Glo'ster and Bristol	Winchcombe	Gloucester	– 13 7
V.	Tawton Bishop	Exeter	Barnstaple	Devon	2 2 6
R.	Tilehurst	Oxford	Reading	Berks	2 4 –
V.	Toller, Great	Salisbury	Birport	Dorset	– 10 6
R.	Turweston	Oxford	Bucks	Bucks	1 6 1
V.	Wraysbury	ditto	Burnham	ditto	1 9 6
V.	St. Wenn	Exeter	Pydre	Cornwall	1 13 2
R.	Westcott Barton	Oxford	Woodstock	Oxford	– 14 6
R.	Wexham	ditto	Burnham	Bucks	– 12 –

Tenths Office. *Chris^r Hodgson*, Receiver.

QUEEN ANNE'S BOUNTY.

AN ACCOUNT of all RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS by the GOVERNORS of QUEEN ANNE'S BOUNTY, during the Year ending on the 31st day of December 1854.

(*Pursuant to Act.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
5 *February* 1856.

Under 1 *oz.*

SUSPENDED CANONRIES.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 29 June 1855;—*for*,

RETURNS "of all Sums received by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for *England*, since the Year 1852, arising from the Suspended Canonries, Charged Deaneries and Canonries, Deans' and Canons' Separate Estates, Accounting Canons, and any other Source, within the Diocese of *Durham*; stating the Amount so received in each Year, together with the Sums expended by the Commissioners within the same Period in aid of the University, in Augmentation of Benefices, Vicarages, or Perpetual Curacies, or in the Endowment of New Parishes and Districts situated within the said Diocese (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 446, of Session 1853):"

"And, of all Sums received from the Bishop of *Durham* on account of the Maltby Fund, and of the Amount appropriated within the Diocese of *Durham*, and the Balance now available."

No. 1.—Continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 446, of Session 1853.
No. 2.—Statement of the Maltby Fund.

No. 1.—RECEIPTS.—(Income Tax Deducted.)

YEAR.	Suspended Canonries.	Charged Deaneries and Canonries.	Deans' and Canons' Separate Estates.	Accounting Canons.	Cash Value of certain Stock Transferred to the Commissioners out of the Court of Chancery.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Amount from last Return -	23,574 14 4	42,756 7 2	19,742 15 –	230 9 5	4,160 1 –	90,464 6 11
1853 - - - - -	6,462 19 8	3,590 4 10	1,688 – 9	4,870 – –	- - -	16,611 5 3
1854 - - - - -	3,423 16 4	98 6 6	2,093 15 4	- - -	- - -	5,615 18 2
£.	33,461 10 4	46,444 18 6	23,524 11 1	5,100 9 5	4,160 1 –	112,691 10 4

EXPENDITURE.—(The full Sum, irrespective of Income Tax.)

YEAR.	Durham University.	Augmentation of Livings.	Endowment of New Parishes and Districts, and Compensation for Loss of Fees.	Parsonage Houses.	Accounting Canons.	TOTAL.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Amount from last Return -	4,712 18 –	19,052 13 1	7,546 17 2	3,287 10 10	680 18 3	35,280 17 4
1853 - - - - -	400 – –	1,912 10 11	1,364 3 5	- - -	372 7 5	4,049 1 9
1854 - - - - -	400 – –	1,913 6 8	1,348 – –	- - -	- - -	3,661 6 8
£.	5,512 18 –	22,878 10 8	10,259 – 7	3,287 10 10	1,053 5 8	42,991 5 9

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Transferred (as stated in former Return) to the University of Durham, in partial endowment thereof, and to certain Livings in the Diocese, in recognition of local claims, land, and tithes, of the estimated fee-simple value of - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	90,000 – –	
Transferred (since last Return) to a Living in the Diocese, in recognition of a local claim, land of the estimated fee-simple value of - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	240 – –	
		90,240 – –
	£.	133,231 5 9

No. 2.—SUMS received from the Bishop of *Durham*.

		£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1848 - - - -	1 July - - - -	- - -	970 16 8
1849 - - - -	1 January - - -	970 16 8	
„ - - - - -	2 July - - - -	970 16 8	
			1,941 13 4
1850 - - - -	1 January - - -	970 16 8	
„ - - - - -	1 July - - - -	970 16 8	
„ - - - - -	27 November - - -	1,000 – –	
			2,941 13 4
1851 - - - -	1 January - - -	970 16 8	
„ - - - - -	1 July - - - -	1,941 13 4	
			2,912 10 –
1852 - - - -	1 January - - -	1,941 13 4	
„ - - - - -	1 July - - - -	1,000 – –	
			2,941 13 4
1853 - - - -	1 January - - -	1,000 – –	
„ - - - - -	1 July - - - -	1,456 5 –	
			2,456 5 –
1854 - - - -	2 January - - -	1,456 5 –	
„ - - - - -	1 July - - - -	1,883 6 8	
			3,339 11 8
1855 - - - -	1 January - - -	1,883 6 8	
„ - - - - -	29 June - - -	1,883 6 8	
			3,766 13 4
Amount appropriated within the Diocese - - - - - - - -			21,270 16 8
Balance now available - - - - - - - - - -		£.	16,670 – –
			4,600 16 8

By Order of the Board.

, Whitehall Place, 12 July 1855.

James J. Chalk, Secretary.

RETURN of all Sums received by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners since the Year 1852, arising from Suspended Canonries, &c., in the Diocese of *Durham*; stating the Amount received in each Year; with the Sums expended by the Commissioners within the same period: —Also, Statement of the Maltby Fund.

(*Mr. Liddell.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
21 *May* 1856.

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TITHES.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 7 August 1855;—*for*,

A RETURN "of Total RENTCHARGES Agreed or Awarded to be Paid in lieu of TITHES, and Confirmed by the TITHE COMMISSIONERS; distinguishing between those Assigned to Clerical Appropriators and their Lessees, Parochial Incumbents, Lay Impropriators, and Schools and Colleges."

	£.	s.	d.
Total Rentcharges payable to Clerical Appropriators and Lessees -	678,355	11	1 ¾
„ payable to Parochial Incumbents - - -	2,410,506	7	6 ½
„ payable to Lay Impropriators - - - -	765,429	8	4 ¾
„ payable to Schools and Colleges - - - -	195,946	5	11 ½
£.	4,050,237	13	– ½

Tithe Commission,
21 April 1856.

Wm. Blamire.
G. Darby.
H. C. Mules.

TITHES.

RETURN of the Total RENTCHARGES Agreed or Awarded to be Paid in Lieu of TITHES, and Confirmed by the TITHE COMMISSIONERS; distinguishing between those Assigned to Clerical Appropriators and their Lessees, Parochial Incumbents, Lay Impropriators and Schools and Colleges.

(*Mr. Cowper.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
25 *April* 1856.

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TITHES.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 5 June 1856;—*for*,

A RETURN "of all TITHES COMMUTED and APPORTIONED under the Act 6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 71, from the 31st day of December 1847 to the 31st day of December 1855; distinguishing between those assigned to CLERICAL APPROPRIATORS and their LESSEES, PAROCHIAL INCUMBENTS, LAY IMPROPRIATORS, and SCHOOLS and COLLEGES, &c. (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 298 of Session 1848)."

(*Mr. Massey.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
18 *June* 1856.

LIST OF COUNTIES.

ENGLAND:

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BUCKS	4
CAMBRIDGE	5
CHESTER	6
CUMBERLAND	8
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DORSET	14
DURHAM	14
ESSEX	15
GLOUCESTER	16
HEREFORD	17
HERTFORD	17
HUNTINGDON	17
KENT	18
LANCASTER	19
LEICESTER	22
LINCOLN	24
MIDDLESEX	27
MONMOUTH	27
NORFOLK	28
NORTHAMPTON	29
NORTHUMBERLAND	30
NOTTINGHAM	32
OXFORD	34
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ENGLAND—*continued.*

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SUFFOLK	43
SURREY	43
SUSSEX	44
WARWICK	45
WESTMORLAND	47
WILTS	48
WORCESTER	49
YORK, City and Ainsty	49
„ East Riding	49
„ North Riding	51
„ West Riding	55

WALES:

ANGLESEY	60
BRECON	60
CARDIGAN	60
CARMARTHEN	60
CARNARVON	60
DENBIGH	61
FLINT	61
GLAMORGAN	61
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SUMMARY - - - - - - - - - - 63

RETURN of all TITHES Commuted and Apportioned under the Act 6 & 7 Will. 4, c. 71, from the 31st day of December 1847 to the 31st day of December 1855; distinguishing between those assigned to CLERICAL APPROPRIATORS and their LESSEES, PAROCHIAL INCUMBENTS, LAY IMPROPRIATORS, and SCHOOLS and COLLEGES, &c.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
BEDFORD:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Aspley Guise - - - Par.	- - -	19 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Biddenham - - - „	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Cockayne Hatley - - - „	- - -	194 3 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Eaton Bray - - - „	- - -	*149 12 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
					* This rent-charge is exclusive of the sums of 2s. 6d. for each cow and 5s. for each horse, in respect either of nine head of cows, or of three head of cows and three horses, depastured on the common land of the parish.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	434 - -	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Henlow - - - - „	- - -	1 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Clifton.
Holcut - - - - „	- - -	135 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kempstone - - - - „	- - -	6 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Meppershall (partly in Bedford) - - - „	- - -	535 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Odell - - - - „	- - -	20 4 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stotfold - - - - „	- - -	180 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	500 - -	Trinity College, Cambridge, and lessee.
Studham (part of) - - „	- - -	80 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	279 3 6	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 10 -	Dunstable charity.
Warden, Old - - - „	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Woburn - - - - „	- - -	28 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent.
£.	- - -	1,362 7 10	284 3 6	940 10 -	
BERKS:					
Bisham - - - - Par.	- - -	115 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	87 12 6	- - -	impropriator.
Farringdon - - - „	- - -	74 16 9	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	546 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Grazely - - Ham. or Tp.	- - -	126 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Sulhampstead.
Hungerford (partly in Wilts) - - - Par.	626 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Windsor, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	522 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	45 13 -	- - -	impropriators.
Lambourne - - - „	- - -	8 6 1	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	3,308 - 10	- - -	impropriators.
Letcombe Parish: Challow, East - Ham.	360 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Winchester.
— - - - - „	- - -	126 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Letcombe.
Letcombe Bassett otherwise Upper Letcombe - Par.	- - -	9 3 2	- - -	- - -	rector and lessee.
Marcham Parish: Frilford - - Ham.	137 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	237 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Marcham.
— - - - - „	- - -	- 7 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Tubney.
Garford - - - „	232 7 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	113 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Marcham.
Moreton, South - - Par.	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	3 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Radley - - - - „	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	13 - -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 10 -	Blacknall's Charity (Abingdon).
Reading, St. Lawrence - „	- - -	- - -	43 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Sonning Parish: Sonning Town - - Dist.	- - -	- - -	5 5 -	- -	impropriator.

(continued)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
BERKS—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Speen Parish:					
Bagnor - - - Tyth.	120 – –	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Salisbury, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	16 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Speen.
Stanford in the Vale Parish:					
Goosey - - - - Tp.	150 – –	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Westminster, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	160 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stanford in the Vale.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 5 –	- - -	impropriator.
Swallowfield (partly in Wilts) - - - - Par.	- - -	80 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	75 3 4	- - -	impropriators.
Uffington Parish:					
Hardwell - - Dist.	- - -	26 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Uffington.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	74 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Wallingford, St. Leonard, Par.	- - -	44 3 –	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	43 – –	- - -	- - -	rector of St. Peter, Wallingford.
Wallingford, St. Mary the More - - - „	- - -	38 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 2 –	Pembroke College, Oxford.
Wallingford, St. Peter (partly in Oxford) - „	- - -	10 12 8	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wasing - - - - - „	- - -	102 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Windsor, New (exclusive of the Hamlet of Dedworth) - - - - „	- - -	220 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
	- - -	- - -	142 10 –	- - -	impropriators.
Dedworth - - Ham.	- - -	24 14 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Clewer.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	103 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Winkfield (part of) Par.	- - -	210 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Wotton - - - - „	- - -	20 2 –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
£.	1,625 7 10	2,441 10 8	4,447 9 8	12 12 –	
BUCKS:					
Addington - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	3 1 3	- - -	impropriators.
Ashenden - - - - „	300 17 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Aston Abbotts - - - „	- - -	40 8 –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	3 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Bierton with Broughton - „	20 – –	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lincoln, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	6 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Bledlow - - - - „	- - -	3 3 –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	9 7 –	- - -	impropriator.
Boarstall - - - - „	- - -	- - -	315 10 –	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	37 – –	Brill and Oakley charities.
Bradenham - - - „	- - -	230 3 –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Brill - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	324 2 –	- - -	impropriators.
Buckingham (except the Hamlets of Lenbro' and Bourton) - - - „	- - -	32 10 –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
	- - -	- - -	36 10 –	- - -	impropriators.
Bourton - - Ham.	- - -	127 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Buckingham.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	150 – –	- - -	impropriators.
Lenbro' - - - - „	- - -	108 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Buckingham.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	325 – –	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	24 – –	city of Oxford charities.
Chicheley - - - Par.	- - -	113 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	3 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Dinton Parish:					
Upton - - - Ham.	- - -	- - -	239 1 6	- - -	impropriatrix.
Dorton - - - Par.	397 10 –	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Ellesborough - - - „	- - -	3 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	3 – –	- - -	impropriators.
Gothurst, otherwise Gayhurst - - - - „	- - -	6 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Halton - - - - „	- - -	340 3 –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Hillsden - - - - „	486 1 5	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Horwood, Little - - „	- - -	31 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	25 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Mentmore - - - - „	- - -	190 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Oving - - - - „	- - -	362 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Quarrendon - - Ham.	519 – –	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lincoln, and lessee.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	50 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bierton.
Ravenstone - - Par.	- - -	- - -	2 6 –	- - -	impropriator.
Saunderton - - - „	- - -	2 5 –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Shalston, otherwise Shaldeston - - - - „	- - -	98 12 –	- - -	- - -	rector.

COUNTY, Parish, Township, &c.		RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
BUCKS—*continued.*						
Soulbury	Par.	- - -	- - -	- 8 -	- - -	impropriatrix.
—	„	- - -	- - -	- - -	98 - -	Soulbury charity.
Steeple Claydon	„	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Stone	„	- - -	19 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
—	„	- - -	- - -	3 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Stowe	„	- - -	160 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
—	„	- - -	- - -	200 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Swanbourne	„	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Tingewick	„	- - -	14 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Upton-cum-Chalvey	„	- - -	52 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
—	„	- - -	- - -	16 1 -	- - -	impropriators.
Weston Turville	„	- - -	2 11 7½	- - -	- - -	rector.
Weston Underwood	„	- - -	- - -	8 16 -	- - -	impropriator.
Wexham	„	- - -	7 17 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Willen	„	- - -	76 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Wing	„	- - -	61 19 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
—	„	- - -	- - -	45 19 10½	- - -	impropriator.
Wolverton	„	- - -	- - -	3 6 -	- - -	impropriators.
Wooburn	„	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
—	„	- - -	- - -	18 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Wycombe, Chipping, or High (except the Borough of Wycombe)	„	- - -	201 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
		- - -	- - -	553 15 5	- - -	impropriators.
—	„	- - -	- - -	- - -	90 15 9	Wycombe charity.
Wycombe, High	Bor.	- - -	*45 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar. * This rent-charge is exclusive of the sums of 10*s.* per head for cows and 5*s.* per head for every other sort of cattle or stock depastured on a certain common meadow containing 30 acres.
Wycombe, West	Par.	- - -	294 18 9	- - -	- - -	vicar.
—	„	- - -	- - -	1,248 11 7	- - -	impropriator.
	£.	1,723 9 2	2,716 5 10½	3,536 15 7½	249 15 9	
CAMBRIDGE:						
Arrington	Par.	- - -	- - -	- - -	396 12 -	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Babraham	„	- - -	125 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
—	„	- - -	- - -	28 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
—	„	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 15 -	Trinity College, Cambridge, and lessee.
Bartlow	„	- - -	88 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Bartlow.
—	„	- - -	1 16 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ashdon.
—	„	- - -	2 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Castle Camps.
—	„	- - -	7 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Horseheath.
—	„	- - -	- 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Shudy Camps.
Caldecott	„	- - -	135 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Cambridge, Little, St. Mary	„	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 9 6	St. Peter's College, Cambridge.
Chatteris Parish: The Adventurer's Hall Wood	Dist.	- - -	- - -	- - -	42 10 -	senior masters and students of the Collegiate Church of Christ, Oxford.
Childerly	Par.	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Cottenham	„	- - -	790 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Gamlingay	„	- - -	288 - -	- -	- - -	vicar.
—	„	- - -	259 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
—	„	- - -	- - -	- - -	259 - -	Merton College, Oxford.
Isleham	„	620 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Bishop of Rochester and lessees.
—	„	- - -	496 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
—	„	- - -	- - -	- - -	112 10 -	Pembroke College, Cambridge.
Madingley	„	400 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Ely and lessee.
—	„	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Manea	„	- - -	850 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stanton, Long, St. Michael and part of Stanton, Long, All Saints	Pars.	- - -	250 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wendye	Par.	- - -	140 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Wimpole	„	- - -	567 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wratting, West	„	- - -	- 12 6	- -	- - -	vicar.
	£.	1,020 - -	4,127 18 6	28 10 -	816 16 6	

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
CHESTER:					
Ashton-upon-Mersey Parish:					
Ashton-upon-Mersey (part of) - - Tp.	- - -	210 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ashton-upon-Mersey.
Backford Parish:					
Chorlton - - - Tp.	32 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	23 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Backford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	48 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of St. Mary-on-the-Hill, Chester.
Bowdon Parish:					
Ashton-upon-Mersey (part of) - - Tp.	151 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bowdon.
Brereton-cum-Smethwick - Par.	- - -	815 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Budworth, Great, Parish:					
Northwich and - Tps.	9 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ-church, Oxford, and lessee.
Northwich Castle - „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Budworth.
Bunbury Parish:					
Calveley - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- - -	85 - -	worshipful Company of Haber-dashers, and lessee.
Chester, St. Bridget with St. Martin, St. Peter and St. Olave with St. Michael's - - Pars.	- - -	39 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of the united parishes of St. Bridget with St. Martin.
St. John the Baptist (part of) - - Par.	- - -	- - -	21 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Eastham Parish:					
Hooton - - - - Tp.	- - -	31 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Eastham.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	80 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Sutton, Little - - „	- - -	38 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Eastham.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	53 7 6	- - -	impropriator.
Gawsworth - - - Par.	- - -	700 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Guilden Sutton - - „	- - -	- - -	209 14 6	- - -	impropriators.
Heswall - - - - „	-	280 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kingsmarsh - Ex.-Par. Tp.	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Tilston.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	81 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Kirby, West, Parish:					
Greasby (part of) - - Tp.	- - -	95 18 6	- - -	- - -	rector of West Kirby.
Knutsford, Nether, Parish:					
Knutsford, Nether - - Tp.	49 12 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Knutsford, Over - - „	74 18 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Ollerton - - - - „	114 4 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Toft - - - - - „	112 16 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Middlewich Parish:					
Middlewich and Newton - - - Tps.	- - -	- - -	39 11 6	- - -	impropriators.
Minshul Vernon - - Tp.	- - -	5 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Middlewich.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	250 12 6	- - -	impropriators.
Stublach and Lees (part of) - - - „	- - -	46 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Madeley.
Mobberley - - - Par.	- - -	600 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Mottram-in-Longdendale Parish:					
Hollingworth - - Tp.	110 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessees.
Mottram-in-Longdendale - - - „	105 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessees.
Stayley - - - - „	150 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessees.
Tintwistle - - - „	144 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessees.
Neston Parish:					
Ledsham - - - Tp.	70 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chester, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Neston.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
Leighton - - - „	- - -	106 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Neston.
Neston, Great - - „	- - -	111 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Neston.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	216 3 4	- - -	impropriator.
Neston, Little (except Blakeley Brow and Hargreave) - „	- - -	62 17 9	- - -	- - -	vicar of Neston.
	- - -	- - -	209 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Blakeley Brow and Hargreave - Dist.	- - -	32 2 2	- - -	- - -	vicar of Neston.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 14 -	- - -	impropriator.
Thornton Hough - - Tp.	- - -	159 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Neston.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 2 -	- - -	impropriator.
Willaston - - - „	- - -	52 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Neston.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	200 - -	- - -	impropriators.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
CHESTER—*continued.*					
Oswald, Saint, Parish:					
Boughton, Great - - Tp.	182 3 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chester, and lessees.
Croughton - - - „	29 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chester, and lessees.
Wervin - - - - „	77 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chester, and lessees.
Prestbury Parish:					
Adlington - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	660 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Birtles - - - - „	- - -	- - -	26 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Bollington - - - „	- - -	- - -	98 18 -	- - -	impropriators.
Bosley - - - - „	- - -	- - -	282 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Butley - - - - „	- - -	- - -	246 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Capesthorne - - - „	- - -	104 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Capesthorne.
Chelford - - - „	- - -	- - -	18 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Fallybroome - - - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Prestbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	18 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Henbury with Pexall - „	- - -	- - -	84 6 -	- - -	impropriators.
Hurdsfield - - - „	- - -	- - -	39 12 6	- - -	impropriators.
Kettleshulme - - - „	- - -	- - -	46 12 -	- - -	impropriators.
Lyme Handley - - - „	- - -	- - -	245 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Macclesfield - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	Macclesfield Free Grammar School.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	212 9 6	- - -	impropriators.
Macclesfield, Forest - „	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Marton - - - - „	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Mottram Saint Andrew - „	- - -	- - -	36 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Newton - - - - „	- - -	- - -	57 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Pot Shrigley - - - „	- - -	- - -	93 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Prestbury - - - „	- - -	- - -	116 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Rainow - - - - „	- - -	- - -	165 3 8	- - -	impropriators.
Rode, North - - - „	- - -	- - 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Gawsworth.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Siddington - - - „	- - -	210 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Prestbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	169 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
Sutton - - - - „	- - -	- - -	205 7 -	- - -	impropriators.
Titherington - - - „	- - -	96 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Prestbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	66 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Upton - - - - „	- - -	54 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Prestbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	38 - -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 7 6	Macclesfield Free Grammar School.
Wildboarclough - - „	- - -	- - -	165 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Wincle - - - - „	- - -	- - -	134 10 1	- - -	impropriators.
Withington, Lower - „	- - -	- - -	166 7 -	- - -	impropriators.
Woodford - - - „	- - -	- - -	224 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Rostherne Parish:					
Agden (part of) - - Tp.	67 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Bollington (part of) - „	54 13 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Leigh, High - - - „	487 5 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Marthall and Little Warford - - - - „	176 18 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Mere - - - - - „	219 12 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessees.
Millington - - - „	80 3 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Peover Over, otherwise Peover Superior - „	282 19 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Rostherne - - - „	144 4 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Snelson - - - „	53 7 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Tabley Over, otherwise Tabley Superior - „	243 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessees.
Tatton - - - - „	49 4 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
Shotwick Parish:					
Saughall, Great - Tp.	130 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chester, and lessees.
Shotwick - - - „	61 3 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chester, and lessees.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
CHESTER—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Stockport Parish:					
Bramall - - - Tp.	- - -	322 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stockport.
Disley - - - - „	- - -	119 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stockport.
Duckinfield - - - „	- - -	26 12 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stockport.
Marple - - - - „	- - -	154 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stockport.
Norbury - - - „	- - -	126 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stockport.
Offerton - - - „	- - -	67 4 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stockport.
Romiley - - - „	- - -	73 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stockport.
Stockport - - - „	- - -	112 7 2	- - -	- - -	rector of Stockport.
Torkington - - - „	- - -	79 16 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stockport.
Tarvin Parish:					
Horton-cum-Peele, Tp. or Dist.	34 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessee.
— - - - - „ „	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tarvin.
Thurstaston - - - Par.	- - -	186 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Whitegate Parish:					
Darnhall - - - Tp.	- - -	3 9 11	- - -	- - -	vicar of Whitegate.
Willington - Extra. Par. Dist.	18 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessee.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	33 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Woodchurch Parish:					
Claughton-cum-Grange (part of) - - - } Tp.	- - -	11 11 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Woodchurch.
Irby (part of) - - „	- - -	93 16 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Woodchurch.
— - - - - - - - „	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of West Kirby.
Pensby - - - - „	- - -	54 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Woodchurch.
Thingwell - - - „	- - -	53 18 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Woodchurch.
Woodchurch - - - „	- - -	77 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Woodchurch.
£.	3,513 19 11	5,538 18 2	5,611 17 1	95 7 6	
CUMBERLAND:					
Arthuret Parish:					
Breckonhill Quarter - } Tp. or Quar.	- - -	217 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Arthuret.
Longtown Quarter „ „	- - -	217 15 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Arthuret.
Lyneside Quarter „ „	- - -	123 10 10	- - -	- - -	rector of Arthuret.
Netherby Quarter „ „	- - -	281 18 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Arthuret.
Beckermont St. Bridgets Par.	- - -	- - -	40 7 5	- - -	impropriator.
Beckermont St. John's (except Briscoe) - } „	- - -	- - -	28 3 6½	- - -	impropriator.
Bootle - - - - „	- - -	440 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Brampton - - - - „	- - -	17 - 7½	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Caldbeck - - - - „	- - -	348 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Carlisle, St. Cuthbert's Parish:					
Botchardgate - - - Tp.	68 13 1	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Carlisle, and lessees.
Botcherby - - - „	98 - 1	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Carlisle, and lessees.
Carlisle, St. Mary Parish:					
Middlesceugh - - Ham.	55 15 5	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Carlisle, and lessees.
Castle Sowerby - - Par.	- - -	- - -	2 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Dalston (except the District of Broadfield) - } „	- - -	283 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
	38 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Carlisle, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	664 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	51 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Broadfield - - Dist.	40 9 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle, and lessees.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	9 11 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Dalston.
Dean - - - - Par.	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Greystoke Parish:					
Berrier and Murrah - Tp.	- - -	29 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Greystoke.
Blencow - - - - „	- - -	16 17 -¼	- - -	- - -	rector of Greystoke.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Bowscale and Mossdale - „	- - -	7 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Greystoke.
Hutton Roof - - - „	- - -	17 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Greystoke.
Hutton Soil - - - „	- - -	43 17 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Greystoke.
Matterdale - - - „	- - -	54 14 9	- - -	- - -	rector of Greystoke.
Mungrisdale - - - „	- - -	47 - 9	- - -	- - -	rector of Greystoke.
Threlkeld - - - „	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Threlkeld.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	56 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Greystoke.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
CUMBERLAND—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Hesket in the Forest Parish:					
Itonfield - - - Tp.	208 12 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Carlisle, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- 14 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle, and lessees.
Petteril Crooks (part of) ,,	268 3 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Carlisle, and lessees.
Holme Cultram - - Par.	- - -	- - -	- - -	900 - -	chancellor, masters, and scholars of the University of Oxford.
Irthington Parish:					
Newby - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	2 15 -	- - -	impropriator.
Kirkandrews on Esk Parish:					
Low Quarter - Tp. or Quar.	- - -	354 8 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Kirkandrews on Esk.
Middle Quarter - ,, -	- - -	353 16 3	- - -	- - -	rector of Kirkandrews on Esk.
Moat Quarter - ,, -	- - -	114 13 11	- - -	- - -	rector of Kirkandrews on Esk.
Nichol Forest - ,, -	- - -	31 13 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Kirkandrews on Esk.
Kirkland Parish:					
Culgaith - - - }	500 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Carlisle, and lessee.
Blencarn, and - - } Tps.					
Skirwith - - - }	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirkland.
Kirkland - - - Tp.	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirkland
Lanercost - - - Par.	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	20 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Millom Parish:					
Chapel Sucken - - Tp.	- - -	128 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Millom.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- 6 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Whicham.
Millom, Lower - - ,,	- - -	- 8 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Whicham.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	6 4 -	- - -	impropriator.
Millom, Upper, or Millom, Above - - } ,,	- - -	- - -	11 - 11½	- - -	impropriators.
Thwaites - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	7 9 9	- - -	impropriators.
Ulpha - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	9 12 -	- - -	impropriator.
Orton - - - - Par.	- - -	411 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Penrith - - - - ,,	766 15 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	30 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- 13 6	- - -	impropriators.
Plumbland - - - ,,	- - -	136 14 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	105 10 -	- - -	impropriatrix.
Sebergham - - - ,,	13 5 - ½	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Carlisle, and lessees.
£.	2,722 18 9½	3,884 1 9¾	294 2 2	900 - -	
DERBY:					
Alfreton - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	44 13 3	- - -	impropriators.
Alkmund's, St., Parish:					
Alkmund's, St. - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	1 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
Eaton, Little - - ,,	- - -	- - -	15 6 -	- - -	impropriators.
Ashbourne Parish:					
Ashbourne - - - Tp.	2 6 -	- - -	- - -	-	dean of Lincoln, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ashbourne.
Offcote Underwood - ,,	277 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of Lincoln, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ashbourne.
Sturston - - - ,,	147 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of Lincoln, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ashbourne.
Ashover Parish:					
Ashover - - - Tp.	- - -	547 3 11	- - -	- - -	rector of Ashover.
Dethick and Lea with Holloway - - } Tps.	- - -	2 13 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Ashover.
Aston Parish:					
Shardlow and Great or Far Wilne - } Tp.	- - -	65 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Aston.
Bakewell Parish:					
Ashford - - - Tp.	6 13 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	78 18 6	- - -	impropriator.
Baslow - - - - ,,	167 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
Blackwell - - - ,,	8 8 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	8 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
Brushfield - - - ,,	- - -	2 12 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
Bubnell - - - ,,	7 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	169 - -	- - -	impropriators.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
DERBY—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Bakewell Parish—*continued.*					
Buxton - - - - Tp.	18 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	12 12 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	57 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Calver - - - - - ,,	73 6 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	7 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
Curbar - - - - ,,	83 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
Froggatt - ,,	29 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
Haddon, Nether - - ,,	2 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
Hassop - - - - ,,	13 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	9 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
Longstone, Great - - ,,	43 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	105 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Longstone, Little - - ,,	58 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
Monyash - - - ,,	- - -	17 9 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	65 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Rowland - - - ,,	3 14 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	2 6 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
Rowsley, Great - - ,,	3 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
Sheldon - - - ,,	2 16 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	4 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	15 15 -	- - -	impropriator.
Taddington and Priestcliffe - - - ,,	28 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield. and lessees.
	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	85 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Bakewell and Hope Parishes:					
Wardlow - - - Tp.	7 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	25 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Bakewell and Youlgreave Parishes:					
Harthill, otherwise Hartle - - - Tp.	- - -	- 3 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bakewell.
	- - -	- - -	1 3 4	- - -	impropriator.
Barrow-upon-Trent Parish:					
Twyford and Stenson - - - Tp.	- - -	27 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Barrow-upon-Trent.
	- - -	- - -	52 8 -	- - -	impropriator.
Barton Blount - - - Par.	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Bolsover Parish:					
Bolsover - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	4 10 8	- - -	impropriator.
Bonsall - - - - Par.	- - -	131 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Boylston - - - - ,,	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Bradborne Parish:					
Aldwark - - - Tp.	- - -	1 6 10	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bradborne.
Ballidon - - - ,,	- - -	11 2 9½	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bradborne.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- 5 1	- - -	impropriators.
Lea Hall - - Ham.	- - -	- 2 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bradborne.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	12 3 4	- - -	impropriators.
Burton-upon-Trent Parish:					
Winshill - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	4 4 -	- - -	impropriator.
Chesterfield Parish:					
Calow - - - - ,,	149 13 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the deanery of Lincoln, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	43 6 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Chesterfield.
Chesterfield, Brimington, Hasland, Newbold, Tapton, Temple Normanton, and Walton - Tps.	1,058 2 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the deanery of Lincoln, and lessee.
	- - -	459 7 10	- - -	- - -	vicar of Chesterfield.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
DERBY—*continued.*					
Crich Parish:					
Crich - - - - - Tp.	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Crich.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Ashover.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	258 1 11	- - -	impropriators.
Wessington - - - „	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Crich.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	47 15 6	- - -	impropriators.
Darley Parish:					
Wensley and Snitterton Tp.	- - -	89 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Darley.
Denby - - - - Par.	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	350 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Dronfield Parish:					
Coal Aston - - - Tp.	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Dronfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	71 1 3	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 3 -	trustees of the lectureship of Norton.
Dronfield - - - „	- - -	- - -	31 3 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 10 -	Dronfield school.
Unstone - - - „	- - -	- - -	29 11 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 10 -	corporation of Chesterfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	Dronfield school.
Duffield Parish:					
Belper - - - - Tp.	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Duffield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	477 9 -	- - -	impropriators.
Holbrooke - - - „	- - -	6 5 10	- - -	- - -	vicar of Duffield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	45 10 6	- - -	impropriators.
Shottle and Postern - „	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- -	vicar of Duffield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 14 -	- - -	impropriator.
Edensor Parish:					
Pilsley - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	5 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Edlaston - - - - Par.	- - -	171 9 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Egginton - - - - „	- - -	315 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Elmton - - - - „	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Elvaston - - - - „	- - -	241 17 5	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Etwall Parish:					
Bearward Cote - - Tp.	- - -	5 - 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Etwall.
Burnaston - - - „	- - -	64 7 9	- - -	- - -	vicar of Etwall.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	66 5 6	- - -	impropriators.
Etwall - - - - „	- - -	146 17 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Etwall.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	96 3 -	- - -	impropriators.
Glossop Parish:					
Charlesworth - - Ham.	- - -	192 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Glossop.
and Chisworth Chunall, Dinting Glossop, Ludworth, Padfield and Simmondley Tps.	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	minister of Whitfield.
	- - -	3 10 -	- - -	- - -	minister of St. John's, Charlesworth.
	- - -	- - -	14 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Hadfield - - - Tp.	- - -	15 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Glossop.
— - - - - „	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	minister of Whitfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	14 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Hayfield - - - „	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Glossop.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	131 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Mellor - - - - „	- - -	37 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Glossop.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	109 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Whitfield - - - „	- - -	30 18 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Glossop.
— - - - - „	- - -	3 15 -	- - -	- - -	minister of Whitfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	30 16 6	- - -	impropriator.
Gresley Parish:					
Castle Gresley - - Tp.	- - -	- 15 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Gresley.
Church Gresley - - „	- - -	1 3 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Gresley.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 13 -	- - -	impropriators.
Linton - - - - „	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Gresley.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Swadlincote - - - „	- - -	- 15 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Gresley.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 6 8	- - -	impropriators.
Hathersage Parish:					
Stoney Middleton - Tp.	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hathersage.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	20 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Heanor Parish:					
Codnor and Loscoe - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- 13 2	- - -	impropriator.
Hope Parish:					
Abney and - - - Tp.	84 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chaper of Lichfield, and lessees.
Abney Grange - - „	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
DERBY—*continued.*					
Hope Parish—*continued.*					
Aston - - - - Tp.	46 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
Fernilee - - - - „	5 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	16 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 6 8	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Chapel-en-le-Frith.
Grindlow - - - - „	1 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
Hazlebache - - - - „	2 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Highlow - - - - „	20 5 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
Hope - - - - - „	6 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	16 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	227 2 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 15 -	Eyam school.
Hucklow, Great - - „	56 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
Hucklow, Little - - „	26 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	5 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
Offerton - - - - „	28 5 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
Stoke - - - - - „	47 1 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	19 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
Thornhill - - - - „	61 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
Woodlands - - - - „	65 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hope.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	27 13 -	- - -	impropriators.
Hulland Ward and Hulland Ward Intakes - - - Tps. or Hams.	- - -	- - -	61 - -	- - -	impropriatrix.
Kedleston - - - Par.	- - -	114 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kirkhallum (exclusive of the township of Mapperley) - - „	- - -	125 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	60 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kirk Ireton - - - „	- - -	315 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kniveton - - - - „	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	29 15 9	- - -	impropriators.
Lullington Parish:					
Lullington - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	730 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Mappleton - - - Par.	- - -	38 16 8	- - -	- - -	rector.
Matlock - - - - - „	- - -	335 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	2 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Bonsall.
Measham Parish:					
Measham (except Oakthorpe) - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	3 8 6	- - -	impropriator.
„	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 17 6	Bosworth school.
Mickleover Parish:					
Littleover - - - Tp.	- - -	22 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Mickleover.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	110 19 3	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 10 -	Houghton's charity in Derby.
Mugginton Parish:					
Mercaston - - - Tp.	- - -	92 13 5	- - -	- - -	rector of Mugginton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	92 13 5	- - -	impropriator.
Mugginton - - - „	- - -	225 18 2	- - -	- - -	rector of Mugginton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	125 3 4	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 14 2	St. John's College, Cambridge, and lessee.
Newton Solney - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	139 7 -	- - -	impropriators.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
DERBY—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d	
Osmaston next Derby (except Sinfin Moor and Osmaston Moor Meadow) Par.	- - -	5 11 8	- - -	- - -	vicar.
„	- - -	- - -	12 4 11	- - -	impropriator.
Pentrich Parish:					
Pentrich - - - Tp.	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Pentrich.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	115 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ripley - - - - „	- - -	42 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Pentrich.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	108 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Peter, St., Parish:					
Normanton - - - Tp.	- - -	13 14 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Peter, Derby.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	49 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Radbourne - - - Par.	- - -	225 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Sandiacre Parish:					
Sandiacre - - - Tp.	10 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Sandiacre (Lichfield), and lessee.
Sawley Parish:					
Sawley - - - - Tp.	- - -	- 17 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Aston-upon-Trent.
Wilsthorpe - - Ham.	147 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Sawley (Lichfield), and lessee.
Scarcliffe - - - - Par.	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	60 13 -	- - -	impropriators.
Sinfin Moor - Extra par.	- - -	- - 2	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Werburgh's, Derby.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 4 -	- - -	impropriators.
Spondon Parish:					
Stanley - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	58 11 7	- - -	impropriators.
Stretton-en-le-Field Parish:					
Stretton-en-le-Field - Tp.	- - -	247 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stretton-en-le-Field.
Swarkeston - - - Par.	- - -	16 15 7	- - -	- - -	rector.
Thorpe - - - - - „	- - -	90 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Tideswell Parish:					
Litton - - - - - Tp.	40 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tideswell.
Wormhill - - - - „	97 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	33 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tideswell.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Rushton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	47 6 7	- - -	impropriators.
Wilne Parish:					
Hopwell - - Ham.	5 - -	- - -	- - -	-	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Sawley (Lichfield), and lessee.
Wilne Church and Draycott - - - Lib.	13 9 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Sawley (Lichfield) and lessee.
Wirksworth Parish:					
Wirksworth - - - Tp.	280 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of Lincoln, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wirksworth.
£.	3,229 5 2	5,219 2 6½	4,610 4 6	25 - 8	
DEVON:					
Chawley - - - - Par.	- - -	470 5 10	- - -	- - -	rector.
Cockington - - - „	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Eggesford (exclusive of the Barton of Eggesford) - „	- - -	70 11 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Exeter, Holy Trinity - „	- - -	6 7 8	- - -	- - -	rector.
Landkey - - - - „	- - -	- - -	450 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Lydford Parish:					
Lydford, Old - - Dist.	- - -	52 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Lydford.
Sherford - - - - Par.	- - -	171 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	59 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Blackawton
— - - - - - „	- - -	72 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Christow.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	118 9 8	- - -	impropriators.
Swimbridge - - - „	850 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of Exeter, and lessee.
Tormoham - - - „	- - -	- - -	307 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
£.	850 - -	902 10 -	1,175 19 8	—	

COUNTY, Parish, Township, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
DORSET:					
Catherston Lewston - - Par.	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Charborough - - - „	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Cranborne Parish:					
Fairwood - - Tith.	- - -	- - -	166 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
Pimperne Parish:					
Nutford - - Tith.	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Pimperne.
Shapwicke - - Par.	- - -	425 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	491 11 9	- - -	impropriator.
Tarrant Crawford - - „	- - -	- - -	5 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
Thornford - - - - „	- - -	227 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	18 - -	- - -	impropriator.
£.	- - -	810 - -	681 1 9	—	
DURHAM:					
Ancroft Parish:					
Cheswick - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	288 5 3	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	59 1 11	corporation of Berwick-upon-Tweed.
Auckland St. Andrew Parish:					
Auckland, West - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	210 4 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 5 -	West Auckland school.
Bedburn, South - - „	- - -	17 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Witton-le-Wear.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	21 1 1	- - -	impropriators.
Escomb - - - „	- - -	2 1 -	- - -	- - -	curate of Barton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 15 -	- - -	- - -	curate of Forcett.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 9 -	- - -	- - -	curate of South Cowton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	48 13 -	- - -	impropriators.
Hamsterley - - - „	- - -	- - -	83 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Lynesack and Softley - „	- - -	- - -	65 6 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 8 -	mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of Durham.
Newton Cap - - - „	18 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Durham.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 5 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of St. Ann's, Bishop Auckland.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	132 14 -	- - -	impropriators.
Chester-le-Street Parish:					
Ouston - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	90 - -	- - -	impropriatrix.
Plawsworth - - - „	- - -	- - -	50 10 11	- - -	impropriators.
Dalton-le-Dale Parish:					
Dawdon - - - Tp.	78 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary or canon of the sixth stall in Durham Cathedral.
— - - - - - „	- - -	56 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Dalton-le-Dale.
Darlington Parish:					
Blackwell - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	163 17 -	- - -	impropriators.
Cockerton (except 239 acres) - „	- - -	- 1 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Egglestone.
	- - -	- - -	241 6 10	- - -	impropriators.
Gainford Parish:					
Whorlton - - - Tp.	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Whorlton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	37 - -	- - -	impropriator.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	145 - -	Trinity College, Cambridge, and lessees.
Holy Island Parish:					
Holy Island - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	1 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Houghton-le-Spring Parish:					
Biddick, South, otherwise Biddick Waterville - Tp.	- - -	1 16 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Houghton-le-Spring.
Painshaw - - - „	- - -	189 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Houghton-le-Spring.
— - - - - - „	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	minister of Painshaw.
Jarrow Parish:					
Hedworth - - - Tp.	- - -	25 19 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Boldon.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	175 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Heworth (except Felling - - - Ch.	111 16 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Durham, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	15 9 6	- - -	- - -	curate of Jarrow.
— - - - - - „	- - -	142 16 4	- - -	- - -	curate of Heworth.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	37 1 8	- - -	impropriators.
Felling - - Tp. or Dist.	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Heworth.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 18 4	- - -	impropriators.
Jarrow - - - Tps. or Hams. and Hebburn - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Durham, and lessee.
	15 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of the ninth stall in Durham Cathedral.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	112 - -	- - -	impropriator.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
DURHAM—*continued.*					
Kyloe Parish:					
Kyloe - - - - Tp.	138 10 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Durham, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	15 19 7	- - -	impropriators.
Lanchester Parish:					
Conside with Knitsley - Tp.	- - -	- - -	28 18 4	- - -	impropriator.
Magdalen Close, or the Chapelry of St. Mary Magdalene - - Par. or Ex. Par.	6 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Durham.
Middleton in Teesdale Parish:					
Egleston - - - Tp.	- - -	180 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Middleton in Teesdale.
Norton Parish:					
Blakiston - - Lordship	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Norton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	108 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Sherburn House - - Dist.	3 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of the fourth stall in Durham Cathedral.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	74 - -	Christ's Hospital, Sherburn.
Tweedmouth Parish or Parochial Chapelry:					
Ord (except the Vill or Hamlet of Unthank) Tp.	170 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Durham, and lessees.
	- - -	170 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Tweedmouth.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	107 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Tweedmouth - - „	228 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Durham, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	98 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Washington Parish:					
Usworth, Great, - Tps.	- - -	8 6 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Washington.
Usworth, Little, and North Biddick - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Usworth.
Winlaton Parish:					
Chopwell - - - Tp.	- - -	- 11 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Winlaton.
£.	869 16 10	1,013 10 2	2,115 16 -	286 14 11	
ESSEX:					
Ashdon - - - - Par.	- - -	944 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	210 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Bartlow.
Burnham - - - - „	- - -	612 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	154 13 4	- - -	impropriatrix.
Chignal Little, otherwise „	- - -	118 17 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Chignal Smeeley - - „	- - -	2 12 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Great Waltham.
Coggeshall, Great - - „	- - -	356 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	780 15 6	- - -	impropriators.
Coggeshall, Little - - „	- - -	28 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Coggeshall.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	327 17 2	- - -	impropriators.
Colchester, St. Martin - „	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Colchester, St. Nicholas - „	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Colchester, St. Peter - „	- - -	20 16 8	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Dagenham Parish:					
Hainault Forest (part of), Dist.	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Dagenham.
Easter, High - - - Par.	917 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of St. Paul's, London, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	89 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Westminster, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	177 11 8	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Foulness Island - - Dist.	- - -	41 9 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Foulness.
— - - - - - „	- - -	4 - 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Shopland.
— - - - - - „	- - -	14 11 2	- - -	- - -	rector of Sutton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Little Stambridge.
— - - - - - „	- - -	30 16 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Rochford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	215 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ham, West - - - Par.	*794 3 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	vicar. * This sum is exclusive of an extraordinary charge of 8 *s.* per acre for all market garden ground, except about 109 acres exempt therefrom.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	220 8 8	- - -	impropriators.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
ESSEX—*continued.*					
Harlow - - - - Par.	- - -	403 15 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	700 10 6	- - -	impropriator.
Horkesley, Little - - ,,	- - -	- - -	447 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Hornchurch - - - ,,	- - -	286 15 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Romford.
and Romford (part of) ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	2,756 - -	Winchester College (New College), Oxford.
Laver, High - - - ,,	- - -	520 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Laver, Little - - - ,,	- - -	260 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Laver, Magdalen - - ,,	- - -	319 2 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Loughton - - - ,,	- - -	518 17 3	- - -	- - -	rector.
Maldon, All Saints - - ,,	- - -	25 17 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	12 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Nazeing - - - - ,,	- - -	235 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	251 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ongar, High - - - ,,	- - -	1,382 2 3	- - -	- - -	rector.
Orsett Parish :					
Orsett - - - Ham.	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Orsett.
Pitsea - - - - Par.	- - -	424 17 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	170 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Pleshey - - - ,,	50 17 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Westminster and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	157 8 6	- - -	impropriator.
Purleigh - - - ,,	- - -	1,729 19 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stondon Massey - - ,,	- - -	355 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Streethall - - - ,,	- - -	164 14 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Thoydon Bois - - ,,	- - -	166 9 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	297 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Tolleshunt, Major - ,,	- - -	187 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	205 4 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	265 18 9	the New England Company
Waltham Abbey or Holy Cross Parish :					
Sewardstone - - Ham.	- - -	- - -	489 6 3	- - -	impropriators.
£	1,057 17 -	10,380 17 5	4,429 18 11	3,021 18 9	
GLOUCESTER:					
Baunton - - - Par.	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent.
Briavells Common, the Lower Mean, the Fence, the Forest Fence, Mawkins, Hazel, Brockwear Common, and Bearse Common - - - - Ex. Par. Dist.	- - -	- - -	3 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Campden - - - Par.	- - -	10 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Charlton King's - - ,,	- - -	- - -	286 17 3	- - -	impropriators.
Cheltenham Parish :					
Westall, Naunton, and Sandford - - Hams.	- - -	- - -	48 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Cowley - - - - Par.	- - -	310 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Didbrook - - - ,,	- - -	55 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	65 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Down Hatherley - - ,,	- - -	1 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Dymock - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	979 - 5	- - -	impropriators.
Gloucester, St. Catherine ,,	- - -	- - -	12 - -	- - -	impropriator.
,, St. Michael - ,,	- - -	2 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Guiting, Lower or Power, Parish :					
Castlett - - - Ham.	- - -	23 13 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Lower Guiting.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	53 18 -	- - -	impropriators.
Farmcote - - - ,,	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Lower Guiting.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Guiting Grange - ,,	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Lower Guiting.
Lasborough - - - Par.	- - -	150 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Nibley, North - - ,,	397 6 9½	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.
Sudeley, - - - - ,,	- - -	18 6 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Winchcombe.
and the Abbey Demesnes, Langley Sudeley Tenements and Coates, in the parish of Winchcombe - Hams.	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Sudeley.
	- - -	- - -	10 7 6	- - -	impropriators.
Toddington - - - Par.	- - -	12 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
	397 6 9½	786 7 10	1,608 3 2	—	

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
HEREFORD:					
Bishops Froome, or Froome Bishops - - - Par.	8 10 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of Hereford, and lessee.
	8 10 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	precentor of Hereford, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	569 16 1	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 6 6	- - -	impropriators.
Brampton Bryan Parish: Stanage - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- - -	159 - -	Clun Hospital.
Cowarne, Much - - Par.	360 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Gloucester and Bristol.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	265 10 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Humber - - - - - „	82 9 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Hereford, and lessee.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	107 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Leominster (exclusive of the Township of Upper Hyde) - - - - „	355 2 2½	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Hereford, and lessee.
	3 - 10½	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Gloucester and Bristol.
— - - - - - „	- - -	140 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leominster.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	261 3 7	- - -	impropriators.
Whitchurch - - - „	- - -	283 4 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
£.	817 13 1	1,366 - 11	269 10 1	159 - -	
HERTFORD:					
All Saints and St. John, and Brickendon and Little Amwell - - Pars. Libs.	- - -	472 17 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent.
	- - -	- - -	70 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Ayot Saint Lawrence - Par.	- - -	176 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Baldock - - - - - „	- - -	63 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Barkway - - - - - „	- - -	9 6 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Buckland.
Lilley - - - - - „	- - -	487 6 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	27 19 6	- - -	impropriator.
Northaw - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	231 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Offley - - - - - „	- - -	2 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Royston (partly in Cambridge) - - - - „	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Barkway with Reed.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	24 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Weston - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	109 8 -	- - -	impropriator.
£.	- - -	1,221 - -	463 2 6	—	
HUNTINGDON:					
Alconbury - cum - Alconbury Weston - - Par.	64 6 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Westminster, and lessees.
	- - -	7 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Bevills Wood - - Ex. par.	- - -	2 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Denton.
Bluntisham with Earith - Par.	- - -	1,100 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Caldecot - - - - „	- - -	125 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Covington - - - - „	- - -	1 4 2	- - -	- - -	rector.
Eynesbury Parish: Drewells - - - Dist.	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	rectory of Eynesbury, or rector of Little Barford.
Fletton - - - - Par.	- - -	1 13 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Folksworth - - - „	- - -	52 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Gidding, Great - - - „	- - -	140 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	400 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Gidding, Little - - - „	- - -	135 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Holywell - cum - Needingworth - - - - „	- - -	4 9 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Huntingdon, All Saints - „	- - -	5 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Huntingdon, Saint Benedict's „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Huntingdon, Saint John - „	- - -	89 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Huntingdon, Saint Mary's - „	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	4 2 -	- - -	impropriator.
Kimbolton - - - - „	- - -	48 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 4 -	- - -	impropriator.
Kings Ripton - - - „	- - -	- 10 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Leighton Bromswold - - „	185 3 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Leighton Bromswold (Lincoln), and lessees.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	140 9 10	- - -	- - -	vicar.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS,
HUNTINGDON—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Paxton, Little - - - Par.	10 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	dean and chapter of Lincoln, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	– – –	4 16 –	– – –	– – –	vicar.
Raveley, Little - - „	– – –	– – –	45 – –	– – –	impropriator.
Stanground and Farcet Parishes:					
King's Delph and Eight Roods - - - Dis.	– – –	– – –	93 17 4	– – –	impropriators.
Washingley - - - Par.	– – –	6 13 4	– – –	– – –	rector of Lutton-cum-Washingley.
Woolley - - - - - „	– – –	2 8 –	– – –	– – –	rector.
Yaxley - - - - - „	– – –	– – –	318 2 6	– – –	impropriators.
£.	259 10 5	1,878 14 8	862 5 10	—	
KENT:					
Bircholt - - - - Par.	– – –	62 7 2	– – –	– – –	rector.
Boxley - - - - - „	684 9 –	– – –	– – –	– – –	dean and chapter of Rochester, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	– – –	977 3 –	– – –	– – –	vicar.
Canterbury, St. Dunstan (part of) - - - „	– – –	*58 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar.
					* This sum is exclusive of an extraordinary charge of 12 *s.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of hops, and of 10 *s.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of market gardens.
— - - - - - „	– – –	– – –	35 – –	–	impropriator.
Canterbury Holy Cross, Westgate (part of) - „	6 12 3	– – –	– – –	– – –	Archbishop of Canterbury, and lessee.
„	– – –	†10 16 4	– – –	– – –	vicar.
					† This sum is exclusive of an extraordinary charge of 12 *s.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of hops, and of 10 *s.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of market gardens.
Canterbury, St. Mary Bredin (part of) - „	– – –	‡7 5 4	– – –	– – –	vicar.
„	– – –	‡6 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Blean.
— - - - - - „	– – –	– – –	‡281 3 –	– – –	impropriators.
					‡ These sums are exclusive of an extraordinary charge of 14 *s.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of hops.
Canterbury, St. Mary Northgate (part of) - „	– – –	42 7 –	– – –	– – –	vicar.
„	– – –	– – –	14 – –	– – –	impropriators.
Canterbury, St. Mildred (part of) - - - „	– – –	§24 – –	– – –	– – –	rector.
„	– – –	– – –	§ 4 18 –	– – –	impropriators.
					§ These sums are exclusive of an extraordinary charge of 12 *s.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of hops, and of 10 *s.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of market gardens.
Canterbury, St. Paul (part of) - - - „	77 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	dean and chapter of Canterbury, and lessee.
„	– – –	‖19 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar.
— - - - - - „	– – –	– – –	‖441 3 9	– – –	impropriator.
					‖ These sums are exclusive of an extraordinary charge of 13 *s.* 6 *d.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of hops, and of 10 *s.* 6 *d.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of market gardens.
Canterbury, St. Peter (part of) - - - „	– – –	¶9 – –	– – –	– – –	rector.
					¶ This sum is exclusive of an extraordinary charge of 12 *s.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of hops, and of 10 *s.* per acre in lieu of the tithes of market gardens.
Eltham - - - -	– – –	435 7 –½	– – –	– – –	vicar.
— - - - - - „	– – –	– – –	– – –	989 1 3½	Oriel College, Oxford, and lessee.
Kidbrook - - Ex. Par.	– – –	– – –	87 17 8	– – –	impropriator.
Pembury - - - - Par.	– – –	442 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar.
— - - - - - „	– – –	– – –	330 8 –	– – –	impropriators.
£.	768 1 3	2,093 5 10½	1,194 10 5	989 1 3½	

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
LANCASTER:					
Aldingham - - - Par.	- - -	1,000 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	16 12 -	- - -	impropriators.
Altcar - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	24 8 10	- - -	impropriator.
Aughton - - - - - „	- - -	800 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Bispham Parish:					
Bispham-with-Norbreck, Tp.	- - -	28 8 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Bispham.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	201 12 -	- - -	impropriators.
Blackburn Parish:					
Osbaldestone - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	3 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ramsgrave - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Samlesbury - - - „	- - -	- 7 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Samlesbury chapel.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	98 7 -	- - -	impropriators.
Yate and Pickup Bank - „	- - -	- - -	3 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Bolton-le-Moors Parish:					
Anglezark - - - Tp.	3 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessee.
Bolton, Little - Manor	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Little Bolton.
Lostock - - - Tp.	2 13 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessee.
Rivington - - - „	5 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	20 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Broughton-in-Furness Parochial Chapelry:					
Dunnerdale - - - Tp.	29 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	3 10 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Broughton-in-Furness.
Childwall Parish:					
Woolton, Little - - Tp.	170 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	48 2 11	- - -	- - -	vicar of Childwall.
Cockerham Parish:					
Cockerham - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 12 -	Cockerham school.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
Deane Parish:					
Farnworth - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	8 9 8	- - -	impropriators.
Halliwell and Horwich - Tps.	- - -	- - -	2 8 9	- - -	impropriator.
Heaton - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- 3 7	- - -	impropriator.
Hulton, Little, or Peel - „	- - -	- - -	3 19 -	- - -	impropriators.
Hulton, Middle - - „	- - -	- - -	32 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Kersley - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 17 1½	- - -	impropriators.
Rumworth - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 6 3	- - -	impropriator.
Westhoughton - - „	- - -	65 19 11	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Westhoughton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	174 10 3	- - -	impropriators.
Eccles Parish:					
Barton-upon-Irwell - Tp.	3 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary of Flixton (Lichfield).
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 11 -	- - -	impropriators.
Garstang Parish:					
Catteral - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	70 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kirkland - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Rawcliffe-with-Tarnacre (part of) - „	- - -	- - -	22 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
Winmarleigh - - „	- - -	- - -	150 - 11½	- - -	impropriator.
Hawkshead Parish:					
Hawkshead - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	12 12 -¾	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 11 6	Hawkshead Grammar School.
Huyton Parish:					
Huyton - - - - Tp.	- - -	150 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Huyton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	282 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Knowsley - - - „	- - -	280 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Huyton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Roby - - - - „	- - -	114 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Huyton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	120 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Tarbock - - - „	- - -	154 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Huyton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	180 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kirkham Parish:					
Goosnargh-with-Newsham - - - Tp.	595 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.
Whittingham - - „	248 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessees.
Lancaster Parish:					
Fulwood - - - Tp.	- - -	305 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Lancaster.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	94 8 6	- - -	impropriatrix.
Wyersdale, Over - - „	- - -	- - -	- 14 1	- - -	impropriator.

(continued)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
LANCASTER—*continued.*					
Leigh Parish:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Bedford - - - Tp.	- - -	- 9 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leigh.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	124 6 10	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 10 -	Hilton's charity.
Leigh, West - - „	- - -	- - -	24 11 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	57 - -	Stonyhurst College.
Tyldesley-cum-Shakerley - - - - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of St Helen's.
„	- - -	- - -	78 14 11	- - -	impropriators.
Leyland Parish:					
Euxton - - - Tp.	- - -	170 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leyland.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	234 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Heapy - - - - „	- - -	63 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leyland.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	32 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Manchester Parish:					
Ardwick - - - Tp.	34 7 7	- - -	- -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Broughton with Kersall „	128 19 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Cheetham - - - „	80 11 11	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Chorlton-cum-Hardy - „	173 17 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	9 - 6	- - -	impropriator.
Chorlton-on-Medlock - „	23 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Denton - - - „	140 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Didsbury - - - „	149 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 17 3	- - -	impropriator.
Droylsden - - - „	97 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Failsworth - - - „	86 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Heaton Norris - - „	286 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Manchester - - - „ and Beswick - Ex. Par.	18 19 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Moss Side - - - Tp.	18 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	7 10 9	- - -	impropriator.
Moston - - - „	100 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Newton - - - „	159 3 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Reddish - - - „	134 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Rushulme - - - „	84 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
Withington - - - „	115 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and canons of Manchester.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	20 9 -	- - -	impropriator.
Melling Parish:					
Arkholme-with-Cawood Tp.	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Melling.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	148 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Farleton - - - „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Melling.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	42 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Hornby - - - „	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Melling.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	21 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Melling-with-Wrayton - - - - „	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Melling.
„	- - -	- - -	107 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Roeburndale - - „	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Melling.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	74 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Wennington - - - „	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Melling.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	80 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Wray-with-Bolton - „	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Melling.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	125 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Middleton Parish:					
Lever, Great - - Tp.	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Middleton.
Mitton Parish:					
Aighton, Bailey, and Chaighley - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	4 19 2	- - -	impropriator.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
LANCASTER—*continued.*					
Ormskirk Parish:					
Burscough - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	827 19 -	- - -	impropriators.
Newburgh - - - Ham.	- - -	- - -	200 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Ormskirk - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	75 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Penwortham Parish:					
Hutton - - - - Tp.	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Penwortham.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 8 -	- - -	impropriator.
Pilling-lane - - - Ham.	- - -	- - -	130 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Prescot Parish:					
Prescot - - - - Tp.	- - -	19 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Prescot.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	King's College, Cambridge.
Preston Parish:					
Barton - - - - Tp.	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Preston.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	96 2 5	- - -	impropriator.
Prestwich-cum-Oldham Parish:					
Crompton - - - Tp.	- - -	93 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Prestwich-cum-Oldham.
Oldham - - - „	- - -	170 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Prestwich-cum-Oldham.
Rochdale Parish:					
Butterworth - - - Tp.	25 - 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of Canterbury and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	27 9 6	- - -	impropriators.
Spotland - - - „	43 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of Canterbury, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	95 13 3	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	Healey church schools.
Tatham - - - - Par.	- - -	300 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Toxteth Park - - Ex. Par.	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Walton-on-the-Hill.
— - - - - „	- - -	263 14 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Walton-on-the-Hill.
Tunstall Parish:					
Burrow - - - Tp.	- - -	130 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tunstall.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	135 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Cantsfield - - - „	- - -	46 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tunstall.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	42 7 6	- - -	impropriator.
Leck - - - - „	- - -	73 9 9	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tunstall.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	66 - -	Heversham Free Grammar School.
Tunstall - - - „	- - -	50 12 5	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tunstall.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	62 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
Ulverstone Parish:					
Lowick - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	12 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Osmotherley - - „	- - -	- - -	36 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Subberthwaite - - „	- - -	- - -	6 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Ulverstone - - „	- - -	- - -	26 17 -	- - -	impropriators.
Urswick - - - - Par.	- - -	200 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	255 1 6	- - -	impropriators.
Walton-on-the-Hill Parish:					
Everton - - Chapy.	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Walton-on-the-Hill.
Formby - - - Tp.	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Walton-on-the-Hill.
— - - - - „	- - -	242 17 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Walton-on-the-Hill.
Whalley Parish:					
Brierclíffe with Extwisle - - - Tp.	- - -	10 9 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Burnley.
	- - -	- - -	30 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Chatburn - - - „	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Clitheroe.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 12 -	- - -	impropriator.
Clitheroe - - - „	- - -	1 10 8	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Clitheroe.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	143 1 2	- - -	impropriators.
Downham - - - „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Downham.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Foulridge - - - „	- - -	3 10 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Colne.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	25 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Marsden, Great and Little - - - „	- - -	7 12 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Colne.
	- - -	- - -	50 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Trawden - - - „	- - -	7 6 5	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Colne.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	41 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Twiston - - - „	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Downham.
Whittington - - - Par.	- - -	400 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wigan Parish:					
Pemberton - - - Tp.	- - -	370 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Wigan.
Wigan - - - - „	- - -	126 11 7	- - -	- - -	rector of Wigan.
£.	2,954 13 8	5,839 10 6	5,300 16 9¾	136 14 6	

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. 6.	TITHE OWNERS.
LEICESTER:					
Abkettleby Parish:					
Holwell - - - - Tp.	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Abkettleby.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	50 11 1	- - -	impropriators.
Asfordby - - - - Par.	- - -	2 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ashby-de-la-Zouch Parish:					
Ashby-de-la-Zouch - Tp.	- - -	3 3 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ashby-de-la-Zouch.
Ashby-Folville Parish:					
Ashby-Folville - - Tp.	- - -	85 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ashby-Folville.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	99 18 -	- - -	impropriators.
Ashby, Little - - - - „	- - -	192 5 11	- - -	- - -	rector of Little Ashby.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Croft.
— - - - - - „	- - -	3 4 3	- - -	- - -	rector of Leire.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 4 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Kimcote.
— - - - - - „	- - -	3 5 2	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Ashby.
Ashby, Magna, Parish:					
Ashby, Magna - - Tp.	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ashby, Magna.
Aston Flamville - - Par.	- - -	33 14 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Aylestone Parish:					
Lubbesthorpe - Tp. or Chap.	- - -	2 13 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Aylestone.
Barwell Parish:					
Potters Marston - - Tp.	- - -	3 18 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Barwell.
Belgrave Parish:					
Birstall - - - Cha.	19 5 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Lichfield, and lessee.
Belton - - - - Par.	- - -	10 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Billesdon Parish:					
Billesdon - - - Tp.	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Billesdon.
Goadby - - - - „	- - -	77 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Billesdon.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	12 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Rolleston - - - - „	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Billesdon.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Bowden Magna Parish:					
Harborough - - - Tp.	7 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.
Brookesby - - - Par.	- - -	300 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Carlton Curlieu Parish:					
Carlton Curlieu - - Tp.	- - -	43 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Carlton Curlieu.
Carlton Curlieu and Noseley Parishes:					
Ilston - - - - Tp.	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Carlton Curlieu.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	101 2 7	- - -	impropriators.
Cosby - - - - Par.	- - -	- 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Cottesbach - - - - „	- - -	287 7 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Croxton, South - - - „	- - -	34 19 8	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 11 9	- - -	impropriators.
Dalby, Little - - - - „	- - -	240 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Dalby, Old - - Ex. Par.	- - -	- - -	12 1 6	- - -	impropriator.
Desford Parish:					
Barrons Park - - Tp.	- - -	- 6 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Desford.
Eastwell - - - - Par.	- - -	354 12 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Elmsthorpe - - - - „	- - -	56 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Emmanuel (except Woodthorpe) - - - - „	- - -	300 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Woodthorpe - Ham. or Tp.	- - -	128 14 2	- - -	- - -	rector of Emmanuel.
Enderby Parish:					
Enderby - - - Tp.	- - -	175 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Enderby.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	64 1 -	- - -	impropriators.
Evington - - - - Par.	- - -	15 17 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	63 1 2	- - -	impropriators.
Foston - - - - „	- - -	200 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Gaddesby - - - Par. Ch.	- - -	143 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Rothley.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	101 8 11	- - -	impropriatrixes.
Galby Parish:					
Galby - - - - Tp.	- - -	121 19 5	- - -	- - -	rector of Galby.
Glenfield - - - - Par.	- - -	150 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Glenn, Great, Parish:					
Stretton, Great - - Tp.	- - -	116 7 3	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Glenn.
Gopsall Hall - Ex. Par. or Lib.	68 3 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Oxford, and lessee.
Gumley - - - - Par.	- - -	- 18 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Heather - - - - „	- - -	320 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
LEICESTER—*continued.*					
Holt and Bradley - - Par.	- - -	166 10 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Horninghold - - - „	- - -	23 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	10 - -	- - -	impropriator.
King's Norton - - - „	- - -	95 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Galby.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 6 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	Wigston Hospital, and lessee.
Kirkby Mallory Parish:					
Kirkby Mallory - - Tp.	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Kirkby Mallory.
Knossington otherwise Knawston - - - Par.	- - -	255 3 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Leicester, St. Leonard - „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 2 -	- - -	impropriator.
Leicester, St. Margaret, Parish:					
Knighton - - Ch. or Tp.	11 3 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of St. Margaret's, Leicester (Lincoln), and lessee.
Margaret, St. - - Tp.	25 5 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of St. Margaret's, Leicester (Lincoln), and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	13 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Leicester, St. Mary - Par.					
including Bromkingsthorpe and West Cotes Tps.	- - -	- - -	184 16 4	- - -	impropriators.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	79 7 9	corporation of Leicester.
Lockington - - - Par.	- - -	113 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Loddington - - - „	- - -	175 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	90 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Loughborough - - - „	- - -	22 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Lowesby - - - - „	- - -	- - -	12 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Lubbenham Parish:					
Lubbenham - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	9 10 6	- - -	impropriator.
Lutterworth - - Par.	- - -	13 17 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Market Bosworth Parish:					
Barlestone - - - Tp.	- - -	33 4 3	- - -	- - -	rector of Market Bosworth.
Carlton - - - „	- - -	81 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Market Bosworth.
Market Bosworth - - „	- - -	227 13 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Market Bosworth.
Market Bosworth and Cadeby Parishes:					
Osbaston - - - Tp.	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Market Bosworth.
— - - - - - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Cadeby.
Market Bosworth and Norton-juxta-Twycross Parishes:					
Bilstone - - - Tp.	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Market Bosworth.
— - - - - - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Norton-juxta-Twycross.
Markfield - - - Par.	- - -	165 9 10	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 4 10	- - -	impropriator.
Melton Mowbray Parish:					
Burton Lazaars (part of) Tp. or Ham.	- - -	102 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Melton Mowbray.
	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stapleford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	468 2 8	- - -	impropriators.
Eye Kettleby - Tp.	- - -	- 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Melton Mowbray.
Muston - - - - Par.	- - -	433 12 7	- - -	- - -	rector.
Nailstone Parish:					
Normanton-le-Heath - Tp.	- - -	34 11 4½	- - -	- - -	rector of Nailstone.
Narborough Parish:					
Narborough - - - Tp.	- - -	156 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Narborough.
Norton-juxta-Twycross - Par.	- - -	- 12 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Packington with Snibstone „	- - -	50 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	4 - -	Osgathorpe charity.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	Wigston's Hospital.
Peatling Parva - - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Peckleton-cum Tooley Parish:					
Peckleton - - - Tp.	- - -	400 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Peckleton-cum-Tooley.
Tooley - - - Ham.	- - -	1 4 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Peckleton-cum-Tooley.
Prestwold Parish:					
Prestwold - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- 4 -	- - -	impropriator.
Ratby Parish:					
Newtown Unthank and Newtown Botcheston - Tp.	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ratby.
	- - -	- - -	120 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ratby - - - - „	- - -	62 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ratby.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	94 - -	- - -	impropriator.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
LEICESTER—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Rearsby - - - - Par.	- - -	5 19 3	- - -	- - -	rector.
Scalford - - - - „	- - -	13 7 –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Scraptoft - - - - „	- - -	75 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 11 –	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 7 –	Dr. Chamberlain's charity.
Shackerstone Parish:					
Barton-in-the-Beans (part of) - Ham.	- - -	17 13 –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Shackerstone.
	- - -	- - -	10 3 –	- -	impropriators.
Odestone - - - Tp.	- - -	8 19 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Shackerstone.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	109 14 –	- - -	impropriators.
Shackerstone - - „	- - -	10 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Shackerstone.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	60 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Sharnford - - - Par.	- - -	2 15 –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Sheepey Parish:					
Sheepey Magna - - Tp.	- - -	9 15 9	- - -	- - -	rector of the north mediety of Sheepey.
— - - - - „	- - -	8 11 3	- - -	- - -	rector of the south mediety of Sheepey.
Sheepshead - - Par.	- - -	58 – 9	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Shenton - - - Tp.	- - -	220 – –	- - -	- - -	rector of Market Bosworth.
— - - - - - „	- - -	114 17 10	- - -	- - -	rector of Sibson.
Sibson Parish:					
Sibson - - - Tp.	- - -	18 8 –	- - -	- - -	rector of Sibson.
Upton - - - „	- - -	401 14 –	- - -	- - -	rector of Sibson.
Somerby - - - Par.	- - -	1 13 1	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Thorpe Arnold - - „	- - -	258 12 –	- - -	- - -	vicar
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	55 – 9	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	30 – –	Ravenstone Hospital.
Thurlaston - - - „	- - -	42 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Thurnby Parish:					
Bushby (part of) - - Tp.	- - -	50 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Thurnby.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	9 – –	- - -	impropriators.
Stoughton - - - „	- - -	110 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Thurnby.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	220 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Tilton-on-the Hill Parish:					
Marefield - - - Tp.	- - -	65 12 –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tilton-on-the-Hill.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	12 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Tugby - - - - Par. including Keythorpe Chy.	- - -	– 15 –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tugby.
Twycross - - - - Par.	269 6 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	Bishop of Oxford, and lessee.
Wimeswold - - - „	- - -	– 15 3	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	– 10 –	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Withcote - - - - „	- - -	130 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Witherley Parish:					
Atterton - - - Tp.	- - -	200 11 2	- - -	- - -	rector of Witherley.
Witherley - - - „	- - -	284 4 7	- - -	- - -	rector of Witherley.
Wyfordby Parish:					
Wyfordby-cum-Brentingby - - Tp.	- - -	72 – –	- - -	- - -	rector of Wyfordby.
- - „	- - -	72 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Thorpe Arnold.
£.	400 3 10	8,994 18 9½	1,987 11 1	126 4 9	
LINCOLN:					
Alkborough - - - Par.	- - -	12 2 4¼	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Althorpe Parish:					
Keadby - - - - Tp.	- - -	90 – –	- - -	- - -	rector of Althorpe.
Ancaster - - - - Par.	- - -	– 12 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Apley - - - - „	- - -	- - -	161 18 5	- - -	impropriators.
Appleby - - - - „	- - -	210 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	11 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Ashby Puerorum - - „	248 14 –	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lincoln.
— - - - - - „	- - -	132 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Ashby, West - - - „	1 10 –	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle, and lessee.
Aslackby - - - - „	- - -	352 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	429 15 6	- - -	impropriators.
Aubourn - - - - „	- - -	209 8 11½	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	241 1 6	- - -	impropriators.
Barkwith, West - - „	- - -	86 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Barrowby - - - - „	- - -	590 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Bassingham - - - „	- - -	630 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
LINCOLN—*continued.*					
Beelsby - - - - Par.	- - -	570 4 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Belchford - - - - „	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Belleau and Aby - - Pars.	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Aby.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	11 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Benniworth or Benningworth - - - - Par.	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Billingborough - - - „	- - -	- 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Blankney Parish: Linwood - - - Ham.	- - -	90 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Blankney.
Bourne - - - - Par.	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	12 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Branston - - - - „	- - -	224 10 3	- - -	- - -	rector.
Brauncewell - - - „	- - -	642 9 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Brigsley - - - - „	- - -	36 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Burton-by-Lincoln - - „	- - -	510 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Burton Pedwardine - - „	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Burwell - - - - „	- - -	- - -	400 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Calcethorpe - - - „	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Cammeringham - - - „	- - -	90 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	221 6 8	- - -	impropriator.
Carlton-le-Moorland - - „	- - -	36 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Carlton, North - - - „	391 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary of Carlton-cum-Dalby (Lincoln) and lessees.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	21 - -	master or keeper of Hospital of Spital-on-the-Street.
Cherry Willingham - - „	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Claxby-by-Normanby - „	- - -	316 1 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Coates - - - - „	- - -	- - -	169 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Cold Hanworth - - - „	- - -	113 3 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Coningsby - - - - „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Corringham Parish: Somerby - - Ham.	10 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary of Corringham (Lincoln) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	65 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Corringham.
Croft, - - - - Par. and Bamburgh Field Ham.	- - -	600 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Croft.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	590 12 -	- - -	impropriators.
Doddington (except Whisby) Par.	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Doddington.
Dorrington - - - - „	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	15 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Edenham - - - - „	- - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Edlington - - - - „	- - -	217 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	252 - -	Oakham and Uppingham schools.
Epworth - - - - „	- - -	- - -	16 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Ewerby - - - - „	- - -	48 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	12 19 3	- - -	impropriators.
Farforth - - - - „	- - -	118 14 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Fiskerton - - - - „	- - -	152 4 3	- - -	- - -	rector.
Fristhorpe - - - - „	- - -	113 19 7	- - -	- - -	rector.
Gainsborough Parish: Gainsborough - - - Tp.	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gainsborough.
Gate Burton - - - Par.	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Goxhill - - - - - „	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
Grantham (exclusive of the township of Harrowby) „	- - -	116 1 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 11 -	- - -	impropriator.
Grayingham - - - - „	- - -	510 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Greetwell - - - - „	361 18 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	choristers of Lincoln Cathedral.
Grimoldby - - - - „	- - -	32 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Hacconby - - - - „	- - 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Lincoln and lessee.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Hale, Great - - - „	- - -	810 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1,014 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Hallington - - - - „	- - -	160 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	225 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Hatton - - - - „	- - -	283 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Haugh - - - Ex.-Par.	- - -	6 13 4	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
Haxey - - - - Par.	835 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York and lessees.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	520 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Hougham and Marston - Pars.	- - -	110 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Hough-on-the-Hill - - Par.	- - -	88 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	3 14 -	- - -	impropriator.
Howell - - - - „	- - -	80 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ingoldsby - - - - „	- - -	557 14 -	- - -	- - -	rector.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
LINCOLN—*continued.*					
Kelsey, South - - - Par.	- - -	6 15 10	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kelstern - - - - „	- - -	212 5 7	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Kirkby Lathorpe - - „	- - -	300 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	130 - -	Sleaford Hospital.
Knaith - - - - „	- - -	- - -	260 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kyme, South - - - „	- - -	- - -	789 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Laughton with Wildsworth „	- - -	258 16 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	311 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Lavington, or Lenton Parish:					
Hanby - - - Ham.	- - -	153 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Lavington.
Keisby - - - - „	- - -	231 19 10	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Lavington.
Lavington, or Lenton (part of) - - „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar (incumbent) of Lavington
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Lincoln, St. Mary Magdalene, Par.	- - -	29 9 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Lincoln, St. Mary-le-Wigford „	- - -	80 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Lincoln, St. Peter-in-Eastgate „	9 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	precentor of Lincoln Cathedral
Lincoln, St. Swithin - - „	- - -	11 14 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Louth - - - - - „	- - -	48 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Ludborough - - - „	- - -	2 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ludford Magna - - „	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Manton Parish:					
Twigmoor - - - Tp.	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Manton.
Market Rasen - - - Par.	- - -	- 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Melton Ross - - - - „	556 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the Canonry of Melton-Ross-cum-Scamblesby (Lincoln).
Mere - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	500 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Metheringham - - - „	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 10 -	Sleaford Hospital.
Morton - - - - „	- - -	- 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - 3	- - -	impropriator.
Mumby - - - - - „	- - -	2 9 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Normanby-on-the-Wolds - „	- - -	567 19 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Northolme, or Wainfleet St. Thomas - - „	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Owston Parish:					
Butterwick, West, with Kelfield - - - Tp.	411 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
Owston - - - - „	401 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
Potter Hanworth - - Par.	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Raithby, with Maltby - „	- - -	410 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Rasen, Middle Drax, and Rasen, Middle, Tupholme Parishes:					
Middle Rasen - - Tp.	2 10 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Lincoln and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 2 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Middle Rasen, Tupholme.
— - - - - - „	- - -	10 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Middle Rasen, Drax.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	25 7 -	- - -	impropriators.
Repham - - - - Par.	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	241 13 2	Mercers' Company, London.
Reston, South - - - „	- - -	6 5 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Sapperton - - - - „	- - -	156 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Saxby in Aslacoe - - „	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Scampton - - - - „	- - -	300 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Scothern, or Scothorn - „	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - 1	- - -	impropriator.
Scrivelby and Dalderby - Pars.	- - -	700 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Sedgebrook - - - Par.	- - -	456 2 8	- - -	- - -	rector.
Sempringham Parish:					
Pointon - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	7 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Sixhills - - - - Par.	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Skegness - - - - „	- - -	180 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Snarford - - - - „	- - -	200 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stainfield - - - - „	- - -	- - -	420 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Stamford, St. John, with St. Clement's - - Pars.	- - -	- 12 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stamford, St. Michael, with St. Stephen and St. Andrew - - - - „	- - -	4 4 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stane, or Stain - - - Par.	- - -	78 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stapleford - - - - „	- - -	- - -	500 - -	- - -	impropriator.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
LINCOLN—*continued*.					
Stroxton - - - - Par.	- - -	306 10 10	- - -	- - -	rector.
Surfleet - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	45 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Syston - - - - ,,	- - -	13 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Swinderby - - - - ,,	- - -	15 17 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	83 2 -	- - -	impropriators.
Theddlethorpe, All Saints - ,,	- - -	- - -	400 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Theddlethorpe, St. Helen's with Mablethorpe, St. Peter's - - - Pars.	- - -	526 14 7	- - -	- - -	rector.
	- - -	183 16 1*	- - -	- - -	rector.
					* This rent-charge is liable to be considerably reduced upon the contingencies of cultivation and occupancy.
Thimbleby - - - Par.	- - -	- 18 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Thoresby, South - - ,,	- - -	257 7 8	- - -	- - -	rector.
Thornton Curtis - - ,,	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	193 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Thorpe-in-the-Fallows - ,,	- - -	72 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Timberland Parish:					
Martin Dales - - Tp.	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Timberland.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	85 5 3	- - -	impropriators.
Torksey Parish:					
Hardwick - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	8 17 6	- - -	impropriator.
Torrington, East - - Par.	- - -	210 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Torrington, West - - ,,	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Tothill - - - - ,,	- - -	149 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Tupholme - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Walesby Parish:					
Risby - - - - Tp.	- - -	130 - -†	- - -	- - -	rector of Walesby.
					† In addition to this rent-charge, the rector receives a fixed annual sum of 20 *l.* in lieu of certain tithes and glebe.
Walesby and Otley - Dist.	- - -	570 - -	- - -	- -	rector of Walesby.
Walmsgate - - - Par.	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Welton-on-the-Wold - ,,	- - -	3 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Witham, North - - ,,	- - -	315 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wragby - - - - ,,	- - -	63 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	- - -	impropriator.
Wroot Parish:					
Skate Intack, and Wroot Acres - - - Dist.	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Wroot.
Wyham-with-Cadeby - Par.	- - -	315 - -	- - -	- - -	rector and lessee.
Wykeham, East - - ,,	- - -	14 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
£.	3,228 4 -	17,976 11 11¾	7,774 3 4	645 3 2	
MIDDLESEX:					
Bow, St. Mary Stratford - Par.	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stepney.
Bromley, Saint Leonard - ,,	- - -	- - -	196 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
Cowley - - - - ,,	- - -	46 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Hadley alias Monken Hadley - ,,	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Enfield.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 12 -	Trinity College, Cambridge, and lessees.
Hampton - - - - ,,	- - -	172 12 9	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Islington, Saint Mary - ,,	- - -	90 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Littleton - - - - ,,	- - -	312 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Marylebone, Saint - ,,	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Matthew, Saint, Bethnal-green - - - - ,,	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stepney.
Stepney - - - - ,,	- - -	50 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stoke Newington - - ,,	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
£.	- - -	847 19 9	196 5 -	7 12 -	
MONMOUTH:					
Cwmyoy, Upper and Lower Divisions - - - Par.	- - -	67 18 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	467 2 3	- - -	impropriators.
Howick - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	42 12 6	- - -	impropriator.
Llanellan - - - - ,,	- - -	133 19 2	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	33 11 2½	Penbiddle charity.
Llanfihangle Crucorney - ,,	- - -	255 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	93 - -	Penbiddle charity.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
MONMOUTH—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Langstone Parish:					
Lanbedr - - - Ham.	25 14 11	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary of Gwarthycwm (Llandaff) and lessee.
Llangwm Issaf, Llangwm Uchaf - Pars.	85 4 6½	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary of Llangwm (Llandaff.)
— - - - - - „	85 4 6½	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary of Gwarthacwm (Llandaff.)
— - - - - - „	- - -	187 8 3	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Llanvair Discoed, (except Dinham) - - - Par.	122 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Llandaff.
„	- - -	- - -	3 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Penalt - - - - „	- - -	156 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Trelleck - - - - „	- - -	311 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
£.	318 4 -	1,111 5 5	512 14 9	126 11 2½	
NORFOLK:					
Anmer - - - - Par.	- - -	200 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Barmer - - - - „	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	223 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Beckham, East - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 5 6	- - -	impropriator.
Bressingham Parish:					
Bressingham - - - Dist.	- - -	10 - 9	- - -	- - -	rector of Bressingham.
Buckenham, New - - Par.	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Eccles.
Caldecot - - - - „	- - -	6 13 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Carleton, St. Mary, and Carleton, St. Peter - Pars.	- - -	147 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Carleton, St. Mary.
„	- - -	167 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Carleton, St. Peter.
Caston - - - - Par.	- - -	517 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Dereham, West - - - „	225 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Ely and lessee.
Dunston - - - - „	- - -	- - -	196 4 -	- - -	impropriator.
Guestwick - - - - „	- - -	88 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	131 15 7	- - -	impropriator.
Hapton - - - - „	- - -	10 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ashwellthorpe.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	215 7 6	Christ's College, Cambridge.
Hoo - - - - - „	- - -	118 3 2	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	236 6 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - „	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Gressenhall.
Ketteringham - - - „	- - -	170 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	258 4 6	- - -	impropriator.
Lynn, St. Margaret - - „	13 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Norwich.
Melton Constable, with Little Burgh annexed - „	- - -	242 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Norwich, All Saints - - „	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Norwich, St. Ethelred - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 2 -	The Great Hospital (Norwich).
Norwich, St. John, Sepulchre „	8 5 4	- - -	- - -	-	dean and chapter of Norwich, and lessee.
Norwich, St. John the Baptist, Timberhill - „	1 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Norwich, and lessee.
Norwich, St. Julian - - „	- - -	4 6 9	- - -	- - -	rector.
Norwich, St. Peter per Mountregate - - „	2 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Norwich, and lessee.
Norwich, St. Peter, Southgate - - - - „	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Pentney - - - - „	- - -	- - -	7 4 6	- - -	impropriator.
Poringland, East - - „	- - -	1 17 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Howe.
Pudding Norton - - „	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Santon, otherwise Santon House - - - - „	- - -	80 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Shimpling - - - - „	- - -	240 12 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Sustead - - - - „	- - -	- - -	65 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Swardeston - - - „	- - -	135 15 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	2 12 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Mulbarton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	311 15 9	- - -	impropriators.
Testerton - - - - „	- - -	13 3 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Thetford, St. Mary (partly in Suffolk) - - - „	- - -	- - -	21 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Tunstall - - - - „	- - -	- - -	389 12 -	- - -	impropriators.
Weeting - - - - „	- - -	517 5 8	- - -	- - -	rector.
Yarmouth, Great - - „	60 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Norwich, and lessee.
£.	309 15 4	2,951 14 8	1,612 1 10	218 9 6	

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
NORTHAMPTON:					
Alderton - - - - Par.	- - -	3 16 7	- - -	- - -	rector.
Arthingworth - - - „	- - -	1 2 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ashby, St. Ledgers - - „	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Aston-le-Walls - - - „	- - -	240 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Benefield, Upper and Lower „	- - -	18 2 2	- - -	- - -	rector.
Blatherwycke - - - „	- - -	311 - 3	- - -	- - -	rector.
Braybrooke - - - - „	- - -	33 9 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Brigstock - - - - „	- - -	7 1 8	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Bugbrook - - - - „	- - -	29 4 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	34 6 -	- - -	impropriators.
Castor Parish:					
Sutton - - - - Tp.	- - -	194 9 5	- - -	- - -	rector of Castor.
Upton - - - - „	- - -	239 8 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Castor.
Charwelton - - - Par.	- - -	579 12 10	- - -	- - -	rector.
Cranford St. Andrew - „	- - -	10 8 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Deene - - - - - „ and Deenethorpe (exclusive of lands inclosed from Rockingham Forest) - - - Ham.	- - -	497 11 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Deene.
Easton Neston with Hulcote Par.	- - -	- - -	- - -	159 18 9	free grammar-school of Thame.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	243 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Everdon Parish:					
Snorscombe - - Ham.	- - -	150 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Fawsley - - - - Par.	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Flore Parish:					
Glasthorpe - - - Tp.	- - -	145 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Flore.
Furtho - - - - Par.	- - -	31 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Grafton Regis - - - „	- - -	14 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Greens Norton Parish:					
Greens Norton Ham. or Tp.	- - -	16 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Greens Norton.
Silverston - - Ham.	- - -	4 4 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Greens Norton.
Guilsborough Parish:					
Hollowell - - - Tp.	10 17 3	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	52 7 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Guilsborough.
Nortoft - - - - - „	- - -	87 8 2	- - -	- - -	vicar of Guilsborough.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	51 17 6	- - -	impropriators.
Haddon, East - - - Par.	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Harrowden Magna, otherwise Great Harrowden, - - - - „	- - -	230 3 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Harrowden.
and Harrowden Parva, otherwise Little Harrowden - - - Ham. or Tp.	- - -	- - -	82 4 2	- - -	impropriator.
Hartwell - - - - Par.	- - -	- 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ashton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Heyford Lower, otherwise Heyford Nether, Parish:					
Heyford Lower - Ham. or Tp.	- - -	36 2 11	- - -	- - -	rector of Lower Heyford.
Heyford, Upper - 1st Dist.	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Bugbrooke.
Heyford, Upper - 2d Dist.	- - -	61 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Flore.
Heyford, Upper - 3d Dist.	- - -	12 4 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Lower Heyford.
King's Sutton - - - Par.	- - -	47 15 10	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	39 2 6	- - -	impropriator.
Morton Pinckney - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	163 3 -	Oriel College, Oxford.
Norton - - - - - „	- - -	229 11 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 13 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Brockhall.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	7 14 6	- - -	impropriator.
Oundle (exclusive of the hamlet of Elvington) - „	- - -	- - -	2 13 2½	- - -	impropriator.
Piddington - - - „ and Hackleton - Ham. or Tp.	- - -	- - -	11 14 6 *22 6 7	- - -	impropriator. * This rent-charge is payable only when the land on which it is charged is not in the occupation of the Crown or the lessees thereof.
Polebrook - - - - Par.	- - -	155 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Quinton - - - - - „	- - -	1 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	†1 7 -	- - -	- - -	† This rent-charge is charged on land belonging to the Crown, and is payable only when the land becomes the property of a subject.
Rockingham - - - - „	- - -	150 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Rushton - - - - „	- - -	655 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Scaldwell - - - - „	- - -	13 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.

COUNTY, Parish, Township, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
NORTHAMPTON—*cont*^{d}.					
Stoke Doyle - - - Par.	- - -	89 11 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 15 4	- - -	impropriator.
Stutchbury - - - „	- - -	6 13 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Thenford - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	102 10 -	Brazenose College, Oxford, and lessee.
Towcester Parish :					
Handley - - - Tp.	120 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Lichfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	47 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Towcester.
Upton - - - - Par.	- - -	400 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Watford - - - - „	- - -	191 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	155 18 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 13 6	Hadden charity.
Wellingborough - - - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Wollaston Parish :					
Wollaston Lodge Farm Dist.	- - -	- 19 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wollaston.
— - - - - „	- - -	5 6 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Strixton.
Wootton - - - - Par.	- - -	1 6 8	- - -	- - -	rector.
£.	130 17 3	5,098 9 8	661 12 3½	428 5 3	
NORTHUMBERLAND :					
Allendale - - - - Par.	- - -	83 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	552 11 1	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 3 -	Greenwich Hospital.
Allenton Parish :					
Bidleston - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	Cartington almshouse.
Bamburgh Parish :					
Sunderland, North - - Tp.	- - -	2 10 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Bamburgh.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	229 13 -	- - -	impropriators.
Tughall - - - - „	- - -	16 7 6	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Bamburgh.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	240 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Berwick-upon-Tweed - - Par.	2,327 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Durham, and lessees.
Brinkburn Parochial Chapelry :					
Brinkburn, Low, Ward - Tp.	- - -	- - -	75 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Chollerton Parish :					
Birtley (High Division) - Ch.	- - -	61 5 7	- - -	- - -	vicar of Chollerton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	19 3 6	- - -	impropriators.
Corbridge Parish :					
Dilston - - - - Tp.	315 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Carlisle, and lessees.
— - - - - „	- - -	42 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Corbridge.
Doddington Parish :					
Doddington - - - Tp.	- - -	169 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Doddington.
Earle, otherwise Yearle - - „	- - -	51 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Doddington.
	- - -	- - -	49 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ewart - - - - „	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Doddington.
Humbleton - - - „	- - -	53 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Doddington.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	58 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Nesbit - - - - „	- - -	33 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Doddington.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	120 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Eglingham Parish :					
Brandon - - - Tp.	- - -	53 2 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Eglingham.
Embleton Parish :					
Broxfield - - - Tp.	- - -	4 6 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Embleton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	21 17 -	- - -	impropriator.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	39 10 -	Merton College, Oxford, and lessee.
Brunton - - - - Tp.	- - -	2 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Embleton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	88 2 9	Merton College, Oxford, and lessee.
Ford Parish :					
Crookham - - - Tp.	- - -	225 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ford.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	187 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Etal - - - - „	- - -	700 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ford.
Ford - - - - „	- - -	150 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ford.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	400 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Heatherslaw and Flodden - - „	- - -	170 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ford.
	- - -	- - -	230 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kimmerston and Broomridge - - „	- - -	135 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ford.
	- - -	- - -	235 - -	- - -	impropriator.

COUNTY, Parish, Township, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
NORTHUMBERLAND—*cont*.					
Halystone Parish:					
Dueshill - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	20 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Halystone - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 6 8	- - -	impropriators.
Hartburn Parish:					
Thornton, East - - Tp.	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hartburn.
Heddon-on-the-Wall Parish:					
Eachwick - - - Tp.	- - -	22 7 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Heddon-on-the-Wall.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	90 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Heddon-on-the-Wall - „	- - -	84 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Heddon-on-the-Wall.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	140 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Ilderton Parish:					
Ilderton - - - Tp.	- - -	26 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ilderton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	195 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Middleton Hall - - „	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ilderton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	69 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Middleton, North - - „	- - -	23 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ilderton.
Middleton, South - - „	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ilderton.
Roddam - - - „	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ilderton.
Rosedon - - - „	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ilderton.
Ingram Parish:					
Fawdon - Vill. or Ham.	- - -	37 8 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ingram.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 2 -	- - -	parish clerk of Ingram.
Kirknewton Parish:					
Howtell - - - Tp.	- - -	33 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirknewton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	36 2 -	- - -	impropriators.
Newton, West - - „	- - -	5 14 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirknewton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	47 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Kyloe Parish:					
Berrington (except the Farm of Berrington Law) - - - Tp.	293 2 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Durham, and lessees.
„	- - -	6 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Ancroft.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	51 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Lee, St. John, Parish:					
Hallington - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	19 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Longhorsley Parish:					
Stanton - - - Tp.	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Longhorsley.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	321 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Longhorsley and Hartburn Parishes:					
Longshaws - - Tp.	- - -	- 6 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Longhorsley.
— - - - - „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hartburn.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 10 6	- - -	impropriators.
Meldon Parish:					
Meldon - - - - Tp.	- - -	230 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Meldon.
Mitford Parish:					
Nun-Riding - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	22 5 8	- - -	impropriators.
Morpeth Parish:					
Catchburn, Morpeth Castle, Parkhouse and Stob Hill Tp.	- - -	294 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Morpeth.
Netherwitton Parish:					
Nunnykirk - - - Tp.	- - -	- 1 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Netherwitton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	15 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ritton White House - „	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Netherwitton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	32 13 6	- - -	impropriators.
Newburn Parish:					
Denton, West - - Tp.	70 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle and lessees.
— - - - - „	- - -	2 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Newburn.
Newburn (except part of Throckley Fell) - „	95 6 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle and lessees.
„	- - -	23 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Newburn.
Newburn Hall - - „	38 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle and lessees.
— - - - - „	- - -	26 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Newburn.
Throckley Fell (part of) Dist.	90 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle and lessees.
— - - - - „	- - -	9 9 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Newburn.
Walbottle - - - Tp.	224 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle and lessees.
— - - - - „	- - -	36 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Newburn.

COUNTY, Parish, Township, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
NORTHUMBERLAND—*cont.*					
Newcastle-upon-Tyne Parish:					
Andrew, Saint - - Ch.	15 15 –	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle and dean and chapter of Carlisle in equal moieties, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	22 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Elswick and Westgate - Tps.	2 9 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle and dean and chapter of Carlisle in equal moieties, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	12 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	238 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Newcastle-upon-Tyne:					
Nicholas, Saint, Parish:					
All Saints - - - Tp.	5 5 –	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle, and dean and chapter of Carlisle in equal moities, and lessee.
— - - - - ,,	- - -	2 5 10	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Nicholas, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Byker - - - ,,	159 15 –	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Carlisle, and dean and chapter of Carlisle in equal moieties, and lessee.
— - - - - ,,	- - -	34 13 –	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Nicholas, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
Ovingham Parish:					
Ovington - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	206 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Prudhoe - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	157 9 1	- - -	impropriators.
Rothbury Parish:					
Debdon - - - - Tp.	- - -	5 – –	- - -	- - -	rector of Rothbury.
Manorial Allotment - Dist.	- - -	8 – –	- - -	- - -	rector of Rothbury.
Mount Healey - - Tp.	- - -	38 2 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Rothbury.
Newtown - - - ,,	- - -	80 – –	- - -	- - -	rector of Rothbury.
Rothbury - - - ,,	- - -	207 15 –	- - -	- - -	rector of Rothbury.
Slaley - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	425 – –	- - -	impropriators.
Thockrington Parish:					
Bavington, Little - - Tp.	19 6 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of Thockrington (York), and lessee.
Carry Coats - - - ,,	40 10 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of Thockrington (York), and lessee.
Thockrington - - ,,	60 13 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of Thockrington (York), and lessee.
Tynemouth Parish:					
Tynemouth - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	101 12 –	- - -	impropriator.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	69 11 3	Milbank's charity, subject to the payment of 2*l.* annually to the vicar of Tynemouth.
Woodhorn Parish:					
Bebside - - - - Tp.	- - -	2 10 –	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Horton.
Hirst - - - - - ,,	- - -	2 3 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Woodhorn.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	25 10 –	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of St. John's, Hampstead.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	25 10 –	Mercers' Company, London.
Woodhorn - - - - ,,	- - -	65 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Woodhorn.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	51 10 –	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of St. John's, Hampstead.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	51 10 –	Mercers' Company, London.
Wooler Parish:					
Fenton - - - - Tp.	- - -	8 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wooler.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	impropriators.
£.	3,756 3 6	3,539 13 5	4,863 17 8	288 7 –	
NOTTINGHAM:					
Bole - - - - - Par.	100 – –	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Bole (York).
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	125 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Burton Joyce Parish:					
Bulcote - - - - Tp.	- - -	5 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Burton Joyce-cum-Bulcote.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	5 10 –	- - -	impropriator.
Clareborough Parish:					
Clareborough - - - Ham.	- - -	12 19 –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Clareborough.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
NOTTINGHAM—*continued.*					
Clayworth Parish:					
Clayworth - - - Tp.	- - -	3 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Clayworth.
Wiseton - - - „	- - -	242 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Clayworth.
Clifton - - - - Par.	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Collingham, South - - „	- - -	1 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Colwick - - - - - „	- - -	174 6 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 14 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Holme Pierre Point.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ratcliffe.
Drayton, West - - „	- - -	90 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Everton Parish:					
Everton - - - Tp.	- - -	18 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Everton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	448 6 9	- - -	impropriators.
Scaftworth - - - „	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Everton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	71 12 6	- - -	impropriator.
Flawborough - - Par. Ch.	- - -	270 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Staunton.
Greasley Parish:					
Brinsley - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
Moor Green - - - Ham.	- - -	- - -	3 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Gresley Parish:					
Kimberley - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	96 11 4	- - -	impropriators.
Grove - - - - Par.	- - -	180 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Halloughton - - - „	161 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebends of Southwell, and Lessees.
Hockerton - - - - „	- - -	230 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Houghton - - Par. Ch.	- - -	7 8 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Walesby.
Hoveringham - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	- - -	36 16 -	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Kelham - - - - „	103 15 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	chapter of Southwell, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	486 4 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kilvington - - - „	- - -	31 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kinoulton - - - „	352 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Archbishop of York, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	238 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	110 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Colston Bassett.
Kneeton - - - - „	- - -	- - -	3 15 -	- - -	impropriator.
Lenton - - - - - „	- - -	- 7 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	- - -	parish clerk.
Maplebeck - - - - „	- - -	4 16 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	275 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Markham, West, Parish:					
Bevercoates - - - Tp.	- - -	5 3 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Walesby.
Marnham Parish:					
Skegby - - - Tp.	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Marnham.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	20 15 10	- - -	impropriator.
Mering - - - Ex. Par.	- - -	- 17 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Sutton-on-Trent.
Morton - - - - Par.	113 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebends of Southwell, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Nottingham, St. Mary (part of) - - - - „	- - -	140 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	20 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	33 15 7	the free school, Nottingham.
Nuthall Parish:					
Awsworth - - Ham.	- - -	37 18 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Nuthall.
Nuthall - - - Tp.	- - -	306 13 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Nuthall.
Ratcliff-on-Soar - - Par.	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	200 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Retford, East - - - „	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Rolleston Parish:					
Rolleston - - - Tp.	300 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	chapter of Southwell, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	188 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Scrooby - - - - Par.	- - -	31 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	95 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Shelton - - - - „	- - -	312 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stapleford - - - „	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
Staunton - - - - „	17 11 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lincoln, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	45 8 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stoke, East - - - „	39 9 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of East Stoke (Lincoln), and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	32 2 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Sutton-cum-Lound - - „	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
NOTTINGHAM—*continued.*					
Wilford - - - - Par.	- - -	3 19 10½	- - -	- - -	rector.
Winthorpe - - - - „	- - -	1 8 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Worksop Parish:					
Gateford - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	173 1 6	- - -	impropriators.
Shireoaks and Haggonfield, Tps.	- - -	- - -	350 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Worksop - - - Tp.	100 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Bishop of Lincoln, and lessee.
and Radford (except Rayton Hamlet) - Tp.	- - -	- - -	447 17 -	- - -	impropriator.
£.	1,286 15 6	3,507 11 8½	2,211 - 11	70 11 7	
OXFORD:					
Ambrosden - - - Par.	85 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Oxford, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	114 8 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Attington - - - Ex. Par.	- - -	6 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tetsworth.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	18 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Bampton Parish:					
Brighthampton - - Ham.	20 16 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Exeter, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	135 - -	- - -	- - -	three vicars of Bampton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 12 -	Wadham College, Oxford.
Shifford - - - „	116 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Exeter, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	127 - -	- - -	- - -	three vicars of Bampton.
Banbury (exclusive of Township of Wickham) Par.	263 2 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Oxford, and lessees.
	- - -	28 18 5	- - -	- - -	vicar of Old Banbury
(partly in Northampton)	- - -	24 7 2	- - -	- - -	vicar of South Banbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	104 15 6	- - -	impropriators.
Wickham - - - Tp.	403 1 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Oxford, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	38 1 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Old Banbury.
Bladon-cum-Woodstock - Par.	- - -	237 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Broughton Parish:					
Broughton - Ham. or Tp.	- - -	1 16 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Broughton.
Bucknell - - - - Par.	- - -	1 16 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Caversfield - - - - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ensham.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	16 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
Charlbury - - - - „	- - -	686 8 1	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	979 4 3	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	69 1 4	St. John's College, Oxford.
Cornbury Park, with Kingsmead, and Bondsman's Mead - Ex. Par.	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Charlbury.
Cuddesden Parish:					
Chippenhurst - - Ham.	6 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Oxford, and lessee.
Cuxham - - - - Par.	- - -	192 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ducklington Parish:					
Hardwick - - - Tp.	3 10 7	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Exeter.
— - - - - - „	- - -	83 7 9	- - -	- - -	rector of Ducklington.
— - - - - - „	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Yelford.
Emmington - - - Par.	- - -	196 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Fifield - - - - „	267 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Chancellor of Sarum, and lessees.
Fringford - - - - „	- - -	137 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Fulbrook - - - - „	- - -	2 19 9	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Goring - - - - „	- - -	10 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	597 15 1	- - -	impropriators.
Hardwick - - - „	- - -	101 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Holton - - - - „	- - -	427 1 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Horsepath - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	189 12 7	Magdalen College, Oxford, and lessee.
Iffley - - - - - „	118 2 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archdeacon of Oxford, and lessees.
Kiddington - - - „	- - -	427 - 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kidlington (including Township of Gosford, and Hamlet of Thrupp, and Water Eaton - - - „	- - -	21 17 9	- - -	- - -	vicar.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	65 13 6	Exeter College, Oxford,
	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	New College, Oxford.
Kingsey (partly in Bucks) „	131 15 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Rochester, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	311 9 10	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Launton - - - - „	- - -	52 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Leigh South - - - „	465 15 5	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Oxford, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	16 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Noke - - - - - „	- - -	57 14 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	26 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Islip.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
OXFORD—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Oddington - - - „	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Oxford, St. Peter's in the East „	- - -	1 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Oxford, St. Thomas - - „	69 4 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessees.
Piddington - - - „	- - -	300 - -		- - -	vicar.
Pishill - - - - „	- - -	- - -	47 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Pyrton Parish:					
Pyrton Golder, - } - Tps. or	870 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.
Clare and Assenden } - Libs.	- - -	227 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Pyrton.
Rollright, Little - - Par.	- - -	148 9 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Sandford - - - - „	- - -	50 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	71 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Shelswell - - - - „	- - -	186 2 2	- - -	- - -	rector.
Stadhampton - - - „	- - -	- - -	95 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Steeple Barton - - - „	- - -	50 7 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	422 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Stoke Lyne Parish:					
Baynton - - Ham.	- - -	57 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stoke Lyne.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	233 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Stoke, North-cum-Ipsden Par.	- - -	165 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	909 12 10	St. John's College, Cambridge, and lessee.
Stoke, South-cum-Woodcote „	765 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	127 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Swalecliffe Parish:					
Swalecliffe - - - Tp.	- - -	- 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Thame - - - - Par.	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Tusmore - - - - „	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Warpsgrove - - - „	- - -	- - -	20 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Waterstock - - - „	- - -	250 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Weston-on-the-Green - „	- - -	230 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	304 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Weston, South - - - „	- - -	195 19 9	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wilcote - - - - „	- - -	52 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wootton - - - - „	- - -	259 10 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Yelford - - - - „	- - -	65 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
£.	3,584 17 8	5,973 12 -	2,908 19 10	1,245 12 3	
RUTLAND:					
Ayston - - - - Par.	- - -	52 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Bisbrooke - - - - „	- - -	- 4 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Glaston.
Caldecott - - - - „	1 6 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of Lyddington with Caldecott (Lincoln) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Hambleton - - - „	52 9 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lincoln and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	4 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	21 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Leigh Field Forest - Ex. par.	- - -	- - -	13 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Lyddington (except part of Thorpe-by-Water) - } Par.	4 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of Lyddington with Caldecott (Lincoln) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Lyddington-cum-Caldecott.
Seaton (except part of Thorpe-by-Water) - „	- - -	413 18 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Seaton.
Seaton and Lyddington Parishes:					
Thorpe-by-Water - - Dist.	16 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of Lyddington with Caldecott (Lincoln) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	204 13 5	- - -	- - -	rector of Seaton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	3 2 10	- - -	- - -	vicar of Lyddington with Caldecott.
Tinwell - - - - Par.	- - -	- 17 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	319 10 6	- - -	impropriators.
Tixover - - - - „	194 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Ketton (Lincoln) and lessee.
Uppingham - - - „	- - -	- 6 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
£.	267 15 4	685 10 7	353 10 6	—	

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
SALOP:					
Abdon - - - - Par.	- - -	128 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Alberbury Parish:					
Rowton and Amaston - - - - Tps.	40 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Hereford, and lessee.
	- - -	16 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Alberbury.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 14 4	- - -	parish clerk of Alberbury.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	160 - -	All Souls College, Oxford.
Wollaston - - - Tp.	- - -	7 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Alberbury.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 8 4	- - -	parish clerk of Alberbury.
— - - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	48 10 -	All Souls College, Oxford.
Albrighton - - - Par.	- - -	626 7 2	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	20 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Alveley - - - - „	- - -	- - -	352 - 8	- - -	impropriators.
Ashford Bowdler - - „	- - -	- - -	117 19 -	- - -	impropriators.
Atcham - - - - „	- - -	240 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	568 18 -	- - -	impropriators.
Cainham - - - - „	- - -	90 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	9 2 -	- - -	impropriators.
Cardington Parish:					
Broome - Tp. or Dist.	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Cardington.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	13 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Cardiston - - - - Par.	- - -	272 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	121 1 6	- - -	impropriators.
Clee, St. Margaret otherwise St. Margaret Clee Brown - - „	- - -	1 5 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Holdgate.
	- - -	- - -	110 - -	- - -	impropriatrix.
Cleobury Mortimer Parish:					
Foreign Liberty, otherwise the East Foreign and West Foreign Liberty, with the Town Liberty Dist.	- - -	380 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Cleobury Mortimer.
	- - -	36 5 -	- - -	- - -	deacon of Cleobury Mortimer.
	- - -	- - -	- 12 6	- - -	impropriator.
Clun - - - - - Par.	- - -	802 2 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	415 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Cold Weston - - - „	- - -	42 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Cound Parish:					
Cressage - - - Tp.	- - -	208 15 10	- - -	- - -	rector of Cound.
Diddlebury Parish:					
Corfton - - - - Tp.	3 8 5	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Hereford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	119 13 2	- - -	- - -	vicar of Diddlebury.
Diddlebury - - - „	49 7 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Hereford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	35 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Diddlebury.
Lawton - - - - „	30 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Hereford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Diddlebury.
Sutton, Great - - „	35 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Hereford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	14 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Holdgate.
— - - - - - „	- - -	26 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Diddlebury.
Sutton, Little - - „	22 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Hereford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	11 11 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Diddlebury.
Ercall Magna Parish:					
Roden - - - - Tp.	- - -	3 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ercall Magna.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 16 -	- - -	impropriator.
Ford and Alberbury Parishes:					
Ford - - - - Tp.	- - -	7 1 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Alberbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	300 15 6	- - -	impropriators.
Habberley - - - Par.	- - -	132 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Hordley - - - - „	- - -	272 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	16 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Baschurch.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	70 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Kinnerley Parish:					
Osbaston - - - Tp.	- - -	17 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kinnerley.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	120 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Langley and Ruckley - Ch.	- - -	- - -	180 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Lilleshall - - - Par.	- - -	286 2 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 17 6	- - -	impropriator.
Llanvair Waterdine - - „	- - -	- - -	375 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Llanyblodwell Parish:					
Llynclys - - - Tp.	- - -	71 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Llanyblodwell.
— - - - - - „	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Oswestry.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 13 -	- - -	parish clerk of Llanyblodwell.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	54 17 6	- - -	impropriators.
Longford Parish:					
Stockton - - - Tp.	- - -	116 11 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Longford.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
SALOP—*continued.*					
Madeley - - - - Par.	- - -	226 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	115 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Mainstone Parish:					
Mainstone and Knuckshadwell - - - Tp.	- - -	84 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Mainstone.
Reilth - - - - „	- - -	63 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Mainstone.
Much Wenlock Parish:					
Bourton - - - Tp.	- - -	74 18 5	- - -	- - -	vicar of Much Wenlock.
and Callaughton - „	- - -	- - -	- 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Farley, Wyke, - - „	- - -	22 5 2	- - -	- - -	vicar of Much Wenlock.
and Bradley - - „	- - -	- - -	78 19 5	- - -	impropriators.
Wenlock - - - - „	- - -	157 10 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Much Wenlock.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	65 12 2	- - -	impropriator.
Ness, Great, Parish:					
Alderton - - - Tp.	- - -	13 2 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Ness.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	27 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Kinton - - - - „	- - -	56 6 7	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Ness.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	168 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Wilcott and Nescliffe - Tps.	- - -	29 2 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Ness.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	47 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
Pitchford - - - Par.	- - -	175 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	168 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Quatford Parish:					
Quatford - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	72 - -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 10 -	Careswell Charity.
Ratlinghope Parish:					
Ratlinghope - - - Tp.	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ratlinghope.
Sherriffhales (except Woodcote Township) Par.	- - -	365 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
„	- - -	- - -	800 7 6	- - -	impropriator.
Woodcote - - - Ch.	- - -	325 12 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Sherriffhales.
Shipton - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	36 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Shrewsbury, St. Alkmonds, Parish:					
Hencott Grange and Hencott Stye - - Dist.	- - -	16 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Alkmonds.
Preston Montford - Tp.	- - -	26 16 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Alkmonds.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	25 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Shrewsbury, St. Alkmonds, and St. Mary, Parishes:					
Harlescott - - - Tp.	- - -	57 18 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Alkmonds.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	104 12 1	- - -	impropriators.
Shrewsbury, St. Chad, Parish:					
Alkmere - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	40 2 6	- - -	impropriator.
Frankwell - - - „	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Chad.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	108 16 -	Free Grammar School, in Shrewsbury.
Stone-Ward-Within - Dist.	- - -	5 11 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Chad.
Welsh Ward - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	7 10 -	corporation of Shrewsbury.
Yelds, The - - - „	- - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Shrewsbury, St. Julian, Parish:					
Coleham - - Tp., Ham., or Dist.	- - -	- - -	125 8 -	- - -	impropriators.
Pulley (part of) - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	58 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Shelton - - Tp., Ham., or Dist.	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 15 -	Shrewsbury borough charities.
— - - - „	- - -	- - -	63 2 1	- - -	impropriators.
Shrewsbury, St. Mary and St. Julian, Parishes:					
Coton - - - - Tp.	- - -	57 14 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Alkmonds.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 4 6	St. Thomas's Charity, of St. Alkmonds Parish.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	83 19 6	- - -	impropriators.
Shrewsbury, St. Mary, St. Julian, and St. Alkmonds Parishes:					
Castle-Ward-Within and Castle Foregate Tp.	- - -	26 11 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Alkmonds.
„	- - -	- - -	7 8 6	- - -	impropriator.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	54 13 6	Free Grammar School in Shrewsbury.
Sidbury - - - - Par.	- - -	186 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
SALOP—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Stanton Lacey Parish:					
Downton and Hopton - Tp.	- - -	53 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stanton Lacey.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	32 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
Hamlets East - - ,,	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stanton Lacey.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	54 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Hamlets, West - - ,,	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stanton Lacey.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	43 14 4	- - -	impropriators.
Hayton, Upper - - ,,	- - -	29 11 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stanton Lacey.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	50 12 2	- - -	impropriators.
Hayton, Lower - - ,,	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stanton Lacey.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	35 17 -	- - -	impropriators.
Stanton Lacey - - ,,	- - -	221 3 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stanton Lacey.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	88 10 11	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -	corporation of Ludlow.
Wootton - - - ,,	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stanton Lacey.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	29 3 -	- - -	impropriator.
Stapleton Parish:					
Netley - - - - Tp.	- - -	145 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Stapleton.
Stottesdon Parish:					
Kingswood - - -} Tp.	- - -	8 14 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stottesdon.
and Button Oak -} ,,	- - -	- - -	14 - 6	- - -	impropriator.
Oreton - - - - Ham.	- - -	38 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stottesdon.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	61 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Stottesdon, Duddlewick, and Hinton { Tps., Hams., or Divs.	- - -	84 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stottesdon.
	- - -	- - -	85 13 -	- - -	impropriators.
Wrickton, Newton, Overton, and Walkerslow { Tps., Hams., or Divs.	36 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Oxford.
	- - -	95 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stottesdon.
	- - -	- - -	49 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Tong - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	391 1 10	- - -	impropriator.
Wem - - - - - ,,	- - -	2,100 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wentnor Parish:					
Home - - - Tp.	- - -	31 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Wentnor.
Kinnerton and Ritton - Tps.	- - -	- 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Wentnor.
Worthen Parish:					
Bromlow - Quar. or Dist.	- - -	282 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Worthen.
Heath - - ,,	- - -	158 19 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Worthen.
Wrockwardine Wood - Par.	- - -	44 7 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	45 8 -	- - -	impropriatrix.
£.	216 10 5	9,435 15 6	5,907 13 4	382 - -	
SOMERSET:					
Bridgwater - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	- - -	328 18 7	mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of Bridgwater.
Cadbury, South - - ,,	- - -	260 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector
Charlton Adam - - ,,	- - -	- - -	25 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Hinton Charterhouse - ,,	- - -	12 1 9½	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
Lilstock - - - - ,,	- - -	13 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Middlezoy - - - ,,	- - -	21 15 2	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	3 12 11	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Monkton Combe - - ,,	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	3 - 6	- - -	impropriators.
Pitcombe - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	2 1 2	- - -	impropriator.
Preston Plucknett - - ,,	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	132 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Queen Charlton - - ,,	- - -	- - -	211 7 -	- - -	impropriators.
Weston - - - - ,,	- - -	396 7 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	21 - -	- - -	impropriators.
£.	- - -	772 16 10½	394 8 8	328 18 7	
SOUTHAMPTON:					
Andover cum Foxcott - Par.	- - -	570 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,674 2 10	St. Mary's College, Winchester.
Binstead - - - - ,,	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Bishops Sutton - - ,,	- - -	197 3 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	666 19 -	- - -	impropriators.
Boldre - - - - - ,,	- - -	257 13 2	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	272 4 7	- - -	impropriators.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
SOUTHAMPTON—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Brockenhurst - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	149 7 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Empshott - - - - „	- - -	115 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Freefolk - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	258 3 -	Saint Cross Hospital, Winchester, and lessee.
Fyfield - - - - - „	- - -	214 13 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Hawkley - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	*440 13 -	- - -	impropriators.
Lainstone - - - - „	-	27 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Laverstoke - - - - „	- - -	180 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Meon, East - - - - „	1,128 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Winchester and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	680 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Mitcheldever - - - - „	- - -	239 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Mitcheldever.
with Stratton, East and West, and Weston - Hams. or Chaps.	- - -	- - -	173 1 6	- - -	impropriator.
Northington - - - Par.	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Ovington - - - - - „	- - -	7 7 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ringwood - - - - „	- - -	926 9 3	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,104 7 -	King's College, Cambridge.
Sidmonton - - - - „	- - -	50 8 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	273 8 4	- - -	impropriator.
Southampton, All Saints - - „	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Saint Mary's, Southampton.
Southampton, Saint Mary's, including Saint Mary's Extra - - - - „	- - -	267 13 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Titherley, East - - - „	- - -	- - -	11 4 6	- - -	impropriators.
Up Eldon - - - - „	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Winchester City:					
Saint Bartholomew Hyde, Ph.	- - -	6 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Milland - - - - Vill. and a close of land called "Seagrim's Mill Meadow," in the parish of Saint Peter, Cheesehill - - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	21 - -	Saint Mary's College, Winchester.
£.	1,128 - -	4,024 1 3	1,986 17 11	3,057 12 10	
STAFFORD:					
Abbots Bromley Parish:					
Bagots Bromley - - Tp.	- - -	33 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Abbot's Bromley.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	137 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
Alstonfield Parish:					
Elkstone, Upper - - Tp.	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Alstonfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	15 10 6	- - -	impropriator.
Longnor - - - - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Alstonfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	40 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Barlaston - - - Par.	- - -	80 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	136 6 1	- - -	impropriator.
Berkswich Parish:					
Acton Trussel and Bednall - - Tp.	350 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary or canon of Berkswich, Lichfield.
	- - -	218 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Acton Trussel and Bednall.
Brockton - - - „	95 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary or canon of Berkswich, Lichfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	55 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Berkswich.
Blithfield - - - Par.	- - -	387 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Blore Parish:					
Calton (part of) - Tp. or Ch.	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Blore.
Bradley - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	197 3 8	- - -	impropriators.
Bradley in the Moors - „	- - -	- - -	42 8 -	- - -	impropriators.
Bromwich, West - - „	- - -	- - -	701 8 6	- - -	impropriator.
Burslem - - - - „	- - -	400 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Burton-upon-Trent Parish:					
Branston - - - Tp.	- - -	-	22 5 2	- - -	impropriators.
Burton, Extra - - „	- - -	- - -	13 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Burton-upon-Trent - „	- - -	- - -	40 1 -	- - -	impropriators.
Horninglow - - - „	- - -	- - -	59 11 3	- - -	impropriators.
Stretton - - - „	- - -	- - -	23 6 -	- - -	impropriators.

(*continued*)

* This sum is exclusive of an extraordinary charge of 13*s.* 4*d.* per acre in lieu of the tithe of hops.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
STAFFORD—*continued.*					
Bushbury Parish:					
Bushbury - - - Tp.	- - -	37 9 11	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bushbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	154 6 8	- - -	impropriators.
Cauldon - - - - Ph.	- - -	93 1 10	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - 6	trustees of parish schools.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	69 7 10	- - -	impropriators.
Codsall (except Township of Oaken) - - - „	- - -	- - -	272 - 4	- - -	impropriators.
Draycott-in-the-Moors - „	- - -	423 6 3	- - -	- - -	rector.
Eccleshall Parish:					
Broughton - - - Tp.	48 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Eccleshall.
Cold Meece - - - „	82 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	14 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Eccleshall.
Ellaston Parish:					
Ramshorn - - - Tp.	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ellaston.
Wootton - - - „	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ellaston.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	50 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Gayton - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	221 13 -	- - -	impropriators.
Hanbury Parish:					
Fauld - - - - Tp.	- - -	80 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hanbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	26 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Hanbury.
Hints - - - - Par.	522 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Handsacre and Armitage (Lichfield).
Keeld - - - - - „	- - -	89 - 9	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	250 - -	- - -	impropriator.
King's Bromley - - „	322 17 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebends of Alrewas and Longdon (Lichfield).
— - - - - - „	- - -	189 14 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	7 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kinver, otherwise Kinfare „	- - -	- - -	102 6 9½	- - -	impropriators.
Leek Parish:					
Rushton Spencer - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	2 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Lichfield St. Chad, otherwise Stow - - - Par.	36 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessee.
	25 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the deanery of Lichfield, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	2 8 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Bishops Hull (Lichfield), and lessee.
— - - - - - „	30 9 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Curborough (Lichfield), and lessees.
— - - - - - „	81 12 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Freeford (Lichfield), and lessees.
— - - - - - „	95 18 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Gaia Major (Lichfield), and lessees.
— - - - - - „	14 10 2	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Gaia Minor (Lichfield), and lessees.
— - - - - - „	47 13 11	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Handsacre and Armitage (Lichfield), and lessee.
— - - - - - „	44 2 11	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Prees, or Pipa Minor (Lichfield), and lessee.
— - - - - - „	57 4 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the prebend of Weeford (Lichfield) and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	135 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Mary's, Lichfield.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
STAFFORD—*continued.*					
Lichfield, Saint Mary - Par.	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Lichfield, St. Michael Parish:					
Michael, Saint (except the Lordship of Freeford) - - - Tp.	11 5 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Bishop's Itchington (Lichfield) and lessee.
	*3 3 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Bishop's Itchington (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Gaia Minor (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	*3 12 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Gaia Minor (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	21 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Pipa Minor and Ryton (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	*8 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Pipa Minor and Ryton (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	44 10 2	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield as canons of Stotfold (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	*15 16 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield as canons of Stotfold (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	9 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the canonry of Bishops Hull (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	*3 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the canonry of Bishops Hull (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	199 10 3	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the canonry of Freeford (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	*80 18 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the canonry of Freeford (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	29 - 2	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the canonry of Handsacre and Armitage (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	*14 6 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the canonry of Handsacre and Armitage (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	84 4 5	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the canonry of Weeford (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	*29 17 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the canonry of Weeford (Lichfield) and lessee.
Streethay - - - Tp.	79 4 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield as canons of Stotfold (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	14 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Bishops Itchington (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	38 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Curborough (Lichfield) and lessees.
— - - - - - „	5 12 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Freeford (Lichfield) and lessees.
— - - - - - „	2 8 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Gaia Minor (Lichfield) and lessees.
— - - - - - „	3 12 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Handsacre and Armitage (Lichfield) and lessees.

(*continued over*)

* These rent-charges are usually held on lease by the Bishop of Lichfield in trust for the vicar of St. Mary's, Lichfield.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
STAFFORD—*continued.*					
Lichfield, St. Michael Parish—*cont^{d}.*					
Streethay—*continued* - Tp.	7 4 –	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Weeford (Lichfield) and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	52 10 –	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Mary's, Lichfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	17 4 6	- - -	impropriators.
Mayfield Parish:					
Butterton - - - Tp.	- - -	25 – –	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Butterton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	– 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Mayfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	17 12 2	- - -	impropriators.
Calton (part of) - - „	- - -	2 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Mayfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	– 3 –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leek.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 16 –	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Turnditch.
— - - - - - „	- - -	– 10 –	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Waterfall.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	32 3 6	- - -	impropriators.
Mayfield - - - „	- - -	70 – –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Mayfield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	20 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Woodhouses - - „	- - -	2 2 –	- - -	- - -	vicar of Mayfield.
Penkridge Parish:					
Coppenhall - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	142 – –	- - -	impropriators.
Stretton - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 17 –	- - -	impropriator.
Water Eaton - - „	- - -	- - -	23 5 –	- - -	impropriators.
Ranton, otherwise Ronton Parish:					
Ranton, otherwise Ronton Tp.	- - -	- - -	138 11 8	- - -	impropriator.
Rocester - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	488 14 3	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	– – 1	Rocester School.
Sheen - - - - - „	- - -	17 9 6	- - -	- - -	incumbent.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	65 11 10	- - -	impropriators.
Stafford, St. Mary Parish:					
Herberton - - - Tp.	66 13 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the canonry of Prees (Lichfield) and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	33 6 8	Stafford Charities.
Statfold - - - - Par.	1 6 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield and lessee.
Stoke-upon-Trent Parish:					
Botteslow, Fenton Vivian, and Fenton Culvert - - - Tps.	- - -	183 – 1	- - -	- - -	rector of Stoke-upon-Trent.
Clayton and Seabridge - „	- - -	142 8 2	- - -	- - -	rector of Stoke-upon-Trent.
Hanley and Shelton - „	- - -	205 12 3	- - -	- - -	rector of Stoke-upon-Trent.
Longton and Lane End „	- - -	185 15 5	- - -	- - -	rector of Stoke-upon-Trent.
Penkhull and Boothen - „	- - -	199 7 10	- - -	- - -	rector of Stoke-upon-Trent.
Stone Parish:					
Beech (part of) - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	60 17 4	- - -	impropriators.
Darlaston - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	17 12 –	Old Swinford Hospital.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	264 8 –	- - -	impropriators.
Fulford - - - „	- - -	- - -	85 7 6	- - -	impropriators.
Hilderstone - - „	- - -	- - -	96 16 –	- - -	impropriators.
Moddershall - - „	- - -	- - -	23 8 9	- - -	impropriators.
Stallington - - „	- - -	- - -	58 3 6	- - -	impropriators.
Stone - - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Tittensor - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 10 –	Old Swinford Hospital.
Stowe - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	508 15 –	- - -	impropriators.
Swynnerton - - - „	- - -	1,088 – –	- - -	- - -	rector.
Tamworth Parish:					
Fazeley - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	23 1 5	- - -	impropriators.
Wigginton, - - - „ including the hamlets of Cumberford, Coton, and Hopnas	- - -	- - -	1 4 8	- - -	impropriators.
Tatenhill Parish:					
Wichnor - - - Ch.	- - -	6 13 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Tatenhill.
Tettenhall - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	16 2 6	- - -	impropriators.
Tipton, otherwise Tibbeston „	287 9 7	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Tipton, otherwise Tibbeston (Lichfield).
Trentham Parish:					
Blurton and Lightwood Forest - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	20 10 –	- - -	impropriators.
Clayton Griffith - - „	- - -	- - -	5 5 –	- - -	impropriators.
Hanford - - - „	- - -	- - -	25 – –	- - -	impropriator.
Trentham - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 7 6	- - -	impropriators.
Trysull and Seisdon - - Par.	- - -	- - -	6 11 –	- - -	impropriators.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
STAFFORD—*continued.*					
Waterfall Parish:					
Calton - - - - Tp.	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leek.
— - - - - - „	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Waterfall.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 1 6	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Calton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	67 4 6	- - -	impropriators.
Weeford Parish:					
Swinfen - - - Tp.	104 6 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Weeford (Lichfield), and lessee.
Wolverhampton Parish:					
Bilston - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	impropriator.
£.	3,025 13 5	4,602 5 2	4,928 7 4½	53 9 3	
SUFFOLK:					
Ashfield, Great - - Par.	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Barnardiston - - - „	- - -	250 2 5	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 15 -	- - -	impropriator.
Brightwell - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 15 -	- - -	impropriator.
Bulcamp - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 12 -	- - -	impropriator.
Bungay, St. Mary - - „	- - -	- - -	141 11 -	- - -	impropriators.
Carlton Colvile - -} (Impropriator's district)} „	- - -	- - -	342 15 6	- - -	impropriators.
Cavendish - - - „	- - -	750 14 3	- - -	- - -	rector.
Clare - - - - „	343 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Ely, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	237 18 8	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	35 7 8	- - -	impropriator.
Cookley - - - - „	- - -	405 - 9	- - -	- - -	rector.
Cove, North - - - „	- - -	220 4 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	32 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Worlingham, St. Mary, otherwise Great Worlingham.
Cowlinge - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	924 - -	Trinity Hall, Cambridge.
Denardiston - - - „	- - -	- - -	14 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Easton Bavents - - „	- - -	30 17 1	- - -	- - -	rector.
Elvedon - - - - „	- - -	312 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Herringfleet - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 6 -	- - -	impropriator.
Hundon - - - - „	- - -	216 13 5	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	290 - -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	685 5 10	Jesus College, Cambridge.
Ickworth - - - - „	- - -	193 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ilketshall, St. Lawrence - „	- - -	6 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ilketshall, St. John's.
— - - - - - „	- - -	35 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bungay, Trinity.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	219 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Ipswich, St. Margaret - „	- - -	- - -	61 4 -	- - -	impropriator.
Ipswich, St. Stephen - „	- - -	1 11 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Lakenheath (except Lakenheath Fen) - -} „	165 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Ely.
— - - - - - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Lakenheath Fen - - Dist.	330 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Ely.
Nowton - - - - Par.	- - -	347 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Palgrave Parish:					
Gassock - - - Dist.	- - -	1 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Thrandeston.
Saxham, Little - - Par.	- - -	375 6 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Snape - - - - „	- - -	124 9 9	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	258 19 9	- - -	impropriators.
Stowlangtoft - - - „	- - -	360 3 7	- - -	- - -	rector.
Thurlow, Little - - „	- - -	402 8 9	- - -	- - -	rector.
Walpole - - - - „	- - -	- - -	31 7 10	- - -	impropriator.
£.	838 - -	4,334 - -	1,567 18 9	1,609 5 10	
SURREY:					
Bisley - - - - Par.	- - -	180 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Carshalton - - - „	- - -	875 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Cobham - - - - „	- - -	- - -	147 14 9	- - -	impropriators.
Dunsfold - - - - „	- - -	540 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Esher - - - - „	- - -	500 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Guildford, Holy Trinity, and St. Mary - -} Pars.	- - -	142 2 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Horley - - - - Par.	- - -	430 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	800 - -	Christ's Hospital.
Horsell - - - - „	- - -	- - -	27 12 6	- - -	impropriators.
Kew - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	37 9 -	- - -	impropriators.
Leigh - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	215 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Mitcham - - - - „	- - -	435 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	355 - -	- - -	impropriators.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
SURREY—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Mortlake and Putney Parishes: Richmond Park (part of) - - - - Dist.	60 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Worcester.
Newington, St. Mary - Par.	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Petersham - - - - „	- - -	- - -	85 5 -*	- - -	impropriators.
				* £. 16. 10 *s.* of this sum is charged on land belonging to the Crown, and is only payable when the land becomes the property of a subject.	
Putney (except part of Richmond Park) - Par.	620 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Worcester, and lessee.
Richmond - - - - „	- - -	- - -	126 16 -†	- - -	impropriators.
				† £. 31. 10 *s.* of this sum is charged on lands belonging to the Crown, and is only payable when the lands become the property of a subject.	
Thursley - - - - Par.	- - -	95 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	7 10 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Linchmere.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	316 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Wimbledon - - - „	689 2 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Worcester, and lessees.
Woking Parish: Sutton - - - - Tith.	- - -	- - -	250 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Woldingham - - - Par.	- - -	120 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
£.	1,369 2 -	3,444 12 6	1,561 12 3	800 - -	
SUSSEX:					
Aldingbourne - - - Par.	611 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of Chichester, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	147 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Chancellor of Chichester, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	245 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Angmering Parish: Ham and Bargham - Tith.	253 5 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Canon or prebendary of Ham and Bargham (Chichester), and lessee.
Ashington-cum-Buncton - Par.	- - -	288 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Barnham - - - - „	- - -	- - -	302 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Binderton - - - - „	255 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chichester, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Birdham - - - - „	160 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chichester, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	450 2 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
Brighton - - - - „	- - -	180 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	120 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Broadwater - - - „	- - -	800 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Bury - - - - - „	490 8 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary of Bury (Chichester), and lessee.
Chichester, St. Bartholomew „	107 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of Chichester, and lessees.
Chichester, St. Pancras (part of) - - - „	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Chichester, St. Peter the Great, otherwise the Subdeanery (part of) - „	416 5 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chichester, and lessees.
Chidham - - - - „	478 6 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chichester, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	130 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Dean, East - - - „	250 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chichester, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	86 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Dean, West - - - „	213 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in right of the prebend of Excette (Chichester), and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	165 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Eastbourne - - - „	- - -	- - -	205 14 -	- - -	impropriator.
Farnhurst - - - „	- - -	- - -	229 8 -	- - -	impropriators.
Friston - - - - „	206 11 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chichester, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	110 12 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Hardham - - - - „	- - -	8 2 -½	- - -	- - -	incumbent.
Horsham - - - - „	- - -	756 12 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	993 14 1	- - -	impropriators.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
SUSSEX—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Houghton - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	2 14 -	- - -	impropriator.
Hunston - - - - „	- - -	375 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Keymer - - - - „	- - -	343 18 6	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	261 6 3	- - -	impropriators.
Kingston by Sea - - „	- - -	248 13 7	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kingston, near Lewes - „	- - -	118 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	54 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Linch - - - - „	- - -	38 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Lindfield - - - - „	- - -	- - -	951 13 3	- - -	impropriators.
Malling, South - - „	- - -	- - -	69 7 -	- - -	impropriators.
Middleton - - - „	- - -	128 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	27 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Midhurst - - - - „	- - -	- - -	49 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Midlavant - - - „	- - -	- - -	339 9 -	- - -	impropriator.
Mundham, North - - „	- - -	257 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	256 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Pagham - - - - „	- - -	300 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1,320 16 1	- - -	impropriators.
Patching - - - - „	- - -	218 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Rumboldswyke - - „	56 15 11	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chichester.
— - - - - „	- - -	210 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Selham - - - - „	- - -	155 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Shipley - - - - „	- - -	- - -	937 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Shoreham, New - - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Shoreham, Old - - „	- - -	155 4 1	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- -	- - -	- - -	310 9 -	St. Mary Magdalene College, Oxford.
Sidlesham - - - „	1,218 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary of Highleigh (Chichester), and lessees.
— - - - - „	110 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	prebendary of Sidlesham (Chichester).
— - - - - „	- - -	182 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	44 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Fittleworth.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	66 19 -	- - -	impropriators.
Singleton - - - „	386 6 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Chichester, and lessees.
— - - - - „	- - -	115 - -	- - -	- -	rector.
Steep Parish:					
Ambersham, North - Tith.	- - -	- - -	115 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ambersham, South - „	- - -	- - -	41 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Stoke, West - - - Par.	- - -	161 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Walberton - - - „	317 18 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chichester, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	363 16 8	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Warminghurst - - - „	- - -	- - -	15 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Wittering, West - - „	716 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of Wittering (Chichester).
— - - - - „	- - -	172 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
£.	6,393 11 11	6,895 11 4½	6,358 - 8	310 9 -	
WARWICK:					
Alcester - - - - Par.	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Anstey - - - - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	12 12 -	- - -	impropriator.
Arrow (exclusive of Oversley) „	- - -	543 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Oversley - - - Tp.	- - -	149 12 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Arrow.
Aston juxta Birmingham - Par.	- - -	1,800 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	400 - -	- - -	- - -	minister of Castle Bromwich.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - 1	- - -	parish clerk.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	600 11 8	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 7 -	Ashmore's Charity.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	21 7 -	St. Mary's College, Oscott.
Baddesley Clinton - - „	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent.
Baddesley Ensor - - „	- - -	9 14 1	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	52 2 6	- - -	impropriators.
Barcheston (except Willington) - - - „	- - -	24 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Bidford - - - - „	- - -	3 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Billesley - - - - „	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Binton - - - - „	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Birmingham, St. George - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Birmingham, St. Thomas, St. Martin, and All Saints - - - Pars.	- - -	392 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of St. Martin, Birmingham.
Brailes - - - - Par.	- - -	61 18 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	134 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Butlers Marston - - „	- - -	2 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Charlcote - - - „	- - -	203 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
WARWICK—*continued.*					
Chesterton Parish:					
Chesterton, otherwise Great Chesterton - Tp.	- - -	- - -	451 4 2	- - -	impropriator.
Kingston, otherwise Chesterton Parva - „	- - -	- - -	208 11 7	- - -	impropriator.
Church Lawford - - Par.	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Clifton upon Dunsmore Parish:					
Brownsover - Ham. or Tp.	- - -	16 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Clifton upon Dunsmore.
— - - - „ „	- - -	- - -	- - -	28 17 6	Lawrence Sheriffs School, Rugby.
Clifton - - „ „	- - -	58 3 8	- -	- - -	vicar of Clifton-upon-Dunsmore.
— - - „ „	- - -	- - -	- 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Newton and Biggen - - - Hams. or Tps.	- - -	5 2 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Clifton-upon-Dunsmore.
— - - „ „	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of St. John, Coventry.
— - - „ „	- - -	- - -	- - -	10 - -	lecturer of St. John, Coventry.
Compton, Long - - Par.	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Long Compton.
including Weston - - Tp.					
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	13 - -	Eaton College, and lessee.
Compton Wyniates - Par.	- - -	200 14 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Coventry, Holy Trinity - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	240 - -	mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of Coventry.
Coventry, St. Michael and St. John the Baptist, - Pars.	- - -	- - -	6 7 -	- - -	impropriators.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -	Baker's charity.
and Witley and Caludon - - - Hams. or Tps.	- - -	- - -	- - -	462 - -	mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of Coventry.
Eatington Parish:					
Lambcote - - - Ham.	- - -	4 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Eatington.
Thornton - - - „	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Eatington.
Edgbaston - - - Par.	131 12 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Lichfield, and lessee.
Exhall - - - - „	- - -	- - -	29 16 1	- - -	impropriators.
Grandboro' - - - - „	- - -	25 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Grendon - - - - „	- - -	558 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Honington - - - - „	- - -	47 14 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 2 6	- - -	impropriator.
Kenilworth - - - - „	- - -	17 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	8 2 6	- - -	impropriator.
Kingsbury (except Dosthill and Whateley) - „	- - -	37 3 6½	- - -	- - -	vicar.
	- - -	- - -	373 6 6	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 10 -	Kingsbury school.
Kinworton Parish:					
Weethley - Ch. or Ham.	- - -	102 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Kinworton.
Leamington Priors - - Par.	- - -	41 17 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	10 - -	- - -	impropriatrix.
Leek Wootton - - - - „	- - -	4 19 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Loxley - - - - - „	- - -	43 18 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	123 3 9	- - -	impropriators.
Maxstoke - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	214 4 4	- - -	impropriator.
Newbold-upon-Avon Parish:					
Lawford, Little - - Tp.	- - -	14 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Newbold-upon-Avon.
Newbold and - -	- - -	77 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Newbold-upon-Avon.
Little Harborough - „	- - -	- - -	- 12 -	- - -	impropriator.
Newnham Regis - - Par.	- - -	67 12 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Offchurch - - - - - „	- - -	300 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	500 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Polesworth Parish:					
Dordon - - Tp. or Ham.	- - -	8 11 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Polesworth.
— - - - „ -	- - -	- - -	125 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Hallend and Freasley Township, with Delves and Quarry Hill } Dist.	- - -	5 - 3	- - -	- - -	vicar of Polesworth.
	- - -	- - -	6 1 6	- - -	impropriators.
Polesworth - Ham. or Tp.	- - -	13 8 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Polesworth.
— - - - „ -	- - -	- - -	9 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Pooley - - - „ -	- - -	1 3 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Polesworth.
Warton - - - „ -	- - -	4 19 10	- - -	- - -	vicar of Polesworth.
Priors Marston - - Par.	- - -	13 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Priors Hardwick-cum-Membris.
Radbourne - - - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ratley Parish:					
Upton - - - - Tp.	- - -	47 5 3	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ratley.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	144 7 6	Christ's Hospital, Abingdon, and lessee.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
WARWICK—*continued.*					
Rowington - - - Par.	- - -	231 1 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	605 10 3	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 - -	Wroxall Charity.
Salford Priors (except Abbots Salford) - „	- - -	70 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Abbots Salford - - Tp.	- - -	29 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Salford Priors.
Stratford on Avon Borough and Stratford Old (except Luddington, Dodwell, and Bushwood) - Par.	- - -	- - -	136 8 -	- - -	impropriators.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	218 6 5	mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of Stratford-on-Avon.
Stretton Baskerville - - Par.	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	14 5 4	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Burton Hastings.
Stretton on Dunsmoor - „ (exclusive of Princethorpe.)	- - -	147 7 3	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	5 11 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wolston.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	20 16 6	- - -	impropriator.
Princethorpe - - Tp.	- - -	1 13 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stretton-on-Dunsmoor.
— - - - - - „	- - -	4 13 9	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wolston.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 13 -	- - -	impropriator.
Studley - - - - Par.	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	2 13 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Spernal.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1,058 19 8	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	8 4 -	Studley Charity.
Tamworth Parish:					
Perry Crofts - - Dist.	- - -	- - -	19 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Wappenbury - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	3 3 -	- - -	impropriator.
Warwick Saint Mary - „ and St. Nicholas (part of) „	- - -	- - -	- - -	305 - -	King Henry the Eighth's Charities.
Nicholas, St. (part of) - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	84 - -	King Henry the Eighth's Charities.
Wellesbourne Parish:					
Wellesbourne - - Tp.	- - -	140 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wellesbourne.
Mountford -	- - -	- - -	212 11 6	- - -	impropriators.
Woolford, Great - - Par.	- - -	80 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
(exclusive of the hamlet of Little Wolford) - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	231 7 10	Merton College, Oxford, and lessee.
Wolford, Little (part of) - Par.	- - -	1 17 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Wolford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 12 2	Merton College, Oxford, and lessee.
Wolston Parish:					
Brandon and - - - Tps.	- - -	260 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wolston.
Bretford - - -	- - -	- - -	27 15 2	- - -	impropriators.
Wolston and - - -	- - -	79 11 5	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wolston.
Marston - - - „	- - -	- - -	23 9 9	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 15 -	Dunchurch School.
Wolverton, otherwise Wolverdington - - - Par.	- - -	79 10 9	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wolvey - - - - „	5 9 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in right of the prebend of Wolvey (Lichfield).
— - - - - - „	- - -	9 2 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	7 6 -	- - -	impropriator.
£.	137 2 -	6,949 14 5½	4,984 6 -	1,782 14 5	
WESTMORLAND:					
Appleby St. Michael (or Bondgate) Parish:					
Bondgate and Langton - Tp.	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Michael's, Appleby, otherwise Bondgate.
Beetham Parish:					
Beetham - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	186 8 6	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Beetham.
Brough Parish:					
Broughs - - -	- - -	66 - 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Brough.
including Church Brough and Market Brough - - - Tp. or Dist.	- - -	- - -	- - -	107 - 4⅔	Queen's College, Oxford, and lessee.
Brough Sowerby - Tp. or Dist.	- - -	55 13 5	- - -	- - -	vicar of Brough.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	96 6 9½	Queen's College, Oxford, and lessee.
Hillbeck - - „	- - -	16 18 9	- - -	- - -	vicar of Brough.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	23 18 1	Queen's College, Oxford, and lessee.
Stainmoor - - - Tp.	- - -	66 7 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Brough.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	117 14 9	Queen's College, Oxford, and lessee.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
WESTMORLAND—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Crosby Garrett Parish:					
Musgrave, Little - - Tp.	- - -	6 - 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Crosby Garrett.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	45 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kirkby Lonsdale Parish:					
Casterton - - - Tp.	- - -	1 12 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirkby Lonsdale.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	152 - -	Trinity College, Cambridge, and lessee.
Kirkby Lonsdale - - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirkby Lonsdale.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	203 10 9	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Warcop Parish:					
Bleatarn - - - Tp.	- - -	17 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Warcop.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	58 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Burton - - - - „	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Warcop.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	- - -	impropriator.
Sandford - - - „	- - -	- - -	17 - -	- - -	impropriatrix.
£.	- - -	333 12 8	307 5 6	700 10 9	
WILTS:					
Alderbury (exclusive of the Chapelries of Pitton and Farley) - Par.	- - -	80 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
	- - -	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Baydon - - - - „	- - -	- - -	13 14 10	- - -	impropriators.
Bedwyn, Great - - „	- - -	212 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	394 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Berwick Basset - - „	315 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners, in right of the treasurership of Sarum, and lessee.
Biddestone, St. Peter - „	- - -	36 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Bishops's Cannings Parish:					
Bishop's Cannings, Horton Bourton, and Easton - - - - Tiths.	1,240 19 2	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Sarum.
	- - -	36 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bishop's Cannings.
	- - -	- - -	400 1 10	- - -	impropriators.
Chittoe - - - Tp.	- - -	2 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bishop's Cannings.
Coate - - - - „	- - -	324 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bishop's Cannings.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	145 1 -	- - -	impropriators.
St. James - - - Ch.	118 5 3	- - -	- - -	- - -	Bishop of Salisbury, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	707 18 6	- - -	impropriators.
Blagden - - - Ex. par.	- - -	- - -	12 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Bremhill - - - - Par.	- - -	88 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Burcombe - - - - „	- - -	11 3 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - - „	- - -	175 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Wilton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	138 - -	Hospital of St. John, near Wilton.
Chippenham (except Tithings of Stanley and Nethermore, and Tytherton) - - - „	863 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.
	- - -	7 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Stanley and Nethermore Tyth.	54 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Christ Church, Oxford.
Clarendon - - - Lib.	800 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Sarum, and lessee.
Compton Chamberlain - Par.	- - -	- - -	373 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Damerham, South (exclusive of the chapelry of Martin) - - - „	- - -	212 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
	- - -	- - -	630 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Eisey with Water Eaton „	- - -	153 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Enford Parish:					
Enford and Fifield - Tiths.	- - -	- - -	1 12 -	- - -	impropriator.
Hill Deverill - - - Par.	422 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Hill Deverell (Heytisbury).
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	55 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Hippenscombe - Ex. par.	132 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Sarum, and lessees.
Mere - - - - Par.	732 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of Sarum and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	400 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	9 15 -	- - -	impropriator.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
WILTS—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Tilshead - - - - Par.	- - -	1 1 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Wilsford, exclusive of Lake (Underditch Hundred) - "	100 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Wilsford and Woodford (Sarum), and lessees.
	- - -	35 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Lake (Underditch Hundred) Tith.	50 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Wilsford and Woodford (Sarum).
— - - - - - "	- - -	17 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wilsford.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	83 - -	- - -	impropriator.
£.	4,827 4 5	1,791 5 8	2,825 13 2	138 - -	
WORCESTER:					
Bredon Parish:					
Cutsden - - - Ham.	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Bredon.
Cotheridge - - - - Par.	1 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Worcester.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	1 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kington - - - - - "	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Kidderminster Parish:					
Lands west of the River Stour - - - Dist.	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kidderminster.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	332 9 4	- - -	impropriators.
Lower Mitton - - Ham.	- - -	92 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kidderminster.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	92 - -	- - -	impropriatrix.
Malvern, Little (except land disputed between this parish and Welland) Par.	- - -	- - -	14 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ribbesford Parish:					
Bewdley - - Ham.	- - -	215 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Ribbesford.
Stoke Prior - - - Par.	424 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Worcester, and lessees.
Welland (except land disputed with this parish and Little Malvern) Par.	- - -	393 18 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
£.	425 15 -	722 18 -	439 9 4	—	
YORK, CITY AND AINSTY:					
Bilton Parish:					
Bickerton - - - - Tp.	4 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Bilton (York), and lessee.
— - - - - - "	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bilton.
Bishophill, St. Mary-the-Elder Parish:					
Bishophill, St. Mary-the-Elder without the Postern - - - - Tp.	13 16 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of York, and lessees.
	30 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Osbaldwick (York), and lessee.
Bishophill, St. Mary-the-Younger within Parish:					
Bishophill, St. Mary-the-Younger - - - - Tp.	53 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - "	131 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Osbaldwick (York), and lessees.
— - - - - - "	- - -	6 6 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of St. Mary, Bishophill, the Younger.
Wighill - - - - Par.	- - -	150 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - "	- - -	12 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kippax.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	77 10 8	- - -	impropriators.
£.	232 16 -	194 2 -	77 10 8	—	
YORK (EAST RIDING):					
Aughton Parish:					
Aughton - - - - Tp.	- - -	3 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Aughton.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	138 17 -	- - -	impropriators.
Beverley, St. John Parish:					
Weel - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- - -	12 - -	Mayor, aldermen, and burgesses of Beverley.
Beverley, St. Mary - - Par.	- - -	55 11 6½	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Beverley, St. Nicholas - "	- - -	236 7 3	- - -	- - -	vicar.

(continued)

COUNTY, Parish, Township, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
YORK (East Riding)—*contd.*					
Bishop Wilton Parish:					
Belthorpe - - Ham.	- - -	18 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bishop Wilton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	120 - -	- - -	impropriatrix.
Bubwith Parish:					
Breighton - - - Tp.	95 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of York.
— - - - - „	- - -	33 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bubwith.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	102 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Bubwith and Aughton Parishes:					
Spaldington - - - Tp.	140 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of York.
— - - - - „	- - -	36 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bubwith.
Willitoft - - - „	53 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of York, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	17 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Bubwith.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	97 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Burnby and Hayton Parishes:					
Burnby - - - Tp.	270 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of York, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	293 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Burnby.
— - - - - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hayton.
Carnaby - - - Par.	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Catton Parish:					
Kexby - - - Tp.	- - -	4 8 10	- - -	- - -	rector of Catton.
Cowden, Little - - Par.	- - -	84 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Driffield, Great, Parish:					
Driffield, Great, and Driffield, Little - - Tps.	- - -	100 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Great Driffield.
Ellerton Priory - - Par.	- - -	- - -	24 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Elvington Parish:					
Elvington - - - Tp.	- - -	20 12 6	- - -	- - -	rector of Elvington.
Foston-upon-the-Wolds Parish:					
Gembling - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	4 19 -	- - -	impropriator.
Givendale Parish:					
Grimthorpe - - - Tp.	50 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in right of the deanery of York, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	4 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Givendale.
Halsham - - - Par.	- - -	760 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Hedon - - - - „	- - -	63 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Holme-upon-Spalding Moor „	- - -	- - -	- - -	22 6 3½	St. John's College, Cambridge, and lessee.
Howden Parish:					
Balkholme - - - Tp.	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Heleaugh.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	143 12 -	- - -	impropriators.
Howden (part of) - - „	- - -	- - -	254 17 6	- - -	impropriators.
Laxton - - - - „	- - -	- - -	34 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Humbleton Parish:					
Fitling - - - - Tp.	- - -	29 18 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Humbleton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Hutton Cranswick Parish:					
Hutton Cranswick - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	22 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Rotsea - - - - „	- - -	- - -	160 3 -	- - -	impropriators.
Kirkby Grindalyth Parish:					
Kirkby Grindalyth (including the Hamlet of Mowthorpe) - - Tp.	- - -	44 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirkby, Grindalyth.
	- - -	- - -	24 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Kilham - - - - Par.	256 7 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of York, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	11 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Kilnwick Parish:					
Bracken - - - - Tp.	- - -	18 18 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Kilnwick.
Kingston-upon-Hull Borough, Drypool Parish:					
Drypool - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	10 17 6	- - -	impropriators.
Southcoates, otherwise Sudcoates - - „	- - -	- - -	28 11 3	- - -	impropriators.
Holy Trinity - - - Par.	- - -	4 19 4½	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Sutton Parish:					
Sutton and Stoneferry - Tp.	- - -	- - -	36 13 1	- - -	impropriators.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
YORK (EAST RIDING)—*cont*^{d}.					
Kirkburn Parish :					
Southburn - - - Tp.	- - -	31 10 2½	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirkburn.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- 13 -	- - -	impropriator.
Millington - - - Par.	108 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in right of the deanery of York, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	23 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Naburn - - - - Tp.	- - -	13 1 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of the chapelry of Naburn.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	49 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Norton - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	445 18 -	- - -	impropriators.
Nunburnholme Parish :					
Nunburnholme - - Tp.	- - -	2 8 3	- - -	- - -	rector of Nunburnholme.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	14 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Paull Parish :					
Paull (except Boreas Hill) - - Tp.	- - -	6 12 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Paull.
,,	- - -	*195 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Paull. * The respective landowners claim to be entitled to these rent-charges.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	125 - -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	110 6 3	Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy.
Thorngumbald - - ,,	- - -	41 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Paull.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	†79 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Paull. † The respective landowners claim to be entitled to these rent-charges.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	104 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 16 6	Lister's Hospital.
Preston Parish :					
Preston - - - - Tp.	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Preston.
Rillington Parish :					
Rillington - - - Tp.	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Rillington.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	203 3 8	- - -	impropriators.
Scampston - - - ,,	- - -	15 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Rillington.
Sancton Parish :					
Cliffe, North - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- 12 6	- - -	impropriator.
Seaton Ross - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	13 17 9¾	- - -	impropriator.
Sherburn - - - - ,,	- - -	84 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	64 8 10	- - -	impropriator.
Skeckling-with-Burstwick - ,,	- - -	- 18 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	212 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Skerne - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	30 11 8	- - -	impropriator.
Swine Parish :					
Bilton - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	15 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ellerby (except Owbrough) - - ,,	- - -	- 3 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Swine.
,,	- - -	- - -	9 2 -	- - -	impropriators.
Ganstead - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	15 9 -	- - -	impropriator.
Marton - - - - ,,	- - -	18 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Swine.
Skirlaugh, North, and Rowton - - Hams.	- - -	- - -	18 4 8	- - -	impropriator.
and Arnold (part of) - Tp.					
Swine - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	13 6 -	- - -	impropriator.
Tunstall - - - - Par.	2 3 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	sub-chanter or succentor of York cathedral, and lessee.
Watton - - - - ,,	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate.
Winestead - - - - ,,	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
£.	974 10 10	2,528 19 1¾	2,545 19 5¾	146 9 -¼	
YORK (NORTH RIDING) :					
Acklam in Cleveland - - Par.	206 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	- - -	1 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Allerston - - - - ,,	90 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - ,,	405 11 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in right of the deanery of York, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	- - -	52 16 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Appleton-le-Street Parish :					
Amotherby - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	112 16 3	- - -	impropriator.
Hildenley - - - ,,	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Appleton-le-Street.
Ayton Parish :					
Ayton, Little - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	201 15 -	- - -	impropriator.

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YORK (North Riding)—*cont*^{d}.					
Bowes Parish:					
Bowes - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	157 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Gilmonby - - - - „	- - -	- - -	55 12 6	- - -	impropriator.
Brompton Parish:					
Snainton - - - - Ch.	- - -	- - -	10 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Cayton Parish:					
Cayton - - - - Tp.	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Cayton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	329 9 6	- - -	impropriators.
Osgodby - - - - „	- - -	8 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Cayton.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	159 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Cleasby - - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	12 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Coverham Parish:					
Arundel Grange, Bradley, Breckonrigge, Fleensop, Gammersgill, Hindlethwaite and Horsehouse - Hams. or Villes.	- - -	- - -	46 4 -	- - -	impropriators.
Caldbergh (except East Scrafton, otherwise Little Scrafton) - Tp.	- - -	- - -	15 6 8½	- - -	impropriator.
Carlton Town - - - „	- - -	- - -	28 5 9	- - -	impropriators.
Scrafton, West - - „	- - -	- - -	62 1 9	- - -	impropriators.
Cowesby - - - - Par.	- - -	128 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Downholme Parish:					
Downholme - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	43 4 -	- - -	impropriator.
Ellerton Abbey - - „	- - -	- - -	1 15 2	- - -	impropriator.
Stainton - - - - „	- - -	- - -	40 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Ebberston - - - - Par.	55 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of York, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	13 14 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Edston, Great, Parish:					
Northolme - - - Tp.	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Edston.
Felixkirk Parish:					
Bolthy - - - - Tp.	62 5 10½	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	218 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Felixkirk.
Thirlby - - - - „	64 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	44 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Felixkirk.
Filey Parish:					
Gristhorpe - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	8 9 3	- - -	impropriator.
Libberston - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 6 9½	- - -	impropriator.
Fingal Parish:					
Constable Burton - - Tp.	- - -	292 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Fingal.
Gilling Parish:					
Carkin - - - - Tp.	- - -	43 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gilling.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	55 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Cowton, South - - „	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gilling.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	22 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Eppleby - - - - „	- - -	64 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gilling.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	15 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Eryholme - - - - „	- - -	1 6 3	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gilling.
— - - - - - „	- - -	14 7 9	- - -	- - -	incumbent curate of Eryholme.
Forcett - - - - „	- - -	182 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gilling.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	150 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Gilling - - - - „	- - -	6 6 2	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gilling.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	1 5 -	- - -	impropriator.
Layton, West - - „	- - -	3 16 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gilling.
Gilling and Stanwick St. John, Parishes:					
Barforth - - - Tp.	- - -	35 6 3	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gilling.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	350 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
Harlsey, East - - Par.	- - -	16 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	19 2 -	- - -	impropriators.
Hawkeswell Parish:					
Garriston - - - Tp.	- - -	68 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Hawkswell.
Hawkswell, East, Hawkswell, West, and Barden Tps.	- - -	265 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Hawkswell.
Hawnby Parish:					
Arden with Ardenside - Tp.	- - -	1 10 3	- - -	- - -	rector of Hawnby.
Bilsdale West Side - - „	- - -	53 11 5	- - -	- - -	rector of Hawnby.
Hawnby - - - - „	- - -	81 13 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Hawnby.
Snilesworth - - - „	- - -	1 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Hawnby.

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YORK (NORTH RIDING)—*cont*^{d}.					
Helmsley Parish:					
Helmsley, Rievaulx, Sproxton, Pockley, Harom, Beadlam, Bilsdale, Laskill Pasture and Carlton - - Tps.	- - -	405 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Helmsley.
	- - -	- - -	27 12 -	- - -	impropriator.
Hinderskelf - - - Par.	128 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessee.
Hinderwell - - - „	- - -	310 12 10	- - -	- - -	rector.
Hood Grange - - Ham.	- - -	- - -	- - -	55 - -	Trinity College, Cambridge, and lessees.
Hovingham Parish:					
Colton, otherwise Coulton Tp.	- - -	- - -	108 13 4	- - -	impropriators.
Hutton Conyers, Tp. or Ex. Par.	- - -	- - -	500 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kepwick - - - - Tp.	- - -	2 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Cowesby.
— - - - - - „	- - -	2 2 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leake.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 13 4	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	150 - -	Trinity College, Cambridge, and lessees.
Kilburn Parish:					
Wass - - - - Tp.	51 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
Kirby Misperton Parish:					
Habton, Great - - Tp.	- - -	17 5 3	- - -	- - -	rector of Kirby Misperton.
Fadmoor - - - Tp.	- - -	44 17 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirby Moorside.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	118 17 -	- - -	impropriators.
Farndale High Quarter, with Bransdale, East Side - - - - „	- - -	65 3 3	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirby Moorside.
	- - -	- - -	255 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Farndale Low Quarter - „	- - -	28 16 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirby Moorside.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	105 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Gillamoor - - - „	- - -	40 10 9	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirby Moorside.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	119 10 4	- - -	impropriators.
Kirby Moorside - - „	- - -	115 - 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirby Moorside.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	188 19 6	- - -	impropriators.
Kirby-on-the-Moor Parish:					
Brampton - - Ham.	- - -	1 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirby-on-the Moor.
Kirkby-on-the-Moor, otherwise Kirkby-hill, and Aldborough Parishes:					
Milby - - - - Tp.	69 10 3	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	21 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirkby-on-the-Moor.
— - - - - - „	- - -	17 10 -	- - -	- -	vicar of Aldborough.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	82 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Kirkdale Parish:					
Welburn - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	1 5 -	- - -	impropriatrixes.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 13 9	University of Oxford, and lessees.
Lastingham Parish:					
Appleton-le-Moors - - Tp.	178 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Lastingham.
Lastingham - - - „	- - -	79 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Lastingham.
Spaunton - - - „	154 7 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	37 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Lastingham.
Leake Parish:					
Alverton, otherwise Northallerton Ings - Tp.	- - -	8 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leake.
	- - -	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Borrowby - - - „	- - -	51 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leake.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	72 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Crosby - - - - „	- - -	1 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leake.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	40 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Gueldable - - - „	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leake.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	12 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Knayton-with-Brawith - „	- - -	103 13 9	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leake.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	136 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Landmouth-with-Catto - „	- - -	4 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leake.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	55 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Leake - - - - „	- - -	18 3 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leake.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	55 - 1	- - -	impropriators.
Silton, Nether - - „	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Leake.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	67 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Levisham - - - Par.	- - -	85 6 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Lythe Parish:					
Barnby - - - Tp.	10 7 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessee.
Hutton Mulgrave - „	20 - 10	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessee.
Lythe - - - - „	16 9 9	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessee.
Mickleby - - - „	10 7 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessee.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
YORK (NORTH RIDING)—*cont*^{d}.					
Malton, Old - - - Par.	920 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessee.
Marrick - - - - „	- - -	- - -	40 14 1	- - -	impropriators.
Middlesborough - - - „	- - -	- - -	11 17 6	- - -	impropriator.
Middleton Parish:					
Cropton - - - - Tp.	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	curate of Middleton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	13 14 -	- - -	impropriators.
Rosedale, East Side - „	- - -	- - -	48 6 3	- - -	impropriators.
Myton-on-Swale - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	350 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Osbaldwick Parish:					
Osbaldwick - - - Tp.	25 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Osbaldwick (York), and lessee.
— - - - - - „	25 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in right of the prebend of Strensal (York), and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	10 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Osbaldwick.
Osmotherley Parish:					
Osmotherley - - - Tp.	- - -	- 18 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of East Harlsey Chapel.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	209 11 -	- - -	impropriators.
Thimbleby - - - - „	- - -	- - -	12 - -	- - -	impropriator
Overton - - - - Par.	- - -	58 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Patrick Brompton Parish:					
Hunton (part of) - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	44 19 6	- - -	impropriators.
Pickering Parish:					
Marishes, The - - Tp.	146 5 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in right of the deanery of York, and lessees.
Pickering (part of) - - Tp.	19 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of York, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	12 13 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in right of the deanery of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 3 10	- - -	- - -	rectory of Thornton.
Seamer Parish (near Scarborough):					
Seamer - - - - Tp.	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Seamer.
Sheriff Hutton Parish:					
Sheriff Hutton - - Tp.	171 11 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessee.
Stittenham - - - „	262 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
Skelton-in-Cleveland Parish:					
Skelton - - - - Tp.	505 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
Slingsby - - - - Par.	- - -	369 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Spennithorne Parish:					
Harmby - - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	12 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Spennithorne - - - „	- - -	- - -	31 11 -	- - -	impropriators.
Stainton Parish:					
Hemlington - - - Tp.	160 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stainton.
Ingleby Barwick - - „	182 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	51 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stainton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	39 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Maltby - - - - „	177 15 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	25 - 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stainton.
Stainton - - - - „	332 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	60 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stainton.
Thornaby - - - - „	231 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	48 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Stainton.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	46 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Stanwick, St. John Parish:					
Aldborough - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	447 14 -	- - -	impropriator.
Caldwell - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 13 4	almshouse or hospital of St. John the Baptist of Kirby Ravensworth.
Stanwick, St. John - „	- - -	16 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gilling.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	300 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Stockton-on-the-Forest - Par.	- - -	- 6 8	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
Strensall Parish:					
Strensall - - - - Tp.	164 7 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in right of the prebend of Strensall (York), and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	68 5 3	- - -	- - -	vicar of Strensall.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
YORK (NORTH RIDING)—*cont*^{d}.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Sutton-on-the-Forest Parish:					
Sutton-on-the-Forest - Tp.	155 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archbishop of York, and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	36 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Sutton-on-the-Forest.
Topcliffe Parish:					
Elmire-cum-Crakehall - Tp.	147 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of York.
— - - - - -	- - -	25 8 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Topcliffe.
Well - - - - - Par.	- - -	- 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Thornton Watlass.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	31 16 -	- - -	impropriator.
Wykeham - - - - „	- - -	- - -	68 17 6	- - -	impropriators.
£.	5,158 6 4½	4,183 14 2	5,554 7 1	207 7 1	
YORK (WEST RIDING):					
Aberford Parish:					
Aberford - - - Tp.	- - -	125 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Aberford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	23 - -	- - -	impropriatrixes.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	205 - -	Oriel College, Oxford.
Parlington - - - „	- - -	125 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Aberford.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	103 - -	Oriel College, Oxford.
Sturton, otherwise Sturton Grange - - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Aberford.
	- - -	- - -	- - -	42 - -	Oriel College, Oxford.
Addle Parish:					
Addle-cum-Eccup - - Tp.	- - -	347 5 4	- - -	- - -	rector of Addle.
Arthington - - - „	- - -	250 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Addle.
Aldborough and Kirkby Hill Parishes:					
Humburton - - - Tp.	125 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of York, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	- 18 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Aldborough.
— - - - - „	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirkby Hill.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	120 - -	- - -	impropriatrix.
Almondbury Parish:					
Aldmondbury - - - Tp.	- - -	161 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	60 - -	- - -	impropriator.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	75 10 -	free Grammar School in Clitheroe.
Austonley - - - „	- - -	23 15 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	24 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Crosland, South - - „	- - -	48 5 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	6 - -	free Grammar School in Clitheroe.
Farnley Tyas - - - „	- - -	31 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - 10½	free Grammar School in Clitheroe.
Holme - - - - „	- - -	10 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Lingards - - - „	- - -	21 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 7 6	free Grammar School in Clitheroe.
Linthwaite - - - „	- - -	66 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 17 1	free Grammar School in Clitheroe.
Lockwood - - - „	- - -	67 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 9 5	free Grammar School in Clitheroe.
Marsden - - - „	- - -	44 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 18 8½	free Grammar School in Clitheroe.
Meltham - - - „	- - -	41 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	5 - -	free Grammar School in Clitheroe.
Netherthong - - - „	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 6 9	free Grammar School in Clitheroe.
Thong, Upper - - - „	- - -	32 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Almondbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	18 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Anston Parish:					
Anston, North and South - Tp.	315 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in right of the Prebend of Laughton (York), and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	35 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Dinnington.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
YORK (WEST RIDING)—*cont^d.*					
Anston Parish—*continued.*					
Woodsetts - - - Tp.	100 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England in right of the Prebend of Laughton (York), and lessee.
Austwick and Lawkland - Tps.	594 – –	– – –	– – –	– – –	bishop of Chester, and lessee.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	29 10 –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Clapham.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	1 10 –	– – –	impropriator.
Barmby Dun Parish:					
Thorpe-in-Balne - - Tp.	– – –	– – –	198 15 –	– – –	impropriators.
Batley Parish:					
Gildersome - - - Tp.	– – –	21 6 –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Batley.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	45 11 5	– – –	impropriators.
Birstal Parish:					
Cleckheaton - - - Tp.	– – –	56 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Birstal.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	57 – –	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Drighlington - - - ,,	– – –	39 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Birstal.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	63 – –	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Gomersal - - - ,,	– – –	120 1 –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Birstal.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	9 – –	– – –	impropriator.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	147 – –	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Heckmondwike - - ,,	– – –	32 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Birstal.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	54 5 –	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Hunsworth - - - ,,	– – –	28 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Birstal.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	54 – –	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Liversedge - - - ,,	– – –	75 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Birstal.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	40 – –	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Tong - - - - ,,	– – –	– 2 –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Birstal.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	15 – –	– – –	– – –	incumbent curate of Tong.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	67 – –	– – –	impropriators.
Wike - - - - ,,	– – –	28 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Birstal.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	39 – –	Trinity College, Cambridge.
Bradford Parish:					
Allerton - - - Tp.	– – –	24 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	34 13 –	– – –	impropriators.
Bierley, North - - ,,	– – –	30 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	65 7 5½	– – –	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	1 – –	Dewsbury School.
Bowling - - - ,,	– – –	20 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – 6	– – –	– – –	incumbent of Bowling.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – 6	– – –	– – –	perpetual curate of Bierley.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	34 12 4½	– – –	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	– 6 –	Wakefield Free School.
Bradford - - - ,,	– – –	15 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	27 6 –	– – –	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	– 12 –	Bradford Free Grammar School.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	– 6 –	Powcock's Charity.
Clayton - - - ,,	– – –	20 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	21 19 3½	– – –	impropriators.
Eccleshill - - - ,,	– – –	15 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– 1 –	– – –	impropriatrix.
Haworth - - - ,,	– – –	33 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	120 19 –	– – –	impropriators.
Heaton - - - ,,	– – –	15 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	32 17 5	– – –	impropriators.
Horton - - - ,,	– – –	24 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	46 15 6	– – –	impropriators.
Manningham - - - ,,	– – –	18 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	27 13 6	– – –	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	– 12 –	Wooler's Charity.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	– 5 –	Bradford Free Grammar School.
Shipley - - - ,,	– – –	20 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	31 – 6	– – –	impropriators.
Thornton - - - ,,	– – –	60 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	97 – 6	– – –	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	– 9 –	Thornton School.
Wilsden - - - ,,	– – –	28 – –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Bradford.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	50 16 2	– – –	impropriators.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	– 5 –	Bingley Free Grammar School.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	– – –	– – 6	Wilsden and Allerton School.
Brayton Parish:					
Burn - - - - Tp.	137 10 –	– – –	– – –	– – –	canon of Wistow (York).
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	57 10 –	– – –	– – –	vicar of Brayton.
— - - - - - ,,	– – –	– – –	217 10 –	– – –	impropriator.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
YORK (WEST RIDING)—*contd.*					
Broughton Parish:					
Broughton - - - Tp.	2 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Oxford.
— - - - - „	- - -	62 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Broughton.
Elslack - - - - „	12 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Oxford.
— - - - - „	- - -	32 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Broughton.
Burghwallis Parish:					
Burghwallis - - - Tp.	- - -	- 14 3	- - -	- - -	rector of Burghwallis.
Burnsal Parish:					
Burnsal-with-Thorpe Sub-Montem - -} Tp.	- - -	171 - -	- - -	- - -	rectors of the two medieties of Burnsal (in equal moieties).
— - - - - „	- - -	- 2 -	- - -	- - -	rectors of the two medieties of Linton (in equal moieties).
Coniston - - - Ham.	- - -	82 - -	- - -	- - -	rectors of the two medieties of Burnsal (in equal moieties).
Hartlington - - - Tp.	- - -	24 - -	- - -	- - -	rectors of the two medieties of Burnsal (in equal moieties).
— - - - - „	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	rectors of the two medieties of Linton (in equal moieties).
Calverley Parish:					
Pudsey - - - - Tp.	- - -	39 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Calverley.
— - - - - „	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Pudsey.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	397 14 -	- - -	impropriators.
Cantley - - - - Par.	- - -	1 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	2 15 3	- - -	impropriator.
Cawthorne - - - „	- - -	2 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	31 4 -	- - -	impropriators.
Clapham Parish:					
Clapham-with-Newby - Tp.	330 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Chester, and lessee.
— - - - - „	- - -	12 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Clapham.
Collingham - - - Par.	- - -	80 14 3	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	9 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Conisborough Parish:					
Conisborough Parks - Dist.	- - -	45 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Conisborough.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	135 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Cowthorpe - - - Par.	- 3 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Bilton (York).
— - - - - „	- - -	77 1 10	- - -	- - -	rector.
Dewsbury Parish:					
Dewsbury - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	25 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 - -	Wheelwrights' Charity.
Soothill, Upper Tp. or Dist.	- - -	40 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar of Dewsbury.
Ecclesfield Parish:					
Stannington Storrs and Dungworth - -} Dist.	- - -	61 6 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Ecclesfield.
	- - -	30 13 3	- - -	- - -	curate of Bradfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	91 19 9	- - -	impropriators.
Gisburn Parish:					
Gisburn - - - - Tp.	- - -	73 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gisburn.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	36 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Gisburn Forest - - „	- - -	23 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gisburn.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	6 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Middop, otherwise Midhope - - -} „	- - -	14 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gisburn.
	- - -	- - -	11 11 6	- - -	impropriators.
Newsholme, otherwise Newsome - - -} „	- - -	15 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gisburn.
	- - -	- - -	9 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Paythorne - - - „	- - -	32 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gisburn.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	17 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Rimmington - - - „	- - -	56 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gisburn.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	107 11 6	- - -	impropriators.
Swindon - - - „	- - -	19 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Gisburn.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	19 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Hooton Pagnell Parish:					
Hooton Pagnell - - Tp.	- - -	210 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hooton Pagnell.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	85 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Hooton Pagnell and Barmborough Parishes:					
Bilham - - - - Tp.	- - -	2 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hooton Pagnell.
— - - - - „	- - -	5 8 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Barmborough.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	75 12 -	- - -	impropriators.
Huddersfield Parish:					
Golcar - - - - Tp.	- - -	50 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Huddersfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	- - -	impropriator.

(*continued*)

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
YORK (WEST RIDING)—*cont^d.*					
Huddersfield Parish—*continued.*					
Huddersfield - - - Tp.	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Huddersfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	- - -	impropriator.
Marsden - - - „	- - -	18 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Huddersfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	- - -	impropriator.
Scammonden - - - „	- - -	12 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Huddersfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 1 -	- - -	impropriator.
Slaithwaite - - - „	- - -	45 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Huddersfield.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	30 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Hunsingore Parish:					
Hunsingore and Cattall - Tps.	- - -	420 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hunsingore.
Ribston, Great, with Walshford - - Tp.	- - -	1 6 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hunsingore.
Kirkburton Parish:					
Fulstone - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 11 3	Shrewsbury Hospital, Sheffield.
Kirkby, South, Parish:					
Elmsall, South - - Tp.	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of South Kirkby.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	95 19 -	- - -	impropriators.
Skelbrooke - - - „	- - -	25 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Skelbrooke.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	303 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Kirkby Wharfe Parish:					
Kirkby Wharfe, Grimstone and North Milford - - - Tps.	303 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon of Wetwang (York).
	- - -	75 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Kirkby Wharfe.
Kirk Hammerton Parish:					
Kirk Hammerton - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	23 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Kirk Sandall Parish:					
Kirk Sandall - - - Tp.	- - -	40 1 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Kirk Sandall.
Leathley Parish:					
Castley - - - Tp.	- - -	34 11 3	- - -	- - -	rector of Leathley.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	26 11 6	- - -	impropriators.
Leathley - - - „	- - -	130 4 2	- - -	- - -	rector of Leathley.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	84 6 -	- - -	impropriators.
Melton-on-the-Hill - - Par.	- - -	75 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
Mitton Parish:					
Bashall Eaves - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	79 1 6	- - -	impropriators.
Bradford, West - - „	- - -	- - -	115 18 -	- - -	impropriators.
Grindleton - - - „	- - -	- - -	193 15 7	- - -	impropriators.
Waddington - - - „	- - -	- - -	74 11 8	- - -	impropriators.
Newton Kyme - - - Par.	- - -	399 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	30 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Otley Parish:					
Denton - - Tp. or Ch.	- - -	- - -	38 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Farnley - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	99 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Hawksworth - - - „	- - -	- - -	70 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Lindley - - - - „	- - -	- - -	59 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Menstone - - - „	- - -	- - -	90 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Newall-with-Clifton - „	- - -	10 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Otley.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	68 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Otley - - - - „	- - -	20 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Otley.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	100 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Pool - - - - „	- - -	- - -	38 3 4	- - -	impropriators.
Peniston Parish:					
Gunthwaite - - - Tp.	- - -	- - -	- - -	21 - -	Shrewsbury Hospital, Sheffield
Ravenfield - - - Par.	320 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	archdeacon of York, and lessee.
Rawmarsh - - - „	- - -	50 13 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ripon Parish:					
Newby-with-Mulwith - Tp.	13 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Ripon.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	126 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Rochdale Parish:					
Quick Mere - - Dist.	- 13 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	governors of Queen Anne's Bounty.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	16 19 1	- - -	impropriators.
Rotherham Parish:					
Catcliffe - - - Tp.	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Rotherham.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	39 12 6	- - -	impropriators.
Greasbrough - - - „	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Rotherham.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	31 14 -	- - -	impropriator.
Tinsley - - - - „	- - -	1 2 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Tinsley, or vicar of Rotherham.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	31 15 6	- - -	impropriators.

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
YORK (WEST RIDING)—*cont*^{d}.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Roystone Parish:					
Chevet - - - - Tp.	120 8 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	Archbishop of York, and lessee.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	120 8 6	- - -	impropriator.
Ryther Parish:					
Lead Hall - - - Tp.	- - -	1 13 8	- - -	- - -	rector of Ryther.
Sandal, Great, Parish:					
Bretton, West, - Tp. or Man.	- - -	- 6 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Great Sandal.
Saxton Parish:					
Saxton-with-Scarthingwell, Tp.	- - -	- - -	117 7 6	- - -	impropriatrixes.
Sheffield Parish:					
Attercliffe, with Darnall - Tp.	- - -	40 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Sheffield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	75 5 -	- - -	impropriators.
Silkstone Parish:					
Dodworth - - - Tp.	- - -	1 16 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Allestree.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 2 -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Chapelthorpe.
— - - - - - „	- - -	1 10 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Hoyland.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	74 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Hoyland Swaine - - „	- - -	- - -	12 4 -	- - -	impropriators.
Spofforth Parish:					
Follifoot - - - Tp.	- - -	269 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Spofforth.
Plumpton - - - „	- - -	350 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Spofforth.
Ribston, Little - - „	- - -	144 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Spofforth.
Spofforth - - - „	- - -	494 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Spofforth.
Stotfold - - Tp. or Ex. pa.	- - -	- 4 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Hooton Pagnall.
Tadcaster Parish:					
Hazelwood - - - Tp.	- - -	1 1 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Tadcaster.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	3 6 8	- - -	impropriator.
Thornhill Parish:					
Flockton - - - Tp.	- - -	112 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Thornhill.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	90 10 -	- - -	impropriator.
Shitlington - - - „	- - -	512 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Thornhill.
Whitley, Lower - - „	- - -	134 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Thornhill.
Thorpe Salvin - - - Par.	- - -	385 - -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate.
Tickhill - - - - „	- - -	70 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Laughton-en-le-Morthen-cum-St. John's.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 1 -	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Firbeck-cum-Letwell.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- 2 6	- - -	- - -	perpetual curate of Littleborough.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	895 12 9	- - -	impropriators.
Todwick - - - - „	- - -	4 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Wakefield Parish:					
Horbury - - - - Tp.	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Wakefield.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	54 11 11	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	1 - -	Batley school.
Thornes - - - - „	- - -	- - -	95 8 -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	2 8 -	Taylors' charities.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	3 2 6	Wheelwrights' charities.
Weston Parish:					
Weston - - - - Tp.	- - -	30 6 6	- - -	- - -	vicar of Weston.
Whiston and Rotherham Parishes:					
Whiston - - - - Tp.	- - -	- 6 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Rotherham.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	22 16 -	- - -	impropriator.
Whitkirk Parish:					
Temple Newsam (part of) Tp.	- - -	25 12 7	- - -	- - -	vicar of Whitkirk.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	263 1 2	Trinity College, Cambridge, and lessee.
£.	2,372 15 2	7,659 4 1	5,870 19 2	1,196 13 9	

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents. £. s. d.	Payable to Lay Impropriators. £. s. d.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c. £. s. d.	TITHE OWNERS.
WALES.					
ANGLESEY:					
Llanddona - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	194 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Llaneilian (except the Division of Rhos-y-Mynach) "	- - -	227 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Llangoed - - - "	- - -	- - -	210 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Llaniestin - - - "	- - -	- - -	188 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Llanvihangel-din-Sylwy - "	- - -	- - -	106 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Llanwenellwyfo (except the Division of Rhosymynach) "	140 4 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of Bangor.
Llanwenllwyfo and Llaneilian Parishes:					
Rhos-y-Mynach - - Dist.	- - -	33 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Llanwenllwyfo.
— - - - - - "	- - -	33 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Llaneilian.
£.	140 4 -	293 - -	698 - -	—	
BRECON:					
Aberllunvey - - Par.	- - -	- - -	144 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Battle - - - - "	- - -	- - -	135 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Llandewi Abergwessin - "	58 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of St. David's.
— - - - - - "	- - -	29 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Llandulas, otherwise Newchurch Tir Abbot - - "	- - -	- - -	49 15 -	- - -	impropriator.
Llanganten - - - "	148 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Llandarog, &c. (Brecon).
Llangattock - - - "	- - -	525 12 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Llanwrthol - - - "	185 6 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of Llanwrthol (Brecon), and lessees.
— - - - - - "	- - -	92 13 4	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Llanwrtyd - - - "	121 8 1	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of St. David's.
— - - - - - "	3 19 4	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of St. David's, and lessees.
— - - - - - "	- - -	60 14 -½	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - "	- - -	1 19 8	- - -	- - -	vicar of Llanafon-fawr.
£.	516 14 1	709 19 -½	329 5 -	—	
CARDIGAN:					
Llanbadarnodyn - - Par.	- - -	3 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Caron.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	194 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Llanfihangle-y-Croyddyn - "	- - -	181 6 7	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	490 14 4	- - -	impropriators.
Llanllwchaiarn - - - "	- - -	234 2 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Mount - - - - "	- - -	- - -	85 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Sputty Ystwyth - - "	- - -	- - -	45 - -	- - -	impropriator.
£.	- - -	418 8 7	814 14 4	—	
CARMARTHEN:					
Bettws - - - - Par.	200 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of St. David's, and lessees.
Brechfa - - - - "	- - -	21 17 4	- - -	- - -	rector.
Llanarthney - - - "	666 13 8	- - -	- - -	- - -	canon or prebendary of Llanarthney (Brecon).
— - - - - - "	- - -	333 6 10	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Llangyndeyrn - - - "	- - -	- - -	889 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Llanwinio - - - - "	- - -	- - -	335 - -	- - -	impropriators.
£.	866 13 8	355 4 2	1,224 - -	—	
CARNARVON:					
Aber - - - - - Par.	- - -	345 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	5 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
Conwy - - - - "	- - -	68 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	- - -	68 - -	Lewis Owen's Charity.
Dwygyfylchi - - - "	- - -	108 6 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	108 6 6	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - "	- - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	parish clerk.

COUNTY, Parish, Township, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
CARNARVON—*continued.*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Eglwys Vach Parish:					
Maenan - - - - Tp.	- - -	5 2 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Eglwys Vach.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	230 - -	almshouse and Free School of Llanrwst.
Gyfin - - - - Par.	- - -	540 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
Llandudwin - - - „	- - -	30 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
Llanvair-vechan - - „	- - -	360 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
£.	- - -	1,456 8 6	135 6 6	298 - -	
DENBIGH:					
Asaph, St., Parish:					
Meriadog and Gwigvair - Tps.	292 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean of St. Asaph.
Ceryg-y-drudion - - Par.	- - -	352 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Llanarmon-yn-Jal Parish:					
Bodigre-yr-Abbot and Bodigre-yr-Jal - Tps.	- - -	186 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Llanarmon-yn-Jal.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 4 -	- - -	parish clerk.
Creigiog-is-glan - - Tp.	- - -	19 6 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Llarnarmon-yn-Jal.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 10 -	- - -	parish clerk.
Llandegla - - - - Par.	- - -	116 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Llandrillo-yn-Rhos - - „	640 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of St. Asaph.
— - - - - - „	- - -	310 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	4 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
£.	932 - -	983 16 -	4 14 -	—	
FLINT:					
Caerwys - - - - Par.	- - -	425 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
Hope - - - - - „	210 18 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Winchester.
— - - - - - „	514 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the sinecure rectory of Hope.
— - - - - - „	- - -	192 18 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	257 4 -	hospital of St. John, Chester.
Whitford - - - „	- - -	340 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	901 10 -	- - -	- - -	sinecure rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
Ysgeiviog - - - „	- - -	845 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
£.	724 18 -	2,704 18 -	10 - -	257 4 -	
GLAMORGAN:					
Cheriton - - - - Par.	- - -	112 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Donatts, St. - - - „	- - -	87 9 -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Lansamlet - - - „	200 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	bishop of St. David and lessees.
— - - - - - „	- - -	46 13 6	- - -	- - -	vicar.
Llandough - - - „	- - -	103 5 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Llanrhidian Parish:					
Llanrhidian, Lower Division - - - Dist.	- - -	- - -	332 3 9	- - -	impropriators.
Llanrhidian, Upper Division - - - „	- - -	- - -	364 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Marychurch, St. - - Par.	- - -	130 15 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Merthyr Tidvil - - - „	- - -	429 12 -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	107 8 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Dowlais.
Michaelstone Parish:					
Michaelstone, Lower Ham.	- - -	- - -	36 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Pennard - - - - Par.	- - -	78 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	142 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Penarth - - - - „	- - -	54 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Ystradowen - - - „	184 10 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	chancellor of Llandaff and lessee.
£.	384 10 -	1,149 2 6	874 13 9	—	

COUNTY, PARISH, TOWNSHIP, &c.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.	TITHE OWNERS.
MERIONETH:	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	
Llanuwchlyn - - - Par.	- - -	- - -	94 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Llanvachraith - - - „	- - -	- - -	75 - -	- - -	impropriator.
Llanvor - - - - „	- - -	224 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Llanvor.
and the hamlet of Nantfreur (in the Parish of Llandervel) -	- - -	304 - -	- - -	- - -	sinecure rector of Llanvor.
	- - -	144 - -	- - -	- - -	incumbent of Holy Trinity District Church.
£.	- - -	672 - -	169 - -	—	
MONTGOMERY:					
Alberbury Parish:					
Middletown - - - Tp.	- - -	4 10 -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Alberbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- 12 -	- - -	parish clerk of Alberbury.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	50 - -	All Souls College, Oxford.
Carno - - - - Par.	100 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Bangor.
— - - - - - „	- - -	27 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	18 16 -	- - -	impropriators.
Llanerfyl - - - - „	- - -	450 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	5 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
Llanfihangel (except the Township of Dolwar -	- - -	480 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
„	- - -	5 - -	- - -	- - -	rector of Llanfyllin.
— - - - - - „	- - -	16 10 -	- - -	- - -	rector of Llansaintffraed.
— - - - - - „	- - -	7 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Llansaintffraed.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	10 10 -	- - -	parish clerk.
Llangyniw - - - „	- - -	494 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	6 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
Llanllugan - - - „	- - -	- - -	104 - -	- - -	impropriators.
Llanvyllin - - - „	- - -	650 - -	- - -	- - -	rector
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	142 10 -	- - -	impropriators.
Llanwddyn (except the township of Garthbwlch) „	62 17 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of St. Asaph.
	- - -	- - -	100 3 -	- - -	impropriator.
	- - -	- - -	1 - -	- - -	parish clerk.
Garthbwlch - - Tp.	20 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the sinecure rectory of Llansanfraed-yn-Mechain.
— - - - - - „	- - -	9 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Llansanfraed-yn-Mechain.
Manavon - - - - Par.	- - -	460 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
Treveglwys - - - „	76 - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	dean and chapter of Bangor.
— - - - - - „	- - -	166 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar.
— - - - - - „	- - -	18 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Llangurig.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	260 - -	- - -	impropriators.
— - - - - - „	- - -	- - -	- - -	37 - -	University College, Oxford.
£.	258 17 -	2,787 - -	648 11 -	87 - -	
PEMBROKE:					
Capel Colman - - - Ch.	- - -	- - -	73 12 6	- - -	impropriators.
Llanstadwell (Impropriators District) - - Par.	- - -	- - -	138 15 -	- - -	impropriators.
Llanstinnan - - „	163 12 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	sub-chanter of St. David's, and lessees.
Trefgarn, Great - - „	- - -	37 - -	- - -	- - -	rector.
£.	163 12 -	37 - -	212 7 6	—	
RADNOR:					
Beguildy Parish:					
Church - - - Tp.	- - -	190 - -	- - -	- - -	vicar of Beguildy.
Llanbedr Painscastle - - Par.	252 18 -	- - -	- - -	- - -	Ecclesiastical Commissioners in right of the prebend of Llanbedr Painscastle (Brecon) and lessee.
£.	252 18 -	190 - -	- - -	—	

SUMMARY.

COUNTIES.	RENT-CHARGES. Payable to Clerical Appropriators.	Payable to Parochial Incumbents.	Payable to Lay Impropriators.	Payable to Schools, Colleges, &c.
ENGLAND.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Bedford	-	1,362 7 10	284 3 6	940 10 –
Berks	1,625 7 10	2,441 10 8	4,447 9 8	12 12 –
Bucks	1,723 9 2	2,716 5 10½	3,536 15 7½	249 15 9
Cambridge	1,020 – –	4,127 18 6	28 10 –	816 16 6
Chester	3,513 19 11	5,538 18 2	5,611 17 1	95 7 6
Cumberland	2,722 18 9½	3,884 1 9¾	294 2 2	900 – –
Derby	3,229 5 2	5,219 2 6½	4,610 4 6	25 – 8
Devon	850 – –	902 10 –	1,175 19 8	—
Dorset	-	810 – –	681 1 9	—
Durham	869 16 10	1,013 10 2	2,115 16 –	286 14 11
Essex	1,057 17 –	10,380 17 5	4,429 18 11	3,021 18 9
Gloucester	397 6 9½	786 7 10	1,608 3 2	—
Hereford	817 13 1	1,366 – 11	269 10 1	159 – –
Hertford	-	1,221 – –	463 2 6	—
Huntingdon	259 10 5	1,878 14 8	862 5 10	—
Kent	768 1 3	2,093 5 10¼	1,194 10 5	989 1 3¾
Lancaster	2,954 13 8	5,839 10 6	5,300 16 9¾	136 14 6
Leicester	400 3 10	8,994 18 9⅓	1,987 11 1	126 4 9
Lincoln	3,228 4 –	17,976 11 11¾	7,774 3 4	645 3 2
Middlesex	-	847 19 9	196 5 –	7 12 –
Monmouth	318 4 –	1,111 5 5	512 14 9	126 11 2½
Norfolk	309 15 4	2,951 14 8	1,612 1 10	218 9 6
Northampton	130 17 3	5,098 9 8	661 12 3½	428 5 3
Northumberland	3,756 3 6	3,539 13 5	4,863 17 8	288 7 –
Nottingham	1,286 15 6	3,507 11 8½	2,211 – 11	70 11 7
Oxford	3,584 17 8	5,973 12 –	2,908 19 10	1,245 12 3
Rutland	267 15 4	685 10 7	353 10 6	—
Salop	216 10 –	9,435 15 6	5,907 13 4	382 – –
Somerset	-	772 16 10½	394 8 8	328 18 7
Southampton	1,128 – –	4,024 1 3	1,986 17 11	3,057 12 10
Stafford	3,025 13 5	4,602 5 2	4,928 7 4½	53 9 3
Suffolk	838 – –	4,334 – –	1,567 18 9	1,609 5 10
Surrey	1,369 2 –	3,444 12 6	1,561 12 3	800 – –
Sussex	6,393 11 11	6,895 11 4½	6,358 – 8	310 9 –
Warwick	137 2 –	6,949 14 5½	4,984 6 –	1,782 14 5
Westmorland	-	333 12 8	307 5 6	700 10 9
Wilts	4,827 4 5	1,791 5 8	2,825 13 2	138 – –
Worcester	425 15 –	722 18 –	439 9 4	—
York, City and Ainsty	232 16 –	194 2 –	77 10 8	—
„ East Riding	974 10 10	2,528 19 1¾	2,545 19 5¾	146 9 –½
„ North Riding	5,158 6 4½	4,183 14 2	5,554 7 1	207 7 1
„ West Riding	2,372 15 2	7,659 4 1	5,870 19 2	1,196 13 9
WALES.				
Anglesey	140 4 –	293 – –	698 – –	—
Brecon	516 14 1	709 19 –½	329 5 –	—
Cardigan	-	418 8 7	814 14 4	—
Carmarthen	866 13 8	355 4 2	1,224 – –	—
Carnarvon	-	1,456 8 6	135 6 6	298 – –
Denbigh	932 – –	983 16 –	4 14 –	—
Flint	724 18 –	2,704 18 –	10 – –	257 4 –
Glamorgan	384 10 –	1,149 2 6	874 13 9	—
Merioneth	-	672 – –	169 – –	—
Montgomery	258 17 –	2,787 – –	648 11 –	87 – –
Pembroke	163 12 –	37 – –	212 7 6	—
Radnor	252 18 –	190 – –	—	—
£.	66,432 10 2½	171,899 – 4½	110,427 6 4	22,146 3 1¾
Add previous Return (No. 298 of Session 1848)	611,913 – 11¼	2,238,607 7 2	654,999 19 –¾	173,802 2 9¾
Total	678,345 11 1¾	2,410,506 7 6½	765,427 5 4¾	195,948 5 11½

RECAPITULATION.

	£. s. d.
TOTAL RENT-CHARGES payable to Clerical Appropriators and Lessees	678,345 11 1¾
Ditto Parochial Incumbents	2,410,506 7 6½
Ditto Lay Impropriators	765,427 5 4¾
Ditto Schools, Colleges, &c.	195,948 5 11½
£.	4,050,227 10 –½

Tithe Commission,
12 June 1856.

Wm BLAMIRE.
G. DARBY.
H. C. MULES.

WILLS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

ABSTRACT

OF

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 29 April 1856;—*for*,

A "RETURN of the Number of WILLS PROVED and ADMINISTRATIONS GRANTED, in each Year during the last Five Years, by the Episcopal Archdeaconry and Peculiar Courts proposed to be abolished by the Wills and Administrations Bill, *in a Tabular form*, showing the Number of PROBATES and ADMINISTRATIONS, in each Year, under each Progressive Rate of Stamp Duty."

	YEARS	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
ASAPH, ST., DIOCESE: Peculiar Court of Hawarden	20	-	-	-	-		1		1		1
	100		2		2		4		1		3
	200		2		1	-	-	-	3		—
	300		1		2		1		—		—
	450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
	800	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	1,500	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
BANGOR DIOCESE: Episcopal Court of Bangor	20		39		29		38		30		32
	50		13		14		14		12		13
	100		74		73		77		71		78
	200		50		48		58		49		56
	300		10		14		23		16		20
	450		12		17		16		15		28
	600		6		11		14		7		15
	800		5		4		4		7		15
	1,000		2		4		4		7		13
	1,500		5		8		6		6		5
	2,000		3		2		5		6		3
	3,000		1		7		4		4		2
	4,000	-	-		1		1	-	-		4
	5,000	-	-		1		—		—		—
	6,000		1	-	-		1	-	-		1
	8,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
BATH AND WELLS DIOCESE: Court of the Archdeacon of Taunton	20		8		19		17		11		8
	50		4		6		5		5		5
	100		29		40		16		28		25
	200		14		26		19		21		16
	300		6		18		19		11		13
	450		9		15		10		6		7
	600		7		8		7		5		9
	800		5		8		4		3		4
	1,000		6		3		4		5		2
	1,500		4		2		7	-	-		2
	2,000	-	-		1		3		2		4
	3,000		2		2		2	-	-		4
	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		2
Archidiaconal Court of Taunton	20		46		34		44		45		50
	50		14		14		13		13		11
	100		94		92		96		91		98
	200		53		68		64		64		70
	300		31		37		31		33		40
	450		35		29		28		25		25
	600		20		26		23		26		20
	800		15		15		10		12		8
	1,000		10		17		6		11		15
	1,500		12		9		11		12		11
	2,000		2		7		1		9		11
	3,000		4		6		3		3		6
	4,000	-	-		2		7		1		2
	5,000		2		1		1	-	-		1
	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		2		—
	10,000	-	-		1		—		—		—
	12,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
BATH AND WELLS DIOCESE—*continued.* Peculiar Court of Ilminster - -	20	-	-	-	-	-	-		2		—
	50		—		—		—		—		—
	100	-	-		1		2	-	-		1
	200		2		2		—		—		—
	300		2		1		1		1		—
	450	-	-		1		—		—		—
	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	800		—		—		—		—		—
	1,000		1		—		—		—		—
CARLISLE DIOCESE: Consistory Court of Carlisle - -	20	22	8	32	6	37	9	26	9	26	8
	50	–	13	–	8	–	6	–	11	–	13
	100	45	7	31	16	47	11	46	15	52	16
	200	25	8	31	20	40	16	33	13	38	15
	300	20	5	19	7	21	13	22	6	20	11
	450	19	2	13	9	21	3	21	9	21	8
	600	21	6	12	4	13	2	10	3	18	5
	800	6	3	9	5	11	2	12	1	7	4
	1,000	6	2	7	5	9	4	6	2	7	3
	1,500	8	2	7	1	16	6	14	–	16	3
	2,000	5	1	5	–	10	2	5	2	10	–
	3,000	4	1	9	1	6	2	7	1	4	1
	4,000	3	–	3	1	1	1	1	–	5	–
	5,000	2	–	1	–	1	–	1	–	–	1
	6,000	–	–	1	–	2	–	1	–	1	–
	7,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	2	–
	8,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	10,000	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	12,000	1	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	14,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–
	16,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–
	18,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	20,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	25,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
CANTERBURY DIOCESE: Archdeacon's Court of Canterbury -	20	7	–	5	7	10	–	7	3	12	2
	50	–	4	–	2	–	–	–	5	–	8
	100	34	7	35	10	27	7	34	9	38	13
	200	16	4	14	10	26	7	29	15	19	12
	300	6	3	12	4	10	3	15	3	10	4
	450	10	1	9	2	9	1	15	–	11	4
	600	12	2	6	1	4	5	2	2	7	3
	800	6	2	4	2	6	2	5	–	6	–
	1,000	4	1	3	–	5	–	12	–	5	2
	1,500	1	–	10	–	3	–	3	2	5	1
	2,000	2	1	3	–	3	–	3	–	6	–
	3,000	3	1	4	1	1	–	5	1	2	–
	4,000	1	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	2	–
	5,000	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
	6,000	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	7,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	8,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	9,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Consistory Court of Canterbury -	20	3	3	3	1	3	2	3	1	8	2
	50	–	–	–	6	–	3	–	3	–	1
	100	10	3	13	1	7	2	13	2	15	6
	200	4	12	10	1	6	3	9	5	6	4
	300	7	1	4	1	3	–	9	2	3	1
	450	5	1	5	2	7	1	7	4	5	–
	600	4	2	1	2	6	2	2	2	3	–
	800	2	–	2	1	2	–	4	–	5	1
	1,000	2	–	1	3	1	1	–	2	1	1
	1,500	2	–	4	–	3	1	1	1	7	–
	2,000	1	–	–	1	2	–	–	–	3	–
	3,000	4	–	–	–	4	–	1	–	1	–
	4,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	–
	6,000	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	7,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	8,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
CHESTER DIOCESE: Consistory Court of Chester - -	20	24	18	15	23	49	58	11	26	17	28
	50	60	115	81	69	78	89	73	119	79	123
	100	243	189	239	223	228	230	217	246	226	267
	200	240	199	296	200	281	207	288	236	301	285
	300	160	89	162	95	170	123	186	92	176	110
	450	147	70	168	73	180	84	163	90	197	94
	600	97	46	139	39	107	75	148	42	154	57
	800	95	29	89	31	100	44	101	33	119	47
	1,000	60	22	85	16	45	29	70	38	87	26
	1,500	89	18	122	22	102	30	118	34	139	40
	2,000	41	22	64	19	78	16	56	13	81	25
	3,000	55	17	83	15	60	25	57	22	74	20
	4,000	42	7	41	12	48	7	38	6	34	8
	5,000	30	8	14	3	37	4	28	9	29	9
	6,000	15	6	17	1	12	3	21	3	20	2
	7,000	13	2	14	2	19	5	13	2	19	3
	8,000	6	1	13	1	10	1	10	2	7	–
	9,000	13	–	4	1	7	–	6	2	11	2
	10,000	7	1	8	1	8	1	6	2	7	1
	12,000	5	2	10	2	12	1	8	3	18	2
	14,000	8	–	7	–	8	2	10	1	9	1
	16,000	6	1	11	1	3	–	9	2	2	–
	18,000	2	–	2	–	4	–	10	–	7	–
	20,000	4	–	4	1	5	–	1	–	2	–
	25,000	1	–	2	3	6	1	7	1	8	2
	30,000	4	1	4	1	–	–	3	–	1	1
	35,000	3	–	3	–	1	1	1	–	2	–
	40,000	1	–	–	–	4	–	2	–	–	1
	45,000	2	–	–	–	1	2	–	1	5	1
	50,000	1	–	3	–	2	–	3	–	2	–
	60,000	2	–	3	1	–	1	–	–	4	–
	70,000	2	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	2	–
	80,000	–	–	–	–	2	–	1	–	1	–
	90,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	100,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–
	120,000	4	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	–
	140,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	160,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	180,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	200,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	250,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	300,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	350,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Rural Dean's Court of Chester -	20	219		174		151		167		200	
	40	75		70		53		57		79	
CHICHESTER DIOCESE: Episcopal Court of Chichester -	20	5	–	4	2	1	–	3	1	3	3
	50	–	2	–	–	–	1	–	3	1	3
	100	5	9	12	6	9	3	16	2	13	–
	200	9	8	15	6	9	2	11	2	10	4
	300	–	–	6	3	4	4	3	–	7	4
	450	3	4	1	1	7	1	5	1	6	1
	600	2	1	2	1	4	2	2	1	4	2
	800	2	1	4	–	1	1	6	–	4	1
	1,000	1	–	1	–	3	–	3	–	3	–
	1,500	1	1	–	–	1	1	3	–	3	–
	2,000	2	–	2	–	1	–	1	–	2	1
	3,000	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	1	–
	4,000	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
	6,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Dean's Court at Chichester - -	20	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	50	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
	100	2	–	1	–	2	–	2	–	3	–
	200	–	–	–	–	–	1	4	–	1	–
	300	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–
	450	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1
	600	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	800	–	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	1	–
	1,000	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	1,500	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–

CHICHESTER DIOCESE—*continued.*

Archbishop's Court at Chichester

YEARS	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
20	1	—	2	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
50	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
100	1	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
200	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
300	—	—	—	—	2	1	1	—	—	—
450	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
600	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—

Deanery Court of Battle

Amount of Stamp Duty. £.	1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.		1856.	
	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
17	2		—		—		—		—	
40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	

Archdeaconry Court of Lewes

Under £.	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
20	10		16		11		16		14	
50	14		13		4		12		12	
100	26		37		24		29		34	
200	25		26		28		39		27	
300	13		19		15		17		16	
450	13		15		11		7		23	
600	6		8		5		9		7	
800	8		12		5		7		6	
1,000	10		5		-	-	5		4	
1,500	2		10		7		12		4	
2,000	2		-	-	6		4		8	
3,000	4		5		7		4		8	
4,000	1		-	-	1		2		1	
5,000	1		-	-	-	-	1		1	
6,000	-	-	1		-	-	-	-	1	
7,000	-	-	1		-	-	1		—	
10,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	

Consistory Court of the Deanery of South Malling

Under £.	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
20	2		1		-	-	-	-	1	
50	-	-	-	-	1		1		—	
100	1		2		4		4		5	
200	5		4		3		4		5	
300	1		5		1		3		2	
450	1		2		-	-	5		1	
600	1		3		2		—		—	
800	2		1		—		—		—	
1,000	2		2		-	-	1		1	
1,500	1		1		1		1		—	
2,000	—		—		—		—		—	
3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	

YEARS	1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.		1856.	
Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
DAVID'S, ST., DIOCESE:										
Consistory Court of the Archdeaconry of Brecon										
No stamp	5	1	8	1	4	–	5	2	5	–
10*s.*	13	4	7	2	13	3	12	3	15	5
1	–	1	–	5	–	4	–	2	–	4
2	10	–	9	–	14	–	19	–	11	–
3	–	6	–	4	–	2	–	4	–	4
5	8	–	7	–	10	–	9	–	9	–
8	4	3	1	3	12	2	10	4	10	–
11	3	2	3	1	4	–	5	3	6	–
15	7	1	1	2	2	2	4	1	–	3
22	1	–	1	1	1	–	1	–	3	–
30	2	–	3	1	3	2	–	2	2	–
40	2	–	1	–	2	–	–	–	2	–
45	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
50	–	–	–	–	1	–	2	–	1	–
60	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
75	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–
80	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
90	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
100	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
120	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
140	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
160	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
180	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
200	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–

	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
DURHAM DIOCESE:										
Consistory Court of Durham										
50	–	9	–	18	–	16	–	23	–	19
100	83	37	64	28	83	48	79	39	89	44
200	56	54	76	44	67	59	62	46	63	52
300	43	10	33	18	66	26	51	23	37	15
450	31	10	40	15	42	20	39	19	44	19
600	22	9	30	10	19	16	37	11	26	11
800	19	5	29	8	32	7	32	9	31	7
1,000	18	10	21	3	22	4	18	10	15	11
1,500	29	7	24	10	27	10	30	8	41	6
2,000	18	2	13	1	25	7	15	6	20	4
3,000	9	3	12	6	15	6	20	6	20	2
4,000	8	4	5	2	12	–	20	2	10	–
5,000	2	–	2	3	7	1	8	–	11	1
6,000	6	1	5	–	2	1	1	–	3	1
7,000	7	–	–	1	4	1	2	–	1	–
8,000	1	–	1	–	2	–	3	–	2	–
9,000	3	–	1	1	3	–	1	–	–	–
10,000	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	1	–
12,000	–	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	2	–
14,000	2	–	2	–	2	–	1	–	–	–
16,000	1	–	2	–	2	–	1	–	1	–
18,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	1	–
20,000	–	–	2	–	1	–	–	–	2	–
25,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	4	1	–	–
30,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
35,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
40,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
45,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
ELY DIOCESE:											
Archdeaconry Court of Ely - -	5	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	2
	10	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	2	–
	20	–	3	2	–	3	1	2	–	2	–
	50	6	1	6	1	4	1	1	–	1	2
	100	4	2	–	1	1	3	3	2	3	–
	200	4	4	3	3	4	3	1	4	6	2
	300	2	–	7	–	4	2	–	–	3	1
	450	1	–	3	–	1	–	3	–	6	3
	600	–	–	–	–	3	–	1	2	1	–
	800	–	–	1	1	–	–	2	–	1	–
	1,000	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	1,500	1	1	2	–	–	1	2	–	–	–
	2,000	1	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	3,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	4,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Archdeaconry Court of Bedford -	20	15		4		10		4		9	
	50	8		9		7		7		4	
	100	10		15		15		16		17	
	200	13		15		11		9		15	
	300	4		6		7		7		6	
	450	2		8		10		1		7	
	600	4		6		5		6		3	
	800	3		5		5		1		5	
	1,000	1		-	-	4		1		3	
	1,500	1		2		-	-	1		4	
	2,000	2		1		2		-	-	1	
	3,000	1		-	-	1		1		2	
	4,000	-	-	1		2		—		—	
	5,000	-	-	1		—		—		—	
	7,000	-	-	-	-	1		—		—	
	12,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		—	
Consistory Court of Ely - -	20	10	3	7	–	12	2	15	1	22	2
	50	5	1	4	–	15	3	10	2	10	3
	100	10	6	18	6	14	2	13	5	18	7
	200	11	1	7	–	16	2	13	5	14	1
	300	8	–	7	–	6	5	6	2	14	2
	450	4	–	9	1	4	2	6	1	9	4
	600	4	–	3	2	4	2	4	4	3	1
	800	4	1	1	3	5	1	2	–	2	–
	1,000	–	–	2	1	2	–	3	–	3	–
	1,500	3	–	2	1	3	1	4	1	4	1
	2,000	–	–	1	–	3	–	1	–	1	1
	3,000	2	–	–	–	2	–	2	2	4	1
	4,000	2	1	2	–	1	–	–	–	1	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–
	7,000	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
	8,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	16,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Court of Peculiar Jurisdiction of Thorney - - - - - -	50	1		—		—		—		—	
	200	-	-	1		—		—		—	
	450	-	-	1		—		—		—	
EXETER DIOCESE:											
Court of the Principal Registry of the Diocese of Exeter - -	20	9		6		4		6		6	
	50	5		3		4		5		6	
	100	30		30		18		36		22	
	200	37		30		21		42		25	
	300	18		16		15		15		18	
	450	13		12		20		16		15	
	600	8		9		5		15		7	
	800	7		9		15		9		8	
	1,000	8		4		7		10		13	
	1,500	11		8		6		13		11	
	2,000	5		3		5		6		8	
	3,000	7		4		6		4		4	
	4,000	3		3		4		4		2	
	5,000	2		1		–		2		2	
	6,000	-	-	1		–		1		1	
	7,000	1		1		1		1		—	
	8,000	1		—		—		—		—	
	12,000	-	-	-	-	1		—		—	

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
EXETER DIOCESE—*continued.*											
Consistory Court of the Lord Bishop of Exeter - - - - -	20		2		5		5		4		5
	50		2		4	-	-		2		4
	100		9		8		14		8		10
	200		12		8		11		6		11
	300		6		4		3		3		6
	450		3		3		3		4		3
	600		3		1	-	-		3		5
	800	-	-		1		1		1		6
	1,000	-	-		1	-	-	-	-		1
	1,500	-	-		1		1	-	-		3
	2,000	-	-	-	-		1	—		—	
	3,000	-	-		1		—	—		—	
	4,000	-	-	-	-		1	—		—	
	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	—	
	14,000	-	-		1		—	—		—	
	20,000	-	-	-	-		1	—		—	
Peculiar Court of the Dean and Chapter of Exeter - - - -	20		5		2		3		1		4
	50		3		3		3		4		3
	100		7		7		8		12		14
	200		4		6		3		7		7
	300		2		4		4		2		5
	450		1		2		1		2		3
	600		1		1	-	-		1		2
	800		2	-	-		1	-	-		4
	1,000		—		—		—		—		—
	1,500		1	-	-	-	-		1		1
	2,000		1		1		—		—		—
	3,000		1	-	-		1		—		—
Archdeaconry Court of Exeter -	20		15		15		20		13		12
	50		4		4		7		4		8
	100		30		37		33		33		38
	200		27		35		34		27		31
	300		18		22		15		19		14
	450		11		16		12		19		17
	600		5		7		10		4		11
	800		6		13		5		4		9
	1,000		1		3		6		4		2
	1,500		6		4		4		4		6
	2,000	-	-		1		3		5		4
	3,000		2		3		2		2		3
	4,000		1	-	-		4	-	-		4
	5,000	-	-		2		—		—		—
	6,000	-	-		1		—		—		—
Archidiaconal Court of Barnstaple and Peculiar of Braunton - -	100		54		48		34		41		54
	200		24		21		23		25		29
	300		21		21		19		15		15
	450		10		16		16		10		12
	600		3		6		6		8		10
	800		5		3		7		4		6
	1,000		2		3		3		3		4
	1,500		11		5		2		6		6
	2,000	-	-		5		2	-	-		2
	3,000	-	-		5		3		2		2
	4,000		2		3		2		—		—
	5,000		—		—		—		—		—
	6,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—

EXETER DIOCESE—*continued.*

Archdeaconry Court of Cornwall

YEARS	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
Limited or Second Grants	5	–	–	–	2	1	2	1	2	2
20	18	4	17	12	19	2	9	2	23	5
50	–	11	–	10	–	15	–	15	–	8
100	72	32	89	32	82	21	65	22	95	23
200	66	19	52	31	44	23	41	18	60	19
300	10	5	27	5	31	7	29	7	35	13
450	14	3	27	5	12	5	21	4	30	7
600	13	2	18	2	13	3	12	2	19	5
800	5	2	7	1	15	1	6	3	9	2
1,000	3	1	3	1	2	1	12	3	4	2
1,500	4	2	7	5	3	–	7	2	7	3
2,000	2	–	1	–	7	–	3	–	2	–
3,000	4	–	3	2	2	–	2	1	1	–
4,000	2	–	2	–	1	–	1	–	–	1
5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
6,000	1	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	1	–
7,000	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
8,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
9,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
10,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
16,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Peculiar Court of the Custos and College of Vicars Choral of St. Peter's, Exeter

	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.		1856.	
	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
20	–		–		1		–		–		–	
100	1		–		–		–		1		–	
200	–		1		–		–		–		–	
300	–		–		–		–		–		1	

Archdeaconry Court of Totnes

	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
20	12	5	20	3	19	4	14	5	14	6
50	–	12	–	9	–	4	–	7	–	7
100	47	10	59	1	55	15	42	10	59	22
200	42	12	38	14	43	11	32	20	49	13
300	23	10	27	4	30	8	25	7	30	6
450	16	6	23	2	18	1	26	–	24	6
600	15	3	16	3	17	3	14	4	12	4
800	12	–	10	1	14	1	9	3	6	1
1,000	2	–	6	2	8	2	7	1	6	–
1,500	5	2	7	2	8	–	4	2	6	2
2,000	4	–	1	–	–	1	3	2	3	–
3,000	3	1	6	–	5	1	1	–	3	1
4,000	2	–	3	–	4	–	1		–	–
5,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
6,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
7,000	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	2	–
8,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
9,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
10,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
12,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
GLOUCESTER AND BRISTOL DIOCESE:	20	36	9	27	8	33	6	31	8	32	14
	50	–	7	3	15	3	6	–	3	6	12
	100	61	22	56	19	54	11	47	20	52	13
	200	42	16	27	22	38	24	32	13	42	21
	300	17	12	21	9	20	3	34	12	17	3
	450	10	5	18	5	11	4	24	7	18	5
	600	9	5	12	1	10	4	8	5	21	7
	800	7	–	6	2	8	4	9	1	4	4
	1,000	5	1	9	2	7	3	6	2	4	2
	1,500	6	1	12	–	10	2	7	2	10	3
Consistory Court of Gloucester -	2,000	4	1	5	1	2	1	5	2	7	–
	3,000	2	1	3	1	2	–	5	–	4	2
	4,000	4	1	–	–	3	–	1	–	3	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	1	1	–
	6,000	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	7,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–
	8,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	9,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	10,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	12,000	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	20	12	3	16	11	10	6	13	6	12	3
	50	–	8	–	5	–	10	–	1	–	6
	100	25	16	31	13	34	8	32	15	29	12
	200	20	9	22	11	21	10	26	8	28	14
	300	7	2	11	4	12	3	13	3	12	3
	450	4	3	10	4	11	3	6	3	7	1
	600	5	4	5	–	6	1	7	1	6	1
Episcopal Consistory Court of Bristol	800	4	1	6	1	2	1	3	–	4	4
	1,000	1	–	1	1	1	–	3	1	3	–
	1,500	1	1	1	–	4	–	7	–	3	–
	2,000	2	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
	3,000	–	–	1	–	2	–	–	–	2	–
	4,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	6,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	7,000	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
	5	10	1	4	–	11	–	2	–	1	–
	20	23	5	26	11	20	3	24	4	13	5
	40	10	–	4	–	11	–	15	–	7	–
	50	–	6	–	11	–	8	–	7	–	8
	100	35	9	38	10	42	18	27	7	38	11
	200	25	8	27	8	28	12	21	12	31	21
HEREFORD DIOCESE:	300	16	3	22	5	15	10	6	9	24	5
	450	16	4	6	5	13	7	14	5	16	4
Consistory Court of the Bishop of Hereford - - - - -	600	9	5	8	2	10	5	9	3	14	1
	800	5	3	8	–	8	–	6	–	6	1
	1,000	1	1	4	5	9	1	1	1	11	2
	1,500	7	–	6	1	11	–	7	3	10	2
	2,000	4	–	3	1	3	–	3	1	6	–
	3,000	6	–	8	–	5	1	4	2	3	1
	4,000	1	–	4	–	1	1	–	–	1	–
	5,000	2	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	2	–
	6,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	7,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	1	–	–
	100	11	4	15	6	8	1	8	4	23	5
	200	2	1	5	6	1	1	5	–	6	7
	300	3	–	4	–	3	1	1	–	3	1
	450	5	–	5	2	2	–	1	2	5	–
	600	–	–	3	–	1	1	3	–	3	2
	800	4	–	3	–	2	–	–	1	3	–
	1,000	3	1	1	–	1	–	1	1	3	–
Deanery Court of Hereford - -	1,500	1	–	–	–	1	1	2	1	4	–
	2,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–
	3,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	4,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	6,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	7,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	8,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–

(continued)

	YEARS	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
HEREFORD DIOCESE—*continued.*											
Court of Little Hereford and Ashford Carbonel	200	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–
	450	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
Royal Peculiar Court of Bridgnorth	20	–	–	2		1		2		1	
	50	1		–	–	2		–	–	1	
	100	4		3		1		–	–	3	
	200	–	–	4		2		5		1	
	300	2		–	–	4		1		—	
	450	–	–	2		1		2		2	
	600	2		2		—		—		—	
	800	2		1		1		2		1	
	1,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1		1	
	1,500	–	–	1		—		1		—	
	2,000	2		—		—		—		—	
	5,000	–	–	1		—		—		—	
Peculiar Court of Upper Bullingham	20	–	–	–	–	1		—		—	
	300	–	–	–	–	–	–	1		—	
LICHFIELD DIOCESE:											
Dean and Chapter's Peculiar Court of Lichfield	20	5	–	7	3	10	–	5	2	5	–
	50	–	3	–	1	–	3	–	3	–	1
	100	18	5	21	5	18	2	16	2	12	2
	200	6	1	6	3	7	3	10	4	11	6
	300	5	1	6	–	5	–	4	1	6	1
	450	3	1	6	–	2	2	1	1	5	–
	600	1	1	–	–	1	–	1	1	2	–
	800	1	–	2	–	1	–	1	–	3	–
	1,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–
	1,500	1	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	2,000	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	–
	3,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	4,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	5,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	12,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Prebendal Court of Alrewas and Weeford	20	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	100	1	–	2	–	3	–	–	–	2	1
	200	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	300	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	450	–	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	–	–
	600	–	–	1	–	2	–	–	–	–	–
	800	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	1,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
LINCOLN DIOCESE:											
Consistorial and Episcopal Court of Lincoln	20	35		43		45		45		51	
	50	33		33		31		36		38	
	100	96		95		96		88		99	
	200	51		96		96		94		95	
	300	52		36		45		52		61	
	450	50		54		52		38		59	
	600	33		36		29		36		32	
	800	23		18		38		28		40	
	1,000	24		8		14		25		27	
	1,500	30		33		21		22		32	
	2,000	14		23		13		10		19	
	3,000	19		13		20		19		22	
	4,000	10		7		7		9		8	
	5,000	6		7		7		2		2	
	6,000	4		2		5		4		5	

	YEARS	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
LINCOLN DIOCESE—*continued.*	7,000		4		4		8		2		4
	8,000		1		1		2	-	-		2
	9,000	-	-	-	-		1	-	-		5
	10,000		3	-	-		1		1		—
	12,000		1	-	-		4		2		—
	14,000	-	-	-	-		1		3		1
Consistorial and Episcopal Court of Lincoln—*continued*	16,000	-	-		1	-	-		2		1
	18,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		2		—
	25,000	-	-		2		1		—		—
	35,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	40,000		1		—		—		—		—
	45,000		1		—		—		—		—
Archdeaconry Court of Nottingham	20	25	5	26	2	30	1	23	3	27	1
	50	2	2	12	1	10	–	2	3	4	2
	100	58	3	65	3	75	2	46	–	59	4
	200	46	–	52	4	43	1	50	2	58	–
	300	32	–	28	1	34	–	34	3	34	2
	450	22	1	21	3	22	3	20	2	22	–
	600	10	1	16	6	15	2	15	4	18	4
	800	19	5	11	2	12	1	7	1	15	4
	1,000	10	1	11	2	9	2	16	1	21	2
	1,500	16	3	12	3	10	2	19	2	17	1
	2,000	10	–	5	1	8	1	8	1	15	4
	3,000	9	2	3	1	9	2	6	4	13	–
	4,000	4	1	3	–	8	2	6	–	7	2
	5,000	1	–	3	1	3	–	1	3	5	–
	6,000	1	1	1	–	–	–	3	–	3	1
	7,000	2	–	1	–	4	–	2	2	3	–
	8,000	1	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–
	9,000	2	1	1	1	1	–	1	–	1	–
	10,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	12,000	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1	–
	14,000	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	16,000	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
	18,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	20,000	1	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	25,000	1	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	30,000	1	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	40,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	50,000	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
	60,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	140,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Peculiar of Groby	20		1	-	-	-	-		1		1
	50	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	100		2	-	-		1		1		1
	200	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	300		1	-	-		1		—		—
	450	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	600	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	800	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		1
	1,000		—		—		—		—		—
	1,500		—		—		—		—		—
	2,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1

(*continued*)

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
LINCOLN DIOCESE—*continued.*											
Peculiar Court of Brampton - -	100	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	450	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	800	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
	1,500	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Peculiar Court of Longstow - -	20	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	1,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Peculiar Court of Biggleswade -	20	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	100	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–
	200	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
	450	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	1
	800	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Archdeaconry Court of Huntingdon -	20	4	–	2	–	6	–	3	–	4	–
	50	–	1	–	1	–	1	–	1	–	2
	100	7	–	8	1	11	1	8	4	3	6
	200	7	2	4	–	7	3	2	1	3	3
	300	1	–	4	–	1	1	2	2	5	–
	450	4	–	2	–	5	–	3	1	2	–
	600	–	1	4	–	1	–	3	–	2	–
	800	–	1	2	–	1	–	–	–	1	–
	1,000	4	–	1	–	2	–	2	–	–	1
	1,500	3	1	2	–	1	–	2	–	–	–
	2,000	–	–	1	–	2	–	1	–	–	–
	3,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–
	5,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	7,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Peculiar Court of Leighton - -	50	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
Peculiar Court of Buckden - -	100	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	450	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
	1,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Peculiar Court of Spaldwick - -	800	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Peculiar Court of Easton - -	100	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Peculiar Court of Isleham - -	20	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–
	100	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	200	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Peculiar of the Manor of Evington -	20	—		—		—		—		—	
	100	-	-	-	-	1		—		—	
	200	—		—		—		—		—	
	300	—		—		—		—		—	
	450	—		—		—		—		—	
	600	-	-	-	-	1		—		—	

	YEARS	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
Lincoln Diocese—*continued.*											
Peculiar Manor of Rothley	20		2		—		—		—		—
	50		—		—		—		—		—
	100		—		—		—		—		—
	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		1	
	300		1	-	-	-	-	1		—	
	450	-	-	-	-	1		—		—	
	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
	800		—		—		—		—	—	
	1,000		—		—		—		—	—	
	1,500		—		—		—		—	—	
	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Prebendal Court of Saint Margaret, Leicester	20		4		3	-	-		3		2
	50	-	-		1	-	-		1		—
	100		9		3		6		3		8
	200		6		3		3		3		4
	300		2		1	-	-		2		1
	450		1		2		5		2		4
	600		5	-	-		1	-	-		2
	800	-	-	-	-		2		1		—
	1,000	-	-	-	-		2	-	-		2
	1,500		2		1	-	-		1		—
	2,000	-	-		1		—		—		—
	3,000		—		—		—		—		—
	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2
Courts of the Commissary and Archdeacon of Leicester	20		22		13		24		22		26
	50		4		3		2		3		6
	100		42		42		37		48		44
	200		45		38		36		26		43
	300		33		19		14		24		19
	450		24		15		19		17		20
	600		8		14		14		11		7
	800		4		11		17		7		6
	1,000		8		12		6		1		7
	1,500		11		7		9		10		12
	2,000		2		3		5		6		4
	3,000		6		3		4		3		6
	4,000		1	-	-	-	-	-	-		2
	5,000		2		1	-	-	-	-		2
	6,000		1	-	-		1		—		—
	7,000		—		—		—		—		—
	8,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	9,000		—		—		—		—		—
	10,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—

		1850.		1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
		Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
Prebendal and Peculiar Court of Louth	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	—	—
	50	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
	100	—	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
	200	3	—	1	1	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	—
	300	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	450	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
	800	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1,500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
	50	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	100		5		2		1		7		2
	200		1		-		2		-		2
LINCOLN DIOCESE—*continued.*	300		1		1		-		1		—
Peculiar Court of the Manor of Mansfield	450	-	-		1		2		1		3
	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	800	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	1,500	-	-		1	-	-		1		—
	20		12		1		2		1		1
	50	-	-		1		2		2		1
	100		4		2		3		2		4
	200		2		4		3		1		1
	300		3		3		1	-	-		1
	450	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		1
Peculiar Court of Southwell	600		—		—		—		—		—
	800		1		—		—		—		—
	1,000		2	-	-	-	-		1		—
	1,500		1		—		—		—		—
	2,000		1	-	-		1		1		—
	20		32		33		21		24		28
	40		4		4		3		4		2
	50		5		5		2		3		4
	100		58		59		72		62		71
	200		70		45		47		49		68
	300		32		36		38		36		35
	450		16		21		20		20		34
	600		19		18		17		14		19
LLANDAFF DIOCESE:	800		16		19		9		9		17
	1,000		4		3		10		8		14
Consistory Court of Llandaff.	1,500		9		8		6		8		10
	2,000		3		7		6		2		7
	3,000	-	-		3		3		2		2
	4,000		2		2		2		1		5
	5,000	-	-	-	-		1		1		1
	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2
	8,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	9,000		1		—		—		—		—
	12,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	20	2	—	—	—	2	1	1	1	1	—
	50	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	4
	100	1	—	1	—	1	—	2	—	3	1
	200	—	1	—	1	2	3	4	2	2	2
LONDON DIOCESE:	300	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—	—
	450	1	1	3	—	—	1	1	—	—	—
Court of the Archdeaconry of Middlesex	600	2	1	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—
	800	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	1,000	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
	1,500	—	—	1	—	1	1	1	—	—	—
	2,000	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	1	—
	3,000	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	—
	5		1		—		—		—		—
	20		24		7		2		2		2
	40		7	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	50		2		5		1		—		—
	100		10		17		4		4		10
	200		5		6		2		2		8
	300		2	-	-		2	-	-		3
Commissary Court of the Bishop of London	450	-	-		6		1		2		—
	600		1		1		1		1		2
	800		2		1		—		—		—
	1,000		1		2		2	-	-		1
	1,500	-	-	-	-		2	-	-		1
	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	3,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
	5	–	1	–	–	1	19	–	–	1	–
	20	10	16	13	8	11	4	12	20	15	23
	40	3	13	–	5	–	10	1	10	–	6
	50	2	7	3	8	3	49	3	17	5	5
	100	34	36	58	28	33	34	63	54	56	10
	200	38	30	49	40	42	10	46	50	47	59
	300	18	14	21	17	27	12	23	9	19	58
	450	18	16	27	12	24	5	18	6	22	10
	600	16	7	15	5	10	1	17	4	15	12
	800	15	3	10	1	14	1	9	5	5	4
	1,000	8	–	6	4	3	–	10	6	7	–
	1,500	11	5	15	3	10	–	9	1	8	2
LONDON DIOCESE—*continued.*	2,000	6	–	4	2	2	1	3	1	6	1
Episcopal Court of London - -	3,000	8	1	10	–	8	1	2	–	1	1
	4,000	–	–	5	–	2	1	4	–	–	–
	5,000	1	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	2	–
	6,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	7,000	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	8,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–
	9,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	10,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	12,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	14,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	16,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	18,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	20,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	25,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–
	20	15	11	16	12	22	9	24	8	26	10
	50	21	16	16	15	13	14	19	24	17	21
	100	50	23	47	19	61	23	53	37	47	25
	200	64	29	52	28	50	19	51	25	55	29
	300	27	21	36	7	34	12	45	12	32	20
	450	37	10	30	12	36	11	40	9	35	8
	600	24	10	29	11	25	8	22	6	23	5
	800	24	3	25	7	15	3	19	5	18	6
	1,000	17	5	19	3	10	1	20	4	15	2
	1,500	24	5	20	3	23	5	15	4	28	6
	2,000	7	2	16	2	10	2	11	2	12	3
	3,000	16	–	14	–	8	3	11	1	17	3
	4,000	6	–	11	2	5	1	4	1	12	–
MANCHESTER DIOCESE:	5,000	2	–	1	–	2	–	2	1	–	2
Consistory Court of Lancaster - -	6,000	1	1	2	–	3	–	3	–	–	–
	7,000	2	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–
	8,000	1	–	2	–	1	–	1	–	–	–
	9,000	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	–	–	–
	10,000	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–
	12,000	–	–	2	–	–	–	2	–	–	–
	14,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	1	–	–
	16,000	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	18,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	20,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	25,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	30,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
	35,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	45,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
NORWICH DIOCESE:											
Episcopal Consistorial Court of Norwich - - - - - - -	20	20	13	26	11	26	10	20	15	35	8
	50	–	11	–	16	–	10	–	14	–	14
	100	61	24	91	29	56	23	56	24	71	22
	200	43	17	55	31	58	25	46	16	52	19
	300	27	8	32	16	24	10	20	8	30	6
	450	21	1	24	15	27	7	22	8	23	15
	600	15	–	28	2	19	2	16	5	20	2
	800	11	–	13	3	20	5	15	2	19	2
	1,000	9	1	10	3	7	1	10	6	10	3
	1,500	16	1	22	2	15	5	19	2	20	6
	2,000	9	–	10	1	13	1	7	1	19	–
	3,000	8	–	14	–	10	1	13	–	10	1
	4,000	6	–	1	–	8	–	3	–	6	1
	5,000	3	–	4	–	1	–	2	–	4	–
	6,000	1	–	3	1	1	1	2	–	3	1
	7,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	4	1
	8,000	1	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–
	9,000	1	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	1	–
	10,000	1	–	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	12,000	1	–	2	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	14,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–
	16,000	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–
	18,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	20,000	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
Peculiar Court of the Dean and Chapter of Norwich - - - - -	20	2	–	2	–	1	1	–	–	2	1
	50	–	1	–	1	–	1	–	1	–	2
	100	3	–	1	1	6	1	2	1	3	3
	200	4	1	4	–	3	–	1	1	4	1
	300	3	2	1	–	1	1	2	–	1	1
	450	1	–	1	–	1	–	1	–	2	–
	600	2	–	–	1	2	–	–	–	–	–
	800	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	1,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	1,500	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–
	2,000	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	1	2	–
	3,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	4,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	6,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Court of the Archdeaconry of Norfolk	Unstamped -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	5	1
	Filed -	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–
	50	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
	100	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	7
	200	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	11	3
	300	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–
	450	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	6	–
	600	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	800	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–
	1,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1
	1,500	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	2,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	3,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	6,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Archdeaconry Court of Norwich -	20	12		10		7		8		15	
	50	3		1		2		7		5	
	100	28		21		29		32		52	
	200	19		11		22		24		16	
	300	7		4		7		14		9	
	450	12		8		7		6		10	
	600	4		2		7		10		5	
	800	8		1		2		4		4	
	1,000	3		2		4		1		6	
	1,500	-	-	6		4		6		5	
	2,000	1		2		2		2		1	
	3,000	1		4		3		4		—	

	YEARS	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
Norwich Diocese—*continued.* Archdeaconry Court of Norwich—*continued.*	4,000		1		3		2		2		—
	5,000	-	-	-	-		1		2		—
	7,000		1	-	-	-	-		1		—
	8,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	9,000	-	-		1	-	-		1		—
	12,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		1
	16,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
Royal Peculiar Court of Castle Rising, &c. - - - - - -	100		1		—		—		—		—
	450	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	1,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	6,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
Court of the Archdeaconry of Suffolk	20	15	1	9	7	7	3	7	2	13	4
	50	–	3	–	3	–	3	–	–	–	3
	100	28	9	20	6	19	6	24	9	28	4
	200	14	8	13	7	16	8	12	8	16	8
	300	12	2	5	–	10	4	4	2	9	4
	450	2	–	7	2	5	–	10	3	16	2
	600	10	3	4	1	10	1	8	4	10	4
	800	8	3	2	–	9	1	9	–	3	1
	1,000	4	2	5	–	2	1	4	–	1	2
	1,500	4	–	6	–	5	–	10	–	8	–
	2,000	9	–	1	1	2	1	3	–	5	–
	3,000	3	–	1	–	2	–	3	–	5	1
	4,000	2	–	1	–	4	–	5	–	3	–
	5,000	–	1	–	–	1	–	2	1	–	–
	6,000	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	7,000	–	–	-	–	–	–	–	–	2	–
	10,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Court of the Commissary of the Archdeaconry of Norfolk - - -	Unstamped -	4	1	10	2	8	2	10	3	1	2
	Filed -	3	–	2	–	4	–	6	–	1	–
	50	–	4	–	4	–	8	–	6	–	1
	100	33	6	16	3	28	8	22	3	3	3
	200	17	4	9	4	12	5	16	6	4	1
	300	9	6	8	5	14	2	13	4	1	–
	450	9	5	12	3	10	–	11	2	–	–
	600	4	2	1	–	3	1	6	2	–	–
	800	7	–	3	–	2	1	4	–	1	–
	1,000	4	1	2	–	3	–	1	1	–	–
	1,500	3	–	2	–	11	1	11	1	–	–
	2,000	2	–	2	–	3	2	2	–	–	–
	3,000	2	–	–	1	4	2	3	–	1	–
	4,000	–	–	3	–	3	–	–	–	–	–
	5,000	–	–	2	–	1	–	2	–	–	–
	6,000	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–
	8,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	10,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	16,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	18,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	20,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

	YEARS	1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.		1856.	
		Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
Court of the Commissary of Bury St. Edmund's and Archdeaconry of Sudbury - - - - -	20	5	3	6	5	6	–	4	2	11	5
	50	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	3	–	6
	100	21	7	19	4	22	6	21	4	29	3
	200	10	5	4	3	15	1	4	1	8	7
	300	3	3	9	1	9	1	7	2	6	2
	450	7	1	8	1	11	2	8	1	5	2
	600	8	–	2	4	6	–	5	1	2	–
	800	4	1	8	–	8	3	7	–	3	–

	YEARS	1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.		1856.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
Norwich Diocese—*continued.* Court of the Commissary of Bury St. Edmund's and Archdeaconry of Sudbury—*continued.*	1,000	4	–	2	–	–	1	3	1	–	–
	1,500	11	2	6	–	3	1	7	–	10	–
	2,000	3	–	1	2	4	–	1	–	1	–
	3,000	6	–	4	1	–	2	5	–	4	1
	4,000	2	–	–	1	2	–	1	–	–	–
	5,000	2	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–
	6,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–
	7,000	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	8,000	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	9,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	10,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	12,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–

		1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
		Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
OXFORD DIOCESE: Consistory Court of the Bishop of Oxford.	No Stamp		8		5		2		7		5
	10*s.* duty		14		5		6		5		15
	1		4		1		3		11		11
	2		10		8		4		4		4
	3		1		3		3		3		3
	5		5		1		7		2		5
	8		5	-	-		4		4		2
	11		5		1		2		3		3
	15		5		2		2	-	-		2
	22		2		3	-	-		1		—
	30		3		1		2		1		—
	40		2	-	-		1	-	-		1
	60	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	75	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	80	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
PETERBOROUGH DIOCESE: Consistory Court of Peterborough -	20		14		12		15		16		10
	50		7		7		7		12		13
	100		22		29		35		19		27
	200		26		28		25		32		26
	300		21		16		9		13		18
	450		14		16		19		21		10
	600		12		7		15		10		16
	800		8		5		10		6		10
	1,000		7		6		8		7		11
	1,500		4		5		14		11		8
	2,000		5		6		5		9		4
	3,000		2		6		4		8		2
	4,000		1	-	-		1		2		2
	5,000		1	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	6,000	-	-	-	-		1	-	-		1
	7,000		1	-	-	-	-		1		2
	8,000	-	-		2		—		—		—
	9,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	10,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
Court of the Lord Bishop of Peterborough and the Archdeaconry of Northampton - - - - -	20		5		2		1		3		5
	50		8		10		10		5		5
	100		13		11		10		15		10
	200		16		4		7		13		5
	300		8		4		9		5		3
	450		7		3		9		3		5
	600		2		1		1		1		5
	800		1		2		1		3		1
	1,000		1		1		3		1		3
	1,500	-	-	-	-		1		5		1
	2,000		1	-	-		1	-	-		2
	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	4,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		1
	7,000		—		—		—		—		—
	8,000	-	-		1		—		—		—

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
RIPON DIOCESE: Consistory Court of the Archdeaconry of Richmond	20	2	–	4	–	6	1	7	4	9	4
	50	–	2	–	2	–	1	–	3	–	–
	100	14	5	22	1	7	3	14	7	10	7
	200	11	3	12	4	8	1	8	9	13	8
	300	5	3	6	2	5	6	8	3	10	5
	450	4	5	9	1	7	1	5	2	15	1
	600	5	1	4	2	4	–	5	3	5	1
	800	1	1	2	1	4	–	2	2	4	–
	1,000	1	–	2	1	–	1	3	1	1	–
	1,500	2	1	2	1	2	–	5	–	6	–
	2,000	–	1	1	–	1	–	4	–	3	–
	3,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	4,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	5,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	6,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	7,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	8,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–
	9,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	10,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	12,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	14,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	16,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	18,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	20,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	25,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ROCHESTER DIOCESE: Consistory Court of the Bishop of Rochester	20		1		4		1		2		1
	50		1		2	-	-	-	-		1
	100		4		4		6		4		5
	200		1		0		7		5		4
	300		1		1		—		—		—
	450	-	-		1		2		2		3
	600		1	-	-	-	-		1		—
	1,500	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
Ecclesiastical Court of the Archdeacon of Rochester	20	-	-		3		—		—		—
	100		2		3		7		3		4
	200		4		5		5		3		5
	300	-	-		3	-	-		1		1
	450	-	-		1	-	-		2		—
	600	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	800	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	8,000		1		—		—		—		—
Court of the Commissary for Essex and Herts	20	6	2	6	1	12	4	6	1	6	–
	50	–	2	–	5	–	4	–	7	–	5
	100	15	9	18	7	20	10	22	9	23	5
	200	12	8	10	6	18	15	14	4	13	2
	300	8	1	10	1	4	6	10	2	9	2
	450	9	3	14	2	9	2	12	2	9	2
	600	4	–	3	–	4	4	6	–	3	2
	800	4	2	4	–	7	1	2	–	7	2
	1,000	4	–	2	–	1	1	5	–	1	1
	1,500	4	–	3	–	6	–	3	2	3	3
	2,000	2	1	2	3	2	–	–	–	2	–
	3,000	2	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	3	–
	4,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	3	–
	5,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	6,000	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	1	–

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
ROCHESTER DIOCESE—*continued.*											
Court of the Archdeaconry of Essex	20	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	1	1	–
	50	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	2	–	1
	100	3	2	3	1	5	1	1	–	4	3
	200	7	–	2	3	4	–	1	3	3	1
	300	1	2	1	–	2	–	4	1	5	1
	450	–	–	1	–	2	–	1	1	1	–
	600	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	800	3	–	–	–	2	–	1	–	2	–
	1,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
	1,500	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
	2,000	2	–	2	–	2	–	1	–	–	–
	3,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	4,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
Court of the Archdeaconry of Colchester	20	1	–	9	–	3	1	3	1	8	–
	50	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	4
	100	7	–	12	–	9	–	8	–	7	1
	200	6	1	3	1	7	3	6	2	9	2
	300	6	–	5	–	1	–	2	1	4	–
	450	10	1	3	–	3	1	–	–	2	–
	600	1	1	2	–	2	1	2	–	2	–
	800	–	–	3	–	1	–	3	–	3	–
	1,000	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	3	1
	1,500	2	–	–	–	1	1	2	–	3	–
	2,000	–	–	–	–	2	–	1	–	–	–
	3,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–
	4,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
Archidiaconal Court of St. Albans	20		2		2		1		—		—
	100		1		1		3		2		2
	200	-	-	-	-		2		1		1
	300	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	450	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		1
	600		1		1		2		—		—
	1,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
Court of the Archdeaconry of St. Albans, at Hitchin	20		4		3		6		3		1
	50		2		2		1		1		—
	100		6		9		8		9		11
	200		7		6		3		5		5
	300		3		3		5		3		3
	450	-	-	-	-		2		2		7
	600		1		2		2		1		1
	800		1	-	-	-	-		2		2
	1,000		1	-	-	-	-		1		1
	1,500	-	-		2		1		1		1
	2,000		2		2	-	-		1		—
	3,000	-	-		1		1		—		—
	4,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	6,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
Court of the Deanery of Bocking	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3
	100		1		1		1	-	-		2
	200		1		1		—		—		—
	300	-	-	-	-		1	-	-		1
	450	-	-		1	-	-	-	-		1
	600	-	-		1		—		—		—
	800	-	-	-	-		1		—		—

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
SALISBURY DIOCESE - - -	20	11	2	14	4	13	6	12	2	13	1
Episcopal, Archdeaconry, and Peculiar Courts - - - - - -	50	2	6	1	10	6	11	3	7	2	11
	100	36	14	41	9	36	16	40	15	40	19
	200	38	7	22	15	32	13	32	14	31	16
	300	9	8	28	7	17	5	9	5	16	7
	450	20	4	25	6	17	6	9	5	16	7
	600	6	3	6	2	12	5	11	5	11	1
	800	12	1	6	–	13	–	9	1	8	1
	1,000	6	–	8	1	2	2	8	1	4	–
	1,500	7	–	13	–	8	2	4	2	4	1
	2,000	5	–	2	1	5	1	4	–	5	–
	3,000	2	–	5	–	4	1	4	–	5	–
	4,000	2	–	–	1	3	–	–	1	1	–
	5,000	–	1	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	6,000	1	–	2	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
	7,000	2	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–
	9,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	12,000	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Court of the Perpetual Vicar of Corsham - - - - - -	- -	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
SODOR AND MANN:											
Episcopal Court of the Diocese of Sodor and Mann - - - - -	- -	63	69	67	58	76	72	57	56	44	45
Archidiaconal Court of the Isle of Mann - - - - - - - -	- -	83	–	68	–	83	–	69	–	79	–

		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.		1856.	
		Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
WINCHESTER DIOCESE:	20	19	8	12	14	3	4	15	6	12	5
Consistorial Court of the Lord Bishop of Winchester - - -	50	–	3	–	13	–	11	–	11	–	12
	100	33	21	32	29	40	28	23	14	31	18
	200	13	19	18	22	20	24	22	23	12	21
	300	12	9	13	9	5	9	7	8	15	9
	450	10	5	23	3	14	5	7	3	9	11
	600	6	–	8	5	4	8	4	3	5	4
	800	8	2	3	2	7	1	7	2	4	3
	1,000	5	1	5	1	5	–	3	1	3	1
	1,500	4	4	6	1	3	–	3	–	4	–
	2,000	2	2	–	2	4	–	3	–	1	–
	3,000	1	–	4	1	2	–	3	–	–	–
	4,000	2	–	1	–	–	–	3	2	–	–
	5,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–
	6,000	–	–	1	1	1	1	–	–	1	–
	7,000	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–
	8,000	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	14,000	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–
	16,000	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–

		1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
		Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
Archdeaconry Court of Winchester -	20	12		10		13		10		17	
	50	2		3		2		6		7	
	100	21		32		28		37		18	
	200	25		29		26		19		20	
	300	10		17		10		17		14	
	450	8		10		14		9		10	
	600	5		7		7		8		9	

	YEARS	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
WINCHESTER DIOCESE—*continued.*	800		4		9		2		1		8
	1,000		2		2		2		6		8
	1,500		6		6		4		5		5
	2,000		3		2		4		4		1
Archdeaconry Court of Winchester *continued*	3,000		4		2		1		5		4
	4,000		1	-	-	-	-		1		—
	5,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	6,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	7,000		1		—		—		—		—
Archdeaconry Court of Surrey - -	20		2		6		2		3		5
	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2
	100		7		11		7		13		10
	200		5		2		2		4		2
	300		1		1		1		4		4
	450		3		2	-	-		2		2
	600		2		1	-	-		2		1
	800	-	-		1	-	-		1		2
	1,000	-	-		1	-	-		1		—
	1,500		1	-	-	-	-		1		—
	2,000		—		—		—		—		—
	3,000	-	-		1		—		—		—
	4,000		—		—		—		—		—
	5,000		—		—		—		—		—
	6,000		—		—		—		—		—
	7,000		1		—		—		—		—
WORCESTER DIOCESE:	20		49		40		42		44		48
	50		10		16		5		9		18
	100		53		89		100		67		87
	200		65		56		53		52		55
	300		20		34		24		28		35
	450		22		29		24		22		18
	600		15		18		23		14		10
	800		16		12		14		22		10
Episcopal Court of Worcester - -	1,000		7		3		10		13		12
	1,500		9		15		11		12		13
	2,000		4		6		4		6		6
	3,000		4		8		4		5		5
	4,000	-	-		2		1		3		1
	5,000		1	-	-		2		1		1
	6,000		1		1	-	-		1		—
	7,000	-	-		1	-	-	-	-		1
	8,000		1		—		—		—		—
YORK DIOCESE:	5		26		19		26		24		28
	20		229		288		245		241		244
	40		36		40		34		28		44
	50		59		56		59		63		63
	100		550		611		573		577		698
	200		440		441		409		518		562
	300		250		275		268		300		282
	450		248		240		289		273		327
	600		159		180		198		191		211
	800		133		159		154		153		188
	1,000		107		111		118		116		144
	1,500		156		42		192		193		245
	2,000		103		90		93		105		106
	3,000		110		99		110		133		142
Exchequer and Prerogative Court of York - - - - - -	4,000		47		64		66		70		76
	5,000		41		46		40		31		67
	6,000		33		25		30		30		42
	7,000		19		24		19		19		21
	8,000		18		16		20		17		12
	9,000		17		9		16		12		16
	10,000		15		12		15		15		10
	12,000		20		13		12		27		22
	14,000		17		11		11		16		17
	16,000		5		13		7		8		9
	18,000		6		4		8		7		10
	20,000		4		4		8		7		6
	25,000		11		10		10		16		18
	30,000		4		4		6		6		9

	YEARS -	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
York Diocese—*continued.*	35,000		3		4		2		2		8
Exchequer and Prerogative Court of York—*continued.*	40,000		3		7		3		5		4
	45,000	-	-		6		5		4		3
	50,000		1		1	-	-	-	-		1
	60,000		2		1		2		5		2
	70,000		2		1		2		1		4
	80,000	-	-		1		3		3		1
	90,000	-	-		1		3	-	-		2
	100,000		1		1		1		1		2
	120,000	-	-	-	-		2		1		1
	140,000		1		1	-	-	-	-		1
	160,000		1	-	-	-	-		1		—
	180,000	-	-		1		1		1		—
	200,000	-	-		1		—		—		—
	250,000	-	-		1	-	-		1		—
	300,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
Dean and Chapter Court of York -	5	-	-		1		—		—		—
	20	-	-		1		—		—		—
	50	-	-	-	-	-	-		2		—
	100		5		3		2		3		—
	200		1		3	-	-	-	-		1
	300		1	-	-	-	-		1		—
	450		1		2	-	-		1		—
	600	-	-		1	-	-		2		—
	800	-	-		1	-	-		1		—
	1,000	-	-		1	-	-	-	-		1
Peculiar Court of Masham - -	20		2		3		—		—		—
	50		3	-	-		1		1		—
	100		1		2		2		3		—
	200		3		2		2		3		—
	300	-	-		1	-	-		1		1
	450		3		6		1		1		3
	600	-	-	-	-	-	-		2		1
	800		1		1		2		2		—
	1,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	1,500	-	-	-	-		2		—		—
	2,000	-	-		1		—		—		—
	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
Peculiar and Prebendal Courts of St. Peter, York - - - -	20		1		2	-	-		3		—
	50		2	-	-	-	-		1		—
	100		1		2		3		—		—
	200		3		2	-	-		1		—
	300	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	450		1	-	-	-	-		1		—
	600		1		1	-	-		1		—
	800	-	-		1		—		—		—
	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	1,500	-	-	-	-	-	-		2		1
	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	4,000	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
Peculiar Court of Howden - -	20	-	-	-	-		1		2		—
	50	-	-	-	-		1		—		—
	100		4	-	-		3		1		—
	200		1		1	-	-		1		1
	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	450	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	600	-	-		1	-	-	-	-		1
Honor of Knaresborough - - -	20		2		6		3		3		4
	50	-	-		1	-	-		1		—
	100		2		3		9		8		3
	200		4		3		7		5		2
	300	-	-		2		2		4		—
	450		2		3	-	-		2		1
	600	-	-	-	-		1		1		1
	800		1	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	1,000		2		1		1		—		—
	1,500	-	-		3		1		1		—
	2,000		1	-	-		2		1		—

	YEARS	1851.		1852.		1853.		1854.		1855.	
	Under £.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.	Probates.	Administrations.
York Diocese—*continued.*											
Deanery Court of York	20		1	-	-		1		1		—
	50		1		—		—		—		—
	100		1		2		1		2		1
	200		2		2		1		—		—
	300	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	450	-	-		1		—		—		—
	600		1		3		—		—		—
Peculiar Court of Snaith	20		1		1		—		—		—
	50	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
	100		1	-	-	-	-		1		—
	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1
	600	-	-		1	-	-		1		—
	1,500	-	-	-	-	-	-		1		—
Peculiar Court of Selby	100		1		—		—		—		—
	200		1		—		—		—		—

LIST of Courts in which no Wills have been Proved or Administrations Granted during the last Five Years.

CANTERBURY DIOCESE:

Arches Court.

Peculiar Court of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

CHESTER DIOCESE:

Court of the Manor of Hunsingore.

HEREFORD DIOCESE:

Prebendal Court of Moreton Magna.

LICHFIELD DIOCESE:

Prebendal Court of High Offley and Flixton.

Manor Court of Merevale.

LINCOLN DIOCESE:

Peculiar Courts of Empingham (Rutland), Freckingham (Suffolk), Barham (Huntingdon), and Nassington, including Yarwell, Apethorpe, and Woodnewton (Northampton).

Peculiar Court of Rynalton.

LONDON DIOCESE:

Court of the Peculiars of the Dean and Chapter of St. Paul.

Episcopal Archdeaconry and Peculiar Courts.

OXFORD DIOCESE:

Chancellor's Court of the University.

YORK DIOCESE:

Peculiar Courts of Bishop Wilton and South Cave.

Peculiar Court of the Archdeacon of the East Riding of York.

Peculiar Court of the Prebend of Wistow.

Peculiar Court of Acomb, near the city of York.

ABSTRACT

OF

RETURN of the Number of WILLS PROVED and ADMINISTRATIONS GRANTED, in each Year during the last Five Years, by the Episcopal, Archdeaconry, and Peculiar Courts proposed to be abolished by the Wills and Administrations Bill, showing the Number of PROBATES and ADMINISTRATIONS, in each Year, under each Progressive Rate of Stamp Duty.

(*Mr. Palk.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
29 *July* 1856.

CHARITIES.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 19 March 1855;—*for*,

"RETURN relative to CHARITIES, in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 94, of Session 1852, containing the like Particulars, brought down from the foot of that Return to the present Time."

RETURNS of the Number of INFORMATIONS in the COURTS OF EQUITY by the ATTORNEY-GENERAL at the Instance of the COMMISSIONERS appointed to Inquire concerning CHARITIES in *England* and *Wales*, from the Date of the Return of the 12th day of June 1841 to the present Time; specifying the Names of the Defendants, the Objects of each Proceeding, the Result of each Cause Terminated, the Costs Incurred, to whom Paid, and the present State of the Causes in Progress:

OF the Number of PETITIONS preferred by the Attorney-General at the Instance of the said Commissioners subsequent to such Return:

SHOWING what further PROCEEDINGS have been taken in the several Causes set forth as Unsettled or Pending; specifying the Results of each Cause Terminated, the Amount of Costs Incurred, and by whom Paid, and the present Stage of each Cause in Progress:

STATEMENT of the Amount of MONEY which, since the Date of the Return of the 12th day of June 1841, has been Advanced by the Treasury on Account of the Costs of such Proceedings, and the Amount which has been received since the last Return from Parties, or out of the Charity Funds, to reimburse such Costs; specifying whether such Costs have been Taxed, and if so, by whom the Disallowed Portion of such Costs is Paid, and the Amount of such Disallowance:

RETURNS of all INFORMATIONS signed by the Attorney-General at the Instance of Relators, and of PETITIONS allowed by him since the Date of the last Return, with the Title of each Proceeding (in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 413, of Session 1841):

OF the Amount or supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of the several Charities respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted in Chancery:

And, COPY of the last Commission Issued for inquiring into Charities, with the Names of the Solicitor, Secretary, and other Officers appointed thereunder, and the Amount of Salaries paid to such several Officers.

(*Mr. Pellatt.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
28 *April* 1856.

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	OBJECT of each Proceeding.
1. Brooke, Norfolk - [Charity Commissioners' Reports, Vol. 29, p. 538.]	The Town Lands - -	- - John Holmes, George Samuel Kett, Edmund Holmes, and James Bridges (Trustees of the charity.)	- - A declaration that the income of the charity ought not to be applied in aid of the church and poor-rates, and the settlement of a scheme for the future application of the income.
2. Caistor, Lincoln - - [Charity Commissioners' Reports, Vol. 32, Part 4, p. 517.]	The Free School - -	- - Ayscough Boucherett and Anthony Bower.	- - The appointment of new trustees, the settlement of a scheme for the management of the school and property, and the appointment of a receiver.
3. Chawleigh, Devon - [Charity Commissioners' Reports, Vol. 2, p. 157.]	The Parish Lands - -	- - The Honourable Newton Fellowes, Edward Reed, John Vickery, and Thomas Cawsey.	- - In this case an information had been filed, at the instance of a relator, in 1818, for an inquiry as to the extent and value of the charity estate, and the amount of damage done by the removal of boundaries, for an account of the monies the defendants ought to have received, and of the application thereof; to charge the defendants with the difference between the real annual value of the lands and the rents at which they had been let, and with the damage caused by the removal of boundaries; to remove the defendants from trusteeship, and appoint others in their place. A decree was made on the 30th June 1822, directing inquiries of what the charity property consisted, and where it was situated. An account against the defendants since 1812, and an inquiry whether any hedges or boundaries had been removed. The account against the defendants was taken in 1833, and the general report of the Master was made in 1842. In June 1842 the order was made on further directions, defining the class of objects of the charity, and declaring the trusts, directing the appointment of eight additional trustees, directing defendant Vickery to give up possession of a garden, continuing the accounts, directing the costs of the defendant up to the decree to be paid by the plaintiff, and the subsequent costs up to that date to be borne by each party. In 1850 a memorial on behalf of the defendants was presented to the Attorney-general, stating the death of the relator, and other particulars, and praying him to dismiss the information. On consideration of the circumstances, he presented a petition, and an order was made for the appointment of trustees, and a scheme allowing the old trustees their costs, subsequent to those dealt with by the Court, on condition of their passing their subsequent accounts.
4. Cowbit, Lincoln - - [Charity Commissioners' Reports, Vol. 32, Part 4, p. 79.]	The Free School - -	- - John Hurn Dove, the Rev. John Thomas Dove, Henry Draper Dove, and the Rev. John Campbell.	- - A scheme for the management of the charity and the application of the income.
5. Durham, St. Giles - [Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]	- - The Gilligate Church Estate.	- - Ralph Salkeld and Emanuel Kellett.	- - To recover, for purposes of charity, the income of the property, to inquire into the validity of the leases, and for a scheme for the regulation of the charity. It had been the custom to demise the property for terms of 21 years, at small reserved rents, and at grossly inadequate fines, the income being 7*l.* 13*s.*

subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851).

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
103 5 6	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - The decree directs an inquiry of what the charity property consists. An account against the defendants; a scheme for the manage- of the charity and the application of the income and the appointment of additional trustees. The account against the defendants has been taken, and a scheme for the application of the income, partly for church purposes, but chiefly in the support of a school at Brooke, is before the Judge in Chambers.	- - The property consists of 96 A. 1 R. 2 P. of land, the income derived from which amounts to about 150*l.* per annum.
197 13 2	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - The decree made against much opposition, directed an inquiry who is the heir-at-law of Sir Edward Ayscough, the founder, and an inquiry what is the present state of the school, and whether any alteration should be made in the existing rules. The inquiries are in course of prosecution.	- - The property consists of lands and tithes, the income derived from which is about 335*l.* per annum.
74 - 7	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - The accounts have been taken, and the balance paid into Court. The appointment of trustees and the settlement of a scheme are proceeding.	- - The property consists of land and houses, producing an annual income of 140*l.*, and 1,216*l.* 7*s.* 9*d.* Consols in Court.
126 1 6	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - The decree declares the true construction of some terms in the foundation affecting the right to the office of schoolmaster, and directs an account against the defendants, the trustees. An inquiry whether any building is available for the purposes of the school. An inquiry by whom the school had been carried on, and the amount of remuneration due in respect thereof, the settlement of a scheme for the management of the charity, and the appointment of additional trustees. Additional trustees have been appointed, and a school erected on the glebe has been conveyed to them, and part of the inquiries have been considered, and the remainder are in progress. The suit will be shortly brought to a conclusion.	- - The property consists of 28 A. 1 R. 15 P. of land, the income derived from which amounts to 55*l.* 4*s.* per annum.
274 13 6	- - -	- - The income of the charity property has been increased from 7*l.* 13*s.* to 170*l.*, and will eventually be increased to 466*l.*	- - In pursuance of the certificate of the chief clerk, the lessees have been required to surrender their leases; most of them have agreed to do so, but in some cases it was necessary to commence proceedings to enforce the surrender. An inquiry is now being made to ascertain the trusts upon which the property is held, and the patroness of the Church of St. Giles has put in a claim for the same, as part of the endowment of the said church, which is under investigation.	- - When the new leases have been granted, the income of the charity will be 170*l.* a year, or thereabouts, such leases being granted under the direction of the Court, in order to allow the late tenants fairly for the outlay made by them respectively in substantial improvements. The annual value of the charity property which will accrue when the new leases fall in is 466*l.*

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	OBJECT of each Proceeding.
6. Durham, St. Giles -	- - The Gilligate Church Estate.	John Colpitts and Ralph Salkeld -	- - This information was filed under circumstances similar to those stated respecting the last-mentioned cases. The reserved rent was 10 *s.*, and the fine 5 *l.*, the demise being for 21 years.
[Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]			
7. Durham, St. Giles -	- - The Gilligate Church Estate.	- - Benjamin Hill and Ralph Salkeld.	- - This information was filed under similar circumstances to those stated in the last-mentioned case; the reserved rent was 1 *l.* 1 *s.*, in consideration of a fine of 5 *l.* 5 *s.*, the term being 21 years.
[Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]			
8. Durham, St. Giles -	- - The Gilligate Church Estate.	- - Lewis Pattison Legge and Ralph Salkeld.	- - The property in question in this cause, forms part of the last-mentioned charity. It was instituted on the refusal of the lessee to relinquish his lease, and on the certificate of the chief clerk. Two leases had been granted to the defendant Legge, both for terms of 21 years, at annual reserved rents of 1 *l.* 3 *s.*, and in consideration of a fine of 5 *l.* on each. Communications were at first entered into with the defendant for the surrender of the leases, but subsequently no notice was taken of repeated applications on the subject, and the information was filed.
[Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]			
9. Durham, St. Giles -	- - The Gilligate Church Estate.	- - Robert Maddison and Ralph Salkeld.	- - This information was filed under similar circumstances to those above stated. The lease was granted for 21 years at an annual rent of 13 *s.*, in consideration of a fine of 3 *l.* 5 *s.*
[Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]			
10. Durham, St. Giles -	- - The Gilligate Church Estate.	- - Joseph Peacock and Ralph Salkeld.	- - This information was filed under circumstances similar to those above stated. The lease was granted for 21 years, at the annual rent of 2 *l.* 9 *s.*, in consideration of a fine of 12 *l.* 5 *s.*
[Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]			
11. Durham, St. Giles -	- - The Gilligate Church Estate.	- - Coatsworth Prest and Ralph Salkeld.	- - This information was filed under circumstances similar to those above stated. The lease was granted for 21 years, at an annual rent of 1 *l.* 16 *s.*, in consideration of a fine of 9 *l.* 5 *s.*
[Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]			
12. Durham, St. Giles -	- - The Gilligate Church Estate.	- - John Wallace, James Woodward, and Ralph Salkeld.	- - This information was filed under circumstances similar to those above stated. The lease was granted for 21 years, at the annual rent of 2 *l.*, in consideration of a fine of 10 *l.*
[Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]			
13. Durham, St. Giles -	- - The Gilligate Church Estate.	- - Thomas Winter and Ralph Salkeld.	- - This information was filed under circumstances similar to those above stated. The lease was granted for 21 years, at the annual rent of 3 *s.*, in consideration of a fine of 15 *s.*
[Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]			
14. Ely, Cambridge -	Thomas Parsons' Charity	- - The Governors of the Land and Possessions of the Poor of Ely.	- - An account of what the charity property consists, and a scheme for management thereof, and the application of the income; the application of the income being capable of such improvement.
[Charity Commissioners' Reports, 31, p. 217.]			

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
17 14 –	- - -	- - The lease has been surrendered, and proceedings will be stayed, on payment of the costs by the defendant Colpitts. The result is that the annual income of the charity will be increased by 17 *l.* 10 *s.*, with a further prospective increase of 2 *l.*	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of a messuage and land of the annual value of 20 *l.*, but it is proposed to grant a lease at a rent of 18 *l.*, in order to allow the tenant for his outlay.
17 7 4	- - -	- - The lease has been surrendered, and proceedings will be stayed, on payment of the costs. The result is that the annual income of the charity will be increased by 7 *l.* 19 *s.*, with a further prospective increase of 15 *l.*	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of a field and mills of the annual value of 24 *l.*, but it is proposed to grant a lease at rents amounting to 9 *l.*, in order to allow the tenant for his outlay.
18 16 8	- - -	- - The leases have been surrendered, and proceedings will be stayed, on payment of the costs. The result is that the annual income of the charity will be increased by about 25 *l.*, with a further prospective increase of 11 *l.*	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of houses and gardens of the annual value of 36 *l.* It is proposed to grant a lease at a rent of 28 *l.* per annum, in order to allow the lessee, who is the person who held the former lease, for his outlay.
18 14 –	- - -	- - The lease has been surrendered, and proceedings will be stayed, on payment of the costs. The result is that the annual income of the charity will be increased by about 9 *l.*, with a further prospective increase of 5 *l.*	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of a house and premises of the annual value of 15 *l.*, but it is proposed to grant a lease of the annual value of 10 *l.* in order to allow the tenant for his outlay.
15 18 8	- - By the defendant Peacock.	- - The lease has been surrendered, the result is that the income of the charity will be increased by about 16 *l.*, with a further prospective increase of 32 *l.* 10 *s.*	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of houses and premises of the annual value of 51 *l.*, but it is proposed to grant a lease at rents amounting to 18 *l.* 10 *s.*, in order to allow the tenant for his outlay.
19 6 10	- - -	- - The lease has been surrendered, and proceedings will be stayed, on payment of the costs. The result is that the annual income of the charity will be increased by about 9 *l.*, with a further prospective increase of 21 *l.*	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of houses and premises of the annual value of 31 *l.* 10 *s.*, but it is proposed to grant a lease at a rent of 10 *l.* 10 *s.*, in order to allow the tenant for his outlay.
18 5 3	- - -	- - The lease has been surrendered, and proceedings will be stayed, on payment of the costs. The result is that the annual income of the charity will be increased by about 16 *l.*, with a further prospective increase of 28 *l.*	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of houses and premises of the annual value of 46 *l.*, but it is proposed to grant a lease at rents amounting to 18 *l.*, in order to allow the tenant for his outlay.
17 10 6	- - By the defendant Winter.	- - The lease has been surrendered, the result is that the annual income of the charity will be increased by 3 *l.* 17 *s.*	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of a field of the annual value of 4 *l.*
118 19 4	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - The decree directed an inquiry of what the charity property consists, and upon what trusts the several parts of such charity are respectively holden; an account against the defendants, and a scheme for the management of the charity and the application of the income, having regard to the several charters. The account has been taken, and the other inquiry is proceeding.	- - The property consists of land, rents charge, houses and stock, the income derived from which amounts to about 1,200 *l.* per annum.

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	OBJECT of each Proceeding.
15. Faversham, Kent -	- - Henry Wreight's Charity, and other Charities of the Town of Faversham.	- - Giles Hilton and Others, Trustees of the Charity.	- - For an account of the estate of the testator Henry Wreight, which had been received by the trustees of the borough charity, and for a scheme for the application of the income of the charity. A large portion of the income had been applied by the trustees in general relief to the poor. Much mischief having resulted from this mode of application, the trustees applied to the Charity Commissioners, who certified it to the Attorney-general.
[Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]			
16. Greenwich, Kent -	Queen Elizabeth's College	- - The President and Governors of Queen Elizabeth's College, Greenwich.	- - To obtain the application to charitable purposes of the surplus income of the charity, the income thereof having been increased, by the setting aside of a lease and by accumulations, to a sum much more than sufficient to maintain 20 poor persons, as directed by the founder; and for the purpose of improving the class of persons elected to the almshouses who have been paupers.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, Vol. 32, Part 2, p. 397.]			
17. Grinton, York - -	- - Fremington School, James Hutchinson's Charity.	- - Edward Wyvill, Thomas Collins, and Thomas Langhorne (Trustees of the Charity); Charles Porter, Peter Scrimshire Wood, Lawrence Otley, Thomas Orde Powlett, and William Kendall (Electors); and William Ward, Schoolmaster.	- - The electors of the charity having, in 1846, dismissed the schoolmaster for immorality, he petitioned the Court for reinstatement. The Court declared the dismissal informal, but gave liberty for a second inquiry. The master was again dismissed, and, on the further hearing of the petition, the Court declined to order the reinstatement, but directed the costs up to the first hearing to be personally paid by four of the electors. The electors thereupon gave notice to the tenants not to pay rent to the schoolmaster, but declined to take proceedings to obtain possession of the charity property held by him. On the application of the vicar of Grinton, the Attorney-general instituted the present suit, to obtain a scheme for the future administration of the charity; to ascertain of what the charity property consists; to appoint a receiver; and for an account against defendant Ward.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 7, p. 698.]			
18. Hampstead, Middlesex	The Well Charity - -	- - Thomas Sheppard and Others (the Trustees of the Charity).	- - For the application to charitable purposes of the income of the charity, which had increased from 70*l.* to 1,003*l.* by the falling in of a lease, and for dealing with the question of enfranchisement, (the property being held of the manor of Hampstead under a peculiar tenure,) and with the question of the appointment by the lord of the trustees.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 12, p. 151.]			
19. Hastings, Sussex -	- - Richard Elsworth's Charity.	- - The Earl and Countess of Waldegrave and their Trustees.	- - The recovery of certain lands at Hastings, which had been reported by one of the Masters of the Court of Chancery to belong to the charity.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 738.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 8.]			
20. Herne, Kent - -	- - Sedley and Smith's Charities.	- - George Denne, William Newton, Joseph Gore, and Gawler Swain (Churchwardens and Overseers of Herne), and George May and James Six May.	- - To obtain a declaration from the Court that the fund in Court which arises from the sale of the workhouse by the Poor Law Commissioners belongs to the charity; for for the appointment of trustees; and the settlement of a scheme for the application of the income.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 301.]			

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
109 17 8	- - -	- - The present result is, that an annual sum of about 1,500 *l.*, which had been applied in pecuniary gifts to the poor, and which on the admission of the trustees had done much evil, will in future be applied for the purposes mentioned in the next column, and a scheme has been obtained for all the charities.	- - A decree has been made directing the necessary accounts to be taken, and a scheme to be settled. The chief clerk is about to make his general certificate, answering all the inquiries, and approving a scheme under which the income of the charity will be applied in supporting almshouses, national and middle schools, a reading-room and library, and clothing clubs in the town of Faversham.	- The property consists of the sum of 66,200 *l.* Reduced Annuities, and 16,344 *l.* 6 *s.* 1 *d.* Consols, and a house, producing an income of 2,518 *l.* 6 *s.* 6 *d.* per annum.
140 14 3	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - A decree has been made directing an inquiry of what the charity property consists, and that a scheme should be settled for the regulation of the charity, and the application of the surplus income thereof. A scheme is about to be taken in for increasing the number of almshouses and almspeople.	- - The income of the charity, arising from rents of houses and lands, and the dividends of stock, is about 1,600 *l.* a year, having increased to that amount from 700 *l.* a year during the last few years.
165 10 6	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - An Order has been made by consent for the payment by the trustees of Lady Hutchinson's charity (a moiety of the income of which is applicable to the support of this school) of 10 *l.* per annum to defendant Ward, he keeping up the school, and for the payment of arrears into Court. The decree directs the above Order be continued until the further Order of the Court; that the defendant Ward be at liberty to carry on the school until his successor be appointed; that a scheme be settled and inquiries made as to the heir of the founder's brother; as to the ownership of property charged with certain payments by the founder; and of what the charity property now consists. The inquiries directed by the decree are being prosecuted.	- - The property consists of a school residence and gardens, with 7 A. 2 R. 5 P. of land, a rentcharge of 10 *l.*, a moiety of the income of Lady Hutchinson's charity, and 341 *l.* 7 *s.* 11 *d.* stock, in Court. Part of the property is in the occupation of the defendant Ward. The annual value of the whole is about 88 *l.*
113 5 8	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - A decree has been made, directing various inquiries as to the charity property, the state of repair, its tenure, and the propriety of taking proceedings in order to its enfranchisement, and directing a scheme. The inquiries are in course of prosecution, and a scheme has been taken in. The certificate of the chief clerk will shortly be obtained. Grants have been made in aid of the funds for erection of poor schools.	- - The property consists of lands and houses, whereof the annual income is 1,003 *l.*, (but subject to the questions with the lord of this manor,) and of 500 *l.* Consols.
427 13 8	- - -	- The defendants having brought before the Court many documents, of which the existence had not been previously known, the Court held that the founder had no interest in the property, and that the title of the defendants must prevail. The information was dismissed accordingly.	- - - - - - - -	- - The annual value of the property, which principally consisted of valuable building ground, was not ascertained.
43 18 11	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - The defendants have put in their answers.	- - The property consists of two rentcharges, amounting together to 3 *l.* 3 *s.* per annum, and the sum of 580 *l.* 8 *s.* 5 *d.* consols.

(*continued*)

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	OBJECT of each Proceeding.
21. Hilton and Over, Hants [Charity Commissioners' Report, 24, p. 107, App. 610.]	Mrs. Mary Pearson -	- - Thomas Bonnor, James Wittit Lyon, and George Cartwright, and Henrietta Maria, his Wife.	- - To establish and carry into effect the charitable trusts and dispositions contained in the will of Mrs. Pearson; an account against the defendants; a scheme for the management of the property and the future application of the income; and, if necessary, a receiver.
22. Ilchester, Somerset -	Ilchester Almshouse -	- - The Bailiff and Burgesses of the Borough of Ilchester.	- - To substitute an efficient body of resident trustees for a corporation who exist only for the purposes of this charity, and who consist of 12 persons only, of whom 10 are non-resident; and for the more efficient application of the income to purposes of charity.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 11, p. 474.]			
23. Ipswich, Suffolk -	Christ's Hospital - -	- - Benjamin Brame and Others (Municipal Trustees of Ipswich).	- - To inquire into the validity of certain building leases which had been granted by the trustees of the charity without authority; for the purpose of confirming them if found proper; and to obtain the application of the increased income to charitable purposes. Application had been made to the Attorney-general to fiat a relator's information with reference to the leases, but in the belief that they were valid; and for obtaining a scheme for the increased income, it was determined to file an ex officio information.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 19, p. 466.]			
24. Leicester - - -	- - The Free Grammar School.	- Isaac Hodgson and Others, Trustees of the Charity.	- - An account of the various properties applicable to the support of the school, and of the arrears owing in respect of the rents thereof; a scheme for the restoration and future management of the school; and the appointment of a receiver. The school has fallen into decay, and has been for a long time closed, and the part of the buildings on the ground floor were used as a stable.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 5, p. 2.]			
25. Lincoln, St. Peter at Gowts.	- - The Church Lands Charity.	- - John Slack and George Scott (Churchwardens of St. Peter at Gowts, Lincoln).	- - To recover for the charitable purposes of the foundation the income of the charity property, which had been applied to the general purposes of the parish, and to obtain a scheme for the management of the charity and the application of the income thereof; the appointment of trustees; and an account against the defendants, who were churchwardens.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 388.]			
26. London, St. Dunstan in the East.	- - The Charities of St. Dunstan in the East.	- - John Bartlett and Others (Trustees of the several Charities).	- - To recover, for the purposes of the respective foundations, the income of several charities which have been applied partly for general parochial purposes in aid of rates; and for a scheme for the future application of the income. The result of this suit will be to recover, for purposes of charity, an income of 720 *l.* a year, which will gradually increase by the payment of a debt charged on the charity property by Act of Parliament, and will in the year 1866 amount to 1,180 *l.*
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 4, p. 93.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 16.]			
27. St. Michael, Crooked-lane.	- - The Parish Estates, comprising the Gifts of various Donors.	- - Jacob George Cope and Others (Trustees of the several Charities).	- - To apply, for the purposes directed by the several donors, an income which had been appropriated for general parish purposes, after payment of certain specific sums; and for the settlement of a scheme. The result of this suit will be to recover for charitable purposes about 300 *l.* a year.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 338.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 14]			

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
72 13 3	- - - -	- - The defendants by their answer having stated circumstances and evidence not previously known, which is confirmatory of their title, it has been determined not to prosecute this suit.	- - - - - - - -	- The property consists of land, but the annual value is not known.
68 18 –	- - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - A decree has been made, directing certain inquiries as to the charity property, which have been made, and a scheme which is about to be taken in.	- - The income of the charity property, consisting of land and houses, is about 217 *l.*
165 19 2	- - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - An inquiry has been made as to the validity of the leases. It is found that the trustees have obtained fair and proper rents, and the leases will be confirmed. A scheme has long been under discussion, the question being whether the number of 20 boys, now boarded, clothed, and educated in the school, should be increased, or a day school added to the existing establishment. The day school has at length met with general concurrence, and the scheme will be settled immediately.	- - The property consists of lands and houses, the yearly income whereof is 834*l.* 15*s.*
93 8 –	- - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - The decree directed inquiries of what the charity property consists, and the amount of arrears due in respect thereof, the settlement of a scheme for the restoration of the school and the management of the charity, and the appointment of a receiver. A receiver has been appointed, but the prosecution of the other directions awaits the settlement of the scheme for Wyggeston's Hospital, at Leicester, from the endowment of which it is expected that funds will be derived which will enable the trustees to re-establish this school on a proper scale.	- - The property consists of rentscharge amounting to 47 *l.* 5*s.* 4*d.* per annum, and 87 *l.* 8*s.* 2*d.* Stock, and 2 *l.* 9*s.* 2*d.* cash in Court.
265 18 2	- - - -	- - The trusts of the property have been declared, trustees have been appointed, and a scheme settled for the application to purposes of education (subject to the repairs of the church) of the income, amounting to upwards of 200 *l.* per annum, which had previously been applied to the general purposes of the parish. The trustees have been placed in possession of the property.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of houses and land, the income derived from which amounts to upwards of 200 *l.* per annum.
184 9 3	- - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - A decree has been made directing an inquiry of what the property consists, and upon what trusts the same is held, and the settlement of a scheme. A question having recently been suggested as to the sufficiency of the rents of certain leases of the charity property, an inquiry is about to take place. The inquiries directed by the decree are in course of prosecution.	- - The property consists of houses and lands, the income from which amounts to 2,200 *l.* per annum, or thereabouts.
171 4 8	- - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - A decree has been made directing an inquiry of what the property consists, and what trusts it is subject to, and the settlement of a scheme. The inquiry is now being prosecuted, and a proposal for a scheme is under the consideration of the parish officers.	- - The property consists of houses, lands, and stock, the income from which amounts to 340 *l.* per annum, or thereabouts.

(*continued*)

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	OBJECT of each Proceeding.
28. Lopham, South, Norfolk. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 29, p. 733.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 11.]	The Town Lands - -	- - The Rev. James Barrow and others (the Trustees of the Charity).	- - To apply for the benefit of the poor of South Lopham the income of property which had been applied in aid of poor-rates.
29. Northampton - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 792.]	St. John's Hospital -	- - Sir Robert Henry Gunning, Bart., and the Rev. Richard Prettyman, Clerk.	- - To recover certain property called Piddington Parsonage, which, by the Master's Report in the suit Attorney-general v. Prettyman, was found to be the property of the charity.
30. Richmond, Surrey - [Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]	- - The Parish Lands Charity.	- - Richard Blizard and Others (Vestrymen of the Parish of Richmond).	- - To recover from the parish of Richmond certain lands, the income of which had been applied in aid of the rates.
31. Rothwell, Northampton. [Charity Commissioners' Report, Vol. 24, p. 185.]	The Free School - -	Sir Charles Edmund Isham, Bart.	- - An information had, in 1837, been filed, at the instance of a relator, and a decree made, in July in that year, directing an inquiry of what the charity property consisted, the settlement of a scheme, and the appointment of a receiver and trustees. None of the inquiries having been prosecuted, a memorial was presented to the Lord Chancellor in 1853, praying that the school might be re-established. At the request of the relator (who was also receiver without a salary or security) the further proceedings in the suit were then prosecuted by the Attorney-general, *ex officio*. The legal estate in the charity property has been vested in the official trustee of charity lands, the former receiver discharged, and a new one appointed, and trustees, and a scheme for the re-establishment of the school have been agreed upon.
32. Sherburn, Durham - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 23, p. 119.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, 24, p. 15.]	- - Sherburn Hospital (Whitwell Grange Lease).	- - John Gregson, Elizabeth Gregson, George Gregson, John Maude Ogden, and the Bishop of Durham.	- - To set aside a lease of a portion of the charity property, comprising 633 acres, or thereabouts, which had been granted in 1831, in consideration of 400 *l.* to John Gregson (the father of the defendant) for three lives, at the annual rent of 32 *l.*, with liberty to work the coal under the same.
33. Stoke Newington, St. Mary, Middlesex. [Not in Charity Commissioners' Report.]	The Palatine Lands -	- - Martin Love, and the Churchwardens of the respective Parishes of St. Mary and St. Matthias, Stoke Newington.	- - To ascertain the tenure of the property, which had become very valuable for building, it having been dealt with as copyhold, and there being strong reason to think it was freehold. To put an end to the system of applying the income in aid of rates, and for a scheme for its application.
34. Tamworth, Lichfield, Stafford, and Newcastle-under-Lyme. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 4, p. 448.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, 8, p. 660.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, 12, p. 551.]	Henry Smith's Charity -	- - The Earl Ferrers, the Earl of Onslow, and others (trustees of Smith's charity), and the churchwardens and overseers of the parishes of Tamworth, Lichfield, Stafford, and Newcastle-under-Lyme.	- - To recover property which was purchased for the charity, but for which a rentcharge only of 68 *l.* has since been paid, the annual value being about 500 *l.*

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
186 11 6	-- Part paid by the charity.	-- Property yielding an annual income of 165 *l.* 17 *s.*, which had previously been applied to the general purposes of the parish in aid of rates, has been recovered, and a scheme settled, providing for the application of the income, partially for the repairs of the church, but principally for educational purposes. Trustees have been appointed.	- - - - - - - -	-- The property consists of lands, of which the rental is 165 *l.* 17 *s.*
31 6 2	- - -	-- The defendant, Sir R. Gunning, by his answer set forth various documents, the existence of which had not been previously known, showing that the property claimed had formerly been seized into the hands of the Crown, who had granted portions thereof to parties under one of whom he claimed. The case of the defendant being fairly made out, it was determined not to proceed with the suit.	- - - - - - - -	-- The value of the property, which was considerable, was not ascertained with precision.
115 19 4	- - -	-- The Court held that under the special provisions of a private Act of Parliament, the application of the property in aid of the rates was justifiable, and dismissed the information.	- - - - - - - -	-- The property consisted of common ground, which would soon come into the market as building ground. The value (which was considerable) was not ascertained.
58 15 6	- - -	- - - - - -	-- The directions of the decree are being prosecuted, and the suit will shortly be brought to an end.	-- The property consists of land and houses, the income derived from which amounts to 31 *l.* per annum.
25 17 1	- - -	-- The defendant, John Gregson, submitted certain proposals for compromising the matter, wherein, after stating that the income he derived from the mines was about 1,200 *l.* per annum, he offered to give up a moiety of such income, if the lease should be allowed to run out. The Attorney-general having consulted a mining surveyor, approved of the terms offered, which have been sanctioned by the Court. The result is, that during the continuance of the lease, the income of the charity will be increased by about 568 *l.* per annum.	- - - - - - - -	-- The income of the property in question has been increased from 32 *l.* to about 600 *l.*
95 15 2	- - -	- - - - - -	-- By the decree certain inquiries were directed as to the charity property, and its tenure, which are in progress. A scheme is about to be taken in.	-- The present value of the property, which consists of land and houses, is 358 *l.* 10 *s.*, but this will be largely increased by letting part of the land for building.
72 19 7	- - -	- - - - - -	-- The answer of the defendant has been put in. The question of evidence is under consideration, and the cause will shortly be set down for hearing.	-- The present amount of rent-charge is 68 *l.* The annual value of the property is about 500 *l.*

(*continued*)

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	OBJECT of each Proceeding.
35. Westminster, St. Martin-in-the-Fields, St. Clement Danes, St. James, and St. Paul, Covent Garden. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 824.]	Earl Craven's Charity -	- - The Earl of Craven, Baron Sandys, Charles Pascoe Grenfell, Edward Smythe Owen, Viscount Uffington, Lord John Frederick Gordon, Lord Francis Gordon, The Duc de la Force and his Wife, William George Craven, Walter Arthur Keppel Craven, The Honourable Frederick Keppel Craven, and the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Parishes of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, St. Clement Danes, St. James, and St Paul, Covent Garden.	- - To recover for the charity three acres of land at Bayswater, partly covered with buildings.
36. Windsor - - - [Not in Charity Commissioners' Reports.]	- - Military Knights of Windsor.	- - The Dean and Canons of Windsor, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and Major Charles Moore and Others, Military Knights of Windsor.	- - To compel the Dean and Chapter of Windsor to apply the whole income of certain estates devised to them by King Henry VIII., and of the annual value of 16,000*l.*, to the charitable purpose of the foundation. The sum at present applied for such purposes is less than 600*l.* a year. The military Knights have, at present, the same stipend of 1*s.* per day only out of the property in question, which they had centuries ago, notwithstanding the great increase in the value of the estates.
37. Wing, Bucks - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 27, p. 103.]	Dormer's Hospital -	- - The Earl of Chesterfield, William Eaton Mousley, and John Hardcastle Mousley,	- - For an account of monies received by the defendant, Lord Chesterfield, and William Mousely, deceased, in respect of the charity, and of certain sales of lands belonging thereto, to a railway company, and of the interest thereon ; and that the Earl might be decreed to pay an annual sumof 13*l.*,which had been paid by himself and his ancestors until within a few years. For an inquiry of what the charity property consists ; for appointment of a receiver and of trustees, and for settlement of a scheme.
38. Wycombe, High, Bucks. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 26, p. 150.]	- - The Free Grammar School and Almshouses.	- - George Harman and Others (Municipal Trustees of High Wycombe).	- - To compel the defendants, being municipal trustees of High Wycombe, to apply the funds of the charity in a proper manner, by increasing the annual sum of 70*l.*, now given to the grammar school, such school being the principal object of the foundation, to a sum which will make the school efficient.
39. York - - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 12, p. 638.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 1, p. 12.]	- - The Free School of Archbishop Holgate.	- - Edward Hopper Hebden and Robert Daniel.	- - To set aside a lease of part of the charity property, comprising a messuage, and 72A. 1R. 37P., which was held by the defendant, Edward Hopper Hebden, under lease at a rent of 40*s.*
40. York - - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 12, p. 638.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 1 p. 12.]	- - The Free School of Archbishop Holgate.	- - James Richardson, Lord Hotham, and Robert Daniel.	- - To set aside the lease of part of the charity property, consisting of a messuage and 41A. 0R. 5P. of land, at Beswick in the East Riding, together with the rectory and church of Beswick, and the tithes thereof, then held by the defendant, James Richardson, under a lease at the yearly rent of 9*l.* 8*s.*
41. York - - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 12, p. 638.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 1, p. 12.]	- - The Free School of Archbishop Holgate.	John Walker and Robert Daniel	- - To set aside the lease of the schoolroom, and a small house adjoining, and six cottages, which had been granted to the defendant, John Walker, at the annual rent of 22*s.*

PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Filed subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
123 16 2	- - -	- - The decree has established the right of the charity to the land in question, and directed an account and scheme.	- - The inquiries directed by the decree are about to be carried on.	- - The property consists of very valuable land and houses. The value has not yet been ascertained.
133 17 6	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - The defendants have answered, and the documents in their custody are now under inspection.	- - The gross annual value of the property claimed is about 18,000*l.*, besides numerous advowsons.
141 19 5	- - 861 *l.* 7 *s.* 5 *d.* paid by the Charity.	- - - - - - -	- - After the filing of the information, the accounts which had been kept by William Cater Mousely, the late steward of the Earl, were made out and examined, and the balance found due was arranged.	- - The property of this charity consists of land, cottages, and stock, producing an income of about 74*l.*
		It appeared that the sum of 13*l.* per annum, which had always been paid by the possessor of the Buckinghamshire estates of the Earl, was a voluntary payment, and the estates had been sold by the Earl, and he had ceased to have any interest in the neighbourhood. He relinquished his claim to the patronage and management of the hospital, which his ancestors and himself had exercised, but for which claim it appeared that there was no foundation, and agreed to the appointment of trustees, and of a receiver in the meantime, and to the settlement of a scheme. The facts having been brought before the Court, a decree was made ordering the Earl to pay 150*l.* into Court, on which all further proceedings against him should be stayed. The decree directed inquiries as to the charity property, the appointment of trustees and a scheme. The 150*l.* has been paid in; the inquiries have been completed; the trustees appointed, and the scheme settled and sanctioned, and the trustees are in the management of the charity in pursuance of the provisions of the scheme. It remains only to pass the receiver's final account, and to discharge him.		
74 4 2	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - The decree directed certain inquiries as to the property, which have been made; a scheme is about to be taken in, the principal object of which will be to make the grammar school more efficient.	- - The present income of the charity arising from lands and houses, is about 450*l.* This will be increased to about 630*l.* on the falling in of a lease at Michaelmas 1857.
20 17 5	- - -	- - The lease has been set aside, and the charity has come into the receipt of the rack rent, which is 100*l.* per annum, instead of 40*s.* only.	- - - - - - - -	- - The rent was 2*l.* a year, and is now increased to 100*l.* a year.
16 10	- - -	- - The lease has been set aside, and the charity has come into possession of the rack rent, which is 52*l.* per annum.	- - - - - - - -	- - The rent was 9 *l.* 8 *s.* a year, and is now increased to 52 *l.* a year.
12 12 11	- - -	- - The lease has been set aside, and the charity has come into the receipt of the rack rent, which amounts to about 55*l.* 10*s.* per annum.	- - - - - - - -	- - The rent was 1 *l.* 2 *s.* a year, and has been increased to about 55*l.* 10 *s.* a year

(*continued*)

PROCEEDINGS on PETITIONS preferred

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF RESPONDENTS.	OBJECT of each Petition.
42. Basingstoke, Hants - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 14, p. 377.]	--The School and Chapel of the Holy Ghost, near Basingstoke.	- - The Bishop of Winchester, the Corporation of Basingstoke, the Municipal Charity Trustees, and the Usher of the School.	- - To determine in whom the rights of patronage and visitation were vested, and for a scheme for the management of the charity, and the application of the income.
42 A. Brecon - - -	The College of Christ -	The Attorney-general - - -	- - To obtain the sanction of the Court to an arrangement as to the terms for which the College should be re-established, and the amount of its endowment; and also, to an Act proposed to be brought into Parliament to confirm the proceedings.
43. Burton, Lincoln - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 649.]	Singleton's Dole - -	- - Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Nevile, and Lord Monson.	- - To carry into effect an arrangement by which a rentcharge of 12*l.* 12*s.* issuing out of the Newton estate, now now belonging to Mrs. Nevile, and which had not been paid for a long period, would be recovered, together with six years' arrears. The petition was presented for the appointment of trustees, and for the directions of the Court as to the application of the income.
44. Croydon, Surrey - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 871.]	- - Archbishop Whitgift's Hospital.	- - The Warden and Poor of the Hospital of the Holy Trinity, in Croydon, of the foundation of John Whitgift, Archbishop of Canterbury, and the most Reverend William Bird, Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.	- - This charity was for a warden, and any number above six, and not exceeding 40 poor persons, one of whom was to keep a school. The income had greatly increased, and was continually increasing; and the petition was presented to obtain a declaration by the Court that it was expedient to apply the prospective increase of income for purposes of education, and that a scheme might be settled for the administration of the charity.
45. Grantham, Lincoln - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 7, 469.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, 266.]	- - The Free Grammar School of King Edward the Sixth.	- - The Municipal Charity Trustees of Grantham.	- - An inquiry of what the charity property consists, and a scheme for the extension of the benefits of the school. The income of the charity having been much increased by sales and reinvestment, and the then existing scheme being found not to work satisfactorily.
46. Macclesfield - -	- - The Free Grammar School of King Edward the Sixth.	The Attorney-general - - -	- - To obtain the sanction of the Court for the purchase of Westbrook House and land annexed thereto for a residence for the head master; for liberty to the governors to erect a new school and residence for the second master, and lay out a playground; to pull down the old school and master's residence, and sell the materials and site; to sell other land, and to raise money on mortgage in aid of a building fund, and for a scheme for the future administration of the charity.
47. Morpeth, Northumberland. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 23, p. 459.]	- - The Free Grammar School.	The Trustees of the school - -	- - An inquiry of what the charity property consists, and as to the adequacy of the existing school buildings; the appointment of trustees, and the settlement of a scheme for the administration of the charity, the income having been much increased by the recovery of property held adversely to the charity.

subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851.)

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of Proceedings on each Petition Terminated.	Present Stage of Proceedings in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 482 17 3	- - -	- - The right of visitation which had become improperly vested in the Bishop of Winchester has been restored to the Crown; a scheme has been settled. The head master appointed a site purchased for a new school-house and residence, and the plans of the buildings approved by the Court.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of land and houses, the income derived from which amounts to 219 *l.* 12 *s.* 8 *d.* per annum.
250 4 9	- - -	- - An Act of Parliament has been obtained under which governors have been appointed and incorporated, and a scheme settled for the re-establishment of the College.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property of the charity consists of the proportions of certain prebends and tithes on leases, the annual income derived from which is at present small, but will increase as the leases shall fall in.
22 17 8	By the charity	- - A sum of 12 *l.* 12 *s.* per annum, with six years' arrears, has been recovered for the charity. Trustees have been appointed with directions to apply the income for the promotion of education.	- - - - - - - -	- - A rentcharge of 12 *l.* 12 *s.* per annum, issuing out of the Newton estate.
202 - 9	By the charity	- - An order was made in accordance with the prayer of the petition, in pursuance of which a scheme has been settled, under which the management of the charity will in future be under the control of a body of local trustees to be called the Governors, and the income be applied after keeping up the hospital, and in maintaining a middle school, and a poor school in Croydon.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of lands and houses, producing a yearly income of 2,563 *l.* It is estimated that the income will increase in 15 years to 3,731 *l.*, and in 30 years to 4,884 *l.*
73 5 2	- - -	- - A scheme on an extended basis of education has been settled, and is in operation.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of land and houses, the income derived from which amounts to 826 *l.* per annum, and of 3,177 *l.* 7 *s.* 2 *d.* stock.
113 17 4	By the Charity	- - The Court sanctioned the purchase, which has been completed. Powers have been given to raise the building fund, and the plans approved, and the scheme settled.	- - - - - - - -	- - The charity property at the time of the inquiry consisted of land and houses, producing an income of about 1,550 *l.* per annum.
101 4 2	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - It has been ascertained of what the charity property consists, and that the existing buildings are insufficient. A scheme has been taken in for the administration of the charity, and for the erection of a school and residence on a new site. The Judge's certificate will shortly be obtained and the matter terminated.	- - The property consists of lands, houses, and rents charge; the income derived from which amounts to 546 *l.* per annum.

(*continued*)

PROCEEDINGS on PETITIONS preferred subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF RESPONDENTS.	OBJECT of each Petition.
48. Sherburn, Durham [Charity Commissioners' Report, 23, p. 119.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, 24, p. 5.]	The Hospital	The Bishop of Durham	Sherburn Hospital consists of a master and 30 brethren. The late master having recently died, the Bishop of Durham, at the request of the Charity Commissioners, forbore to appoint a new master pending the settlement of a new scheme by the Commissioners. The corporation being without a head, is in abeyance, and the Commissioners certified the case to the Attorney-general, in order that a proper person might be appointed to manage the charity property.
49. Swannington, county of Leicester.	Wyggeston's Hospital		The petition was presented by the relators in a suit for the administration of the revenues of the hospital, and its principal object was to obtain the sanction of the Court to take proceedings to set aside a lease of the manor of Swannington. The petition was heard by the Master of the Rolls, who desired the case to stand over, being of opinion that if proceedings were taken, they ought to be under the conduct of the Attorney-general. The relators appealed to the Lord Chancellor, who dismissed the appeal. The Master of the Rolls thereupon requested the Attorney-general to direct the solicitor employed in charity matters to look into the case, and to take such steps, under the direction of the Attorney-general, as he might think proper. The Attorney-general directed the employment of a surveyor, who reported fully as to the matter after an extended inquiry. The report of the solicitor in charity cases was submitted to the Attorney-general, who, having consulted the Solicitor-general and his counsel, directed that the facts, with their opinion thereon, should be laid before the Master of the Rolls, which was done.

PROCEEDINGS on SUMMONS in CHAMBERS under the

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF RESPONDENTS.	OBJECT of each Summons.
50. Beckenham [Charity Commissioners' Report, 2, p. 15.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 440.]	Watson's Charity, Wragg's Charity, Fenner's Charity, Marchioness of Exeter's Charity, Style's Charity.	The Rector, Churchwardens, and Overseers of the parish, the Rev. Charles Cator (clerk), Edward Richard Adams, Peter Cator, Reginald Fowden, William Snelling, Michael Taylor, and Samuel Wilson.	Mary Wragg bequeathed 500*l.*, 3*l.* per cent. of 1726, upon certain trusts, for the benefit of the poor of the parish. This stock having been paid off under the recent Act, it became necessary to have a transfer of the fund made. As the simplest mode of obtaining it, application was made to the Court, and the parish officers took the opportunity of having other parish funds transferred to the official trustees.
51. Cheshunt, Herts [Charity Commissioners' Report, 29, p. 427.]	Dewhurst Free School	The Rev. Mathew Morris Preston, Sir Henry Meux, bart., William Middleton, William Buchanan, John Beaumont, Charles Johnston, Henry Aldersey, and the Rev. Samuel Garratt (Trustees of the Charity).	To fill up the number of trustees, some of them being non-resident, and to settle a scheme for the application of the income in a manner by which all the poor of the parish might be benefited.

PROCEEDINGS on PETITIONS preferred subsequent to the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of Proceedings on each Petition Terminated.	Present Stage of Proceedings in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
42 9 –	- - -	- - Under the order of the Court a receiver has been appointed.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of lands and houses, producing an income of 4,713 *l.*
440 5 4	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - The property to which the petition related consisted of lands of the annual value of 1,409 *l.*

Jurisdiction created by the Charitable Trusts Act, 1853.

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of Proceedings on each Summons Terminated.	Present Stage of Proceedings in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
38 12 –	- - By the several charities, in equal proportions.	- - An order has been made, vesting the funds belonging to the several charities in the official trustees, and the lands in the official trustee of charity lands.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property belonging to the several charities is as follows:— To Watson's charity, 1,501 *l.* 18 *s.* 8 *d.* Consols. To Wragg's charity, 537 *l.* 12 *s.* 8 *d.* Consols. To Fenner's charity, 800 *l.* Consols. To the Marchioness of Exeter's charity, 1,101 *l.* 18 *s.* 7 *d.* Consols. To Style's charity, 5A. 2R. 15P. of land, and a rentcharge of 10 *s.*
57 1 2	- - -	- - The number of trustees has been filled up by the addition of resident gentlemen. A scheme has been settled for the regulation of the school, under which all children of the parish will be entitled to attend. The lands have been vested in the official trustee of charity lands, and the sums of 525 *l.* New Three per Cent. Annuities, and 100 *l.* Consols, have been directed to be transferred to the official trustees of charitable funds.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of two farms, producing together 180 *l.* per annum, and the sums of 525 *l.* New Three per Cent. Annuities, and 100 *l.* Consols.

(*continued*)

PROCEEDINGS on SUMMONS in CHAMBERS under the Jurisdiction created by the Charitable Trusts Act, 1853—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF RESPONDENTS.	OBJECT of each Summons.
52. Clare, Suffolk [Charity Commissioners' Report, 22, p. 186.]	William Cadge's Charity.	The Vicar, Churchwardens, and Overseers of the parish of Clare.	To obtain a declaration by the Court that the income of the charity should be applied according to the directions of the testator, it having been the custom to apply the balance, after payment of certain specific sums, amounting to 30*l.* per annum, for the general purposes of the parish, for the appointment of trustees, and the settlement of a scheme.
53. Dovor [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 540.]	The Bark Money, Fector's Charity, The Dovor Sailors' Home and Reading-room.	Robert Henry Jenkinson, Henry Smart, Trevanion Austen, Robert Hammond, Charles Gravenor, and the Fellowship of Pilots of the Cinque Ports.	The Pilotage Law Amendment Act, 1853, having in effect abolished the Fellowship of the Cinque Port Pilots, and the trustees in whose names the charity funds were standing being desirous of being discharged from the trust, the object of the summons was to obtain the appointment of trustees, and that the Court should give directions for the future application of the income.
54. Leigh [Charity Commissioners' Report, 13, p. 422.]	The Free School	Thomas Howe, William Robert Mountfort Blurton, and William Blurton, the surviving Trustees of the Charity.	To restrain the trustees from appointing a schoolmaster until their number had been filled up, two of the three surviving trustees having expressed their intention of proceeding to an election at once; for the appointment of new trustees, the said two trustees contending that, according to the words of the foundation, the time had not arrived at which new trustees could be appointed; and for a scheme for the regulation of the charity.
55. Newcastle-under-Lyme, Stafford. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 13, p. 294.]	Thomas Hatrell's Charity	The Rev. Charles Stephen Hassells, the surviving Trustee, who is out of the jurisdiction of the Court.	For the appointment of trustees, the sole surviving trustee being resident abroad; for the transfer of the capital stock of the charity to the official trustees of charitable funds, and for a scheme for the application of the income of the charity.
56. Sevenoaks, Kent [Charity Commissioners' Report, 1, p. 140.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 525.]	The Free Grammar School and Almshouses of Queen Elizabeth.	The Wardens and Assistants of the Free Grammar School.	To put an end to the custom of applying the greater part of the income in the support of the eleemosynary part of the charity; to vary the mode of electing the wardens and assistants who were elected annually by the parishioners paying lot and scot, and to obtain a scheme.
57. Thorverton, Devon [Charity Commissioners' Report, 10, p. 109.]	The Parish Lands	John Radmore and Philip Upcott.	To appoint new trustees to settle a scheme for the management of the charity; to invest certain accumulations of income after payment of costs, and apply dividends according to such scheme.
58. Tickhill, Yorkshire [Charity Commissioners' Report, 17, p. 800.]	Maison de Dieu	The Rev. Edward Hawke Brooksbank.	An inquiry of what the charity property consists, and whether any proceedings should be taken for the recovery of portions held adversely to the charity; for the appointment of trustees; and for a scheme for the management of the charity, and the application of the income thereof.

PROCEEDINGS on SUMMONS in CHAMBERS under the Jurisdiction created by the Charitable Trusts Act, 1853—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of Proceedings on each Summons Terminated.	Present Stage of Proceedings in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property, and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
40 6 9	- - -	-- Trustees have been appointed, and a scheme settled under which certain allowances will be made to poor widows, and the residue will be applied in maintaining a school in Clare; and an order has been made vesting the land in the official trustee of charity lands. The result is, that 44 *l.* per annum, which had been applied in aid of the rates, will in future be applied in manner directed by the testator.	- - - - - - -	- - The property consists of lands and houses, of the annual value of 74 *l.*
27 16 2	- - -	-- An order has been made vesting the charity funds in the official trustees of charitable funds, upon trust, to pay the dividends to the trustees of the charity, to be by them applied for the benefit of the Dovor Sailors' Home and Reading-room, according to the scheme settled by the Court.	- - - - - - -	-- The property belonging to the charity known as the Bark money, consists of a sum of 870 *l.* Consols, and the right of claiming 1 *s.* from every foreign vessel entering Dovor harbour. That belonging to Fector's charity consists of 200 *l.* Three per Cent. Reduced Annuities.
46 16 4	- - -	- - The number of trustees has been filled up to six. The Court had directed that until this was done, a Master should not be appointed, and that the full body of trustees should afterwards submit the name of a proper person to the Attorney-general for his approval. The trustees having unanimously agreed in the nomination of a Master, the Attorney-general has expressed his approval thereof.	- - - - - - -	- - The property consists of land and a rentcharge, producing together 72 *l.* 16 *s.* 5 *d.* per annum.
15 12 2	- - -	- - - - - - -	-- An order has been made vesting the capital in the official trustees, and directing the settlement of a scheme which is about to be carried in.	- - The property consists of 2,753 *l.* 18 *s.* 2 *d.* New Three per Cent. Annuities.
65 19 -	- - By the charity.	- - A scheme has been settled providing for the application of the income in a due proportion between the school and the almshouses; and directing (in accordance with an old Act of Parliament) that eight persons to be appointed by the Court of Chancery shall annually elect the wardens and assistants. The eight persons have been appointed.	- - - - - - -	- - The property consists of lands, houses, and stock, whereof the annual income is 774 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 *d.*
30 9 1	- - By the charity.	- - An order has been made approving a scheme, appointing trustees, vesting the legal estate in the Treasurer of Public Charities, and directing payment of costs out of accumulations of income, the investment of the residue, and the application of the dividends in accordance with the scheme.	- - - - - - -	- - The property consists of about 24 acres of land. The income derived from which is 32 *l.*, but which has been let at the improved rent of 52 *l.* 10 *s.* per annum, from Lady-day 1856, and 193 *l.* 11 *s.* 7 *d.* Consols.
9 3 -	- - -	- - - - - - -	-- Trustees have been appointed, and the legal estate vested in the official trustee of charity lands; a scheme for the application of the income to the support of the almshouse has been approved, and the final order will shortly be obtained.	- - The property consists of land, houses, and rentscharge, the income derived from which is 45 *l.* per annum.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on Informations Unsettled - - - -

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
59. Abergwilly, Carmarthen.	- - Griffith Lloyd's Charity School.	- - Grismond Phillips and David Lewis.	- - The local inquiries mentioned in the last return were made for the purpose of identifying the property, and the Attorney-general directed that the proceedings should be stayed.
[Charity Commissioners' Reports, 28, p. 623.]			
60. Abingdon, Berks -	- - The Hospital of Christ of Abingdon.	- - The Master and Governor of the Hospital of Christ, of Abingdon.	- - An inquiry has taken place as to the dilapidations of the property comprised in the leases, which principally consists of old house property. Some of the lessees have surrendered the leases on the cause for dilapidations being given up, others have taken repairing or building leases for terms of years, which have been granted with the double object of improving the property without expense to the charity, and of giving the charity an immediate increase in income. Many of the leases have been sanctioned by the Court and granted; the receiver has regularly passed his accounts.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, p. 32, 1, 251.]			
61. Ashby Folville, Warrens Wootton, and North Kelsey, Leicester.	- - Lord Carrington's Charity.	- - Edward Hawkins Cheney, William Richard Knight, Thomas White, Thomas Black, Sir Edward Smythe, and, by supplemental information, Edward Henshaw Cheney.	- - A scheme for the future application of the income has been settled. A petition by the defendants for the allowance of payments disallowed by the Master, has been dismissed on the hearing of the cause; on further directions the scheme was confirmed; the legal estate in the charity lands vested in the trustees, and the repairs of the almshouses sanctioned.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 32. 5, p. 459.]			
62. Ashby Folville, Warrens Wootton, and North Kelsey, Leicester.	- - Lord Carrington's Charity.	- - William Skipworth, Elizabeth Ward, and Elizabeth Catherine Ward.	- - On the answer of the defendants being filed, counsel advised that the circumstances disclosed afforded grounds why the suit should not be proceeded with, and the Attorney-general directed its discontinuance.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 5, p. 459.]			
63. Barmby-on-the-Marsh, Yorkshire.	Garlthorpe's Charity -	- - John Battle, Thomas Turton, Robert Noble, and John Spence.	- - A memorial from the poor men was presented to the Attorney-general, complaining of abuses in the administration of the charity. The Attorney-general directed that the substance of the charges should be submitted to the trustees, and that local inquiry should be made. The result of the steps taken was submitted to the Attorney-general, and it appearing that the parties complaining had been satisfied, he directed that nothing further should be done.
64. Barnard Castle, Durham.	St. John's Hospital -	- - The Rev. William Lipscombe and Her Majesty's Solicitor-general, and, by supplemental information, the Rev. John Davidson.	- - The life on which the existing lease is held not having yet dropped, no proceedings have been taken.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 21, p. 73.]			
65. Bees, St., Cumberland	- - The Free Grammar School of Edmund Grindall, Archbishop of Canterbury, in Kirkby Beacock *alias* St. Bees.	- - The Earl of Lonsdale and the wardens and governors of the possessions, revenues, and goods of the Free Grammar School of Edmund Grindall, late Archbishop of Canterbury, in Kirkby Beacock *alias* St. Bees, in the county of Cumberland.	- - Petition by the trustees for liberty to apply part of sinking fund for purposes of the school, and order made.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 3, p. 5.]			
66. Beverley, York -	- - The Charity of Robert Metcalfe, D.D.	- - The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the town of Beverley.	- - A decree has been made, declaring the corporation and charity to be entitled to the income in certain proportions. The effect of this is to recover, for charitable purposes, about 100*l.* per annum. From this the defendants appealed to the Lords Justices, who confirmed the decree.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 10, p. 677.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 12.]			

- - - - or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851).

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 17 13 9	—	—	—	—
2,186 7 1 of which 1,221 18 10 consists of Surveyor's bill, not yet taxed.	- - The sum of 983 *l.* – *s.* 6 *d.* is in course of payment by the lessees.	- - The present result of the suit is, that the improvident mode of leasing the charity property, under which the income was 1,272 *l.* 4 *s.*, has been discontinued. The income has, by the falling in of leases and the granting of new leases, been increased to 1,987 *l.* 12 *s.* 3 *d.*; this will increase progressively, the estimate of income for 1860 being 2,464 *l.* 12 *s.* 1 *d.*, until it reaches 3,611 *l.* 19 *s.* 6 *d.*	- - The whole of the late income was exhausted in payment to almspeople and otherwise. The settlement of a scheme has stood over until there was a surplus of income. The present surplus is applicable to the costs of the suit; when these have been paid, a scheme, which has long been under consideration, will be taken in.	- - The present annual income is 1,987 *l.* 12 *s.* 3 *d.*, which will increase gradually to 3,611 *l.* 19 *s.* 6 *d.*
100 15 –	- - -	- - The claim of the defendants to the patronage of the almshouses has been negatived. The property, which had been much mismanaged, has been placed under the management of trustees, and a scheme obtained for the application of the income.	- - - - - - -	- - The property consists of lands, of which the annual income is 126 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 *d.*
31 1 9	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - The property consists of lands of the annual value of 101 *l.* 7 *s.* 10 *d.*
20 2 10	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - The property of this charity consists of land, producing an annual income of about 127 *l.*
1 17 10	- - -	- - The present result is, that the old system of leasing on fines has been put an end to, by which means the annual income on the termination of the existing lease (held for a life aged 79), will be raised from 9 *l.* 16 *s.* 8 *d.* to 331 *l.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.*	- - The further proceedings await the expiration of the lease.	- - The property consists of lands, whereof the present annual income is 9 *l.* 16 *s.* 8 *d.*, and the value 331 *l.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.*
13 1 6	By the charity.	—	—	—
246 11 10	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - The defendants have carried their appeal to the House of Lords.	- - The property consists of lands, the annual rents whereof amount to 180 *l.*

(*continued*)

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
67. Bewdley, Worcester [Charity Commissioners' Report, 26, p. 555.]	The Free Grammar School	The Bailiff and Burgesses of Bewdley, William Nicholls Marcy, the Rev. John Cawood, John Beddoe, Joanna Montgomery, Thomas Bancks, William Patchell, Mary Worrall, and Richard Knowles; and, by supplemental information, Edward Winnington and Others, municipal trustees of Bewdley.	The Master has made his report, finding of what the charity property consists; that under the circumstances it is not advisable to repair the schoolhouse, and approving a scheme.
68. Binbrooke St. Gabriel, Lincoln. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 490.]	The Church Estate	John Iles and William Whitworth.	The income having accumulated to a sufficient sum to justify a scheme, an order has been obtained, directing a scheme to be settled for the management of the charity, and the application of the income and proceedings.
69. Birmingham, Warwick, Haverfordwest, Pembroke, and Brazenose College, Oxford. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 28, p. 709.]	John Milward's Charity, Free Grammar School.	The Rev. Ashurst Turner Gilbert (the Principal), and the Scholars of Brazenose College, Oxford, Paul Moon James, bailiff of Birmingham, John Lloyd Morgan, mayor of Haverfordwest, James Thomas, master of Haverfordwest School, Francis Jenner, master of Birmingham School, and James Taylor, lessee of charity property; and, by supplemental information, the Governors of the Free Grammar School of King Edward the Sixth in Birmingham, James Browne, Bailiff of Birmingham, John Wilkes Unett (Bailiff of Birmingham School), Richard Hanington (Principal of Brazenose College), John Phillips (Mayor of Haverfordwest), James Prince Lee (Master of Birmingham School), and Others; and, by further supplemental information, the Midland Railway Company.	The report has been confirmed, and the cause heard on further directions. The general scheme has been settled and confirmed, and a separate scheme for the Haverfordwest School, and trustees have been appointed for the charity. The purchase-money for land taken by the railway company has been paid into court, and invested.
70. Brentwood, Essex [Charity Commissioners' Report, 11, p. 203.]	The Grammar School and Almshouses of Anthony Browne, Serjeant-at-Law at Brentwood.	The Master and Wardens of the School, Christopher Thomas Tower (the Patron), and Charles Tower (late Master of the School); and, by supplemental information, William Tower (Master of the School); and, by further supplemental information, George Tufnell (Master of the School), and Maria Tower (Widow of the Defendant), William Tower (deceased).	The decree has been made in the supplemental suit, and the accounts have been completed. A sum of 2,000 *l.* has been paid into court in satisfaction of the claims against Mrs. Tower. New almshouses have been erected; the schoolhouse and master's residence have been repaired, and the school reopened under a new master; a proposal for the sale of the old almshouses has been allowed by the master.
71. Bristol, Somerset [Charity Commissioners' Report, Vol. 32, 2, p. 719.]	Colston's Hospital	The Master, Wardens, and Commonalty of Merchant Venturers of the City of Bristol, and Joseph Hellicar, the Treasurer of the Society.	The report, as to property, has been made, and the accounts taken.
72. Bristol, Somerset [Charity Commissioners' Report, 7, p. 212.]	Yeaman's Charity	Matthew Brickdale, since deceased, and 24 Others, Select Vestrymen, Parish Officers, and Feoffees of St. Mary Redcliffe, Bristol.	The report mentioned in the last Return has been confirmed, and the erection of infant schools ordered. The fund has been transferred to the trustees.
73. Burwell, Cambridge [Charity Commissioner's Report, 31, p. 151.]	The Church and Town Estate.	The Rev. James Robinson Baines, and Others (the Trustees), and by order to revive, Harriet Baines.	The trustees have been appointed, and the accounts taken. The balance of 629 *l.* 18 *s.* 6 *d.* has been paid in.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
45 – 8	- - -	- - By the recovery of property held adversely, and the surrender of leases, the annual income of the landed property of the charity has been raised from 43 *l.* 14 *s.* 6 *d.* to 67 *l.* 14 *s.* 6 *d.*	- - On applying to the Vice-Chancellor to confirm the Master's report, he thought it desirable that the scheme therein set forth should be amended in certain particulars. This has been done, and the scheme, as amended, is now under the consideration of the trustees.	- - The property consists of several houses, rentcharges, &c. producing 67 *l.* 14 *s.* 6 *d.* per annum, and of a sum of 550 *l.* Consols.
52 14 5	- - -	- - The present result is, that the annual sum of 83 *l.* 13 *s.* 4 *d.*, which was carried to the poor rate account, has been recovered for purposes of charity.	- - A scheme has been taken in, and is now under consideration.	- - The property consists of lands producing 83 *l.* 13 *s.* 4 *d.* per annum; and there is a sum of 791 *l.* 7 *s.* 5 *d.* Consols, and 55 *l.* 10 *s.* 6 *d.* cash in Court.
423 – 4	By the charity -	- - Leases of the charity property improperly granted have been set aside. The rights of the College, and the several schools, have been determined, and regulations have been prescribed by the Court for the future administration of the income.	- - - - - - - -	- - This property consists of houses, land, and stock in Consols, producing together an income of about 650 *l.*
312 14 11	- - Part by the charity, and 45 *l.* 17 *s.* 2 *d.* paid by the defendant, Mrs. Tower.	- - The particulars of the result of this cause, except so far as the claim against Mrs. Tower was concerned, were given in the last Return. The general result is, that the almshouses have been established on an improved scale, the rights of the patron and the trustees respectively have been ascertained and regulated, and provisions made securing the appointment of fit persons as masters, and for the re-establishment of the school; and part of the surplus funds of the almshouse endowment, which had much increased, has, by authority of Parliament, been carried to aid the funds of the school, which is now in successful operation.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property of the charity consists of lands and tithes, producing an income of about 1,166 *l.*
332 12 9	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - Suggestions for scheme are under consideration for better defining the course of administration and management of the hospital.	- - The charity property consists of lands and houses, producing an income of about 4,890 *l.*
74 6 7	By the charity -	- - The result, except so far as relates to the infant school, is given in the last Return.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of stock in Three per Cent. Consols, producing an income of about 200 *l.* per annum.
160 8 11	- - Part by the charity.	- - A balance due from the defendant has been recovered, and a scheme settled, under which the income, which had been misapplied, is to be applied in the repairs of the church, and the establishment of a school. The trustees have been put into possession of the property.	- - - - - - - -	- - The charity property consists of land and houses, producing an income of about 150 *l.* per annum.

(*continued*)

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
74. Canterbury, Kent - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 246.]	Jesus Hospital - -	- - The wardens and poor of the Hospital, John Marsh Wood, Edward Plummer (the Mayor), the Rev. James Croft, D. D., Dean of Canterbury, and the Bishop of Oxford; and, by supplemental information, the Very Rev. William Rowe Lyall, Dean of Canterbury, and Thomas Wilkinson, Mayor.	- - An order has been made for payment of the fund in court to the mortgagees of the charity property.
75. Carmarthen - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 28, p. 652.]	- - The Charities of Lord Chichester and Edmund Meyrick.	- - Herbert Evans Herbert, deceased, John Holliday Lloyd, and Jeremiah Walter Lloyd, and by information of revivor, Delme Seymour Davies, and Mary Ann Elizabeth his Wife, the Representatives of Herbert Evans Herbert.	- - Local inquiries have been made as to the nature of the scheme to be carried in, in consequence of which a petition was presented by the mayor and one of the aldermen of the borough for the consolidation of these charities with the Grammar School and Sir Thomas Powell's School, the appointment of the trustees for the consolidated charities, and a scheme for the management of them. An order has been made, consolidating the charities, and directing the appointment of trustees and the settlement of a scheme. A scheme for the establishment of one school, to be supported out of the funds of the three charities, has been settled, but could not be fully carried into effect until the resignation of the existing masters of the Grammar School and Sir Thomas Powell's School.
76. Carmarthen - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 28, p. 639.]	Rudd's Almshouses -	- - Lord Dynevor and John Walter Phillips.	- - The suit having abated by the death of Lord Dynevor, counsel advised that a fresh information should be filed. This has been done, and in the new suit a decree has been obtained, establishing the charity, directing inquiries to be made as to the propriety of taking proceedings to recover portions of the charity property which have been alienated, the appointment of trustees, and the settlement of a scheme.
77. Chatham, Kent - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 325.]	- - St. Bartholomew's Hospital.	- - The Very Rev. Robert Stevens, Dean of Rochester, and the Brethren of the Hospital of St. Bartholomew, near Rochester.	- - The leases are in course of renewal. Much difficulty has occurred with many of the lessees, who, after accepting the terms offered by the Attorney-general, declined, or neglected at last to take the new leases, preferring to let the existing leases run out. The receiver has passed his accounts.
78. Chester - - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 344.]	St. John's Hospital -	- - The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the City of Chester, John Finchett Maddock and the Marquis of Westminster, and Others, the Trustees of the Municipal Charities of the City, by original and supplemental informations.	- - The accounts of the Corporation have been taken. The balance of 701*l.* 9*s.* 8*d.* paid into court. A scheme has been settled. Terms of compromise with the defendants as to lands alienated have been settled by the Court. The Master's general report taken and confirmed, an order made, directing stay of proceedings against the Corporation, on payment of 850*l.* 6*s.* 10*d.* This sum has been paid in, new almshouses have been erected, and the chapel repaired. The receiver has been discharged, and trustees put in possession. Alterations proposed by the governors of the Blue Coat School in the part of the hospital buildings occupied by them.
79. Chichester, Sussex - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 645.]	- - St. James's Hospital, or Leper House.	- - The Reverend William Miller (Master of the Hospital), and the Bishop of Chichester, the Patron.	- - Trustees have been appointed, a scheme settled, the proceedings in the Master's Office completed, and the legal estate vested in the official trustee of charity lands.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
13 13 5	- - -	- - The property of the hospital has been ascertained and regulated, and the rights of the charity declared, and a scheme settled.	- - - - - - - -	- - The charity property consists of land, the annual income of which is about 680 *l.*
70 13 8	- - -	- - The property has been recovered from the defendants. The masters of the Grammar School and Sir Thomas Powell's School have resigned their offices, and the scheme has come into full operation.	- - Trustees have been appointed, under the order made on the hearing of the petition, and the proceedings under both the suit and petition are virtually at an end.	- - The property of Chichester and Meyrick's Charity consists of houses; the annual income is 35 *l.* The property of the Grammar School consists of land, houses, and rentcharge, and the annual income thereof is 44 *l.* 2 *s.* The property of Sir Thomas Powell's School consists of houses, and the annual income is 30 *l.*
108 18 7	- - Part paid by the charity.	- - The present result is that the charity has been established, 200 *l.* arrears of rentcharge recovered from Lord Dynevor, and directions given for the application of 1,429 *l.* 11 *s.* 11 *d.* in the saving bank of Llandilo.	- - Proceedings are about to be instituted to recover the alienated property.	- - The property consists of a rentcharge of 25 *l.* per annum, 161 *l.* 12 *s.* 4 *d.* Consols, and 1,191 *l.* 8 *s.* 5 *d.* cash in court, and land and cottages which have been alienated, of which the value is unascertained.
1,027 2 3 including 631 9 1 for surveyor's bills.	- - -	- - The present result is, as stated in the last return, that the former system of leasing on fines which the Master appropriated to his own use, has been put an end to, and that the present income of 160 *l.* will ultimately be increased to 3,638 *l.* 11 *s.*	- - The income has been increased by the granting of some leases on the surrender of old leases, but not to a sufficient extent to enable a scheme to be taken in. This will shortly be done.	- - The property consists of land and buildings, which produce 160 *l.* per annum, but of which the value is 3,638 *l.* 11 *s.*
373 15 7	- - Part by the charity, and part by the defendants.	- - The whole of the income of the charity property, part of which, to the extent of 500 *l.* and upwards per annum, had been applied by the corporation to their own purposes, has been recovered, and declared applicable to the charity, and large sums have been also recovered from the corporation for arrears of rents, and the produce of property sold. New almshouses have been built, and the trustees are empowered to allow one wing of the building to be occupied as a school at a nominal rent.	- - - - - - - -	- - The charity property consists of land and houses, with some quit-rents, and 2,891 *l.* 10 *s.* 4 *d.* Consols. The income is about 780 *l.* per annum.
94 3 10	By the charity -	- - The hospital buildings had long since fallen into ruins. The office of prior or master of the hospital had been usually given in augmentation of the stipend of one of the vicars of the cathedral, who received to his own use the rents of the hospital property, and the fines on the renewal of the leases. The office was a sinecure. In pursuance of the order of the Court, a scheme has been settled, under which the income is applied in aid of the funds of an infirmary and for a chaplain to attend there.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of houses and land, the annual value of which is about 130 *l.*

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FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
30. Corfe Castle, Dorset - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 20.]	Robert Abbott's Charity	- - George Kemp, Henry Harris, Joseph Willis, Robert Taylor, and William Panneter.	- - The costs have been in part paid by the charity; viz. 32*l.* 7*s.* 11*d.*
31. Cottingham, Lincoln [Charity Commissioners' Report, 9, p. 742.]	Cottingham Free School	- - William Hardy Carr, Sir Tatton Sykes, Benjamin Haworth, Abel Smith, Oswald Smith, Martin Tucker Smith, John Henry Smith, James Henwood, Edmund Smith, and John Philipson Martin.	- - The suit has been dismissed, the case being taken up by relators.
32. Deddington, Oxford - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 12, p. 334.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 4.]	The Feoffees' Land -	- - Samuel Field and Others (feoffees of the charity lands).	- - A decree has been made, directing an account of the receipts and payments of the defendants, from the time of their appointment in 1842; an inquiry under what circumstances a sum of 36*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.* had been allowed to remain in the hands of Samuel Churchill, late a trustee, and whether any loss had been sustained in consequence thereof; an inquiry whether any parts of the charity property had been sold, and whether such sales were beneficial to the charity; an inquiry of what the charity property consists, and the settlement of a scheme.
33. Dedham, Essex - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 27, p. 221.]	- - The Free Grammar School of Queen Elizabeth, in Dedham, the other Charities of Dedham.	- - The Governors of the School of Queen Elizabeth, in Dedham, the Lecturer of Dedham, the Vicar of Dedham, and the Churchwardens and Overseers of Dedham (by original and supplemental information).	- - The Master made his report, setting forth the property of the charity, and the trusts upon which the same was held. By the order made, on further directions, it was declared that a deed of 1669 (under which a considerable portion of the income had been applied in aid of a lectureship) was void, and the settlement of a scheme was directed. On making local inquiries, it was found that many other charities were under the management of the defendants, and that it was desirable that a general scheme should be obtained for all. A petition was presented, and an order obtained, for such a scheme. After much discussion with the defendants, the inhabitants and the master of the grammar school, a scheme applying to all the charities has been taken in.
34. Ewelme, Oxford - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 660.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 1, p. 6.]	Ewelme Almshouse -	- - The Chaplains and Poor Men of Ewelme Almshouse, John Kidd, Master of the Almshouse (since deceased), George David Faithfull, the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars of the University of Oxford, Her Majesty's Solicitor-general, and Thomas, Earl of Macclesfield; and, by supplemental information, Henry Alfred Napier, the new Master, and James Ardey Ogle, Regius Professor of Medicine at Oxford.	- - A decree has been obtained, declaring that the mode of letting at inadequate rents, and for fines, is improper, and ought to be discontinued, directing an inquiry what leases are now subsisting, and whether any proceedings should be taken for setting aside any of them, and directing the settlement of a scheme. A receiver has been appointed.
35. Exeter, Devon - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 6, p. 53.]	St. John's Hospital -	- - The Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the City of Exeter, and the Governors of the Hospital of St. John, and, by supplemental information, the Trustees of Municipal Charities of Exeter.	- - The Master made his report, which was confirmed by the Court, whereby he found that it would be fit and proper that the terms proposed by the corporation should be accepted and carried into effect. The terms of compromise were subsequently approved by the Court.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 1 7 -	—	—	—	—
9 3 10	—	—	—	—
211 8 4	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - The chief clerk has made his general certificate answering all the inquiries, and finding that a loss of 86 *l.* 10 *s.* 10 *d.* has been sustained by allowing the balance of that amount to remain in the hands of their co-trustee, Samuel Churchill, who became bankrupt, and approving a scheme, under which, after providing for the support of eight almspeople, one moiety of the income is to be applied for educational purposes in the parish, and the other moiety in purchasing coals for the poor there.	- - The property consists of land producing 115 *l.* 10 *s.* per annum, and a sum of 303 *l.* 6 *s.* Consols.
308 15 -	- - Part paid by the charity.	- - The present result is, that the annual sum of 116 *l.* has been recovered from the lecturer of Dedham, for the benefit of the grammar school and the poor.	- - The joint scheme is now under consideration by the Court.	- - The property in the suit consists of lands producing annually 116 *l.* per annum. The property of the other charities consists of lands producing annually 471 *l.* per annum.
974 12 2 including 572 5 - for surveyor's bills.	- - -	- - An income averaging 1,289 *l.* per annum, arising from rents and fines, will ultimately be increased to 5,368 *l.* 9 *s.* 11 *d.*	- - The inquiries directed by the decree are now being prosecuted. From the report of a surveyor, it appears that the fines paid on the granting of the several leases were not insufficient, and therefore that proceedings should not be taken for setting them aside. Proposals have been made to the lessees for changing their lifehold tenures into terms certain at increased rents, with the view of giving an immediate increase of income to the charity, which proposals are now under discussion.	- - The property consists of lands and houses, and the fair at Weyhill. The annual value of the property is 5,368 *l.* 9 *s.* 11 *d.*, the present income being 213 *s.* 4 *s.* 2¾ *d.*
267 6 8	- - By the defendants, the corporation of Exeter.	- - The corporation have given up to the charity: 1. All claim for 860 *l.* 12 *s.* 4 *d.*, for outlays in erecting the school; 2. The site of the school; 3. The Duryard Mill Tenement (subject to a term of 1,000 years); 4. The sum of 1,207 *l.* 7 *s.* 6 *d.* received from the Bristol and Exeter Railway Company; 5. The sum of 112 *l.* 10 *s.* received from the trustees of the Exeter turnpikes; 6. All claim for an account in respect of Sir Edward's gift; and in return for this the governors have given up: 1. All claim to an annuity of 20 *l.* out of Exe Island; 2. All claim to an annuity of 30 *l.* out of the Corn Market; 3. All claim to 285 *l.*, being the consideration for the lease of the Duryard Mill Tenement, and 4. All claim in respect of a bond for 1,300 *l.*, of the payment of which no evidence existed.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists o lands and buildings, producing an annual income of about 430 *l.* 8 *s.*, the annual value being about 1,100 *l.*, and of rents received from certain manors, producing an annual income of 360 *l.* 12 *s.* 2 *d.* in rents, besides the fines and heriots, which are uncertain, and of the sum of 1,207 *l.* 7 *s.* 6 *d.*

(*continued*)

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
86. Felstead, Much Waltham, and Little Leighs, Essex. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 29, p. 203.]	- - The School and Almshouses of Richard Lord Riche.	- - George Finch and George Harry Finch (Patrons). The Chaplain, Parochians, and Wardens of Felstead, and the Rev. Thomas Surridge, the Master; and, by supplemental information, the Vicar and Churchwardens of Felstead, the Churchwardens of Much Waltham and Little Leighs, the Bishop of London, and the Trustees of the Felstead Charities.	- - The receiver has passed his final account and been discharged. The existing buildings have been repaired for carrying on the school, until the funds shall be sufficient for the erection of new buildings. A piece of ground has been purchased for a play-ground. A new trustee has been appointed in the room of one disqualified, and certain alterations rendered necessary by the limited amount of the present accommodation have been made in the scheme.
87. Folkington, Sussex - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 752.]	- - Sir William Thomas's Charities.	- - William Harrison, and, by supplemental information, Charles Harrison, James Hodgson, and John King, his Representatives.	- - The suit has been compromised by the paying the balance found due, and the costs up to the hearing. A scheme has been settled, and trustees appointed.
88. Fowey, Cornwall - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 1, p. 460.]	- - The Free School of Fowey.	- - John Gilbert and Henry Johns, and, by supplemental information, John Gilbert.	- - The scheme has been settled and sanctioned, and trustees appointed; an order made for payment out of the funds of the charity of certain sums advanced by one of the trustees whilst the property was withheld. The receiver has been discharged, and the trustees placed in possession.
89. General Charity - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 24, p. 586.]	Francis Ashton's Charity	- - Thomson Hankey, William Alers Hankey, Robert Long, and Thomas Hankey, and, by bill of revivor and supplemental information, Thomas Ball Troughton.	- - The order mentioned in the last Return has been carried into effect, and the costs, including those incurred since 1848, have been taxed and paid.
90. General Charity - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 26, p. 768].	The Godolphin Charities	- - Robert Long (since deceased), Harry Biggs, and Margaretta Ann, his wife, and Charles Marshall Godolphin Cobbe (the Patrons as coheirs of the Founder); and, by information of revivor, Caroline Cobbe and Frances Cobbe, the co-heiresses of Charles Marshall Godolphin Cobbe; and, by second information of revivor, Thomas Ball Troughton, the executor of Robert Long.	- - The Master made his general report, which was confirmed by the Court, whereby schemes for the ladies' school at Salisbury, and a boys' middle school in Middlesex, were approved, and trustees have subsequently been appointed for each charity.
91. General Charity - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 421.]	Thomas Howell's Charity	The Drapers' Company - -	- - An Act of Parliament has been obtained for confirming and carrying into effect the scheme, and for other purposes. Sites for the two schools have been selected and approved.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
523 1 10	- - Part by the charity and part by the Maldon Railway Company.	- - The charities were founded by Lord Riche, by six deeds under Letters Patent of 1 & 2 Philip and Mary (with an additional endowment by Lady Augusta Finch in 1797), for the support of almshouses and a school, with provision for supplying herrings at Easter to the poor of the parishes mentioned in Column 1, and for a Sermon on Whitsunday. The governing body consisted of a chaplain, the "Parochiani" of Felstead, and the churchwardens of that parish; they were a corporation. Under this management the school had fallen into decay. There were no scholars, the masters' offices were practically sinecures. The property constituting the endowment was much mismanaged, and let at inadequate rents. By the provisions of the scheme, and the Act of Parliament confirming it, the old corporation has been dissolved, and a body of 11 trustees established for the government of the charities. The gifts of herrings have been commuted for fixed payments to the respective parishes, to be applied in clothing, firing, or medical relief and comforts, for the poor in sickness. The income of the charities has been raised from 407 *l.* 9 *s.* to about 1,700 *l.* per annum. The school has been re-established on the system of a boarding school, the boarding establishment being managed by the trustees, and the boys paying for board the sum which it actually costs, with capitation fees, in aid of the cost of education. Day scholars are also admitted, but the population is not sufficient to supply many (for which reason the system of boarding was adopted). There are four masters; the education given is of the best description; the school is full, and in every respect successful. It is carried on in the old buildings, which have been repaired and extended. The new buildings directed by the scheme cannot be erected until the falling in of certain life annuities, granted under the order of the Court as retiring pensions to past masters.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of land and tithes, the income derived from which is about 1,700 *l.* per annum.
93 9 4	By the charity -	- - The balance due from defendant has been recovered, and a scheme settled.	- - - - - - - -	- - The charity property consists of two rentcharges of 5 *l.* and 6 *l.*
248 18 3	By the charity -	- - The whole of the charity property which was held adversely has been recovered, together with 538 *l.* 14 *s.* Consols, and 266 *l.* dividend thereon, which had been carried to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt. The charity has been regulated by a scheme, and trustees have been appointed.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of land and buildings, producing an annual income of about 260 *l.*
133 6 3	By the charity -	*See* the last Return, No. 113.	—	—
360 4 -	By the charities	- - The sums of 1,908 *l.* 3 *s.* 9 *d.* Consols, and 1,306 *l.* 4 *s.* 8 *d.* cash, have been recovered, which, through the negligence of a former trustee, had been transferred to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt. The ladies' school at Salisbury, which is the subject of one branch of the charity, has been placed on an improved footing. The other branch of the charity formerly applied for eleemosynary purposes is devolved to a good school for the middle classes in Middlesex. Both branches of the charity have been placed under the management of efficient trustees.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property belonging to the ladies' school consists of lands, houses, and stock, producing about 400 *l.* per annum; and the property belonging to the Godolphin Schools consists of houses, producing 450 *l.* per annum, and about 4,300 *l.* in Stock.
1,094 7 7	By the charity -	- - - - - - - -	- - Proceedings are in progress for completing the purchase of the sites, and erecting the schools at Llandaff and Denbigh.	- - The charity property consists of land and houses and 33,640 *l.* 4 *s.* 9 *d.* Consols, producing together an annual sum of about 2,800 *l.*, subject to the provisions for the purchase of sites and erecting the buildings.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
92. Goring, Oxford [Charity Commissioners' Report, 8, p. 516.]	Henry Alnutt's Charity	William Morland and William Harding.	An order has been obtained on the petition of the trustees for application of an additional sum out of surplus income towards the erection of a schoolroom and master's residence, and to increase the salaries of the masters.
93. Greatham, Durham [Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 764.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 15.]	Greatham Hospital	The Honourable Augustus Barrington, the Right Rev. Edward Lord Bishop of Durham, and the Master and Brethren of the Hospital of God, in Greatham.	A decree has been made by which it is declared that the master is not entitled to apply to his own use the surplus income, and that the system of letting upon fines ought to be discontinued. The decree also directed an inquiry as to the property and the lease thereof, and an account and scheme. The inquiries have been made, and a scheme settled, which is about to be certified to the Court.
94. Greenwich [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 397.]	Queen Elizabeth's Hospital.	William Lambard, Sir Percival Hart Dyke, bart., the Rev. Thomas Randolph, and the President and Governors of Queen Elizabeth's College.	The Master made his Report (which has been confirmed by the Court), relative to the repairs which should be done, and the lease to be granted to the defendant William Lambard, as directed by the Court.
95. Guildford, Surrey [Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 881.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 1, p. 7.]	The Hospital of the Blessed Trinity in Guildford.	The Master and Brethren of the Hospital of the Blessed Trinity in Guildford, Andrew Hooke, and the Archbishop of Canterbury.	A decree has been made dismissing the information, so far as it related to the hospital over which the Archbishop of Canterbury claimed the right of visitation, but directing an inquiry of what the property belonging to the manufacturing endowment consisted; that the then mode of letting the property on fines should be discontinued; and also directing the settlement of a scheme for the application of its income and the appointment of trustees. Local inquiries have been made, and, in accordance with the wishes of the inhabitants, a petition presented for the consolidation of the Manufacturing Charity with the Bluecoat School Charity, and an order made directing the consolidation of the two schools and the establishment of a middle school for boys, and the application of the income of the consolidated charities towards the support of the combined schools. Trustees have been appointed.
96. Hartlebury, Worcester	The Free Grammar School.	The Governors of the School and the Bishop of Worcester.	The costs have been taxed and paid
97. Hartlepool, Durham [Charity Commissioners' Report, 23, p. 92.]	Henry Smith's Charity	The Earl of Onslow and others (General Trustees of the Charity), and the Rev. Robert Taylor and others (the Local Trustees).	A decree has been made directing an inquiry into the mode of appointing the local trustees, into the circumstances under which certain leases of the property had been made. The settlement of a scheme has also been directed. The inquiries directed by the decree have been made, the leases confirmed, and a scheme settled.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 11 5 6	By the charity.	—	—	—
262 19 6	- - -	- - The present result is that the system of leasing on fines which were applied by the master to his own use has been put an end to, whereby the income of the charity will eventually be raised from 1,412*l.* 16*s.* 2*d.* to 4,769*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.*	- - The chief clerk is about to certify the result of the inquiries and a scheme for the regulation of the charity to the Court. The claims of some of the lessees to additional terms are under consideration, and will be partially conceded on the ground of outlay.	- - The property consists of land and houses of the annual value of 4,769*l.* 3*s.* 2*d.*, the present reserved rents amounting to 1,412*l.* 16*s.* 2½*d.* per annum. The hospital also possesses the advowson of Greatham.
99 14 4	By the charity	- - Leases of the charity property, at annual rents amounting to 102*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*, were set aside, and under the sanction of the Court a lease of the property has been granted to the defendant William Lambard for his own life and 30 years afterwards, at the rent of 300*l.* At the expiration of this lease the charity will become entitled to the whole annual value, which is now estimated at 600*l.*	- - - - - - - -	- - The property in question in this cause consists of lands, whereof the annual value is about 600*l.* The annual income which will arise to the charity during the lease is 300*l.*
305 - 2 of which 68 5 - consists of a surveyor's bill.	- - -	- - The income of the property belonging to the manufacturing endowment has been recovered, and is devoted to purposes of education. Some old buildings will be repaired, and converted into a school and master's residence, and by the consolidation of the two charities the income of the Bluecoat School, which school had been discontinued, is devoted to the purposes for which it was given.	- - It only remains that the plans of the proposed school and residence should be approved by the Court.	- - The property consists of land, of one-third of the endowment purchased subsequently to the foundation out of the accumulated income of the hospital, and manufacturing endowment. The income of the manufacturing endowment is about 153*l.* per annum, to which must be added dividends on 840*l.* stock, formerly the endowment of the Bluecoat School.
33 - 6	By the charity	- - The system of leasing has been put an end to; certain leases set aside. The charity property, which, as let under the old system, produced 99*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.* per annum, has been relet for 388*l.* A scheme has been settled, and the school established on an enlarged scale.	- - - - - - - -	- - Land, producing an annual income of about 388*l.*
238 15 1	- - Part paid by the charity.	- - The old system of an election of trustees annually by the ratepayers, which led to many evils, has been reformed; the general trustees of Smith's Charity, in London, have been released from further responsibility in this matter, and thereby the necessity of obtaining their concurrence in all leases of and dealings of the charity property, which led to great expense, has been put an end to. The legal estate in the lands has been vested in the Official Trustee of Charity Lands. The leases have been confirmed, and a scheme settled, under which the income, which was formerly applied in apprenticeships, is now to be applied in apprenticeships, and for supporting a sailors' hospital and schools for the poor.	- - Local trustees are about to be appointed.	- - The property consists of lands and houses, now producing about 280*l.* per annum; but the land is becoming valuable for building purposes, and the income may eventually increase to 1,000*l.*

(*continued*)

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
98. Hayes, Middlesex; Petersham, Surrey; Westminster School.	-- Dr. Thomas Triplett's Charity.	-- The Rev. Edward Ward and James Ward (Lessees), and Robert Willis Blencowe, John Neville Freeman, John Henry Gell, George Giles Vincent, William Egerton Gell, Allen Blizard, and Robert Thornley (Trustees of the Charity).	-- The appeal by the defendants against the Order of the Vice-Chancellor (by which the award of the Tithe Commissioner, giving 43 *l.* 2 *s.* 4 *d.* to the charity was supported), was dismissed, and the award confirmed. The determined system of litigation which the defendants have pursued was thereupon resumed in the Master's Office on the accounts. By his report, a balance of 1,578 *l.* 11 *s.* 4 *d.* was found to be due from the defendants; they excepted to the report, and the Order was obtained, on further directions, directing the payment of the balance, an inquiry as to whether the advowson of Haughley should be sold, and a scheme. Proceedings under this Order are now pending.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 10, p. 307.]			
99. Heavitree, Devon -	Anne Serle's Gift - -	Ann Wolland - - - - -	-- The Master, to whom the cause was referred, was about to report that 243 *l.* 8 *s.* 10 *d.* was the balance due to the charity on account of the personal estate of the testatrix when the defendant, the executrix, died. Her representatives, under the sanction of the Court, paid this sum with interest into court. A final order has since been obtained, vesting the balance of the fund, after payment of costs, in the Official Trustees of Charitable Funds, directing the mode of applying the income for the benefit of the poor of Heavitree, and appointing trustees.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 10, p. 136.]			
100. Hemsworth, York -	-- The Free Grammar School of Archbishop Holgate.	-- The Right Rev. Thomas Lord Archbishop of York (Patron), and the Rev. John Barnes Graham (Master of the School).	-- A decree has been made declaring that the charity is entitled to the rents of the lands, and that the same ought henceforth to be let at the best rents to be obtained, without fines; directing an inquiry what leases there are; directing the settlement of a scheme for the future regulation of the charity and school, and declaring that the instruction in the school should be extended to general knowledge. The inquiries directed by the decree have been prosecuted, and a scheme taken in, but its prosecution has been suspended to see the result of the scheme in Hemsworth Hospital, under which it is proposed to give 300 *l.* a year to this school. With this aid the school may be rebuilt, and established on a most efficient basis as a good middle school.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 19, p. 551.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 6.]			
101. Hemsworth, York -	-- The Hospital of Archbishop Holgate.	-- The Rev. Charles Edward Armstrong (Master of the Hospital).	-- A decree has been made directing an inquiry of what the charity property consists, and under what leases it is held, and what is the real value thereof; and that the informant should be at liberty to lay before the Court proposals for a scheme for the future management of the estates and property, and the mode to be adopted of leasing and letting the same, and for the future application of the income thereof. The system of leasing the property and applying the income which had hitherto been acted upon having formerly been sanctioned by the Court, the interests of the existing master, brethren, and sisters have not been disturbed. The inquiries directed by the decree, as to the property and otherwise, have been prosecuted, and a scheme taken in. By this scheme it was proposed to give 750 *l.* a year to the Hemsworth Grammar School, and 250 *l.* a year to the Old Malton Grammar School, both founded by Archbishop Holgate. But this gave rise to so much opposition that it has been deemed advisable to limit the grant to Hemsworth School to 300 *l.* a year, and to apply 420 *l.* a year in promoting the education of the poor in the neighbourhood of the hospital.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 19, p. 555.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, (1849), 2. p. 5.]			

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property, and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 186 17 5	- - -	- - The lease for 999 years of the charity property has been set aside, whereby the income of the charity has been raised from 40 *l.* to 708 *l.*	- - The inquiries directed by the order on further directions are pending. A scheme is under consideration, and is nearly arranged, under which the income will be devoted to scholarships from Westminster School, to a boys' school at Hayes, and to eleemosynary and educational purposes at Petersham and Richmond.	- - The property consists of land, tithes, and stock, whereof the annual income is about 708 *l.* The proceeds of the advowson of Haughley are estimated to produce 30 *l.* per annum.
28 4 8	- - -	- - The sum of 243 *l.* 8 *s.* 10 *d.*, with 112 *l.* 3 *s.* for arrears of interest, has been recovered from the defendant, as the representative of the testatrix, Ann Serle.	- - - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of a sum of 291 *l.* 10 *s.* 4 *d.* Consols, in court.
242 11 11	- - -	- - The present result is, that the lease to the master for his own benefit is set aside; the system of letting on fines put an end to.	- - When the scheme for Hemsworth Hospital has been taken in, this scheme will be prosecuted, and the suit brought to an end.	- - The property of the charity consists of a schoolhouse, tithes, and lands, whereof the annual income for the present year, after setting aside the said lease, will be 250 *l.* or thereabouts, but after the termination of other leases will be 370 *l.*
553 10 10 of which 299 11 - consists of a surveyor's bill.	- - -	- - The system of leasing on fines has been put an end to, and the income, which, with rents and fines, averaged about 2,800 *l.*, will ultimately be increased to 3,261 *l.* 15 *s.* 7 *d.* The stipends of the almspeople, which being upwards of 100 *l.* a year each, and much more than sufficient for their wants, were for the most part obtained and spent by unworthy relatives, will be reduced to 40 *l.* each, and the surplus and increased income applied for eleemosynary and educational purposes.	- - The second scheme is about to be proceeded with.	- - The property consists of farms and lands of the annual value of 3,261 *l.* 15 *s.* 7 *d.*, the annual income being at present 2,349 *l.* 4 *s.* 1½ *d.*

(*continued*)

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)--*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
102. Hereford - - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 56.]	Mary Price's Almshouses	- - Henry Harcourt Aubrey (out of the jurisdiction), inserted, by amendment, in the place of Frederick Wynne Aubrey, Giovanni Aubrey, Bezzi and Charlotte his wife, George Pawnal Adams, and George Leach, and, by supplemental information, Richard Pemberton.	- - The defendant, Henry Harcourt Aubrey, has been found, and served. The inquiries directed by the decree have been prosecuted, and a scheme taken in; but at the request of the Charity Commissioners, the settlement of this scheme has stood over to await the result of their general inquiry into the charities of Hereford. The receiver continues in receipt of the rents, and pays the almspeople.
103. Heytesbury, Wilts - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 27, p. 739.]	- - The Hospital of Walter and Robert, late Lords of Hungerford and Heytesbury.	- - The Custos; Poor Men and Women of the Almshouse of Walter and Robert, late Lords of Hungerford and Heytesbury; the Rev. John Knight, the Custos; the Dean and Chapter of Salisbury, the Visitors; and Lord Heytesbury, the Patron.	- - The Master has made his report, by which he found of what the charity property consisted, and that the net annual income was 1,138*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.*, and that the average annual expenditure was 819*l.* 14*s.* 7*d.*, leaving thereby a surplus of 318*l.* 9*s.* 8*d.* per annum. By the order made on further directions, the Court declared that the system of letting the freehold lands on fines at small reserved rents should be discontinued, and directed that a scheme should be settled, and an inquiry made whether it would be expedient that the copyholds should be enfranchised.
104. Humberstone, Lincoln. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 425.]	- - The Free School and Almshouses.	- - John Lord Carrington; the Bishop of Exeter; Francis Turner, John Beadnell, and Joseph Gedge.	- - The fund has been transferred to the trustees.
105. Isleham, Cambridge - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 163.]	The Fen Charity - -	- - William Dunn Gardner and others, the Trustees of the Charity.	- - A receiver has been appointed. He has made fruitless attempts to recover possession of the charity property. Some of the intruders have been committed to gaol for contempt in retaining possession of the property.
106. Islington - - -	- - Lady Packington's Charity.	- - The Clothworkers' Company -	- - Proceedings for settling lease to Mr. Rhodes.
107. Kirk Leatham, Yorkshire. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 8, p. 734.]	- - Turner's Free Grammar School.	- - Henry Vansittart and Dame Teresa his wife (Patrons); the Rev. Henry Ingelby (Master); the Rev. Edward Shaw (Usher), and the Master, Brethren, and Sisters, Visitor, Master, and Usher of the Hospital and Free School of Sir William Turner; and by supplemental information, Arthur Newcomen (deceased) and Teresa his wife (Patrons), and the Rev. James Holme (Usher).	- - The proposal for compromise of the defendant Mrs. Newcomen has been approved by the Court. The inquiries directed have been made, and a scheme has been settled for the management of the charity, and the application of the income thereof, and trustees have been appointed.
108. Kirton, Sutterton, Wyberton, Frampton, Algarkirk, and Fosdike, Lincoln. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 38.]	- - The Free Grammar School of Thomas Middlecott.	- - The Rev. John Dudley; the Rev. Charles Wildbore and John Lee Wildbore; and the Rev. Francis Swan (since deceased); and the Rev. Charles Boothby (deceased); Joshua Aspland and James Stephenson; and by first supplemental information, the Rev. William Ludlow; and by second supplemental information, the Rev. William George Nott.	- - The final account of the receiver passed. Balance paid, the receiver discharged, and the trustees placed in possession.
109. Lanivett, Cornwall - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 1, p. 483.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 1, p. 9.]	The Parish Lands - -	- - Thomas James Agar Robartes and others, the Trustees of the Charity.	- - Cause heard, and decree made, referring it to the Master to inquire of what the property consisted, to settle a scheme, and appoint trustees. The inquiries have been completed, new trustees appointed, and a scheme settled.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
134 10 2	- - Part paid by the defendants.	- - The property has been recovered from the defendants, who paid only 15 *l.* a year to the almspeople, retaining the residue for themselves.	- - The scheme awaits the result of the general inquiry of the Charity Commissioners into the charities of Hereford.	- - The property consists of houses, of which the annual income is 62 *l.* 7 *s.* 3 *d.*, and of about 250 *l.* stock in Court.
305 8 6 of which 229 8 4 consists of a surveyor's bill.	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - A scheme is about to be taken in, by which provision will be made for regulating and keeping up the hospital on its present footing until, by the falling in of the leases or otherwise, a scheme can be settled for applying beneficially an increased income. It is proposed not to renew the copyholds for lives, unless by the custom it is required.	- - The property consists of two manors and land of the net annual value of 2,865 *l.* 7 *s.* 6 *d.*, and of 8,500 *l.* stock. The present income is about 1,138 *l.* 4 *s.* 3 *d.*
16 5 10	- - By the defendants.	- - A rentcharge of 40 *l.* per annum, with arrears, have been reserved for the charity.	- - - - - - -	- - The charity property consists of a rentcharge of 40 *l.*
86 12 11	- - 9 *l.* paid by the defendants for costs of contempt.	- - - - - -	- - Application is about to be made to the Court to sanction the employment of paid constables, and the employment of the military to regain and keep possession of the charity property.	- - The property consists of 56 acres of fen land of the annual value of 50 *l.* In addition to the value of the turf now on the land is about 400 *l.*, and the future turf getting is valued at 20 *l.* a year.
2 1 8	- - To be paid by lessee.	—	—	—
210 4 6	- - -	- - The whole income of the charity (of which 150 *l.* a year had been applied in payments to a master and usher, who held their offices as sinecures) will in future be applied for the support of the Grammar School. By the terms of compromise, the old schoolhouse is to be conveyed to Mrs. Newcomen, who is to give a site in the adjoining hamlet for a new school, with 1,500 *l.* for equality of exchange.	- - - - - - -	- - The property of the charity consists of lands producing 293 *l.* per annum, and a sum of 962 *l.* 14 *s.* 9 *d.* Consols, now in Court, with 1,500 *l.*, to be paid for equality of exchange by Mrs. Newcomen.
20 - -	By the charity -	- - The school, which had fallen into decay and become useless, has been re-established ; a new school and master's residence has been built ; a master has been appointed, and the school is in operation.	- - - - - - -	- - Land, producing an income of about 110 *l.* per annum.
147 19 10	By the charity -	- - The income of the charity, which had been applied in aid of the poor rates, has, under the directions of the Court, been applied in the support of schools for boys and girls, with 10 *l.* per annum for an apprentice fee, the preference being given to children educated in the schools.	- - - - - - -	- - The charity property consists of land and houses producing an income of 148 *l.* 10 *s.*

(*continued*)

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
110. Lewes, Sussex - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 706.]	The Pest House - -	- - Christopher Kell, William Polhill Kell, John Hoper, William Franklin Hick (deceased), John Blacker, William Madgwick (deceased), George Molyneux and Joseph King, being the Paving and Lighting Commissioners.	- - Proposals brought in by the trustees for the purchase of a site for the Dispensary have been allowed, and the site purchased; the fund in Court has been transferred to the trustees.
111. Lincoln - - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 394.]	The Meer Hospital -	- - William Colegrave, and the Rev. Richard Pretyman.	- - The defendant, William Colegrave, having submitted certain proposals for compromise, an order was made referring it to the Master, to ascertain whether they were such as should be accepted. The Master made his Report approving the terms; and setting out the boundaries between the lands of the defendant and of the charity. This Report was subsequently confirmed by the Court, and an order made establishing the lease, which expired in February 1854.
112. Lincoln - - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 394.]	The Meer Hospital -	- - The Rev. Richard Pretyman (the Master), the Dean and Chapter of Lincoln, and the Bishop of Lincoln, as Patrons.	- - The lease to Major Colegrave having expired, a new lease has been granted (under the direction of the Court) of the Meer Hall Farm, at a rent of 1,350 *l.* per annum, the lessors paying all outgoings.
13. Llanfwrog, Denbigh - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 3, p. 72.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 9.]	- - The Hospital or Almshouse at Lanfwrog.	Lord Bagot - - - -	- - A decree has been made declaring that the proposal made by the defendant to pay 1,900 *l.*, and confirm the estate of the charity, should be carried into effect, and referring it to the Master to appoint trustees, and settle a scheme. This has been done.
114. Llanrwst, Denbigh - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 3, p. 54.]	Jesus Hospital - -	- - Lord Willoughby D'Eresby, Sir Watkin Williams Wynne, the Honourable Charles Watkin Williams Wynne, and the Earl of Powis, Trustees of the Charity, and, by supplemental information, the Rev. Thomas Griffiths Roberts, John Wyatt, Watkin Charles Wynne, William Hanmer, Robert Jones, the Rev. John Boulgar, Lewis Kennedy, and the Rev. Holland Edwards (new Trustees).	- - The costs of the suit have been taxed and paid, and the fund transferred to the trustees; further accounts of the trustees have since been taken, and a balance of 440 *l.* 16 *s.* 11 *d.* found due from them, which has been invested.
115. London (St. Clement Danes). [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 805.]	The Holborn Estate -	- - Benjamin Bovill, George Goldsmith Kirby, Samuel Firmin, and Francis Gurnett Greens, Overseers; and Finny Eldershaw, and Henry Lewis, Churchwardens of the parish.	- - A site for the Commercial School has been purchased; an application has recently been made for the appointment of additional trustees and managers, which is now under consideration. The managers' accounts have been regularly passed.
116. London, St. Faith - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 22, p. 78.]	John Norton's Charity -	The Stationers' Company, London	- - The inquiries directed by the Court have been made. The consideration of the scheme has stood over until the income was sufficient for the establishment of a good middle school.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT on each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 23 19 1	- - 23 *l.* 10 *s.* 5 *d.* paid by the charity.	- - A sum of 450 *l.*, proceeds of sale of the pest house, with 832 *l.* 10 *s.* interest from 1808, has been removed from the Paving and Lighting Commissioners, and directions given for its application in aid of a dispensary.	—	—
66 14 3	- - -	- - Fifty acres of land have been recovered for the charity, and the boundaries have been defined.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property recovered in this suit forms part of that belonging to the next mentioned charity.
500 - 1 of which 101 5 - consists of a surveyor's bill.	- - -	- - The system of leasing on fines which the master applied to his own use has been put an end to, and the income raised from 32 *l.* to 1,400 *l.*	- - The charity having come into the receipt of its full income, a scheme for the regulation of the charity and the application of the income has been taken into the Master's office, and is now under consideration. By this it is proposed to apply the surplus income in grants to the diocesan school at Lincoln, and in establishing a middle school at Market Rasen, in the county of Lincoln.	- - The property consists of lands now producing 1,400 *l.* per annum, or thereabouts.
108 3 8	By the charity	- - The produce of part of the charity property which had been sold has been recovered with six years' arrears of rent, and other sums amounting in the whole to 1,900 *l.*, and the charity has been placed under the control of a body of trustees.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of lands producing about 88 *l.* per annum, and about 1,600 *l.*, the balance recovered from Lord Bagot, after payment of costs.
77 9 -	By the charity	- - The main question in this suit was as to the right of the charity to the tithes of Eglwsfach. These tithes have been declared to belong to the charity. The school, which had ceased to be a free school since 1803, and the almshouses which had not been occupied gratuitously since 1811, have been established upon an enlarged scale, and property producing in the whole an annual income of about 550 *l.* has been recovered, and a scheme settled for its due administration.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of tithes, with the school premises, and almshouses. The annual income is about 550 *l.*
76 14 5	- - 12 *l.* 16 *s.* 5 *d.* paid by the charity.	- - The income of the charity, which now amounts to about 4,440 *l.* per annum, and of which 350 *l.* per annum was formerly applied in aid of the poor-rates, is now applied in the support of almshouses, and of two infant schools, and in aid of other schools, in apprenticing poor children, and in donations to King's College Hospital, the Metropolitan Free Hospital, the Public Dispensary, the Society for relieving Lying-in Women, and the District Visiting Society. The scheme directs also the establishment of a commercial school, for which the trustees have recently provided a site.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of houses and premises, and stock in the funds. The annual income is about 4,440 *l.*
44 16 6	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - A scheme has been taken in for the regulation of the charity, and is now under consideration. By this it is proposed to apply the income in maintaining a middle school for the use of the sons of liverymen, and freemen of the company.	- - The property consists of rentcharges, and shares of houses of the annual value of about 230 *l.*, and of 7,299 *l.* 6 *s.* 11 *d.* Consols.

(*continued*)

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
117. London (St. Michael-le-Querne). [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 333.]	- - Thomas Walker, and Thomasine Leyland's Charities.	- - The Rev. Tindal Thompson Walmsley, Rector of the parish; John Newbury, and Henry Gaze, Parish Officers, and, by supplemental information, the Rev. Thomas Pelham Dale, in the place of the Rev. Tindal Thompson Walmsley, deceased.	- - The defendants' accounts have been taken, Trustees of the charities appointed, and a scheme for the future administration of the charities settled. The costs have been taxed and paid, and the suit concluded.
118. London, St. Stephen, Walbrook. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 14, p. 554, and 32, 2, p. 360.]	- - Thomas Dickinson's Charity.	- The Rev. George Stephen Townley, clerk, Michael Gibbs, John Pelly Atkins, John Dobson, Thomas Brockbank, Daniel Ralph Munn, and Francis Alvin, being the Rector and parish officers.	- - The accounts of the churchwardens have been taken, and the charity property let upon repairing leases.
119. Loughborough, Leicester. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 5, p. 386.]	- - Thomas Burton's School and other charities.	- - Joseph Gains, John Thomas, Thomas Woodcock, and Edward Warner (Overseers of the Parish), and William Middleton and others (Trustees of the Charity).	- - The buildings, which were in the last return mentioned as in course of erection, for the grammar and commercial schools, have been completed, and the schools opened. The sum required to be raised on mortgage has been raised. The inquiries under order on further directions have been prosecuted; the final report has been obtained, with the order confirming it, and the cause is at an end.
120. Margate, St. John, Kent. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 550.]	- - Michael Yoakley's Charity.	- - Joseph Jackson Lister, John Saunderson, Jacob Hagen, Peter Bedford, Joseph Neatby, and John Morland.	- - Petition presented by the trustees praying for certain additional powers as to accumulating a portion of the income, and order made accordingly.
121. Merthyr Tydvil, Glamorgan. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 3, p. 409.]	John Williams' Charity	- - William Thompson, Thomas Seaton Forman (since deceased), the Rev. Daniel Davis, William Morgan, and Thomas Morgan (two suits), and by information of revivor, William Henry Forman, executor of Thomas Seaton Forman.	- - The defendants put in their answer, and evidence was gone into. Before the hearing a proposal was made by defendant, William Henry Forman, that he should transfer the sum of 100*l.* Consols, in order to represent the annual rent of 3*l.* and pay the sum of 2,500*l.* in satisfaction for all claims for part workings of the mines, and a royalty for future workings, and that in return for the same the trustees of the charity should convey to him the fee of the land which he held under a lease expiring in 1883, and that the information should be dismissed without costs as against him and the representatives of the late defendants Thompson and Forman. On the hearing, the Court sanctioned this compromise, and proceedings are in course of prosecution to carry it into effect.
122. Mottram, Chester [Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 495.]	- - The Free Grammar School.	- The Rev. William Johnson, Vicar of Mottram, Samuel Oliver, and Samuel Schofield; and, by supplemental information, David Seddon, Vicar of Mottram, and the new Trustees of the Charity.	- - The accounts directed by the decree have been taken, and the balances paid into court. By the order on further directions, a scheme is to be settled for a middle school at Mottram.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
94 16 –	By the charity	The application of the surplus income of the charity, amounting to about 100 *l.* per annum in aid of the parish rates, has been put an end to; trustees have been appointed; the accounts of the defendants have been taken, and a balance of 655 *l.* 12 *s.* 6 *d.* recovered from them; and a scheme has been settled under which the surplus income, after providing for the repairs of the parish church of St. Michael-le-Querne, is for the future to be applied in the relief of reduced householders in the parish, or servants in the General Post-office.	- - - - - - - -	The property consists of houses. The annual income is about 192 *l.* 10 *s.*
42 5 8	By the charity.	The charity property, which was formerly let at the rent of 18 *l.* per annum, now produces a yearly income of 45 *l.* The churchwardens' accounts have been taken, and a balance of 165 *l.* 10 *s.* recovered from them, and the charity property has been vested in the trustees.	- - - - - - - -	The charity property consists of messuages and ground. The annual income is 45 *l.*
142 11 4	31 *l.* 17 *s.* 3 *d.* paid by the defendants, and the rest by the charity.	The surplus income of this charity, which at the commencement of the proceedings amounted to about 600 *l.* per annum, was applied in aid of the poor-rates. Under the provisions of the scheme, and by the proceedings in the cause, trustees have been appointed, and the whole of the income is now applied in the support of a grammar and commercial school for boys, a middle school for girls, and two schools on the Lancasterian system, one for each sex. Part of the land constituting the endowment has, under the direction of the Court, been laid out as recreation ground for the inhabitants.	- - - - - - - -	The property remains the same as stated in the previous return, except that the new buildings have been added, at a cost of about 6,000 *l.*
10 3 2	By the charity.	—	—	—
348 4 10 of which 185 *l.* consists of a mineral surveyor's bill.	- - -	- - - - - - -	The draft of a deed for carrying out the proposed compromise is about to be settled by the Court.	The property will consist of the said sum of 100 *l.* Consols of the royalties to be paid under the deed of arrangement, and of the residue of the 2,500 *l.* to be paid by defendants after payment of costs.
39 13 10	Part paid by the charity.	The master of the school, which was much neglected, has been removed, and made to account for the rents. Trustees have been appointed, and the charity property conveyed to them.	A scheme for the establishment of a middle school for boys at Mottram is under discussion. It is expected that subscriptions will be given in aid of the funds.	The property consists of land, houses, and a rentcharge. The income is 45 *l.* per annum.

(*continued*)

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
123. Necton, Norfolk [Charity Commissioners' Report, 29, p. 693.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 12.]	The Town Estate	William Mason, Theophilus Russell Buckworth, William Pearson, and William Gibson (the surviving trustees of the charity).	A decree has been made directing an account against the defendant, William Mason, a reference for the appointment of trustees and the settlement of a scheme. A receiver has been appointed, the chief clerk has made his general certificate, answering all the matters referred to him, and approving a scheme, under which one moiety of the income is applicable for the repairs of the parish church, and the other for the maintenance of schools in the parish.
124. Newark, Nottingham [Charity Commissioners' Report, 25, p. 445.]	St. Leonard's Hospital	The Rev. Joshua Brooke	The cause has been reheard on additional evidence, when the decision of Lord Langdale that the Master of the Hospital was entitled to the surplus income of the charity, after providing an adequate maintenance for the chaplain and two poor men, was reversed.
125. Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Northumberland. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 23, p. 393.]	The Hospital of St. Mary the Virgin.	The Rev. Edward Moises, deceased, Master of the hospital, and several members of his family, and the Master and Brethren of the Hospital of St. Mary the Virgin, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and the Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and, by supplemental information, the Rev. George Ferris Whidborne Mortimer (legatees of the Rev. Edward Moises), and the Rev. Robert Green, Master of the Hospital.	Designs for the new chapel and almshouses have been approved, the title to the site has been investigated, and the purchase completed; tenders for the new works have been accepted, new leases of various portions of the charity property have been granted, the accounts of the defendants have been proceeded with, inquiries have been made for the purpose of identifying a part of the charity property held by the Corporation of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, which has become mixed up with their common lands, and, it having been found impossible to ascertain the boundaries, an arrangement has recently received the sanction of the Court, under which the Corporation are about to purchase the land of the charity.
126. Newmarket, Flint (Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 3, p. 216.)	John Wynne's School	Edward Mostyn Lloyd Mostyn	After several communications with the defendant, terms of arrangement were offered, which were approved by an order of the Court, by which it was referred to the Master to inquire if a good title could be made to the estate proposed to be charged with the rent of 80 *l.* in favour of the charity, and to the site proposed to be granted by the defendant for a school. By the terms of the compromise the defendant is to find and carry at his own expense, and at a cost of not less than 500 *l.*, lime, timber, and stone for the erection of the school.
127. Northampton (Charity Commissioners' Report, Vol. 31, p. 792.)	St. John's Hospital	The Rev. Richard Pretyman	The Master made his separate report, finding that proceedings ought to be instituted for the recovery of Piddington parsonage, which formerly belonged to the hospital. An information was accordingly filed, but the defendant set up certain Royal grants of the premises in question, and the suit was not further prosecuted.
128. Norwich (St Benedict), Norfolk. Charity Commissioners' Report, 27, p. 648.)	St. Benedict's Charity	Thomas Starling Day, and many others of the same name, Charles Weston, Robert Mason (deceased), Thomas Bone (deceased), and William Cork (deceased), and, by supplemental information, Patrick Johnson.	The Master has made his report, certifying that, under the particular circumstances and position of the charity, he had foreborne to settle scheme.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted
£. s. d. 179 14 9	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - The cause has been set down for hearing on further consideration. The amount to be paid by the railway company for the land taken by them is now being settled.	- - The property consists of land, producing 151 *l.* per annum, and a sum estimated at 325 *l.* to be received from a railway company for land.
246 19 4	- - -	- - The system of leasing at small reserved rents on fines which were applied by the master to his own use has been put an end to, and the property applicable to charity will be increased as the leases fall in, from 74*l.* 16*s.* to 1,242*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*	- - The inquiries directed by the decree on the rehearing as to the property of the charity and the leases thereof are in course of prosecution.	- - The property consists of lands and houses, whereof the reserved rents are now 74*l.* 16*s.*, the annual value being 1,242*l.* 13*s.* 3*d.*
594 4 7 of which 63*l.* consists of a surveyor's bill.	- - Part paid by the charity.	- - The system of leasing on fines, which the master applied to his own use, has been put an end to; a lease of part of the charity property had been set aside; the leases of the remainder of the property have been surrendered, and new leases have been granted. By these and other means the income has been increased from 42*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* to 1,850*l.*, and on the expiration of the present leases, will be raised to about 8,000*l.* An Act of Parliament has been obtained, under which the chapel and almshouses are to be rebuilt, and the surplus income applied in the support of a middle school.	- - The erection of the chapel and almshouses is about to be proceeded with. The scheme for the proposed school is under consideration.	- - The charity property consists of land and houses, and o 8,008*l.* Consols in court. The total annual income is now about 1,850*l.*, but it is expected will ultimately be increased to 8,000*l.*
196 3 11	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - The matter has been proceeded with in the Master's office, and an abstract of title laid before the conveyancing counsel, and his requisitions thereon are now being answered. A scheme has also been laid before the Master.	- - The property consists of rentcharge of 80*l.* per annum, and a sum of 1,721*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* Consols now in court.
291 19 2 of which 53 6 - consists of an architect's bill.	- - -	- - The system of leasing on fines, which were appropriated by the master to his own use, has been put an end to, and the income, which was 97 *l.* 3*s.*, and is now increased to 146*l.* 9*s.*, will eventually, when the leases fall in, be 2,209*l.* 16*s.* 7*d.*	- - The Master is about to make his final report, showing that it is not expedient to take any proceedings for the recovery of property which formerly belonged to, but is not now enjoyed by the hospital. The settlement of a scheme is suspended until the income shall have increased by the falling in of the leases.	- - The property consists of lands and houses. The present income is 146*l.* 9*s.* The annual value of the property is 2,209*l.* 16*s.* 7*d.*
142 5 6	- - Part paid by the charity.	- - - - - - -	- - The Court has made an order, in conformity with the Master's report, declaring that the income of the charity shall be applied in payment of the sum of 625*l.* (found due for outlays to the defendants, Day), with interest, and of the costs; and that until the same shall be paid off, the settlement of a scheme should be postponed.	- - The property consists of houses in Norwich of the annual value of 170*l.*, the present income being about 150*l.* per annum.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
129. Oxburgh (1), Norfolk	Hammond's Charity -	- - Sir Henry Bedingfield, and the Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge.	- - The balance of the costs of the suit has been paid.
Oxburgh (2), Norfolk	Thomas Hewar's Charity	- - Sir Henry Bedingfield (Lessee) and Dame Margaret Ann, his wife, Noah Winfield, and others (Surviving Trustees), Sir Henry Webb, and others, claiming an interest in the premises under a settlement.	- - - - - - - - -
Cockley Clay, Norfolk.	Yorker's Charity - -	Sir Henry Bedingfield - - -	- - - - - - - - -
130. Padstow, Cornwall -	- - The Poor Lands, Padstow, comprising the several charities of Nicholas Watts, Malachy Martin, William Surpruner, and John Randles.	John Phillips - - - -	- - A decree has been made directing an inquiry as to the propriety of taking proceedings to set aside the existing leases, the appointment of trustees, and the settlement of a scheme.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 1, p. 846.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 1, p. 12.]			
131. Pembroke - -	Pembroke Charities -	- - The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of Pembroke.	- - An order has been made, giving the Attorney-general liberty to accept the compromise proposed by the defendants. The sum of 174*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.* has been paid into court by the defendants, who have also paid the costs of the Attorney-general.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 28, p. 673.]			
132. Plymouth, Devon -	- - The Hospital of Orphan's Aid.	- - The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of Plymouth, Charles Cobley Whiteford, and Others (Trustees of the Municipal Charities of Plymouth).	- - The compromise has been carried into effect; a grant of the rentcharge of 20*l.* has been executed; the fund has been transferred to the trustees; and the costs taxed and paid.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 622.]			
133. Reading, Berks -	- - John Kendrick's Charity (the Crown Fields Estate).	- - The Rev. John Cecil Grainger, and the Rev. John Ball and Others.	- - This cause is connected with a suit of Christ's Hospital *v.* Grainger, and the completion of the proceedings herein depend on those in the latter suit. The general report has been obtained, and the cause heard on further directions.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 1, p. 30.]			
134. Redbourn, Herts -	- - Thomas Carpenter's Charity.	- - The Honourable Charlotte Lyon Bowes, commonly called Lady Glamis.	- - - - - - - - -
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 27, p. 291.]			
135. Retford, East, Nottingham.	- - The Free Grammar School.	- - The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the Borough of East Retford, the Rev. William Mould, Master, William Parker (former Usher), and James Holderness (then Usher); and, by supplemental information, Maria Frances Mould, John Herbert Blackburn (Executors of the Defendant Mould), Hannah Parker (since deceased, Executrix of the Defendant Parker), William Newry Trentham (the newly-appointed Master), and the Rev. Thomas Francis Beckwith, and Others (the Municipal Trustees); and by further supplemental information, Batt. Parker and William Tomlinson, and Elizabeth his Wife (Administrators *de bonis non* of the Defendant, William Parker).	- - A site for the new school buildings has been approved, and the purchase completed, plans and estimates have received the sanction of the Court, and the buildings are in progress. A scheme has been settled, and the fund in court transferred to the trustees.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 4, p. 187.]			

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
2 6 –	- - -	- - The three suits were instituted for the purpose of setting aside leases of the charity property, two of which had been granted for a term of 999 years, at inadequate rents. The lease under No. 1 was for 999 years, at a rent of 2 *l.* 10 *s.* It was set aside, and as the particular land lay intermixed with the lands of the lessee, 12A. 2R. 30P. were given up and conveyed to the trustees in satisfaction, and 46 *l.* 16 *s.* was recovered for arrears.	- - - - - - - -	- - 25A. 2R. 30P. of land, producing an annual income of 13 *l.* 10 *s.*, and a piece of fen, from which the poor cut turf. No rent paid.
- - -	- - -	- - The lease under No. 2 was at a rent of 40 *l.*, the annual value being 110 *l.* The lease was set aside, and in lieu of the original charity lands, 70 acres were conveyed to the trustees, and 852 *l.* 17 *s.* 11 *d.* recovered for arrears.	- - - - - - - -	- - Land, producing an annual income of 110 *l.*
- - -	- - -	- - The lease under No. 3 was for 999 years, at the rent of 3 *l.*, the value being 18 *l.* per annum. The lease was set aside, and an exchange made with the defendant for other lands; 52 *l.* recovered for arrears. Schemes have been settled for the future administration of the three charities, and the trustees have been placed in possession.	- - - - - - - -	- - Land, the income from which is about 118 *l.*
84 4 2	- - -	- - - - - - - -	- - The inquiries are being prosecuted, and a list of persons is about to be submitted to the Court for appointment as trustees. The circumstances under which a lease for 99 years was granted are now under consideration.	- - The property consists of lands and houses of the annual value of 122 *l.* 8 *s.* 10 *d.* There is a sum of 189 *l.* stock. The present income is about 85 *l.*
39 14 11	- - By the defendants.	- - The sum of 174 *l.* 18 *s.* 9 *d.*, which had come to the hands of the corporation on trust for charitable purposes, has been recovered.	- - It only remains to determine on the application of the fund in court.	- - The property consists of 177 *l.* 7 *s.* 6 *d.* Consols, and 10 *l.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.* cash in court.
235 18 6	By defendants -	- - A rentcharge of 20 *l.* per annum; 2,400 *l.*, 3 *l.* 5 *s.* per cent. Annuities; and 196 *l.* 8 *s.* 3 *d.* Consols recovered for the charity.	- - - - - - - -	- - The charity property consists of a rentcharge of 20 *l.*, and of stock. The annual income is about 98 *l.*
56 1 8	By the charity	- - - - - - - -	- - It remains to apportion the fund between this charity and Christ's Hospital.	—
4 17 –	- - -	- - The Attorney-general, in consequence of the statement made in the answer, has directed the discontinuance of this suit.	- - - - - - - -	- - The value of the property claimed was not ascertained.
299 6 7	- 26 *l.* 18 *s.* 10 *d.* paid by the defendant, and the rest by the charity.	- - The sum of 6,830 *l.* 3 *s.* 1 *d.* has been recovered from the corporation of East Retford on account of parts of the charity land which had been alienated, and of the balance of rents with interest. The claims of the late master and usher of the school have been compromised and paid, new school premises have been ordered, and are nearly completed, and a scheme for the future regulation of the charity, upon an extended scale, has been settled.	- - - - - - - -	- - The charity property consists of land, houses, and stock, producing an annual income of about 400 *l.*

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
136. Ripley, Yorkshire [Charity Commissioners' Report, 4, p. 432.]	The Free School	Sir William Amcotts Ingilby, bart., and Sarah, his wife, and Thomas Dickinson; and, by supplemental information, Samuel Powell.	The sale of the charity property at Sproutley has been completed. The costs have been taxed and paid, and the trustees placed in possession of the charity funds.
137. Ripon, York [Charity Commissioners' Report, 7, p. 768.]	St. John's Hospital	The Very Reverend Robert Darley Waddilove, D. D., Dean of Ripon (since deceased), and the Master and Sisters of the Hospital of St. John the Baptist in Ripon; and, by supplemental information, the Representatives of Dr. Waddilove, and of Dr. Webber, a subsequent Dean, the Archbishop of York, and the Very Reverend Henry David Erskine, D. D. (the present Dean).	The Master has made his report, setting forth of what the charity property consists, and finding that proceedings should not be taken to set aside the leases; that some of the property had been allowed to become intermixed and confused with other lands of the lessee, Earl De Grey, and that the exchange with Mr. Staveley was detrimental to the charity, which had lost an annual income of 10 *l.* thereby; but inasmuch as no one was liable to make good such loss, the exchange having been made under the powers of an Act of Parliament, he found that no proceedings ought to be taken in respect thereof. The cause has been heard on further directions, when the Court directed that the settlement of a scheme should be suspended until, by the falling in of leases, the income had been increased to 150 *l.* Negotiations have been entered into with Lord De Grey for the settlement of the questions with him.
138. Ripon, Yorkshire [Charity Commissioners' Report, p. 175.]	Saint Mary Magdalen's Hospital.	The Archbishop of York and Dr. Waddilove, Dean of Ripon; and, by supplemental information, the Representatives of Dr. Waddilove and of Dr. Webber, a subsequent Dean, and Dr. Erskine (the present Dean).	The Master has made his report, setting forth of what the property consists, and finding that no proceedings should be taken for setting aside the leases. That the boundaries of some of the land had become intermixed, and that the sum of 1,250 *l.* paid into the bank by the Leeds and Thirsk Railway Company, as compensation for lands taken by them, was a fair sum. The cause has been heard on further directions, when the Court directed that a settlement of a scheme should be suspended until, by the falling in of leases, the income should be increased to 300 *l.* Negotiations are pending with Lord de Grey for the settlement of the questions with him.
139. Rochester, Kent [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 380.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 1, p. 11.]	Richard Watts' Charity	The Mayor, Alderman, and Citizens of Rochester, and Charles Thompson, and Others (Trustees of the municipal charities of Rochester).	A decree has been obtained directing that a scheme should be settled for the application of the income, having regard to former orders made relating to the charity. From this the several parishes appealed, which was dismissed by the Lords Justices with costs.
140. Rudbaxton and Haverfordwest, Pembroke. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 28, p. 720.]	James Haward's Charity	John Hilbert Tate, Job Hilbert Tate, the younger, and the Trustees of the Charity.	The cause has been heard, and decree made establishing this charity, directing the defendant, John Hilbert Tate, the elder, to pay the annuity in future, and to pay arrears for six years, and directing the future application of the income.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or Supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been instituted.
£. s. d. 60 - 7	By the charity -	- - The charity property, consisting of land which was held adversely to the charity, and which was let on lease at 40 *l.* per annum, has been recovered, the account taken of the rents and profits beyond the 40 *l.* reserved by the lease, and the amount found due also recovered. An Act of Parliament has been obtained, under which the land has been sold. A scheme for the future regulation of the school has been settled, and trustees appointed.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of 5,462 *l.* 13 *s.* 7 *d.* Consols, producing an annual income of 163 *l.* 17 *s.* 8 *d.*
391 8 2 of which 145 18 - consists of a surveyor's bill.	- - 12 *l.* 11 *s.* 4 *d.* paid by lessee, moiety of costs on granting of new lease to him.	- - The system of leasing on fines, which were appropriated by the master to his own use, has been put an end to, and the income, which was 15 *l.* 7 *s.* 4 *d.*, and is now 59 *l.*, will, by the falling in of leases, be increased to 389 *l.* 15 *s.*	- - The only inquiry which remains to be prosecuted, is the settlement of a scheme, and this has, under the direction of the Court, been suspended until, by the falling in of leases, or otherwise, the income should be increased.	- - The property consists of lands and houses, of the annual value of 389 *l.* 15 *s.*; the present income being 59 *l.*
387 3 11 of which 149 17 9 consists of a surveyor's bill.	- - Part paid by the charity, and 19 *l.* 1 *s.* 10 *d.* paid by the Leeds Northern Railway Company.	- - The system of leasing on fines, which were appropriated by the Master to his own use, has been put an end to, and the income, which is now 25 *l.* 7 *s.* 2 *d.*, will, when the leases fall, be increased to 728 *l.* 6 *s.*	- - The settlement of a scheme has been suspended by the Court until, by the falling in of the leases, or otherwise, the income should be increased; the compensation money has been received from the Railway Company.	- - The property consists of lands and houses, of the annual value of 72 *l.* 8 *s.* 6 *d.*; the present income being 25 *l.* 7 *s.* 2 *d.*
715 19 9	- - 196 *l.* 14 *s.* 8 *d.* paid by the defendants.	- - The income of the charity had, after paying the expenses of the house for poor travellers, been applied in aid of the poor rates of the parishes within the borough. The sum so applied was about 2,700 *l.* a year, which has been recovered for purposes of charity. A scheme has been settled by the Court, under which provision is made for the support of the poor travellers, as directed by the founder; for the erection of almshouses, and the maintenance of 20 inmates; for apprenticing children, and for the erection of baths and washhouses. A donation is to be given towards the erection of St. Bartholomew's Hospital in Rochester, with an annual subscription of 1,000 *l.* towards its support.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of houses, lands, and stock, the annual income whereof is 3,136 *l.* 12 *s.* 8 *d.*
211 7 3	- - Partly by the defendant, Tate senior, partly by the charity.	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - The charity property consists of two rents-charge of 20 *l.* and 2 *l.*

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
141. Sandbach, Chester - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 709.]	The Sandbach Charities	- The Rev. John Armitstead, John Latham, John Wilson, John Summerfield, John Podmore, Stephen Stringer, and William Barrington (Trustees of the Charity Estates), and John Redley and Peter Buckley (Churchwardens of Sandbach); and, by supplemental suit, Lord Crewe and Others, new Trustees.	- - The accounts of the defendants have been completed, and balances amounting to 1,138 *l.* 7 *s.* 8 *d.* found due from them, and paid into Court. A supplemental information to bring the new body of trustees before the Court has been filed, and a decree obtained. A petition has been presented by the trustees for the allowance of an additional expenditure on the school premises beyond the amount of the estimate. Inquiries as to the propriety of allowing the increased expenditure have been made, and the Master's report thereon obtained, and an order has been made by the Court allowing the additional sum expended. The costs have been taxed and paid.
142. Shelsey, Great, Worcester. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 26, p. 574.]	- - The Rev. Thomas Webb's Charity.	- - George Webb, senior (lessee of the property), deceased, George Webb, junior (the tenant), and the Rev. Thomas Price, rector of the parish; and, by supplemental information, Septimus Holmes Godson (mortgagee of the premises), and George Webb, the younger (lessee).	- - The Master has made his report appointing trustees, and approving a scheme. On the cause coming on for further directions, the Vice-Chancellor expressed a wish to re-consider the scheme, and to be satisfied that the old lease had been surrendered by the defendant, George Webb, junior, who had succeeded his father in the possession of the land.
143. Shobden, Hereford - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 204.]	The Poor's Land - -	- - Thomas Eckley, Richard Galliers, Samuel Shaw, and John Taylor Stephens.	- - On investigating the claims of the charity on Lord Bateman, the evidence appeared to be insufficient, and an application from his Lordship to compromise the matter has been entertained; under this, if sanctioned by the Court, the income of the charity will be increased by about 10 *l.* a year.
144. Sleaford, Lincoln - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 229.]	Sleaford Hospital - -	- - The Marquis of Bristol and Others (Governors of the Hospital), and, by supplemental information, the Rev. Henry Thomas Cooper Hine, the Rev. Francis Whichcote, the Rev. Richard Yerburgh, Charles Pearson, Sir Thomas Whichcote, bart., the Rev. Richard Aslington, Peter Rogers, and Maurice Peter Moore (the newly appointed Governors).	- - The compromise mentioned in the last return has been carried into effect; a grant of the rentcharge of 130 *l.* has been executed, and the costs taxed and paid.
145. Soulbury, Bucks. - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 27, p. 95.]	- - The Stapleford Bridge Trust.	- - Joseph Mead and Others (Trustees of the Charity).	- - The inquiries directed by the Court have been completed.
146. Southcoates Township, in the parish of Drypool, Yorkshire. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 9, p. 758]. [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 1, p. 10.]	Eleanor Scott's Charity -	- - William Marshall, James Dalton, and William Galloway (Churchwardens and Overseers).	- - Trustees have been appointed, and the charity property vested in them; a scheme has been settled, accounts of trustees taken, and balances paid into court.
147. Spital-on-the-Street, Lincoln. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 413.]	Spital Hospital - -	John Dalton - - - -	- - - - - - - - -

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)--*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
173 19 8	By the charity	-- The charity property has been ascertained, and the accounts of the trustees taken. A scheme has been settled providing for the management of the property and mine rents, and for the establishment of a school and almshouses. The school has been erected, and is in full operation, but the funds are not at present sufficient for the erection of the almshouses.	- - - - - - - -	-- The charity property consists of houses, land, and mine rents. The annual income is about 880*l.*
97 - 5	-- 6*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* paid by the defendant, and part by the charity.	- - - - - - -	-- The defendant, George Webb, junior, has entered into an agreement to surrender the lease, and admitting that he does not hold under it. The re-consideration of the scheme by the Vice-Chancellor is now being proceeded with.	-- The property consists of a farm and lands of the annual value of 60 *l.*
3 8 4	- - -	- - - - - - - -	-- The offer of Lord Bateman to compromise the claims on him is about to be submitted to the Court.	-- The property consists of lands and rentcharges, of which the present income is 38*l.* 8*s.*
137 13 8	-- Part paid by defendant, and in part by the charity.	-- A rentcharge of 130*l.* per annum has been obtained for the charity in lieu of an annual payment of 27 *l.* 2*s.* 1*d.*, which was formerly made by the Marquis of Bristol.	- - - - - - - -	-- The property of the charity, so far as it has been in question in this suit, consists of a rentcharge of 130*l.* per annum.
22 17 1	-- Part paid by the charity.	-- The sole managing trustee was Richard Mead, who kept a public-house; he was also tenant of the charity land. The accounts were so kept that it could not be ascertained how much of the income was expended in repairs of the bridge, but it appeared that a considerable sum was annually laid out in purchasing meat and beer, which were given to poor people, and 5*l.* was paid annually for a dinner to the trustees, and a party of poor men. The old trustees have been removed, and a new body appointed, and, subject to providing for the repairs of the bridge, the income is accumulating.	-- The income has been accumulating for a scheme in reference to which local inquiries are in progress.	-- The property consists of cottages and land, whereof the annual income is 39*l.* 18*s.* 6*d.*, and of 246*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* Consols.
121 16 8	- - -	-- The property belonging to the charity, the income of which was formerly applied in aid of poor rates, has been recovered; trustees have been appointed, and a scheme settled for a school for young children of each sex; a grant to the national school, and the application of the surplus in clothing, &c., to the sick and infirm poor of Drypool.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of land, the income derived from which is 105*l.* per annum, of 234*l.* 11*l.* 9*d.* Consols, and 354*l.* 0*s.* 4*d.* cash in court.
15 10 10	- - -	-- The Attorney-general on the facts disclosed by the answer, directed the discontinuance of the suit.	- - - - - - - -	- - The value of the land claimed, which contained several hundred acres, was not ascertained.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
148. Spital-on-the-Street, Lincoln. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 4, p. 413.]	Spital Hospital - -	The Rev. John Pretyman - -	- - The settlement of a scheme has for some time been pending. Various questions have arisen during its progress, and the consideration of this scheme became mixed up with that of a scheme for Mere Hospital, near Lincoln, which could not be prosecuted until by the falling in of a lease at 32 *l.* rent, there were sufficient funds. It was also desirable to accumulate the rents of Spital Hospital for purposes of building. The various difficulties are now nearly surmounted, and the scheme is about to be proceeded with; in the meantime the income of the vicar of Shillingthorpe has been increased to 250 *l.*, the chancel of the church repaired, 50 *l.* a year granted for schools, and 750 *l.* granted towards building schools and a vicarage house.
149. Stainton, Pembroke [Charity Commissioners' Report, 28, p. 741.] [Charity Commissioners' Report (1849), 2, p. 14.]	- - Martha Devonald's Charity.	John Roberts - - - -	- - A decree has been made declaring that the property in question was effectually charged with the annuity of 30 *l.*, as directed by Martha Devonald, and directing the payment thereof in future to the incumbent and churchwardens of Stainton, together with four years' arrears.
150. Stanton-upon-Wye, Bredwardine, and Letton, Hereford. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 175.]	George Jarvis' Charity -	- - The Bishop of Hereford and Others, Trustees of the Charity.	- - An Act of Parliament confirming the scheme has been obtained. New trustees have been appointed. The costs of the suit and Act have been taxed and paid, and the fund in court transferred to the trustees. Sites for the several schools have been purchased, and plans and estimates for the erection thereof are under consideration.
151. Stock, Essex - -	Tweedy's Almshouse -	- - Joseph Holden Strutt, William Goodday Strutt, Emily Ann Strutt, Charlotte Olivia Elizabeth Strutt, George William Aylmer, and Lord Rayleigh.	- - Order obtained dismissing the information.
152. Sudbury, Suffolk - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 20, p. 573.]	- - The Free Grammar School.	Sir Lachlan Maclean - - -	- - The Master's report, settling the scheme and appointing the trustees has been obtained. By the order made on further directions no inquiry was made as to the amount due to the late master, and as to rebuilding the school. The amount due to the late master has been settled and paid. The Court has declined to sanction the sale of the charity property to give funds for rebuilding the school.
153. Tideswell, Derby - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 17, p. 266.]	- The Rev. Robert Pinsglove's Charity.	- - Thomas Earl of Newburgh (deceased), the Teacher, Vicar, and Wardens of the School of Jesus Christ, in Tideswell, and John Wright, and, by information of revivor and supplement, Francis Earl of Newburgh.	- - The defendant, Earl Newburgh, having died, the suit was revived against his representatives. Terms of compromise have received the sanction of the Court, under which lands of the annual value of 50 *l.*, or thereabouts, have been given up to the charity, and the sum of 399 *l.* 14 *s.* 5 *d.* paid on account of the arrears of rent.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 312 1 10	- - -	- - The warden of the hospital has been prevented from applying the surplus income of the charity to his own use, the annual gain to the charity being 700 *l.* a year.	- - The scheme is now under consideration, by which it is proposed to grant a sum of money towards the erection of a middle school at Market Rasen, to enlarge the Grammar School at Lincoln, and to apply the income in the maintenance of seven pensioners, and towards support of the grammar school at Lincoln, and otherwise for the promotion of education in that city.	- - The property consists of lands and tithes of the annual value of about 1,100 *l.*, and producing a present income of 819 *l.* 9 *s.* 4 *d.*, and of the sum of 6,260 *l.* Consols.
65 7 2	- - Part paid by the defendants, and part by the charity.	- - A rentcharge of 30 *l.* per annum has been recovered, with four years' arrears. The residue of such arrears, after payment of costs, was directed by the Court to be expended in fitting up a school-room in the parish.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of a rentcharge of 30 *l.* per annum.
642 16 -	- - Part paid by the charity.	- - Under the Act of Parliament which has been obtained, the charity income, amounting to about 3,000 *l.* per annum, which has hitherto been expended in relieving the poor of the three parishes, under a system which produced much demoralization, is for the future to be applied in the maintenance of schools, almshouses, and a dispensary.	- - - - - - - -	- The charity property consists of stock, producing an annual income of about 3,000 *l.*
1 6 10	- - -	- - On the case disclosed by the answer, and the documents scheduled, Counsel advised that the claim of the charity could not be sustained.	—	—
169 12 11	- - Part paid by the charity.	- - The school premises and a farm of the annual value of 100 *l.* has been recovered, with 1,100 *l.* for arrears.	- - The question of rebuilding the charity stands over until by further accumulations of income the fund is sufficient.	- - The property consists of lands producing 100 *l.* a year and of 683 *l.* 3 *s.* 3 *d.* Consols.
136 15 7	- - Part paid by the charity.	- - The suit has been compromised by the defendants giving up to the charity lands of the annual value of 50 *l.*, and paying 399 *l.* 14 *s.* 5 *d.* for arrears.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of land. The annual income is about 50 *l.*

(*continued*)

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
154. Totnes, Devon - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 7, p. 57.]	- - Philip Ley's, and various other gifts.	- - The Mayor and Burgesses of the borough of Totness, and, by supplemental information, William Fabyan and Others, Trustees appointed under the Municipal Corporations Act.	- - The conveyance of the property of the Corporation to the trustees has been completed; a scheme has been settled, and confirmed by the Court. The receiver has assigned the debentures granted by the Corporation to the trustees, and has been discharged.
155. Walford, Hereford - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 2, p. 88.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, (1849), 2, p. 13.]	- The Charities of Elizabeth, Martha, Hester, and John Stratford.	- - Nathaniel Morgan, in substitution, by amendment, for John Stratford Collins.	- - A decree has been made, directing that the necessary steps should be taken for obtaining a transfer from the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, of the sum of 356*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* Consols, with interest, and that a scheme should be settled. The stock has been transferred into court to the credit of this cause, with 30*l.* 5*s.* for arrears of interest.
156. Wareham, Dorset - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 44.]	The Free School - -	- - Lord Rivers and Peter Charles Groves.	- - The answers of the defendants have been got in, and a motion for production of documents made; but the Court refused to make the order.
157. Westham, Sussex - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 770.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, (1849), 1, p. 9.]	- - The Hospital of St. John the Baptist, otherwise called Gorogltown.	- - The Bailiffs, Jurats, and Commonalty of the Town and Liberty of Pevensey.	- - A decree has been made, directing accounts against the defendants, and the settlement of a scheme for the future application of the income.
158. Wilton, Wilts - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 26, p. 489.]	St. John's Hospital -	- - The Prior and Brethren of the Hospital of St. John's, the Rev. Charles Buchannan Pearson, and the Very Rev. Hugh Nicholas Pearson, Dean of Salisbury.	- - Counsel advised that the case was not one which would be supported by evidence; and the information was, on the application of the Attorney-general, dismissed.
159. Wimborne Minster, Dorset.	- - The Free Grammar School of Queen Elizabeth, in Wimborne Minster.	- - The Governors of the Possessions, Revenues, and Goods of the Free Grammar School of Wimborne Minster; William John Bankes and others, Governors of the School, and the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, the Visitor.	- - The Master has made his report, certifying of what the charity property consists. An order has been made by the Court, making certain amendments in the scheme, more clearly defining the interests of the schoolmasters in the capitation fees received from the scholars.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or supposed Amount of the Property, and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d.				
198 10 –	- - -	- - The Corporation of Totness, in whom the charity property was vested as trustees, had alienated the greater portion of it; and the greater part of the remainder could not be distinguished from the property which they claimed as their own, and which they had granted on leases. Under the compromise effected, they have given up to the charities the whole of their corporate property, which as at present let, produces an annual income of 307*l.* 3*s.* 8*d.* (the annual value being about 670*l.*), and have given debentures, under the provisions of an Improvement Act, for 3,185*l.*, the value of certain parts of the charity property taken by them for the purposes of their Improvement Act. A scheme has been settled, providing for the application of the portions of the income attributed to the respective charities, towards the relief of the sick and infirm poor of the borough, in making an annual payment to the officiating minister of the parish, in granting annuities to reduced tradesmen or others, and in the establishment and maintenance of middle schools for children of either sex.	- - It remains only to tax the costs, and transfer the fund in court to the trustees.	- - The property consists of land, houses, debentures, and stock. The annual income is about 450*l.*
84 6 9	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - Proceedings for a scheme have been suspended until the stock amounts to a sufficient sum to build and endow almshouses, as directed by the testatrix.	- - The property belonging to the charity consists of the sum of 690*l.* 8*s.* 3*d.* Consols.
50 14 9	- - -	- Counsel advised that, an order for the inspection of documents having been refused, the information could not be prosecuted with advantage.	- - - - - - -	- - The property sought to be recovered consisted of a rent-charge of 20*l.*
96 15 1	- - -	- - - - - -	- - The scheme directed by the decree is under discussion.	- - The property consists of houses and land, the income derived from which is 134*l.* per annum.
9 3 4	—	—	—	—
241 5 10	- - -	- The charity has been declared entitled to, and has been placed in possession of the tithes of the parish of Wimborne, which are commuted at 2,500*l.* Before the commencement of the suit the charity received a part only of such tithes, amounting to 735*l.* per annum; the remainder was held adversely to the charity. £. 4,000 has been recovered for arrears. A scheme has been settled; a new school has been built, with master's residence, and the school is in operation. The repairs of the Minster are in progress.	- - - - - - -	- - The property consists of tithes; the present income being 2,516*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* per annum.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF DEFENDANTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
160. Winchester (near), Hants. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 843.]	- - The Hospital of St. Cross and the Almshouse of Noble Poverty.	- - The Master and Brethren of the Hospital of St. Cross, near Winchester, the Right Hon. and Rev. Francis Earl Guilford, and the Right Rev. Charles Richard Lord Bishop of Winchester	- - The consent mentioned in the last return having been withdrawn the cause was heard by the Master of the Rolls, the argument occupying five days. The prayer of the information was, amongst other things, "That it may be declared that the defendant, Francis Earl of Guilford, Master of the Hospital, and the Master for the time being, was not and is not entitled to take to his own use any sums taken for fines, on making or renewing of leases, or on grants by copy of Court Roll, of any part of the possessions or property belonging to the said Hospital of St. Cross, and the said Hospital or Almshouse of Noble Poverty, or either of them, and that an account may be taken of all sums which have been so received in respect of such fines as aforesaid by the said Francis Earl of Guilford, and that he may be charged in respect thereof as to this Honourable Court, under the circumstances, may seem just." The decision was in favour of the charity. The Master of the Rolls, by his decree, set aside the Consuetudinarium, a document made by the Master and Brethren of the Hospital, and confirmed by the Bishop of Winchester in 1696. This document, after stating that no Statutes could be found directing the government of the hospital, but that the same had been, time out of mind, governed by customs set forth, such customs in detail stating, among other things, that it had been the custom that the Master should receive all the profits and revenues, with which he was to bear the charge of the house and to retain the surplus to himself. The Earl Guilford was sworn on this document on his admission to office. The decree compelled the Earl to account from the filing of the information; established the charity as to both its branches; prevented the Earl by injunction from granting further leases; put an end to the system of leasing on fines; directed numerous inquiries as to the charity property, the alienation of part thereof, the validity of the leases thereof and otherwise, and directed a scheme. The Attorney-General having obtained the report of a surveyor as to the charity property, proceeded on the inquiries, claiming to set aside certain of the leases, and to recover many advowsons from the Bishop of Winchester. The Master of the Rolls, after elaborate inquiry, found that the leases were good and could not be set aside, and that the advowsons claimed were not the property of the charity. A receiver has been appointed and has passed his accounts. The Earl Guilford has paid into court the sum of 603*l.* 1*s.* 11*d.* as the balance in his hands on the account taken, and having after the decree and in consequence of the declaration therein contained that he was liable thereto, expended 2,500*l.* in the repairs of the chapel and buildings of the hospital, was ordered to pay in and has paid in the further sum of 504*l.* 17*s.* 9*d.* on account of repairs. A provisional scheme has been settled. The Rev. Henry Holloway having taken possession of the reading desk of the chapel of St. Cross, on the 7th May 1854, and performed the service there to the exclusion of the chaplain of the hospital, alleging that the chapel of St. Cross was the parish church of St. Faith, and that he, as churchwarden of St. Faith, was bound to see to the performance of the service there by a person properly appointed, was restrained by the injunction of the Court from continuing to do so. He appealed to the Lords Justices, who directed certain questions to be argued before them, and called two Common Law Judges to their aid. These questions rendered it necessary that the whole case should again be argued, which has been done, and the Lords Justices have dismised the appeal.
161. Wrexham, Denbigh [Charity Commissioners' Report, 52, 3, p. 151.]	- - Margaret Hughes, Maurice Jones, John Hughes, and other Charities.	- - Charles Jackson Joseph, Cooper, Hugh Meredith Jones, and John Isaac (Churchwardens of Wrexham), Charles Bowen, George Griffith, Samuel Stretch, Thomas Williams and Thomas Pritchard (Overseers), and the Rev. George Cunliffe (Vicar of the parish).	- - An order for the discharge of the receiver has been obtained. His accounts have been passed and his discharge completed. The costs have been taxed and paid, and the trustees placed in possession of the charity property.
162. York - - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 12, p. 638.] [Charity Commissioners' Report, (1849), 1, p. 12.]	- - The Free School of Archbishop Holgate.	The Rev. Robert Daniel - -	- - The Master made his report, certifying of what the charity property consisted, and that proceedings ought to be taken for setting aside three leases of the property. The respective lessees having refused when called upon to surrender their leases. Informations were filed against them, when they submitted terms for surrendering their leases, which were accepted.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on INFORMATIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of each Cause Terminated.	Present Stage of Cause in Progress.	Amount or supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 6,029 - 11 of which 2,148 *l.* 14 *s.* 7 *d.* consists of the bills of the surveyors, and 11 *l.* 16 *s.* 4 *d.* of the costs of the injunction against Mr. Holloway and his appeal against it.	- Part paid by the charity.	- - The system of leasing on fines which were appropriated by the master to his own use has been put an end to, and the income of the charity property, which was before the institution of the suit 1,088 *l.*, and has now, under the management of the receiver, been improved to 1,397 *l.* 9 *s.* 11 *d.*, will, on the falling in of the leases, be increased to 8,974 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 *d.* A temporary scheme has been settled and is in operation.	- - The question of the sale of certain advowsons belonging to the charity is under consideration. Trustees are about to be appointed.	- The property consists of lands, houses and tithes, the annual value whereof is 8,974 *l.* 4 *s.* 4 *d.*, the present income being 1,397 *l.* 9 *s.* 11 *d.*
6 7 8	By the charity	- - The charity property, the income of which (amounting to about 160 *l.* per annum) was formerly applied in aid of the poor-rates, has been recovered, and a scheme settled for the application thereof to the maintenance of schools; a building fund of 1,239 *l.* provided out of the accumulations of income.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of lands. The annual income is about 160 *l.*
98 10 8	- - -	- - The system of leasing at small rents and fines has been put an end to, and the master prevented from applying the fines to his own use. The income of the charity has been increased from 32 *l.* 12 *s.* to 425 *l.*	- - New leases of the charity property are about to be granted at rack rents, and the charity being now in the receipt of its full income, a scheme will be settled at once. The present schoolhouse not being well adapted for the purpose, and the situation not being good, it is proposed to establish the school on some other site.	- - The property consists of lands and tithes of the annual value of about 440 *l.*

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on PETITIONS Unsettled - - - -

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF RESPONDENTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
163. Abingdon, Berks -	- - Richard Wrigglesworth's Charity.	- - The Mayor and Electors of Abingdon.	- - The proceedings in the Master's Office have been continued, but it has been thought advisable to suspend the scheme until the leases fall in, and the scheme for Christ's Hospital shall have been considered.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 1, p. 265].			
164. Albans, St., Herts -	Thomas Gawen's Charity	- - Thomas Ward Blagg, and the Trustees of the Charity.	- - The order of 24th December 1841, has been carried into effect. The Master reported 761 *l.* 0 *s.* 1 *d.* to be due from Mr. Blagg, and he was ordered to pay and did pay it into court. It was invested, and the whole fund has been transferred to the trustees.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 25, p. 184.]			
165. Albans, St., Herts -	- - Thomas and Margaret Hall's Charity.	The Earl of Verulam - - -	- - The Master, by his report, found that it would be for the benefit of the charity that the proposal of the Earl of Verulam should be accepted, and the same has been carried into effect. Trustees have been appointed, and a scheme has been settled, and the Master was of opinion that it would not be attended with any beneficial results to the charity to take any steps for recovering the loans alleged to have been made from the funds of the charity to the Corporation of St. Albans.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 25, p. 186.]			
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 29, p. 334.]			
166. Albans, St., Herts -	Robert Skelton's Charity	- - Thomas Ward Blagg, and the Trustees of the Charity.	- - The order of 2d August 1839 has been carried into effect. The Master reported 201 *l.* 18 *s.* 7 *d.* to be due from Mr. Blagg, and he was ordered to pay and did pay that sum into court. It was invested, and the whole fund has been transferred to the trustees.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 25, p. 189.]			
167. Cambridge - -	Storey's Almshouses -	- - The Trustees of the Charity, Dr. Freneh, Dr. Thackeray, and Dr. Hodgson.	- - The inquiry as to lease has been completed and the lease granted. Some variations have, by order of the Court, been made in the scheme.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 50.]			
168. Chester - - -	- Valentine Broughton's Charity.	- - The Mayor, Aldermen, and Burgesses of the City of Chester.	- - The Master has made his report (which has been confirmed), whereby he found a balance of 669 *l.* 5 *s.* to be due from the corporation; that the terms of compromise offered by the corporation for ascertaining the charity lands were fit and proper, and that it would be for the benefit of the charity that they should be accepted, and he settled a scheme.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 356.]			
169. Cheveley, Cambridge	- - The Free School of John Raye.	- - - - - - - -	- - A scheme has been settled for the regulation of the charity, and the number of trustees having become reduced, the same has been filled up, and the lands vested in the Official Trustee of Charity Lands.
[Charity Commissioners' Report, 31, p. 94.]			

- - - - or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851).

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of Proceedings on each Petition Terminated.	Present Stage of Proceedings in Progress.	Amount or supposed Amount of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 10 16 2	- - -	- - - - - - -	-- Waiting for the falling in of the leases.	-- The property consists of lands and houses, of which the annual income is 51 *l.*, and the annual value 257 *l.*
67 12 10	- - -	-- The sum of 761 *l.* 0 *s.* 1 *d.* has been recovered from Mr. Blagg.	- - - - - - - -	-- The property consists of land, and 1,061 *l.* 19 *s.* 1 *d.* Consols.
97 13 4	By the charity	-- A compromise has been sanctioned, whereby lands now of the annual value of 20 *l.* have been recovered for the charity, with arrears of rent from 1845.	- - - - - - - -	-- The property consists of land of the annual value of 20 *l.*
57 2 4	- £. 19. 16 *s.* 2 *d.* paid by the charity.	-- 201 *l.* 18 *s.* 7 *d.* has been recovered from the defendant Thomas Ward Blagg.	- - - - - - - -	-- The property consists of two houses, and 837 *l.* 7 *s.* 2 *d.* Consols.
38 13 –	-- Part paid by the lessee.	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	-- The property consists of lands and stock, the annual income about 945 *l.*
57 4 –	- - -	- Lands to the extent of 31 *a.* 1 *r.* 30 *p.*, and now producing 74 *l.* 2 *s.* 8 *d.* per annum, together with arrears of rents from 1836, have been recovered from the corporation; the payments theretofore made by them on account of this charity amounting to 22 *l.* 10 *s.* only.	- - - - - - - -	-- The property consists of lands and houses, now producing 74 *l.* 2 *s.* 8 *d.*, and a sum of 669 *l.* 5 *s.*
77 15 5	- - -	-- A beneficial exchange of lands has been completed, new trustees have been appointed, and a scheme has been settled for the regulation of the charity.	- - - - - - - -	-- The property consists of lands, producing about 135 *l.* per annum.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on PETITIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES OF RESPONDENTS.	PROCEEDINGS since last Return.
170. Derby, St. Werburgh [Charity Commissioners' Report, 17, p. 61.]	Dorothy Cundy's Charity	Charles Howard Whitehurst -	- - Trustees have been appointed, and scheme settled. The land has been conveyed to the Trustees.
171. Fowey, Cornwall - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 32, 1, pp. 450–460.]	- - The Town Lands of the Borough of Fowey; the Free School; John Treffry's Charity, and Richard Sawles' Charity.	None - - - - - -	*See* Attorny-general *v.* Gilbert -
172. Leighton Buzzard, Bedford. [Charity Commissioners' Report, 12, p. 35.]	Joshua Pulford's Charity	The Vicar - - - - -	- - The Master's report has been made trustees appointed; scheme settled land conveyed.
173. Lydd, Kent - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 30, p. 484.]	- - Thomas Godfrey's Charity.	- - The Churchwardens and Overseers of the Parish of Lydd.	- - The arrangement mentioned in the last Return has been carried into effect and the 28 *l.* 7 *s.* 8 *d.* paid.
174. Shipdham, Norfolk [Charity Commissioners' Report, 29, p. 812.]	- - John Bullock's Charity.	- - Diana Bullock, Catherine Bullock, Mary Bullock, and William Girling.	- - Proceedings for a scheme stood over until there was a vacancy in the mastership of the school. The master has now resigned, and a scheme is under consideration. The respondents have offered 300 *l.*, and to pay the costs of the charity, in addition to the former sum of 150 *l.* if the exchange be suffered to remain. This proposal being beneficial to the charity, is about to be submitted to the Court.
175. Shrewsbury - - [Charity Commissioners' Report, 24, p. 237.]	- James Phillip's Charity	The Trustees of the Charity -	Scheme settled - - - -
176. Yardley, Worcester [Charity Commissioners' Report, 26, p. 269.]	- John Cottrell's Charity	The Rev. John Ellis - - -	- - Proceedings have been taken to carry out the exchange mentioned in the last Return. Difficulties have been occasioned by deaths, but these are now removed.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS on PETITIONS Unsettled or Pending at the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

COSTS Incurred.	By whom Paid.	RESULT of Proceedings on each Petition Terminated.	Present Stage of Proceedings in Progress.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
£. s. d. 41 3 –	- - -	- - Land of the annual value of 26 *l.* has been recovered from the Respondent, who before paid only a rentcharge of 7 *l.*; and the rents have been also recovered. A scheme has been established, under which, after providing for payments to widows, if they should be claimed, the income is applied in aid of an adult school.	- - - - - - - -	- - Land, producing an annual income of 26 *l.*
- Included in the costs, Attorney-general *v.* Gilbert. *See* No. 88 of this Return.	—	—	—	-
45 5 7	By the Charity	- - The respective rights of the vicar and the school have been determined, and a scheme settled, under which the chief part of the income (the whole of which was claimed by, and had been paid to the vicar) has been appropriated to the maintenance of the school.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property of the charity consists of land and stock, producing an annual income of 77 *l.* 9 *s.* 9 *d.*; of this, 5 *l.* 3 *s.* 5 *d.* is now declared payable to the vicar, in augmentation of his living, and 72 *l.* 6 *s.* 4 *d.* is declared applicable to the school.
5 2 –	- - -	*See* the last Return, No. 231.	—	—
20 – 1	- - -	- - - - - - -	- - A petition is about to be presented to the Court, praying that the proposal of the respondents may be sanctioned. A scheme is about to be taken in.	- - The property consists of lands, whereof the annual income is 85 *l.* The money in court, and to be received from the respondents, will be applied in building a school.
91 3 9	- - -	- - The charity property has been ascertained, repairs directed, and a scheme for future regulation of the charity settled.	- - - - - - - -	- - The property consists of houses and land, and 1,774 *l.* 2 *s.* 2 *d.* Consols; the amount of the annual income is about 455 *l.*
31 10 2	- - These will be paid by the respondent.	- - - - - - -	- - The exchange is about to be carried into effect.	- - The property consists of the almshouses and a rentcharge of 5 *l.*

STATEMENT of the Amount of MONEY which since the Date of the Return rendered in 1852, has been Advanced by the Treasury on Account of the Costs of the Proceedings to which this Return relates, and the Amount which has been received since the last Return from Parties, or or out of the Charity Funds, to reimburse such Costs, specifying whether such Costs have been Taxed, and if so, by whom the Disallowed portion of such Costs is paid, and the Amount of such Disallowance.

The following Sums have been received by Mr. Fearon since the Return made in 1852.

1. FROM THE CHARITIES FOR TAXED COSTS:	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Attorney-general *v.* Armitstead	234	8	6			
" Bagot, Lord	126	19	5			
" Baines	233	6	7			
" Barrow	197	4	5			
" Bedingfield (Hammond's Charity)	97	7	1			
" Bedingfield (Yorker's Charity)	13	2	1			
" Bovill	12	16	5			
" Brentwood School	1,088	9	7			
" Brickdale	229	5	4			
" Bristol (Marquis of)	811	19	6			
" Carrington, Lord	87	12	9			
" Chester, Corporation of	2,004	5	1			
" Chesterfield, Earl of	86	17	1			
" Cotton	45	5	5			
" Day	470	–	2			
" Dedham School	704	16	4			
" Dorset, Duke of	53	10	–			
" Draper's Company	2,033	–	–			
" Dudley	135	5	11			
" Dynevor, Lord	182	5	7			
" Exeter, Corporation of	811	6	9			
" Finch	1,296	17	–			
" Fingall, Earl of	19	9	10			
" Gains	303	14	3			
" Gilbert	624	3	3			
" Hankey	200	7	4			
" Harison	96	14	10			
" Hartlebury School	392	19	1			
" Hereford, Bishop of	1,108	16	–			
" Ingilby	390	10	4			
" Jackson	24	1	7			
" Jesus Hospital, Canterbury	29	19	11			
" Johnson	262	16	9			
" Kell	23	10	5			
" Kemp	32	3	11			
" Lambard	119	18	8			
" Lister	10	3	2			
" Long	760	6	3			
" Lonsdale, Earl	13	1	6			
" Maclean	461	10	1			
" Manning	192	6	10			
" Mead	114	1	–			
" Miller	197	7	11			
" Moises	1,527	4	10			
" Morland	18	19	8			
" Newburgh, Earl	399	14	5			
" Onslow, Earl of	210	10	5			
" Plymouth, Corporation of	1,432	19	–			
" Retford (East)	419	–	3			
" Robartes	167	1	–			
" Roberts	39	16	10			
" St. Cross	1,749	9	4			
" Slack	56	1	6			
" Tate	230	4	5			
" Townley	63	7	6			
" Walmsley	542	17	2			
" Webb	185	5	11			
" Willoughby, Lord	896	18	8			
" York, Archbishop of (St. Mary's Hospital)	1,236	5	4			
Carried forward £.	25,510	–	2			

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Brought forward - - -	25,510 – 2	
From Charities for Taxed Costs:		
In re Beckenham Charities - - - - - -	34 6 8	
In re Blue Coat School, Chester - - - - -	9 18 6	
In re Fowey Charities - - - - - - -	634 5 4	
In re Godfrey's Charity, Lydd - - - - -	28 7 8	
In re Macclesfield Schools - - - - - -	113 17 4	
In re Newark Charities - - - - - - -	4 18 11	
In re Pulford's Charity - - - - - - -	70 15 1	
In re Sevenoaks School - - - - - - -	65 19 –	
In re Singleton's Dole - - - - - - -	29 9 –	
In re Skelton's Charity - - - - - - -	19 16 2	
In re Sleaford Hospital - - - - - - -	34 5 6	
In re Thorverton Parish Lands - - - - -	30 9 1	
In re Welchman's Charity - - - - - -	18 19 6	
2. From Parties for Taxed Costs:		
Attorney-general *v.* Armstrong - - - - -	– 6 8	
„ Aubrey - - - - - - -	90 8 10	
„ Brentwood - - - - - -	45 17 2	
„ Bristol, Marquis of - - - -	369 11 7	
„ Chester, Corporation of - - -	125 – –	
„ Cope - - - - - - -	– 13 4	
„ Dove - - - - - - -	– 6 3	
„ Ely - - - - - - -	– 15 9	
„ Finch - - - - - - -	71 9 10	
„ Gardner - - - - - - -	9 – –	
„ Gunning - - - - - - -	– 6 8	
„ Moises - - - - - - -	101 15 5	
„ Onslow, Earl of - - - -	– 13 4	
„ Peacock - - - - - - -	15 18 8	
„ Pembroke, Corporation of - - -	36 2 8	
„ Retford, East - - - - - -	26 18 10	
„ Roberts - - - - - - -	38 1 –	
„ Rochester, Corporation of - - -	176 14 8	
„ Slack - - - - - - -	– 13 9	
„ Waddilove - - - - - -	12 11 4	
„ Waldegrave - - - - - -	1 – –	
„ Webb - - - - - - -	6 15 6	
„ Winter - - - - - - -	17 10 6	
„ Wyvill - - - - - - -	1 – 8	
„ York, Archbishop of (St. Mary's Hospital)	19 1 10	
Parties for Taxed Costs:		
In re Storey's Almshouses - - - - - -	35 – –	
		27,809 2 2
3. From the Treasury:		
1852: 20 April - - - - - - - - -	4,500 – –	
1853: 11 April - - - - - - - - -	4,000 – –	
1854: 8 July - - - - - - - - -	1,000 – –	
1855: 15 February - - - - - - - -	5,000 – –	
		14,500 – –
	£.	42,309 2 2

SUMMARY.

	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Balance due to Mr. Fearn, as stated in the Return of 1852 - - -		6,502 19 11
1852: 9 March, Attorney-general *v.* Bankes; Amount returned to Mr. Castleman credited in last Return, being part of 1,583 *l.* 15 *s.* 1 *d.* - - - - - - -		197 11 4
Amount of Costs since incurred and comprised in this Return - - -		34,867 9 7
		41,568 - 10
Less—Amount Taxed off the following Bills of Costs:		
Attorney-general *v.* Archbishop of York (Holgates) - -	3 13 2	
„ Archbishop of York (St. Mary's - -	76 7 3	
„ Armitstead - - - - - -	11 7 2	
„ Aubrey - - - - - - -	3 15 10	
„ Bagot, Lord - - - - - -	- 2 8	
„ Baines - - - - - - -	6 1 6	
„ Barrow - - - - - - -	2 15 3	
„ Beverley Corporation - - - -	1 10 6	
„ Brentwood School - - - -	18 3 6	
„ Brickdale - - - - - -	27 12 2	
„ Bristol (Marquis of) - - - -	38 16 6	
„ Carrington, Lord - - - -	1 5 6	
„ Chester, Corporation of - - -	53 5 4	
„ Dedham, School - - - -	11 14 -	
„ Drapers' Company - - - -	88 15 10	
„ Exeter, Corporation of - - -	2 15 8	
„ Finch - - - - - - -	30 7 6	
„ Gains - - - - - - -	23 1 8	
„ Gilbert - - - - - - -	44 13 10	
„ Hankey - - - - - - -	1 17 2	
„ Harison - - - - - - -	1 6 8	
„ Hartlebury - - - - - -	2 3 4	
„ Hereford (Bishop of) - - -	51 10 9	
„ Ingilby - - - - - - -	17 10 4	
„ Johnson - - - - - - -	4 17 6	
„ Lambard - - - - - - -	2 5 -	
„ Long - - - - - - -	9 10 8	
„ Maclean - - - - - - -	5 13 11	
„ Miller - - - - - - -	2 2 -	
„ Moises - - - - - - -	21 8 10	
„ Newburgh - - - - - -	26 13 4	
„ Onslow, Earl of - - - -	2 2 10	
„ Plymouth, Corporation of - - -	11 1 4	
„ Retford (East) - - - - -	10 19 8	
„ Robartes - - - - - - -	1 6 6	
„ Roberts - - - - - - -	5 17 8	
„ St. Cross Hospital - - - -	129 3 6	
„ Slack - - - - - - -	6 - 4	
„ Tate - - - - - - -	- 8 -	
„ Waddilove - - - - - -	13 6 2	
„ Walmesley - - - - - -	2 - 10	
„ Willoughby (Lord) - - - -	7 2 -	
„ Wimborne School - - - -	15 1 2	
In re Basingstoke School - - - - - -	27 8 2	
In re Beckenham - - - - - - - -	3 6 -	
In re Fowey Charities - - - - - - -	26 3 7	
In re Hall's Charity - - - - - - -	4 1 10	
In re Macclesfield Schools - - - - - -	8 - -	
In re Pulford's Charity - - - - - - -	1 8 4	
In re Raye's School, Cheveley - - - - -	5 18 -	
In re Stane's Trust - - - - - - -	- 17 -	
In re Trinity Hospital, Croydon - - - - -	- 3 10	
		875 1 1
		40,692 19 9
Add—The Amount of the following Costs, which are comprised in the Bills delivered to the Treasury, but not in this Return, being costs for cases for the opinion of counsel which did not result in petitions or informations; of reports to the Attorney-general on matters specially referred; of Parliamentary proceedings in relation to charities, and of other general matters relative to cases in which the Attorney-general was concerned, viz.:		
In re Abbots Bromley Free School - - - - -	274 13 5	
In re Blue Coat School, Chester - - - - -	10 1 -	
In re Cotton *ats.* Attorney-general - - - - -	- 6 8	
Carried forward - - - £.	285 1 1	40,692 19 9

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward	285	1	1	40,692	19	9
In re Calverley's Charity	4	3	2			
In re Cook and Giles' Charity	14	2	10			
In re Dorset, Duke of, *ats.* Attorney-general	–	17	6			
In re Fingall, Earl of, *ats.* Attorney-general	19	9	10			
In re Gutch *ats.* Attorney-general	–	3	6			
In re Gardner, Shrewsbury	–	6	8			
In re Green's Charity	3	12	2			
In re Grantham Charities	67	2	4			
In re Herne (Churchwardens of) *ats.* Attorney-general	–	3	6			
In re Jones' Charity, Llandysilio	19	–	8			
In re Leathersellers' Company *ats.* Attorney-general	1	–	–			
In re Leominster Grammar School	16	17	2			
In re Leicester (Corporation of) *ats.* Attorney-general	–	11	4			
In re Lowe *ats.* Attorney-general	5	19	10			
In re Merchant Tailors' Almshouses, Bristol	8	8	9			
In re Manning *ats.* Attorney-general	1	4	6			
In re Manwood's Hospital	14	16	4			
In re Newark Charities	5	2	5			
In re Rich's Charity	–	3	6			
In re Sleath *ats.* Attorney-general	–	13	8			
In re Spencer *ats.* Attorney-general	–	7	–			
In re Sleaford *ats.* Attorney-general	4	18	4			
In re Sherborne School *ats.* Attorney-general	79	2	–			
In re Stane's Trust	38	6	2			
In re Vernon's Charity	1	11	6			
In re Whiteman *ats.* Attorney-general	–	5	–			
In re Watkin's Charity	–	3	6			
In re Welchman's Charity	–	16	10			
In re Wilder, Lady, *ats.* Attorney-general	–	10	2			
In re Wood *ats.* Attorney-general	–	3	6			
In re Abergavenny Improvement Bill	10	2	10			
In re Arneway's Charity, Westminster	6	2	–			
In re Adelaide's, Queen, Charity (Hanwell Lunatic Asylum)	5	15	2			
In re Abingdon Memorial	22	8	6			
In re Allhallows, Bread-street, Parish Estates	3	14	2			
In re Ap Hughes' Charity	5	–	8			
In re Alsager Charity School	5	–	8			
In re Appleton's Charity	4	17	10			
In re Annis's Trust, Blandford	1	1	4			
In re Athawes *ats.* Attorney-general	13	16	4			
In re Atwood *ats.* Attorney-general	3	11	6			
In re Abbeystead School	3	11	10			
In re Alford *ats.* Attorney-general	3	18	–			
In re Asker *ats.* Attorney-general	2	12	–			
In re Ashcot Charities	10	17	8			
In re Ashton's Charity	8	17	2			
In re Asthall and Swinborne School	4	10	8			
In re Barrow the Churchwardens and Overseers of	5	14	8			
In re Baesch's Charity, Stansted	–	13	4			
In re Beaumont's Charity	–	17	2			
In re Baker *ats.* Attorney-general	8	6	10			
In re Bartholomew's, St., Hospital, Hythe	1	13	4			
In re Bath Municipal Charities	15	8	4			
In re Bedford Charity	15	–	6			
In re Bennett *ats.* Attorney-general	1	16	–			
In re Billing's and Osborne's Charity	5	12	4			
In re Bingley School Estate	24	10	6			
In re Bluecoat School, Reading	3	8	–			
In re Bolle's Charity, Wakefield	5	7	2			
In re Bradbury *ats.* Attorney-general	2	1	4			
In re Brentwood Grammar School	12	11	8			
In re Bright's Charity, Ecclesall Bierlow	6	7	–			
In re Buckeridge's Charity, Bradwell	4	7	4			
In re Bermondsey Regulation Act	2	3	–			
In re Biddulph *ats.* Attorney-general	2	19	6			
In re Bierton Feoffee's Land	14	1	–			
In re Bolle's Charity, Wakefield	1	14	8			
In re Berkhampstead Free Grammar School	2	5	4			
In re Bradford Corporation *ats.* Attorney-general	1	16	–			
In re Bicknell's Charity, Farnham	–	13	8			
In re Butler *ats.* Attorney-general	1	15	6			
In re Blagrove's Trust	1	9	4			
In re Banbury Municipal Charities	3	18	4			
In re Boscawen's Charity, Tregony	5	3	8			
In re Birmingham King Edward's School	6	2	2			
Carried forward £.	869	–	9	40,692	19	9

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward	869	–	9	40,692	19	9
In re Briggs *ats.* Attorney-general	1	16	–			
In re Burrough's Gift, Broadhembury	10	4	10			
In re Buxon's Charity	4	16	10			
In re Bardney Hospital	3	7	2			
In re Carter's School, Garstang	3	19	–			
In re Christ's Hospital, Ipswich	15	17	–			
In re Church Burgesses' Trust, Sheffield	17	19	6			
In re Claney's Charity, Reading	2	10	8			
In re Colchester Grammar School	5	5	10			
In re Colney Heath School	1	3	6			
In re Conyer's Charity School, Yarm	13	8	8			
In re Cooper's Hospital, Elton	5	11	6			
In re Cowlan's Charity, Barmby-in-the-Marsh	21	9	10			
In re Cross Keys Charity, St. Albans	7	4	–			
In re Canterbury, Corporation of, *ats.* Attorney-general	4	18	4			
In re Caron's Almshouses, Lambeth	3	5	2			
In re Calvert *ats.* Attorney-general	28	12	4			
In re Cambridge, Chancellor of, *ats.* Attorney-general	2	2	2			
In re Cass's Charity, Sir J.	2	2	8			
In re Chapman's Charity	1	18	8			
In re Charities, General, (case as to power of the Court of Chancery to alienate Charity Lands)	44	17	–			
In re Chelmsford Grammar School	2	2	8			
In re Chippenham Municipal Charities	3	1	–			
In re Church House, Abbott's Kerswell	8	19	–			
In re Clapham *ats.* Attorney-general	3	13	4			
In re Clapton Independent Chapel	1	16	–			
In re Clitheroe Grammar School	18	16	6			
In re Cossin's Trust, Westbury	1	16	8			
In re Coventry Charities	27	9	6			
In re Cox *ats.* Attorney-general	1	4	–			
In re Crane's Endowment Cambridge	2	14	2			
In re Camden Town Cemetery Bill	8	13	8			
In re Carlton-on-Craven Endowed School	4	8	10			
In re Chester Charities	13	7	2			
In re Comber's Charity, Lindfield	1	19	–			
In re Coulson's Charity, Newby	1	–	4			
In re Chicheley's Charities	5	13	10			
In re Coltishall Endowed School	5	19	4			
In re Congleton Enclosure Exchange Bill	–	10	8			
In re Corfe Castle Church Lands	4	6	–			
In re Cowell's Gift, Newcastle-under-Lyne	4	17	4			
In re Cox's Charity, Lockington	4	1	2			
In re Dalton *ats.* Attorney-generel	7	4	–			
In re Deakin's Charity	1	8	–			
In re Deane's Trust, Plymouth	4	1	–			
In re Dormington Hospital *ats.* Attorney-general	35	4	10			
In re Draper's Company *ats.* Attorney-general (Walter's Charity)	60	16	6			
In re Dulwich College	–	12	10			
In re Davey *ats.* Attorney-general	2	12	10			
In re Davison's Charity, Tanfield	2	1	6			
In re Deane and Pococke's Charity	2	10	8			
In re Deritend and Bordesley Sunday Schools	1	14	8			
In re Dickenson's Charity, Holloway	1	12	–			
In re Dixon's Charity, Keadby	4	15	6			
In re Dowdeswell *ats.* Attorney-general	–	3	6			
In re Duxford, St. Peter	–	19	4			
In re Delahay *ats.* Attorney general	3	3	10			
In re Dedham School	1	19	6			
In re Denbow's Charity	4	3	8			
In re Dudley, Duchess of, Charity	1	14	6			
In re Ecclesiastical Commissioners *ats.* Attorney-general	4	13	8			
In re Exeter Municipal Charities, St. John's Hospital, &c.	10	6	10			
In re Same (Ten Cells Charity, &c.)	9	9	–			
In re Eastlake *ats.* Attorney-general	2	18	2			
In re Exeter Pecuniary Charities	2	5	2			
In re Eagle-street Chapel, Holborn	6	7	2			
In re East Bergholt Town Stock Charity	1	–	–			
In re Easthampstead Charities	5	3	10			
Carried forward £.	1,377	4	1	40,692	19	9

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward	1,377	4	1	40,692	19	9
In re Francis' Charity, Llanegwad	2	7	–			
In re Fulford's School, Lymington	3	3	4			
In re Fettiplace's Charity	4	17	4			
In re Ford's Charity, Dagenham	4	–	6			
In re General Matters relating to Charities (as to appointment of Municipal Charity Trustees)	–	10	2			
In re Gibson *ats.* Attorney-general	3	17	8			
In re Gilbert *ats.* Attorney-general	2	9	4			
In re Glover *v.* East	2	2	8			
In re Grahme's Charity, Blackheath	8	5	–			
In re Gurney's Charity, Odiham	7	18	–			
In re Grammar School, Lowe	5	3	10			
In re Gibb's Gift	2	10	2			
In re Giles *ats.* Attorney-general	1	10	6			
In re Gloucester Corporation *ats.* Attorney-general	4	12	10			
In re Guildford Free School	12	17	–			
In re Gainsborough School	2	1	10			
In re Gosport Almshouses, Peachey's Charity	10	7	4			
In re Grimesthorpe School	–	13	8			
In re Hoare *ats.* Attorney general	3	7	2			
In re Hereford Improvement Bill	7	7	10			
In re Hawle's Charity, Walsall	10	17	11			
In re Harvey *ats.* Attorney-general	2	18	6			
In re Hanover Chapel, Peckham	6	14	4			
In re Hanover-square Chapel, Newcastle	3	8	–			
In re Harden Charity, Bingley	7	9	10			
In re Hardy *ats.* Attorney-general	6	18	2			
In re Harris' Charity, Birmingham	1	10	8			
In re Harvey's Charity, Chard	9	2	2			
In re Hertford Municipal Charities	6	5	–			
In re Hudson *ats.* Attorney-general	11	–	–			
In re Huntingdon's Charity, Enfield	1	14	8			
In re Haberdashers' Company *ats.* Attorney-general	8	4	–			
In re Halstead, Lady Ramsay's Charity	3	7	6			
In re Hanson's Charities, Huddersfield	2	6	8			
In re Hull, Corporation of, *ats.* Attorney-general	2	10	8			
In re Hill's Charity, Wendover	3	8	4			
In re Hoults, and the Poor's Land Charity at Stradishall	6	17	2			
In re Hoare *ats.* Attorney-General	9	18	10			
In re Heylock's Charity	5	3	10			
In re Hoskin's Charity, Penalt	4	10	8			
In re Hanbury's Charities, Langton	9	5	10			
In re Horwell's Charity	11	7	10			
In re Hare Court Chapel	6	8	6			
In re Harvist's Estate Bill	25	–	6			
In re Hurst's Charity, Wymondham	4	4	–			
In re Hastings Municipal Charities	2	16	8			
In re Hewley's Charity	5	17	–			
In re Islington Chapel	1	7	8			
In re Ipswich Municipal Charities	14	8	2			
In re John's, St., Sir Walter, Charity, Battersea	3	9	4			
In re Joham *ats.* Attorney-general	3	12	–			
In re Jesus College Estate	5	–	4			
In re Improvement Bills	17	16	–			
In re Jones's Charity, Monmouth	3	16	6			
In re Kendrick's, John, Charity, Reading	5	4	–			
In re Kendrick's, William, Charity	1	14	8			
In re Kendrick's, Mary, Charity	4	7	–			
In re Kimber's Charity, Newbury	5	5	4			
In re Kenrick *ats.* Attorney-general	3	16	–			
In re Kettering Grammar School	6	–	4			
In re Kemy's Charity, Andover	9	9	2			
In re King's Charity, Walsall	6	19	10			
In re Kingsthorpe Free School	4	17	4			
In re Large's Charity, Chesterfield	4	3	6			
In re Lacey *ats.* Attorney-general	3	11	6			
In re Leinthall's Charity	5	4	2			
In re Latimer and Crispe's Charities	4	2	2			
In re Latymer's Charity, Edmonton	2	8	–			
In re Leek Town Lands Charity	2	18	6			
In re Leverton's Charity	1	8	–			
Carried forward £.	1,767	14	–	40,692	19	9

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward	1,767	14	–	40,692	19	9
In re Loveybound's Charity, Wadebridge	1	9	4			
In re London Corporation *ats.* Attorney-general	3	14	8			
In re Locke King's, Mr., Motion	5	2	4			
In re Liversage Charity, Derby	4	11	6			
In re Loughborough Grammar School	–	11	8			
In re Luton Charities	4	5	6			
In re Lyford Charity	3	12	6			
In re Lowestoft Improvement Bill	14	6	8			
In re Lewis's Charity, Llandrindod	4	8	6			
In re Liskeard Municipal Charities	–	16	–			
In re Llan Egryn School	1	10	6			
In re Mottram School	–	6	8			
In re Monmouthshire Railway and Canal Company *ats.* Attorney-general	2	10	4			
In re Mansfield, Vicar of, *ats.* Attorney-general	–	13	8			
In re Macclesfield Schools	48	16	2			
In re Magdalen College, Oxford, *ats.* Attorney-general	5	2	10			
In re Mapletoft's Charity, Nebwury	1	2	8			
In re Marsh Charity, Newport	2	18	2			
In re Marshall's Charity Sermons	–	15	2			
In re Same - (Exhibitions)	9	5	4			
In re Marshall's Charity Estate	5	19	–			
In re Metropolitan Burials Bill	14	3	6			
In re Middleton's Charity	3	1	2			
In re Mason's School, Bodenham	7	5	2			
In re Millwood *ats.* Attorney-general	1	2	8			
In re Mansfield School	–	16	10			
In re Markwell's Charity, Holy Island	5	4	4			
In re Mavesyn Ridware Church Estate	8	2	–			
In re Mayes' Charity, Manchester	8	19	4			
In re Mensfield Almshouse	–	13	8			
In re Methodist Chapel, Southwark	2	7	8			
In re Minshull's Charity, Manchester	2	9	2			
In re Moore *ats.* Attorney-general	6	11	8			
In re Moses', Serjeant, Gift	3	13	8			
In re Municipal Charities, Norwich	19	9	2			
In re Myddleton's Charities	2	14	2			
In re Milford Hospital	4	16	8			
In re Municipal Charities, Gloucester	19	10	10			
In re Myddleton's Charity, Llangollen	2	19	2			
In re Neale's Charity, Reading	1	15	2			
In re Neeld *ats.* Attorney-general	1	10	8			
In re Northampton Charities	8	1	8			
In re New College, Manchester	3	6	8			
In re Newport Bridge Charity	1	17	4			
In re Northampton (St. Giles) Charity	3	4	4			
In re Norwich Almshouses, St. George, Colegate	–	3	6			
In re Newcombe's Gift, Inwardleigh	2	13	10			
In re Newport Improvement Bill	8	15	–			
In re Norris's Charity, Bray	1	13	8			
In re New Zealand Church Endowment Bill	1	11	8			
In re Newport Free Grammar School	2	4	–			
In re Oxford, &c. Railway *ats.*-Attorney-general	2	11	8			
In re Overton *ats.* Attorney-general	2	1	4			
In re Pyncombe's Charity, Ponghill	3	17	–			
In re Phillip's Trust, Baliol College	3	–	2			
In re Pettenger's Charity, Kingston-upon-Hull	6	4	10			
In re Peacock *ats.* Attorney-general	4	14	2			
In re Parkin's Exhibitions	2	12	–			
In re Parrott's Charity, Wotton	1	6	8			
In re Parson's Charity, Islington	2	10	4			
In re Plumptre's Hospital, Nottingham	12	9	2			
In re Pancras, St., Vestry, *ats.* Attorney-general	2	5	4			
In re Preston's Charity, Toft	2	9	4			
In re Parkinson's Charity, Quenmore	6	–	10			
In re Puckering's Charity, Warwick	4	8	6			
In re Poley's Charity, Suffolk	1	10	10			
In re Peard's Charity, Tiverton	1	14	8			
In re Pemberton's School	4	13	10			
In re Penruddocke *ats.* Attorney-general	2	14	2			
Carried forward £.	2,108	2	4	40,692	19	9

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward	2,108	2	4	40,692	19	9
In re Pellatt's, Mr. Motion	61	15	6			
In re Pest House, Harrow	1	12	–			
In re Parrott's Charity (Founders' Company)	1	–	6			
In re Plymouth, Corporation of, *ats.* Attorney-general	4	13	–			
In re Price's Charity	5	10	2			
In re Portmeadow Inclosure	4	6	–			
In re Philpot *v.* St. George's Hospital (Lord Beauchamp's Legacy)	6	18	10			
In re Palmer's Charity	6	3	10			
In re Powis, Earl of, *ats.* Attorney-general	5	1	4			
In re Queen Elizabeth's Grant, Stafford	13	11	2			
In re Rossall Sea Wall	4	12	8			
In re Ramsey's, Lady, Charity, Halsted	1	6	10			
In re Rashdall's Charity for the Blind	3	2	8			
In re Rotherhithe Charities	20	4	6			
In re Ravenstone Hospital	–	16	6			
In re Ray's Charity, Marlborough	3	6	2			
In re Reynold's Charity, Ripe	2	10	4			
In re Ripon Municipal Charities	3	6	10			
In re Ripley *ats.* Attorney-general	3	14	8			
In re Ringwood School	2	2	5			
In re Scawby Poor Estate	3	3	6			
In re Sheffield Gas Company *ats.* Attorney-general	3	16	–			
In re Sherborne Grammar School *ats.* Attorney-general	17	17	–			
In re Smith's Charity (Kensington)	2	1	4			
In re Smith *ats.* Attorney-general	5	6	8			
In re Sudbury's, Viscount, Charity, St. Olave, Hart-street	7	16	10			
In re Scorton School	2	7	6			
In re Slater *ats.* Attorney-general	6	18	8			
In re Shakespeare's Walk Charity, Shadwell	1	10	8			
In re Sheffield Gas Company *ats.* Attorney-general	1	13	4			
In re Silverton Charities	4	3	–			
In re Smith's Charity, Islington	–	18	8			
In re Smith's Charity, Kensington	14	4	6			
In re Stockport Infirmary	1	4	–			
In re Sturge *ats.* Attorney-general	1	4	4			
In re St. Catherine's Hospital, Rochester	3	5	4			
In re St. Mary's Hospital, Chichester	2	3	6			
In re Stephens *ats.* Attorney-general	4	2	6			
In re Sunderland Town Moor	4	13	8			
In re Swansea Dock Company	5	6	2			
In re Sydney Sussex College Estate	13	16	–			
In re St. George, Colegate, Norwich	1	3	8			
In re St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Sandwich	1	1	10			
In re Styan's Charity, Glenfield	1	10	2			
In re Smith's Charity, Camelford	6	6	6			
In re Squire's Charity	8	14	11			
In re Smith's Charity, Richmond	2	14	8			
In re Stuart's Gifts, Pembroke College	2	10	8			
In re Slaighthwaite School	–	11	8			
In re St. Stephen's Church Lands	–	16	10			
In re Springhill College (Glover *v.* East)	12	3	6			
In re Stepney *ats.* Attorney-general (Bevan's Charity)	8	5	2			
In re Spital House, Leicester	4	1	–			
In re Stockport Rectory Bill	14	10	8			
In re Stoke Newington Church Bill	7	6	–			
In re Thomas's Charity, Caermion	2	1	–			
In re Tottenham Free Grammar School	2	2	8			
In re Town Lands, Leek	9	7	10			
In re Town Lands, East Bergholt	2	6	2			
In re Trinity College, Cambridge *ats.* Attorney-general	4	3	6			
In re Tyne Keelmen Bill	37	15	8			
In re Tenison's (Archbishop) Trust	4	18	8			
In re Thornton's Charity, Farnham	–	13	8			
In re Thorpe Hesley School	1	10	2			
In re Thurston's Charity, Ipswich	4	13	10			
In re Toldervey's Charity	3	10	4			
In re Tuthill New Stairs Chapel	2	12	10			
In re Vansittart *ats.* Attorney-general	4	18	8			
In re Varteg Wesleyan Chapel	1	19	–			
Carried forward	2,525	16	8	40,692	19	9

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Brought forward - - -	2,525	16	8	40,692	19	9
In re Vicarage Trust, Bradford - - - - -	13	10	4			
In re Vernon's Charity, Chester - - - - -	6	16	2			
In re Venour's Charity - - - - - - -	5	–	4			
In re Wadebridge Charity - - - - - -	2	4	–			
In re Well Charity, Hampstead - - - - -	4	14	8			
In re Whitechapel Charities - - - - - -	7	16	6			
In re Whittington's Charity, St. Briavels - - -	1	18	8			
In re Wilcox's Charity, Derby - - - - -	7	2	10			
In re William's Trust for Dissenters - - - -	11	2	10			
In re Worcester, Bishop of, *ats.* Attorney-general - -	–	11	8			
In re Walter's Charity, Newington - - - - -	15	19	4			
In re Watts and Packes' Charities, Battel - - -	6	3	8			
In re Welchman's Charity - - - - - -	1	16	8			
In re White's, Sir T., Charity Estates - - - -	4	1	10			
In re Wilkins *ats.* Attorney-general - - - -	2	6	8			
In re Washingboro' Rectory Bill - - - - -	14	7	6			
In re White's, Dr., Hospital, Bristol - - - -	2	17	4			
In re Wigan, Corporation of, *ats.* Attorney-general - -	–	17	4			
In re Willenhall Chapel - - - - - - -	3	–	4			
In re Witham *v.* Knipe - - - - - - -	3	12	10			
In re Wyke's Gift, Preston - - - - - -	4	13	10			
In re White, Sir Thomas, Charity, Lincoln - - -	1	7	4			
In re White's Charity, Epsom - - - - -	7	14	–			
In re Wilson's, Mrs., Will, Trusts of - - - -	1	9	4			
In re Yarmouth, Great, Corporation of, *ats.* Attorney-General	2	8	–			
Charitable Trusts Bill, 1851 - - - - - -	591	11	2			
„ 1852 - - - - - -	405	–	–			
„ 1853 - - - - - -	363	13	10			
Charities Return - 1852, - - - - - -	678	17	10			
Parliamentary Proceedings with reference to the alteration of Standing Orders in matters affecting Chaties, arising out of the case of Vandon's Charity - - - -	358	18	4			
In re Register of Proceedings - - - - - -	225	13	4			
In re Register of Relators' Matters - - - - -	104	5	4			
				5,387	10	6
				46,080	10	3
Sums received and comprised in this Return - - - -				42,309	2	2
Balance due to Mr. Fearon - - - £.				3,771	8	1

The whole of the costs incurred in the proceedings by the Attorney-general at the instance of the Charity Commissioners, and in inquiries and proceedings by him relative to charities (which include court fees, counsels' fees, bills of architects and surveyors, Parliamentary fees and printers' bills), are delivered annually to the Treasury, with an account showing the sums received during the year from the charities, the parties, and the Treasury. Where such costs have been taxed in the course of the proceedings, the reduced amount only is comprised in the bills delivered to the Treasury. Where such costs are taxed after the delivery of the bills to the Treasury, the amount taxed off is credited to the Treasury in subsequent costs.

The disallowed portion of costs is, therefore, not paid by any one.

The sums received from time to time from the parties and the charities are, as has been stated, credited to the Treasury; and as the proceedings draw to a close, the greater part of the advances made by the Treasury for carrying them on will be reimbursed. The costs in which the amount incurred will not be so reimbursed, are those in which the Attorney-general, after inquiry, found that the views of the Commissioners could not be sustained, and therefore did not proceed further; those in which he proceeded, and having obtained decrees, the parties absconded, or were unable to pay, and those in which his proceedings failed. The latter are few. In such cases the costs have, previous to a settlement, been taxed on the part of the Treasury.

INFORMATIONS signed by the ATTORNEY-GENERAL at the Instance of RELATORS, since the Date of the last Return (1851).

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RELATORS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the DEFENDANTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
1. Birstal, Yorkshire -	-- The Wesleyan Methodist Chapel.	- - John Middlebrook, Birstal, draper, and Thomas Beaumont, Birstal, blanket manufacturer, members of the Society of Wesleyan Methodists there.	- - John Clapham, Thomas Pearson, the younger, John Nussey, Geo. Elam, James Faucett, Charles Lee, John Adainson, William Pearson, Daniel Hopkinson, Amos Livesey, Benjamin Sands, Joseph Farrar, William Burrell, Benjamin Wood, William Priestley, the Rev. John Scott, the Rev. John Farrar, the Rev. Isaac Deinson, the Rev. William James Shrewsbury, and the Rev. Dixon Nayler.	-- Messrs. Bunting, Marsland, and Bingham, Bradford, for the relators. Agents, Messrs. Bower & Son, 46, Chancery-lane.	- - 24th February 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that the meeting-house and premises at various times acquired by the original trustees, were subject to trusts that the same should be appropriated as a Wesleyan Methodist Chapel; that the various deeds under which the same were held did not sufficiently declare the trusts, and that a scheme of trusts ought to be had; to remove certain of the defendants from their trusteeship, to supply the existing vacancies, and to vest the trust properties in the new trustees on the trusts of the model deed, or if, the Court might desire it, to settle a scheme, and fully ascertain and declare the trusts upon which the chapel and premises were held.	- - The property consists of a large chapel, with vestries, burial ground, chapel keeper's house, Sunday school room, two houses for the residences of the ministers, and some vacant land. The annual income, including pew-rents, &c., is about 120 *l.*
I 2 2. Bradwell, Essex - -	The Free School - -	- - The Corporation of the Governors of the Charity for Relief of Poor Widows and Children of Clergymen, and Charles John Baker.	-- John May and Richard Bathurst Greenlaw.	-- Messrs. Bridges, Mason, & Bridges, Red Lion-square, for the relators.	- - 22d July 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration of the trusts created by the testator's will, as to the premises at Mile End, and for carrying the same into execution, regard being had to the specific provisoes contained therein for a reference to the Master as to letting the charity land on building leases, and, if necessary, for the settlement of a scheme for the application of the income of the charity.	- - The property consists of 32 *a.* 3 *r.* 24 *p.* of land, with two dwelling-houses, cowhouse, &c., producing a rent of 149 *l.* 10 *s.* per annum; also of 746 *l.* 16 *s.* 7 *d.* Three per Cent. Consols (the dividends whereon amount to 22 *l.* 8 *s.*), and of 1,035 *l.* 5 *s.* paid into Court in trust in the cause.
3. Dunclunch, Warwick -	- - Francis Boughton's Charity.	Thomas Blick - -	- - Sir Theophilus Biddulph, Bart., the Rev. Henry Biddulph, clerk, the Rev. Harvey Wilmot Litwell, clerk, the Rev. Henry Bromfield, clerk, the Rev. Henry Moore, clerk, and the Rev. John Sandford, clerk.	--M. W. Evans, Coventry, for the relator. Agent, M. D. Milner, 14, South-square, Gray's-Inn.	--8th July 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference for inquiries whether a sale of the Spittlemore Estate would be advantageous to the charity, and if so, for directions for carrying such sale, and the reinvestment of the produce thereof in the purchase of other freehold lands or otherwise, as the Court should direct; for authority to grant building or improving leases of such estate, on such terms as the Court should think fit; for directions as to the present repairs of the school and master's house, and to vest in them the whole legal estate of the charity estates devised by Francis Boughton.	- - The property of this charity consists of land and houses, producing an annual income of 142 *l.*

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INFORMATIONS signed by the Attorney-General at the Instance of Relators, since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RELATORS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the DEFENDANTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
4. Frome, Somersetshire -	- - East Woodlands Charity.	- - Charles Augustus Stuart, clerk, Vicar of Old Windsor.	- - William James Early Bennett, clerk, Vicar of Frome.	- - Messrs. Church and Langdale, 38, Southampton-buildings, for the relator.	- - 18th June 1852. Supplemental information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying that the defendant, as Vicar of Frome, might be brought before the Court in the room of the late vicar, one of the relators in the original information, " Attorney-general *versus* the Duke of Somerset."	- - The property of this charity consists of houses and about 140 acres of land, which, with the dividends on 3,000 *l.* Three per Cent. Consols, produces a gross annual income of 324 *l.*
5. Fulham, Middlesex -	- - The New Almshouses, or the Waste Lands Almshouses.	- - Edward Halford, of Hammersmith, surgeon.	- - The Rev. Francis Thomas Atwood, John Bowling, William Bird, George Cloud, Stephen Gomme, Edward Lee, William Morison, William Smith, and William Davis Salter.	- - Mr. Thomas Smith, 15, Furnival's Inn, for the relator.	- - 7th May 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of trustees; and a declaration that larger almshouses ought to be built, and a convenient site provided for the same, with a reference to the Master to settle a scheme for the future management and regulation of the charity; and to take accounts, &c.	—
6. Fulham, Middlesex -	- - The New Almshouses, or the Waste Lands Almshouses.	- - William Bird, of Brook Green, Hammersmith, Esq.	- - William Smith and Charles Brown, the churchwardens of Hammersmith.	- - Mr. Thomas Smith, 15, Furnival's Inn, for the relator.	- - 7th May 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for an injunction to restrain the defendants from applying the charity fund to the purposes of public baths and washhouses, or from applying it in any other manner than according to the following resolution of a vestry meeting: " That the churchwardens do apply the 1,511 *l.* 6 *s.* 7 *d.* as follows: one moiety thereof for or towards the erection of a new district church within the district now remaining attached to the parish church; and the other moiety for the use and benefit of the almshouses called the Waste Land Almshouses;" and for a decree that they should apply the charity fund in that manner.	—
7. Fulham, Middlesex -	- - The New Almshouses, or the Waste Land Almshouses.	- - William Bird, of Hammersmith, Esq.	- - Edward William Millwood, churchwarden of Hammersmith.	- - Mr. Thomas Smith, 15, Furnival's Inn, for the relator.	- - 3d July 1852. Supplemental information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying that the defendant, Edward William Millwood, be brought before the Court as a party to the original suit of " Attorney-general *versus* Smith," he having been elected churchwarden in the room of Mr. Brown, a defendant thereto.	—
8. Genoa - - -	Anne Holl's School -	- - The Rev. Alfred Baker Strettell, Burton-upon-Trent, Stafford.	- - Daniel Sturge and Mary Anne Linton, spinster.	- - Messrs. Cox, Williams, & James, Lincoln's Inn-fields, for the relator.	- - 24th June 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying that an account of the bequest might be taken, and the same be secured, and applied for the benefit of the school, and that the neccessary accounts might be taken.	- - The property of this charity consists of 686 *l.* 8 *s.* 2 *d.* Three per Cent. Reduced Bank Annuities; the dividends whereon form the annual income of the charity.

9. Gloucester - -	St. Kimbrose Hospital -	- - Charles Church, gentleman, John Aubrey Whitcombe, gentleman; Thomas Stanley, cabinet-maker; Thomas Davis, solicitor, Samuel Jones, brushmaker; Thomas Evans, M.D.; Charles Cother, gentleman; John Burrup, solicitor; James Goodrich, gentleman; Thomas Holt, gentleman; George Newton Cox Buchanan, gentleman; Ralph Fletcher, M. D.; Edward Bonsor Swann, attorney at law; Charles Walker, timber merchant, all of Gloucester, relators. The said Charles Church, John Aubrey Whitcombe, Thomas Stanley, Thomas Davis, Samuel Jones, Thomas Evans, Charles Cother, John Burrup, James Goodrich, Thomas Holt, George Newton Cox Buchanan, Ralph Fletcher, Edward Bonsor Swann, and Charles Walker, plaintiffs.	- - The Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of the city of Gloucester; Arthur Hammond Jenkins, (the town clerk of the same city); the Midland Railway Company; John Fox Bell; the secretary of the said company, and James Taylor, David Mowbray Walker, John Dowling, Charles Clutterbuck, Richard Hodges Carter, Josiah Castree, and William Washbourn.	- - Messrs. Thomas White and Sons, 11, Bedford-row, for the relators.	- - 23d December 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for the recovery of certain lands called Friars' Ground, alleged to be part of the endowment of the hospital, which were held by the Corporation as their own, subject to an annual rentcharge of 2 *l.*, part of which land had been sold to the Birmingham and Gloucester Railway Company, the other part having been converted into a cattle market; also for a declaration that from Christmas 1825 (when a lease, if it had not been surrendered in 1820, would have expired), the whole rents ought to have been applied to the purposes of the hospital; a decree to the Corporation to deliver up so much as remained in their hands; a declaration that the railway company became, on the conveyance of the land to them by the Corporation, and remained, at the date of the information, trustees of the land (for the charity trustees); and for a decree to them to deliver up possession and re-convey the same, and pay an occupation rent for such time as they had had possession thereof, after deducting such sum as had been paid by the Company in respect of the charge of 2 *l.* per annum.	- - The income of this charity for the year ending Michaelmas 1854 was 165 *l.* 5 *s.* 7 *d.*
10. Gloucester - -	St. Kimbrose Hospital -	- - The said Charles Church, John Aubrey Whitcombe, Thomas Stanley, Thomas Davis (since deceased), Samuel Jones, Thomas Evans, Charles Cother, John Burrup, James Goodrich, Thomas Holt, George Newton Cox Buchanan, Ralph Fletcher, Edward Bonsor Swann, and Charles Walker, relators. The said parties plaintiffs.	- - The said Corporation of Gloucester, Arthur Hammond Jenkins, town clerk; Midland Railway Company, John Fox Bell, late secretary of the company, and James Taylor, David Mowbray Walker, John Dowling, Charles Clutterbuck, Edward Hodges Carter, Josiah Castree, and William Washbourn.	- - The said Messrs. White & Sons.	- - 12th August 1854. Amended information, signed by the Attorney-general. The amendments arose out of additional facts and documents disclosed on the answers to the original information and Bill.	*See* last preceding case.
11. Hadleigh, Suffolk -	- - The Grand Feoffment, or William Pykenham's Charity.	- - John Ansell, gentleman, Caleb Kersey, farmer; the Reverend James Lyon, John Dixon Piper, stationer; John Cook, draper; Henry Golding, tanner; Samuel Overbury, kersey merchant; Samuel Cotes Howard, draper; Thomas Kersey, farmer.	- - William Strutt, John Growse, Edward Bunn, Joseph Rand, Robert Rand, Joseph Clark, Charles Fenn, Thomas Gray, Joseph Grimwade, William Strutt, the younger, the Rev. Henry Barry Knox, Joseph Rand, and William Grimwade.	- - Mr. Thomas Smith, 15, Furnival's Inn, for the relators.	- - 7th March 1854. Amended information, signed by the Attorney-general, setting out some documents more fully than had been done in the original information (Attorney-general *versus* Calvert, filed in 1851). The information prayed as in the original information, and also that Dissenters might be decreed to be entitled to share in the benefits of the charity.	—

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(continued)

INFORMATIONS signed by the Attorney-General at the Instance of Relators, since the Date of the last Return 1851—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RELATORS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the DEFENDANTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
12. Ham (East), Essex -	- - Lady Westmoreland's Charity.	- - William Streatfield, clerk, the minister of the parish church of East Ham, Essex; and Thomas Mathews, farmer, and Jabez Abbott, farmer, of the same place, the churchwardens of that parish, relators. The said William Streatfield, Thomas Mathews, and Jabez Abbott, plaintiffs.	Thomas Wilkins - -	- - Mr. George Dacre, Stratford, Essex, for the relators. Agent, Mr. Arthur Dyson, 19, Chancery-lane.	- 13th December 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration from what lands the rentcharge was payable, and to take an account in respect thereof, and to carry into execution the trusts of the deed of foundation; and for an order to the defendant to pay what should be found due from him, and to make the future payments with regularity.	—
13. Lambeth - - -	Robert Hayle's Charity -	- - John Benjamin Clarke, of Kennington-lane, Lambeth, gentleman.	- - Robert Taylor, James Grey, John Bushell, John Grady, John Hunt, John Sewell, John Doulton, Charles Brown Dalton, Charles Field, James Rosseter, Lawrence Redhead, and Samuel Fisher.	- - Mr James Molyneux Taylor, 11, Furnival's Inn, for the relator.	- - 14 January 1852. Supplemental information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying that the defendants, as trustees of the charity, might be brought before the Court as parties to the original suit of Attorney-general *v.* Dalton.	- - The property of this charity consists of 206 houses, erected upon six acres of freehold land, producing a gross annual income of 1,806 *l.* 15 *s.*
14. Leicester - - -	- - William Wyggeston's Hospital.	- - Edward Palmer, Derby, gentleman, and Luke Gimson, Loughboro', hosier	- - Robert Vansittart and Charles Ward.	- - Mr. Alfred Hucknall, Loughborough, for the relators. Agent, Mr. John Turner, 9, Carey-street, Lincoln's Inn.	- - 13th June 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that the master was not authorised by the statutes to grant leases of the charity land, and to retain the fines (received on granting same) to his own use; for an account of the interest due on 1,200 *l.*, from the time of the receipt thereof, by William Vansittart (deceased); for a decree to the defendants to pay such 1,200 *l.* and interest out of the estate of William Vansittart, and in case they should not admit sufficient assets, that the usual accounts of his estate might be taken. Also for an account of the principal and interest monies recovered by the defendants in an action on a bond from William Stenson and others, with interest thereon, from the time of such receipt, by the defendants, such sum to be computed and ascertained; and for an order to the defendants personally to pay the same into court for the benefit of	- - The property of this charity consists of houses, buildings, and lands, of freehold tenure, producing an income, for the year ending 24th March last, of 2,527 *l.* 18 *s.* 11 *d.*, including the colliery mine rents.

77. Stafford.	The Market Hall - -	- - Thomas Goddard, of the township of Lane End, in the county of Stafford, surgeon and apothecary.	- - James Bradbury, Thomas Slater, George Young, Thomas Jackson Hughes, and David James.	- - Messrs. Austen and De Gex, for the relators.	- - 12th February 1852. Amended information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that the defendants were the trustees of, and held certain lands, and the hall built thereon, on the trusts declared by certain articles of agreement made in 1794, and that the premises ought to be used in conformity with such trusts, and, if necessary, for the settlement of a scheme and the appointment of trustees. For a decree to the defendant, James Bradbury, to deliver up possession of such parts of the premises as he should appear to be possessed of, and to take an account against the defendants to the information, and to restrain them from, in the meantime, in any way interfering with the management of the charity property.	- - A consultation was held with counsel on the subject of this suit, and their joint opinion was, that the relator could not support the claim to the property as given for charitable purposes. The suit was therefore discontinued, and the property sold and converted into a magistrate's court and police offices by the town improvement commissioners.
16. Middlesmoor, Netherdale, Yorkshire.	The Free School - -	- - William Beckwith, Stean, near Middlesmoor, Pately Bridge, farmer; Thomas Harrison, Haver Close, near Middlesmoor, farmer; and Robert Smith, Thaite House, near Middlesmoor, farmer, chapelwardens of the chapel of Middlesmoor, relators. The said William Beckwith, Thomas Harrison, and Robert Smith, plaintiffs.	- - John Moor, George Kirkley, Thomas Pickard, Thomas Layfield, James Moor, and Jonathan Metcalf.	- - Messrs. Murray, Rymer, and Murray, 7, Whitehall-place, for the relators.	- - 8th April 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying that an account might be taken against the defendant, John Moore, and that he might be restrained from being a trustee, and also from levying a distress against the schoolmaster as proposed, he having, as asserted, no right to such income.	- - The property of this charity consists of land, producing an annual income of 23 *l.*, and an allotment of 22 *l.* awarded to the charity in consequence of the enclosure of Fountain's Earth Moor, the rent of which will not amount to more than the payment of the interest required by the outlay in fencing it.
17. Newington, Surrey -	John Walters' Charity -	- - James Brooker, Burdett-street, Walworth Common, St. Mary, Newington, and Forest Hill, Sydenham, builder, and John Ireland, No. 2, Canterbury-row, St. Mary, Newington, gentleman.	- - The Master and Wardens, and Brethren and Sisters of the Guild or Fraternity of the Blessed Mary, the Virgin, of the mystery of Drapers, of the City of London; the Governors and Guardians of the Poor of the Parish of St. Mary, Newington, James Kingdon, Robert Hill, Richard Pike, Geo. Holford, and William Bellingham.	- - Mr. Nicholas Gedye, 14, George-street, Mansion House, London, for the relators.	- - 2d May 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for an inquiry as to what the nature and particulars of the endowment of the almshouses are; of what the charity property consists; in whom the legal estate is vested; who are entitled to elect the almspeople according to the true construction of the deeds belonging to the charity, and of the will of the founder; and for a reference to the Master to settle a scheme.	- - The property of this charity consists principally of houses, and 1,418 *l.* 8 *s.* 9 *d.* Reduced Three per Cent. Annuities, and 517 *l.* 9 *s.* 2 *d.* Bank Consolidated Three per Cent. Annuities, producing an annual income of 948 *l.* 1 *s.* 4 *d.*
18. Newington, Surrey -	John Walter's Charity -	- - The said James Brooker and John Ireland.	- - The said Master, Wardens, and Brethren, &c., of the Drapers' Company, governors and guardians of the poor of St. Mary's, Newington, James Kingdon, Robert Hill, Richard Pike, George Holford, and William Bellingham; also Arthur Cyril Onslow, John Wills, William Jones, and William Radford.	- - The said Mr. Nicholas Gedye.	- - 10th April 1854. Further amended information, signed by the Attorney-general. The object of the further amendments was to make the rector and churchwardens, and one of the parishioners who had not borne office in the parish, parties to the suit, so as to raise the question, whether the rector and churchwardens, or the inhabitants generally, were entitled to nominate the almspeople.	*See* last preceding case.

(*continued*)

INFORMATIONS signed by the Attorney-General at the Instance of Relators, since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RELATORS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the DEFENDANTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
19. Norwich (St. Giles')	-- The Charities of James Wadnau and John Mason.	-- John Godwin Johnson, of the parish of St. Giles, Norwich, and one of the churchwardens of that parish.	-- William Davey, Daniel Judson, Charles John Freeman, and William Wiggett Parkinson.	-- Messrs. Goodwin & Son, Norwich, for the relator. Agents, Messrs. Abbott & Wheatley, 22, Southampton Buildings.	-- 29th October 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that a lease of the charity property for 500 years at 6 *l.* per annum was null and void; or otherwise that it ought to be set aside, and for an order to the defendants to deliver up the same to be cancelled.	-- The property of this charity consists of several messuages or tenements, producing a rental of about 120 *l.* per annum.
20. Paddington - -	-- Almshouses in the Harrow-road.	-- The Rev. Archibald Montgomery Campbell, Sussex, Gardens West, Paddington, William Liveing, esq., Clifton Villas, and Thomas France, Harrow-road, timber-merchant, the minister and churchwardens of the parish.	Joseph Neeld, esq., M. P. -	-- Mr. Richard Pittman, 31, Paddington-green, for the relators.	-- 29th July 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for an inquiry as to the trusts or purposes to which the charity estate is properly applicable; the appointment of new trustees, and the settlement of a scheme with due provisions for the leasing and sale of the charity land, and the proper investment of the proceeds of any such leasing or sale under proper restrictions.	-- The property of this charity consists of the almshouses, and the buildings attached.
21. Putney - - -	-- The Church and Poor of that Parish.	-- Alfred Erasmus Dryden, and John Fisher, the churchwardens, and William Cluff Hulme, and James John Dean, the overseers of the parish of Putney.	Stephen Lyne Stephens -	-- Mr. Evan Hare, 1, Mitre-court, Temple, for the relators.	-- 24th February 1854. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying the recovery from the defendant of about 6½ acres of land, at Roehampton, alleged to belong to the churchwardens and overseers of the poor of Putney, upon trust, for the benefit of the church and poor of that parish.	-- The Court has decreed that the charity is not entitled to the land.
22. Romford (Essex) -	-- Meeting-house in Collier-row-lane.	-- Alexander Frederick Merrett, Romford, gentleman, relator; Charles Latham, of Hornsey, Middlesex, gentleman, plaintiff.	-- John Field Butler, William Ponsford, Frederick William Leman, Thomas Colborne, James Winter, George Winter, Thomas Woollings, Henry Joslin, William Hammond, Andrew Gibson, William Andrews, and James Andrews, and Ebenezer Strahan, and Thomas Strahan, when within the jurisdiction of the Court.	-- Messrs. Surridge & Francis, Romford, for the relator and plaintiff. Agents, Messrs. Wilkinson, Gurney & Stephens, No. 2, Nicholas-lane, Lombard-street, City.	-- 14th June 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that the right of appointing a minister to the chapel was vested in the congregation, and that Charles Latham had been duly appointed, and was entitled to the use of the pulpit, and the dividends on two sums of 200 *l.* and 500 *l.*, and the rents, &c., of the trust premises. To restrain the defendants from allowing the use of the pulpit, or paying the dividends to any other person than Charles Latham, or the person duly appointed by the congregation; or for a declaration of what were the respective rights of the trustees and congregation, and to settle a scheme for the future regulation of such election and the use of the chapel and trust premises. To appoint a receiver to collect and get in the income of the charity, and to remove certain of the trustees and appoint others in their stead, and vest the property in them.	-- The property consists of houses and stock, producing an annual income of 74 *l.* 4 *s.*

23. Salisbury - - -	- - The Rev. James Cutler's Gift.	- - George Radcliffe, rector, and Charles Marsh Lee, and Charles Fullford, churchwardens of St. Edmund, in the city of New Sarum.	John Lush Alford - -	- - Mr. Radcliffe, Salisbury, for the relators. Agents, Messrs. Edward Radcliffe and Davies, 8, Delahay-street, Westminster.	- - 5th February 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for an account of the personal estate, &c. of the testator come to the hands of the defendant, and to ascertain the clear residue thereof; for an order to the defendant to pay what should be found due from him, with interest, and if any loss should have been sustained, for him to make good the same; for a declaration that the bequest was a good charitable bequest; to ascertain and declare the objects thereof, and to apply the residue of the testator's estate according to a scheme to be approved of by the Court; to restrain the defendant from interfering with the estate till a receiver should be appointed, and to take all proper accounts and directions, &c.	- - The property of this charity consists of 4,753 *l.* 2 *s.* 3 *d.* New Three per Cents., and 29 *l.* 13 *s.* 3 *d.* cash, the dividends on the former of which constitute the income of the charity.
24. Sherborne, Dorsetshire	The Free Grammar School	- - Benjamin Chandler, the younger, of Sherborne, on behalf of himself and all other the inhabitants of the town and neighbourhood of Sherborne, not members of the Church by law established.	- - The Governors of the Free Grammar School of King Edward the Sixth at Sherborne, and the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol.	- - Messrs. Poole and Gamlen, 3, Gray's-Inn Square, for the relator.	- 28th February 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for the decision of the Court as to the powers of the defendants to prescribe certain statutes which would practically exclude the children of Dissenters from participation in the benefits of the foundation. 24th March 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general. This information had the same objects as the above, but as it contained many new statements it was thought desirable rather to file a new information than to make the required amendments in that filed in February. 24th June 1852. Amended information, signed by the Attorney-general. These further amendments were advised by counsel, and allowed by the Attorney-general. 14th May 1853. Further amended information, signed by the Attorney-general. He gave his sanction to certain further amendments, which went to define, with more precision, the case for which the relator contended; and also to raise the question whether the limitation of exhibitions from the endowments to such scholars only as should be proceeding to the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge was warranted by the terms of the foundation; the point being, that those Universities, according to their respective constitutions, were only adapted for the education of persons belonging to the Church of England, and in particular that no degree could be conferred upon any student who is not a member of such Church.	- - The property of this charity consists of land, houses, and stock, producing an annual income of 1,175 *l.* 11 *s.* 8 *d.*

(*continued*)

INFORMATIONS signed by the Attorney-General at the Instance of Relators, since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RELATORS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the DEFENDANTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
25. Shrewsbury - -	Grammar School - -	- - Humphrey Sandford, Esq., Shrewsbury.	- - The Right. Hon. Edward James, Earl of Powis, the Right Rev. Lord Bishop of Lichfield, John Arthur Lloyd, Sir Andrew Vincent Corbet, Bart., Robert Aglionby Slaney, the Rev. George Sandford, and the Rev. Francis Morse.	- - Messrs. Clarke, Gray, and Woodcock, No. 20, Lincoln's-Inn Fields, for the relators.	- - 2d December 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying that the election of the defendant, Mr. Morse, to the curacy of St. Mary's, Shrewsbury, the advowson of which formed part of the endowment of the charity, might be declared void, and that he might be ordered to deliver up his licence to be cancelled; and for a declaration that the son of a burgess, being a fit and proper person duly qualified according to law, and having complied with the other conditions, was entitled to be preferred to any candidate not being a son of a burgess. That the trustees might be ordered to proceed to a new election, and a scheme be settled for the future administration of the trust; and that the defendant, Mr. Morse, might be restrained from reading in, and that the Bishop might in like manner be restrained from granting any new licence to him.	- - The property of this charity consists of tithes, rents, and the dividends on 6,000 *l.* Three per Cent. Consols, and 3,000 *l.* Reduced Three per Cents., producing, for the year 1854, a gross income of 3,008 *l.* 3 *s.* 3 *d.*
26. Shrewsbury - -	The Grammar School -	- - The said Humphrey Sandford, Esq.	- - The said the Right Hon. Edward James, Earl of Powis, the Right Rev. John Lord Bishop of Lichfield, John Arthur Lloyd, Sir Andrew Vincent Corbet, bart., Robert Aglionby Slaney, the Rev. George Sandford, and the Rev. Francis Morse.	- - The said Messrs. Clarke, Gray, and Woodcock.	- - 10th April 1854. Amended information, signed by the Attorney-general. The objects of the amendments were to set out the words of a letter, the general effect only of which was given in the original information; and to state more definitely some circumstances connected with the election of one of the past curates.	*See* last preceding case.
27. Southwark, Parishes of St. Olave and St. John.	Poor's Estate - - -	- - Thomas Walker and John Miller, two of the principal inhabitants of the parish of St. Olave in the Boro' of Southwark; and Francis Nash and Henry Tayler, two of the principal inhabitants of the parish of St. John Horsleydown, in the said Boro' of Southwark.	- - The Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes of St. Olave, Southwark, and St. John Horsleydown, Southwark, and the President and Scholars of the College of St. Mary Magdalen, Oxford.	- - Mr. George Richard Corner, 19, Tooley-street, Southwark, for the relators Thomas Walker and John Miller; and Mr. Robert Slee, No. 1, Parish-street, Southwark, for the relators Francis Nash and Henry Tayler.	- - 30th January 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying that the possession of a piece of ground and premises, situate on the south side of Tooley-street, Southwark, might be recovered, which being (as alleged) for the use of the poor of the parishes of St. Olave and St. John Horsleydown, had been, by the authorities of the said parishes, conveyed to the President and Scholars of Magdalen College, Oxford, by an indenture of feoffment, bearing date the 3d of March 1790, in consideration of a perpetual rentcharge of 15 *l.*, and that the said deed might be cancelled, and the college be decreed to account for the rents and profits of the premises in question.	- - The amount of the property and annual income of this charity cannot at present be stated, the question in dispute remaining still unsettled.

28. Uttoxeter, Stafford	The Grammar School	John Vernon, Thomas Rushton, and Henry Wilders.	The Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Trinity College, Cambridge; Her Majesty's Solicitor-general, John Kinder, Charles Boreham, and Robert Ambler.	Mr. Daniel Dunnett, Uttoxeter, for the relators. Agents, Messrs. Sharpe, Field, & Jackson, 41, Bedford-row, London.	1st December 1852. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that the schools were entitled to the increased income of certain estates, or of part thereof, and that steps ought to be taken for securing the same both in respect of the past and the future rents; for the settlement of a scheme for the future management of the charity property; the regulation of the school, and, if necessary, for the regulation of the other schools of the same founder, and for the management of the charity generally.	The amount of the property and annual income of this charity cannot be stated at present, the disputed points remaining still unsettled.
29. Uttoxeter, Stafford	The Grammar School	The said John Vernon, Thomas Rushton, and Henry Wilders.	The said Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Trinity College, Cambridge; Her Majesty's Solicitor-general, John Kinder, Charles Boreham, and Robert Ambler.	The said Mr. Daniel Dunnett. Agents, The said Messrs. Sharpe, Field, & Jackson.	28th August 1854. Amended information, signed by the Attorney-general. The amendments were occasioned by the disclosures of certain facts and documents in the answers to the original information.	*See* last preceding case.
30. Wilton	St. John's Hospital	The Rev. Charles Buchanan Pearson, Prior Custos or Master of the Hospital of St. John, near Wilton, in the county of Wilts, and the Brethren and Sisters of the Hospital.	Charles Penruddocke, William Wyndham, William Heald, Ludlow Bruges, John Hungerford Penruddocke, Arundel Penruddocke, Thomas Penruddocke, Hungerford Penruddocke, George Penruddocke, and Charles Penruddocke.	Mr. John Lush Alford, Salisbury, for the relators. Agent, Mr. John Philpot, 20, Montague-street, Russell-square.	9th August 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying that the defendant, Charles Penruddocke, might deliver up to the charity the property comprised in the lease of 1826, mingled with certain other lands granted by the same lease, and that if he should be unable to distinguish the land, that a commission might issue to set out the same; and that if the commissioners should be unable to identify the land, that the defendant, Charles Penruddocke, might give to the hospital lands of equal value; and to take an account since the falling in of the last life in 1841, on account of timber cut, and that the said Charles Penruddocke might pay what should be found due.	
31. Yeadon, Yorkshire	Wesleyan Methodist Chapel.	James Brown, clothier, and George Starkey, cloth dealer, both of Yeadon.	Royston Slater, John Denison, William Denison, Moor End; William Starkie, Joseph Slater, William Denison, of Henshaw; William Smith, William Bailey Holdsworth, Thomas Newsam, Daniel Hellowell, John Yeudall, William Chesborough, William Peel, George Bingham, William Whitaker, John Whitaker, James Rhodes, George Isitt, George Teil, Joseph Birdsall, John Slater, the Rev. John Scott, the Rev. John Farrar, and the Rev. John Imison; and Joseph Binns and William Hudson when they shall come within the jurisdiction of the Court.	Messrs. Bunting, Marsland, & Bingham, Bradford, Yorkshire, for the relators. Agents, Messrs. Bower & Son, 46, Chancery-lane.	17th March 1853. Information, signed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that the meeting-house, lands, and premises were acquired by the original trustees at various times, subject to trusts; that the same should be appropriated as a Wesleyan Methodist chapel; that the various deeds under which the same were held did not sufficiently declare the trusts, and that a scheme of trusts ought to be had; that certain of the defendants had been guilty of a breach of trust, and ought to be, and might be removed, and the others be confirmed in their trusteeship; and that trustees might be appointed to supply the existing vacancies, and the trust properties be vested in them on the trusts of the model deed, or, if the Court should desire it, that a scheme might be settled, and the trusts of the chapel property be fully ascertained and declared.	The property of this charity consists of the chapel buildings and two dwelling-houses, the gross annual income whereof is 29 *l.* 2 *s.* 1 *d.*

PETITIONS allowed by the ATTORNEY-GENERAL since the Date of the last Return (1851).

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORSCONCERNED	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
32. Aston, near Birmingham, Warwick.	-- The Deritend and Bordesley Sunday Schools.	-- Robert Webb, gentleman, Isaac Marshall, iron founder, both of Bordesley; the Rev. William Bramwell Smith, minister or curate of the Chapel of St. John, Deritend; the Rev. Joseph Oldknow, minister or curate of the Chapel of the Holy Trinity, Bordesley, all in the parish of Aston, Birmingham; and Mary Jennens, widow; Thomas Simcox, gentleman, and John Simcox, gentleman, all of Birmingham.	- - - - - -	-- Messrs. Bird & Moore, 5, Verulam Buildings, Gray's Inn, for the petitioners.	-- 23d June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to carry into effect certain conditional agreements to sell part of the charity land, and vest the fee simple and inheritance of the same in the purchasers, on payment of 1,150 *l.* purchase money; and to carry into effect another agreement for the purchase of certain most suitable land out of such 1,150 *l.*, and to expend 900 *l.* further, part of such 1,150 *l.*, in enclosing the school and school buildings, and for liberty to the petitioners (they joining in such proposed conveyance of the charity land freed from a mortgage security thereon) to execute a mortgage by way of demise, for the term of 1,000 years, securing the price of the land to be conveyed, and 174 *l.*, or such sum as shall be then due, with a proviso for redemption, and liberty to expend 41 *l.*, or not exceeding 50 *l.*, in the execution of such several agreements.	-- The property of these schools consists of the school-house and the freehold ground on which it stands, of the value of about 1,000 *l.* The income is derived entirely from the voluntary subscriptions of the charitable parishioners.
33. Banbury - - -	- - - - - - - - 1. The Bridge Estate Charity. 2. Lady Arran's Charity. 3. The Charities of Sprigg, Metcalf, & Smyth. 4. Widow Groat's Charity. 5. The Almshouses. 6. And the School-house.	-- Timothy Rhodes Cobb, banker; Robert Brayne, surgeon, and Thomas Golby, carrier, all of Banbury, three of the surviving trustees of these charities.	- - - - -	-- Mr. John Fortescue, of Banbury, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. W. & H. P. Sharp, 2, Verulam Buildings, Gray's Inn.	-- 25th July 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying that certain of the trustees might retire, and the petitioners and others be appointed in their stead, and in the room of certain deceased trustees, and that the charities might be vested in such new trustees upon the trusts to which they are subject.	-- The property and incomes of the several charities are as follows: 1. Houses and 1 A. 2 R. 9 P. of land; income, 53 *l.* 12 *s.* 2. Houses and 100 *l.* 3 per Cent. Consols; income 51 *l.* 3. A sum of 750 *l.* on mortgage, producing 30 *l.* per annum. 4. An annuity of 9 *l.* 13 *s.* 11 *d.*, paid by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Woods and Forests, and charged on the Revenue of the Crown. 5. The buildings, which consist of 12 apartments, but are without endowment. 6. The house has been pulled down, and no revenue is derived from the site.

34. Barthomley, Chester	-- Alsager Charity School Estates.	-- Edward Boddle Wilbraham; Lord Skelmersdale; Randle Wilbraham, of Rode Hill, Chester, Esq.; Randle Wilbraham, junior, of Rode Heath, Chester, Esq.; Charles Bourne Lawton, of Lawton Hall, Esq.; the Rev. Edward Duncambe, of Barthomley; the Rev. Offley Crewe, of Astbury; The Venerable Isaac Wood, Archdeacon of Chester; John Muxloe Wingfield, of Tickencote, Rutland, Esq.; Charles Heaton, of Endon, Stafford, land agent; Thomas Twemlow, of Batterley, Chester, gentleman, and James Barker, of Alsager, farmer.	-- Messrs. Worthington & Earle, of Manchester, for the petitioners. Agents, Mr. John Forkington, of Stamford, and solicitor for the petitioner, John Muxloe Wingfield; Mr. Joseph Challaw, of Leek Stafford, and solicitor for Charles Heaton. Messrs. J. E. Fox & Son, 40, Finsbury Circus, London agents.	-- 29th July 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to the petitioners, the trustees of the school, to receive 701 *l.*, paid into court, and two sums of 69*l.* and 140*l.* offered to be paid by Charles Alsager Tryon, and to convey the hereditaments to the said C. A. Tryon; and to retain thereout 370*l.* expended in converting the old school and master's house into a residence for the incumbent, and to lay out the surplus of the monies in building a new school and master's house.	-- The property of this charity consists of 32 A. 2 R. 39 P. of land, producing an annual income of 39 *l.* 4 *s.* 3 *d.*
35. Bath	1. The Free Grammar School. 2. The Black Arms. 3. Billott's Hospital. 4. Lady Moyer's Gift. 5. Power's Gift. 6. Clements and Others' Gifts. 7. Attwood's Gift. 8. Scudamore's Gift. 9. Monies of Sir William Waller, Lady Booth, and Mr. Starridge. 10. Sir T. White's Charity. 11. Langton's Gift.	-- Edmund Lloyd Bagshaw, surgeon, and John Michael Shum, woollen draper, both of Bath.	-- Mr. Thomas Washbourne Gibbs, of Bath, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Maples, Maples, & Pearce, 6, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry.	-- 12th August 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to appoint new trustees in the place of certain deceased and non-resident trustees.	-- The property and incomes of the several charities are as follows: 1. } Houses and ground 2. } rents; income, 714*l.* 19 *s.* 8 *d.* 3. Houses and land; income, 74 *l.* 7 *s.* 6 *d.* 4. Interest on 400 *l.*, at 4 per cent., 16 *l.* 5. Rentcharge of 2 *l.* per annum. 6. £. 6. 3., distributed in bread annually. 7. 8. Rentcharge of 10 *l.* per annum. 9. 10. £. 742. 14. 8 *d.* cash. 11. £. 2., the interest on 50 *l.*, at 4 per cent.
36. Battle, Sussex	-- Giles Watts and William Pack's Charities.	-- Charles Emary, gentleman, and Edmund Manktelow, cabinet maker, both of Battle.	-- Mr. Nathaniel Pothill Kell, of Battle, for the petitioners. Agent, Mr. J. B. Lowndes, 2, New Inn.	- 17th March 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of trustees. An order vesting the charity property in them, with a declaration of the trusts on which such property was held. Power to raise the amount of costs by mortgage of the charity property, and to grant building leases, and to obtain provisions for the future appointment of trustees.	-- The income of this charity is at present about 18 *l.* per annum.
37. Battersea	-- The Charities of— 1. Sir W. St. John, Lady St. John. 2. Parvin and 3. Wix.	-- Charles Bowes, of York-road, Battersea, surveyor, and Benjamin Starling, of Falcon-road, Battersea, gentleman.	-- Mr. Charles G. Jones, 11, Gray's-Inn-square, for the petitioners.	-- 19th July 1852. Petition, allowed allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the administration of these charities by the Court, and the performance and execution of these trusts under the like order and direction, and, if necessary, for the settlement of a scheme for the future administration of the charities.	-- The property and incomes of the several charities are as follows: 1. Land at Peckham, producing an annual income of 100 *l.* per annum. 2. Nil. 3. £.109. 4. Consols, the dividends whereon form the income of the charity.

(continued)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
38. Belfast, Antrim, Ireland.	-- Mrs. Margaret Wilson's Trust.	- - John Gammill, of 128, Westbourne-terrace, Hyde Park, Middlesex, Esq., and Murray Suffern, of Belfast, Ireland, Esq., two of the trustees of the sum of 27,000 *l.* Three per Cent. Consols.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Colley, Smith, Hunter & Gwatkin, of Lincoln's-Inn, for the petitioners.	- - 18th June 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the settlement of a scheme for the administration of the sum of 27,000 *l.* Three per Cent. Consols, and for the payment of the dividends, &c. thereon to the trustees of the fund, to be by them applied upon the trusts, and for the purposes to be directed by such scheme.	- - The property of this charity consists of 27,000 *l.* Consols, producing an annual income of 810 *l.*
39. Bergholt, East, Suffolk	The Town Lands - -	- - James Folkard and William Green, both of Bergholt, East, gentlemen.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Harcourt Firmin, of Dedham, Essex, for the petitioners. Agent, Mr. Geo. Cook, 8, Furnival's-Inn.	- - 27th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of new trustees, and the conveyance of the charity property to them.	- - The property of this charity consists of 13 acres of land, let for 33 *l.* 10 *s.* per annum, and six sets of cottages, producing 16 *l.* 10 *s.* yearly, making a total annual income of 50 *l.*
40. Berkhampstead, Herts	- - The Free Grammar School.	- - The Right Hon. James Walter, Earl of Verulam; the Hon. Granville Dudley Ryder, of Westbrook, near Hemel Hempstead; the Hon. Charles Compton Cavendish, of Latimers, near Chesham, Bucks; Sir Thomas Gage Saunders Sebright, of Beechwood, Markyat-street, Bart.; Sir Astley Paston Cooper, Gadebridge, near Hemel Hempstead, aforesaid, Bart.; John Barns, of Chorleywood, Rickmansworth, Esq.; Frank John Moore, of Woodcock-hill, near Berkhampstead, aforesaid, Esq.; Algernon Smith Dorrien, of Haresfoot, near Berkhampstead, aforesaid, Esq.; William Lowndes, of the Bury, near Chesham, aforesaid, Esq.; the Rev. John Robert Crawford, master of the said school, and the Rev. Frederick Burn Harvey, usher of the said school; and the Master and Usher of the said school.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Lambert, Whitmore, & Hampton, John-street, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	- - 5th September 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the sanction of the Court to some proposed amendments and extensions of the scheme settled by the Court in 1841, since which time the income of the school property had considerably increased, or for the settlement of a new or modified scheme, with liberty to the visitor to attend upon the settlement of such scheme if he should see fit.	- - The property of this charity consists of the school buildings, 28 houses, and about 660 acres of land, the net annual income whereof is 861 *l.* 4 *s.*
41. Bingley, Yorkshire	The Free School - -	- - William Ellis, of Castlefields, Bingley, Esq., Thomas Horner, of Bingley, yeoman, and the Rev. William Busfield, of Keighley, York, clerk.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Edward Hailstone, of Bingley, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Evans & Clode, 2, Grays-Inn-square.	- - 7th June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master, to inquire whether a proposed arrangement in respect of a portion of the charity estate, sold as glebe land by the vicar, should be adopted, and whether it would be for the benefit of the charity that an application should be made for an Act of Parliament, and if so, for the settlement of a Draft Bill for that purpose, or for the settlement of a scheme to effect all the objects necessary for the benefit of the charity, without making an application to Parliament.	- - The property of this charity consists of land, houses, stock, and rent-charges, producing an annual income of 406 *l.* 7 *s.* 8 *d.*

42. Bingley, Yorkshire -	- - The Harden Wesleyan Methodist Chapel.	- - The Rev. John Scott, of the Wesleyan Training Institution, Westminster, president of the Conference of the people called Methodists; the Rev. John Farrar, of Richmond, secretary of the Conference; the Rev. Samuel Merrill, of Bingley; the Rev. Amos Learoyd, of Bingley, Wesleyan Ministers; and Abraham Binns, of White See, near Birstal, Yorks.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Bunting, Marsland, & Bingham, Bradford, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Bower & Son, 46, Chancery-lane.	- - 8th December 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain persons to act jointly with the original surviving trustees, and to vest the trust estate and premises in them, subject to the subsisting powers, provisoes, and agreements.	- - The property of this chapel consists of a small chapel and plot of ground, containing about 350 yards, producing an annual income of about 18 *l.* 4 *s.*
43. Birmingham, Warwick	- - The Free Grammar School of King Edward the Sixth.	- - The Right Hon. Frederick Lord Calthorpe, Baron Calthorpe, of Calthorpe, Norfolk, and of Perry Hall, near Birmingham, and Richard Spooner, of Birmingham, banker.	- - - - -	- - Mr. J. W. Whateley, of Birmingham, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Maples, Maples, & Pearse, 6, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry.	- - 25th July 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the sale of such a portion of the Three per Cent. Consols, standing in Court to the account of the governors of the school, as might be required to pay off a debt of 4,833 *l.* 14 *s.* 5 *d.*, incurred in building and enlarging the elementary schools directed to be built.	- - The property of this charity consists of 167 A. 3 R. 13 P. of land, besides houses, &c., producing a total annual income of about 11,000 *l.*
44. Birmingham - -	Simeon Harris' Charity -	- - The Hon. and Rev. Grantham Munton Yorke, rector of St. Philips, Birmingham, George Anderton, of Moseley, Wakegreen, Kingsnorton, Worcester, gentleman, and William Charles Alston, of Elmdon Hall, Warwick, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Clement Ingleby, of Birmingham, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Chaplin & Hilliard, 3, Gray's-Inn-square.	- - 25th June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain persons as trustees of the charity, and for a direction to the petitioners, the incumbent of St. Philips, and the devisees of the devisee of the last surviving trustee, to convey the charity estates to the new trustees, upon the trusts of the testator's will	- - The property of this charity consists of 8 A. 2 R. 1 P., situate in the parish of Birmingham, adjoining Moseley-street, and produces a gross annual income of 525 *l.*
45. Birmingham - -	Springhill College - -	- - Sarah Glover, plaintiff in the Bill of Glover *v.* East; William Rooke, of Birmingham, gunmaker; Daniel Bagnall, of Handsworth, Stafford, coal master; Isaac Salt, ironmonger; Henry Phillips, gilt-toy maker; James Hart, bookkeeper, and Francis Greasley, mercer, and all of Birmingham.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Thomas Smith James, of Birmingham, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Church & Son, 9, Bedford-row.	- - 26th July 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the confirmation of the Master's report, the removal of defendant, Timothy East, from the office of trustee, and to vest the charity property in the petitioner, Sarah Glover, with liberty to vest the same in the other petitioners in fee simple, and for the appointment of a receiver.	- - The property of this charity consists of various old buildings, and plots of land and ground-rents, which, together with 800 *l.*, the dividends of 20,000 *l.* stock, produce an annual income of about 1,505 *l.* 10 *s.* 6 *d.*
46. Birmingham, Warwick	Springhill College - -	- - William Rooke, of Birmingham, gunmaker; Daniel Bagnall, of Handsworth, Stafford, coal master; Isaac Salt, iron master; Henry Phillips, gilt-toy maker; James Hart, bookkeeper, and Francis Greasley, mercer, all of Birmingham, the present trustees of the College.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Thomas Smith James, of Birmingham, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Church & Son, of Bedford-row.	- - 10th March 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to sell an hotel called the Nelson, forming part of the charity property, which had become much deteriorated in value, and to apply the money arising from such sale in payment of the sum due to the executor and trustees of the will of Charles Glover, and to apply the residue to the benefit of the College.	*See* last preceding case.

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PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
47. Birmingham, Warwick.	Springhill College - -	- - William Rooke, gentleman; Henry Phillips, gilt-toy maker; and Francis Greasley, bookkeeper, all of Birmingham; and three of the trustees of the College.	- - - - -	- - Thomas Smith James, of Birmingham, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Church & Son, Bedford-row.	- - 6th July 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of new trustees and the removal of Mr. Timothy East from all intervention in the trust, as to whom a question arose whether, under certain proceedings stated in the petition, he had been altogether removed or not.	*See* last preceding case.
48. Blackheath - -	- - Susanna Grahme's Charity.	- - William Spencer Shove, 12, Osborne-place, Blackheath, corn and coal merchant; and William Voller, of Tranquil Vale, Blackheath, tailor and draper.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Bristow & Tarrant, 2, Bond-court, Walbrook, for the petitioners.	- - 14th May 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to appoint new trustees, and to inquire where the chapel mentioned in the original indenture of 1679 was erected, and what constitutes such chapel, or its site, and, if he should find it proper to do so, to settle a scheme.	- - The property consists of the chapel building and a piece of land adjoining, the annual income of which cannot be stated whilst the scheme is pending.
49. Bloomsbury, St. George, Middlesex.	- - Eagle-street Chapel, Holborn.	- - Francis Wills, of 4, Granville-square, Pentonville, minister of this congregation; Henry Crasweller, of 36, Welbeck-street, Marylebone, ironmonger, treasurer of the said congregation; Thomas Merrett, of 7, St. John's-square, Clerkenwell, newsvender; John Burbridge, of 46, Rosoman-street, Clerkenwell, cabinet-maker; and William Parker, of 10 and 11, Houghton-street, Clare-market, oil and colourman, the four trustees of the funded property, and four of the trustees of the landed property, and deacons of the said congregation.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Joseph Ivimey, of Southampton Buildings, for the petitioners.	- - 22d June 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the confirmation of the purchase of the reversion in fee of the chapel and premises in 1846, to pull down all such buildings, and sell the materials, and to erect new buildings on the same site, and that the expense thereof might be defrayed by means of the subscriptions already raised for the purpose, and by the sale of the stock belonging to the charity, and, if necessary, by a mortgage of the new buildings.	- - The property consists of five houses, producing an annual income of 115 *l*.
50. Bradford, Yorkshire -	The Vicar's Trust - -	- - John Burnett, Vicar of Bradford, L. L. D.; Alfred Harris, banker, and Isaac Wright, woolstapler, two of the inhabitants of the same place.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Edward Hailstone, of Bradford, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Evans & Clode, 2, Gray's-Inn-square.	- 17th January 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain trustees, and a vesting order in them, with liberty to apply to Parliament for an Act enabling them to sell, exchange, or lease the trust estates; or for the approval of a scheme for the carrying out of such purposes so far as practicable without an Act of Parliament.	- - The estates, recently held in trust for augmentation of the vicarage, were, by the Bradford Vicarage Act, 1854, converted into glebe, and the charitable trusts were, by the same Act, extinguished.

51. Bradford - - -	The Vicar's Trust - -	- - John Burnett, Vicar, Bradford, LL.D.; Alfred Harris, banker, and Isaac Wright, woolstapler, two of the inhabitants of Bradford.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Hailstone & Payne, of Bradford, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Evans and Clode, 2, Gray's-Inn-square.	- - 27th May 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying that the trustees might be authorised by the Court to consent to the passing of a Bill (which consent was necessary, under the Lords' Standiug Orders), vesting the legal fee in the trust lands in the vicar, with permission to sell same as glebe.	*See* the last preceding case.
52. Brecon - - -	- - The College of Christ of Brecknock.	- - The Ecclesiastical Commissioners of England, Sir Thomas Phillips, knight, and Charles Alexander Wood, and John Powell, Esqrs.	- - - - -	- - Mr. John Meadows White, 10, Whitehall-place, for the petitioners.	- - 8th June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the sanction of the Court to an arrangement entered into with the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, and the approval of the Bill proposed to be brought into Parliament, with liberty to take all such steps as might be necessary to procure the passing of the same.	—
53. Briavel's, St., Gloucester.	- William Whittington's Charity.	- - Henry James Lacon and John Butler, both of St. Briavel's.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. James and Wrutte, for the petitioners. Agent, Mr. Charles G. Jones, 11, Gray's-Inn-square.	- 16th June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain persons as trustees, and to vest the charity property in them as an estate in fee simple, with right to sue for and recover the arrears of rents; and for liberty, on the reduction of their number to three, to fill up the same to six.	—
54. Bristol - - -	- The Hospital or Almshouse of Dr. White, called the Temple Hospital.	- - Richard Jenkins Poole King, of Kensington House, Brislington, Somerset, Esq., and Robert Gay Barrow, of Clifton, in the city of Bristol, Esq., two of the Governors of the Hospital.	- - - - -	- - Mr. William Brice, of Bristol, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Warry, Robins & Bruges, 7, New Inn.	- - 10th August 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for an order to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to pay to the petitioners 1,000*l.* to which the charity was entitled, under the Act for redeeming or commuting the South Sea Annuities.	- - The property of this charity consists of houses and Government Securities, producing an annual income of 778*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.*
55. Chard, Somersetshire	- - Richard Harvey's Charity.	- - Northcote William Spicer, surgeon; Samuel Ware, surgeon, and John Riste, lace manufacturer, all of Chard.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Tucker & Forward, Chard, for the petitioners. Agent, Mr. Edward F. Sealy, 27, Moorgate-street.	- - 18th February 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to appoint six persons as trustees of the charity, and, if necessary, for the settlement of a scheme for the future appointment of trustees; for directions to the Master to select two of such six as the persons in whom the hereditaments might be invested, in trust for themselves and the other trustees for the purposes of the charity, and to vest the freehold, copyhold, and leasehold (if any) estates in such persons, according to the tenure of such estates; or for liberty to the petitioners or their survivor to convey such parts of the estates as one of freehold tenure, and the surrender (by the persons in whom the copyhold hereditaments were vested) to the proposed new trustees on the trusts declared in the will of Richard Harvey, with liberty to the petitioners to surrender to such trustees such parts of the estates (if any) as are of leasehold tenure, and to transfer to four of such trustees the sum of 1,050*l.* Bank Annuities, part of the charity property.	- - The property of this charity consists of 282 A. 1 R. 4 P. of land, producing an annual income of 305*l.*, also of 1,050*l.* 3¼ per Cent. Stock, producing 34*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* per annum, making a gross annual income of 339*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*

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PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
56. Chelmsford, Essex -	- - The Free Grammar School.	- Sir John Tyssen Tyrell, Bart., and Thomas William Beauston, Esq., two of the governors of the School.	- - - - -	- - Mr. James Parker, 8, Gray's Inn-square, and Chelmsford, for the petitioners.	- - 8th June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a scheme as well to extend the system of education in the school as also to extend or restrict the freedom or right of admission to the school, and to settle the terms of admission to and continuance in the same, and the application of the revenues of the school, due regard being had to the intentions of the founder; and for directions regulating the future qualifications of governors.	- The property of this charity consists of land, &c., and of 3,262*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.* Consols, and 1,472*l.* 12*s.* 7*d.* Three per Cent. Reduced, producing a gross annual income of 560*l.* 9*s.* 1*d.*
57. Chester - - -	- - - - - -	- Thomas Dixon, of Chester, banker, Sir Edward Samuel Walker, of Berry-hill, Nottingham, knight, and Samuel Witter, gentleman, William Wardell, banker, George Harrison, surgeon, George Allender, gentleman, Richard Barker, gentleman, and Charles Potts, Esq., all of Chester, the surviving trustees of the charities.	- - - - -	- - Mr. J. N. Bennett, of Chester, for the petitioners. Agent, Mr. Joseph Whitehouse, of Lincoln's-Inn-Fields.	- - 13th July 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of new trustees, in the room of certain deceased and retiring trustees.	- - The incomes of the several charities are as follows:

The charities of—

	£.	s.	d.
1. John Vernon.	43	12	4
2. Richard Harrison.	16	–	–
3. Richard Bird.	24	–	–
4. Richard King.	8	–	–
5. Thomas Williams.	4	–	–
6. John Lancaster.	96	–	–
7. Thomas Green.	8	8	4
8. John Brereton.	6	13	4
9. Valentine Broughton.	74	–	–
10. Hugh Offley.	5	–	–
11. Richard Sneyd.	4	–	–
12. John Scastrick.	4	–	–
13. Richard Ledsham.	4	–	–
14. Charles Boswell.	4	–	–
15. Thomas Cotgreave.	4	–	–
16. James Broadhurst.	4	–	–
17. Henry Hesketh.	4	–	–
18. Joseph Crewe.	4	–	–
19. William Lewis.	5	13	–
20. Robert Jones.	4	–	–
21. Thomas Rathbone.	4	–	–
22. Thomas Bradford.	4	–	–
23. Richard Bavand.	1	–	–
24. Sir Thomas Smith.	8	–	–
25. William Crompton.			
26. Peter Cotton.			
27. Robert Harsie.			
28. John Jones.			
29. Sir Thomas White.			
30. Owen Jones.			
31. Dameo BEliz.oth.			
32. The Hospital of St. John the Baptist.			

25. This charity has but lately been put under the control of the trustees.
26. - - - - - - - - 2 10 –
27. This charity has been but lately put under the control of the trustees.
28. - - - - - - - - 2 17 8
29. The property of this charity consists of 190*l.* Consols, 359*l.* 10*s.* out on loan, and 236*l.* cash.
30. - - - - - - - - 455 10 7
31. - - - - - - - - 17 15 –
32. - - - - - - - - 680 9 3

58. Chippenham, Wiltshire	1. Scott's Charity. 2. Woodroffe's Charity. 3. Brydges' Charity. 4. Ray's Gift. 5. Gale's Gift. 6. Hawkins' Charity.	William Colborne, surgeon; Broome Pininger, solicitor; William Davis, grocer; and William Gale, ironmonger; all of Chippenham.		Mr. Gabriel Goldney, of Chippenham, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Johnson, Son, & Robinson, 35, Lincoln's-Inn Fields.	1st March 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of nine trustees with the petitioners, in the room of certain deceased and retiring trustees.	The incomes of the several charities are as follows:— 1. — — Nil. 2. £. 5 — — 3. 1 5 — 4. 50 — — 5. 22 — — 6. Included in No. 3.
59. Clapton, Middlesex	The Independent Chapel	William Balle, of Newington, Middlesex, linen-draper: William Dollin Alexander, banker; Henry Bateman, timber merchant; Walter Capper, linen-draper; George Henry Evans, merchant; George Holt Pouell, gentleman; and Algernon Wells, gentleman, trustees of the chapel and property; James Vantin, of Clapham, gentleman, treasurer; and the Rev. Henry John Gamble, minister of the said chapel; and John Britten, of Theobald's, Herts, Esq.; John Remington Mills, of Englefield-green, Surrey, Esq.; and James Bentley, of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Esq.		Mr. Algernon Wells, of Old Jewry Chambers, for the petitioners.	25th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to raise 3,000 *l.* on mortgage, for the purpose of completing the chapel and school, with liberty to reserve out of the pew-rents (after payment of the expenses of the chapel and interest on the proposed mortgage) a sinking fund, at the rate of 2 *l.* per cent. on the sum borrowed, to be invested and accumulated for the purpose of paying off the said mortgage.	The property of this chapel consists of a new chapel, with minister's and deacon's vestries, a room for occasional religious services, boys and girls' school rooms, infant school, and two cottages. The gross annual income is about 750 *l.*
60. Clifford, Hereford	The Clifford Charity School.	Thomas Powell, of the Hardwick, Clifford; and the Rev. William Timothy Napleton Stallard Penoye, trustees of the Clifford Charity School.		Mr. Owen Tickell Alger, 37, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	6th January 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that it will be beneficial that the Clifford Charity School should be conveyed to the trustees of the Peterchurch and Clifford Charity, to be maintained out of the surplus annual income of the latter charity, and for directions to convey the same accordingly; and for liberty to the petitioners to attend the Master in all matters relating to the charities in the suit of Attorney-general *v.* Delahay, affecting the Peterchurch and Clifford Charity.	The property of this charity, consisting of a piece of land, with school-house and dwelling-house erected thereon, has been conveyed under an Order of the Court to the trustees of the Peterchurch and Clifford charities. The property of which charities consists of an estate of 448 A. 3 R. 11 P., of the annual value of 304 *l.*, and of 5,338 *l.* 1 *s.* 10 *d.* Consols; and of an unascertained sum of cash to be invested and added to the stock.
61. Clitheroe, Lancaster	The Free Grammar School.	The Governors of the School, and Legendre Nicholas Starkie, John Taylor, John Master Whalley, and John Thomas Walshman Aspinall, four of such governors.		Mr. Dixon Robinson, of Clitheroe, for the petitioners. Agents, Mr. F. James, of the Temple.	4th May 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to sell a sufficient portion of the Exchequer Bills, forming part of the property of this charity, to pay two sums of 2,000 *l.* and 1,500 *l.*, and interest debts of the school; to sell the remainder of the bills, and invest the produce in £. 3 per Cent. Annuities, the dividends thereon to be paid to the petitioners, the governors, and four individual governors of the school, to be by them applied towards defraying the current expenses of the school, instead of accumulating the same as directed by Act of Parliament; and to obtain authority to grant leases of the charity land, or for an Order to apply for an Act to amend the original Act, so as to effect such purposes.	The property of this charity consists of 122 A. 2 R. 16 P. of land and stock, producing an annual income of 333 *l.* 0 *s.* 7 *d.*

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PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
62. Colchester - - -	- - The Free Grammar School.	- - The Right Hon. and Right Rev. Charles James Lord Bishop of London, Visitor of the School; Sir George Henry Smyth, Bart.; Daniel Whittle Harvey, Esq.; Charles Gray Round, Esq.; John Bawtree, banker; George Round, banker; George Bawtree, gentleman; Alderman Partridge, surgeon, and Edward Daniell, gentleman, surviving Trustees of the School.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Arthur L. Laing, Colchester, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Wilde, Rees, Humphry, and Wilde, 21, College-hill, City.	- - 28th June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to purchase a site of two acres at the price of 210 *l.*, for a new school and master's house, and to sell the old school-house; also for liberty to apply 271 *l.* 13 *s.* 10 *d.* stock, and 1,450 *l.* raised by private subscription towards the purchase of the site and the erection of the new buildings, and to mortgage the estate for a sum not exceeding 1,200 *l.* in furtherance of that object.	- - The property of this charity consists of houses and land, producing an annual income of 181 *l.*, part of which is mortgaged for 1,200 *l.*, bearing interest at 3½ per cent. per annum, to be repaid by means of a sinking fund of 2 *l.* per cent. per annum on the amount borrowed.
63. Colney Hatch, Middlesex.	- - Queen Adelaide's Fund (the Lunatic Asylum).	- - Benjamin Rotch, of Lowlands, near Harrow, barrister; James Bentley, of Cheshunt, Herts, Esq.; Thomas Henry Bluck, of Rochester, Kent, Esq.; Charles Salisbury Butler, of Cazenover, Upper Clapton, Esq.; Edward Henry Chapman, of Harringay House, Hornsey, Esq.; Charles Herbert Cottrell, of Hadley Lodge, Barnet, Herts, Esq.; James William Freshfield, of Moor-place, Betchworth, Surrey, Esq.; the Right Hon. Robert Grosvenor, commonly called Lord Robert Grosvenor, of Park-street, Grosvenor-square; Thrower Buckle Herring, of Finchley, Middlesex, Esq.; Henry Morris Kemshead, of Westbourne Park, Paddington, Middlesex, Esq.; Henry Pownall, of Ladbroke-square, Notting Hill, Esq.; John Simpson, of Hackney, Esq.; Arthur Smith, of Grove-terrace, Kentish Town, Esq.; Edward Stook, of Poplar, Esq.; Charles Bradshaw Stutfield, of Hackney, Esq.; Henry Warner, of Hornsey, Esq.; John Wilks, of Finsbury-square, Esq.; and Josiah Wilson, of Stonard House, Stamford Hill, Esq., Justices of the Peace for the county of Middlesex, the then present Committee of Justices for Pauper Lunatics at Colney Hatch, called the Committee of Visitors.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Charles and J. Allen, of Carlisle-street, Soho, for the petitioners.	- - 14th July 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for an order to the trustees of Queen Adelaide's Fund to apply 200 *l.*, part of such fund, annually to to the lunatic asylum at Colney Hatch, under the control of the committee of visitors, in like manner as the annual income of the fund is applicable to the Hanwell Asylum under their committee of visitors.	- - The property of this charity consists of 12,444 *l.* 6 *s.* 2 *d.* Consols, and 2,136 *l.* 5 *s.* 2 *d.* Reduced Annuities, producing an annual income of 437 *l.* 8 *s.* 4 *d.*, and of a balance of 433 *l.* 12 *s.* 1 *d.* in the banker's hands.

64. Coventry	Samuel Smith's Charity	Stephen Freeman, of Wyton-upon-Dunsmore, Esq.; Samuel Carter, of Kenilworth, gentleman; James Sebley Whittem, of Coventry, currier; James Foot, of the same place, saddler; and Abraham Burbery Herbert, of Cormdon, Warwick, Esq.		Mr. T. H. Kirby, of Coventry, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Austen & De Gex, of Gray's-Inn.	6th July 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the sale of a certain portion of the stock, the property of the charity, to be applied for the purpose of pulling down and rebuilding the property of the trustees, situate in the High-street, and Hay-lane, at Coventry.	The property of this charity consists of houses, and 3,479 *l.* 13 *s.* 2 *d.* South Sea Annuities, producing an annual income of 211 *l.* 10 *s.* 4 *d.*
65. Coventry, Warwick	Sir Thomas White's Charity Estates.	Cleophas Ratliff, Edward Humphrey Woodcock, John Gulson, and David Waters, all of Coventry, Esqrs.		Messrs. Austen & De Gex, of Gray's-Inn, for the petitioners.	23d June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for authority to the trustees to accept a lease from the London and North-western Railway Company of an intended branch railway for 21 years, on the specific terms and conditions provided by an agreement entered into, and for the settlement of such lease by the Court.	The property of this charity consists of houses, &c., producing an annual income of about 2,593 *l.* 9 *s.* 7 *d.*
66. Coventry	The Charities of— 1. William Wheate. 2. Samuel Frankland. 3. Sir Thomas White (for two Fellowships). 4. Simon Stone. 5. Thomas Lane. 6. Thomas Baud. 7. Richard Baldwin. 8. William Hendinnan. 9. John Murdock. 10. Thomas Nicol. 11. Richard Bantler. 12. Thomas Bentley. 13. William Wheate. 14. Simon Norton. 15. Edward Lufkin. 16. Edmund Palmer. 17. William Ford. 18. William Hindman. 19. Richard Saunders. 20. Richard Barker. 21. Elizabeth Sharratt. 22. William Wheate. 23. Simon Norton. 24. Norton Harrison. 25. John Murdock. 26. William Edwards. 27. Mary Picken. 28. Christopher Davenport. 29. Thomas Jesson. 30. William Wright. 31. Joseph Chambers. 32. John Cockeson. 33. William Hopkins.	Francis Wyley, surgeon, and William Odell, ribbon manufacturer; burgesses of the City of Coventry.		Mr. William Wilmot, of Coventry, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Cox, Williams & James, 62, Lincoln's-Inn Fields.	9th June 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of new trustees, and the payment of costs.	The incomes of the several charities are as follows:— 1. £. 6 *s.* 13 *d.* 4 2. 40 – – 3. The two Fellowships. 4. 3 10 6 5. 257 5 9 6. 1,151 11 4 7. Included in Bablacke Men's Hospital. 8. – 6 8 9. – 6 8 10. 2 – – 11. 5 – – 12. – 10 – 13. 12 14 4 14. 13 6 4 / 8 11 – 15. – 5 – 16. 5 – – 17. 499 8 6 18. – 6 8 19. 1 6 8 20. – 13 4 21. – 10 – 22. 50 17 4 23. 13 8 – 24. – 3 4 25. – 6 8 26. 12 – – 27. 12 8 8 28. 13 6 8 29. 10 – – 30. – 8 – 31. 20 – – / 10 – – 32. 16 5 – 33. 1 – –

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
66. Coventry—*continued* -	The Charities of—					- - The incomes of the several charities are as follows :—
	34. Thomas Nicol.					34. £. 3 4
	35. Richard Baron.					35. 2 - -
	36. Thomas Warren.					36. 1 - -
	37. Isaac Walden.					37. 7 - -
	38. Richard Elkington.					38. 2 - -
	39. Sir T. White's Stock.					39. Principal in 1854 5,975 2 8
	40. Thomas Wheatley.					40. 1,174 8 3
	41. Henry Over.					41. 69 15 -
	42. Richard Saunders.					42. 36 - -
	43. Nicholas Chambers.					43. 15 - -
	44. Abraham Bourne.					44. 15 - -
	45. Samuel Collins.					45. 50 - -
	46. ——— Bagnall.					46. 6 18 10
	47. John Fallows,					47. 4 - -
	48. Thomas Dudley.					48. 4 8 8
	49. Richard Smith.					49. 1 - -
	50. John Whitehead.					50. 3 - -
	51. William Sewell.					51. 2 - -
	52. Thomas Saunders.					52. 13 13 -
	53. Thomas Scott, and all other augmentations to the Bablacke Boys' Hospital.					53. 22 - -
	54. Thomas Jesson.					54. 256 18 4
	55. Thomas Wheatley.					55. 634 19 -
	56. William Jolliffe.					56. 35 - -
	57. Thomas Wale.					57. 287 15 10
	58. Alderman Christopher Davenperte.					58. - 10 -
	59. Thomas Crome.					59. 164 10 -
	60. Samuel Collin.					60. 100 - -
	61. William Bird.					61. 93 2 1
	62. Jos[h] Simco.					62. 6 - -
	63. John Gayer.					63. 9 - -
	64. Richard Barker.					64. - 10 -
	65. William Burbridge.					65. 1 - -
	66. Thomas Browrigg.					66. - 13 8
	67. Elizabeth Sherratt.					67. 5 - -
	68. Roger Clarke.					68. 3 - -
	69. James Harwell.					69. 2 10 -
	70. Henry Harwell.					70. 1 - -
	71. John Duckett.					71. 3 - -
	72. The Countess of Devonshire.					72. 5 - -
	73. James Naylor.					73. - 10 -
	74. Thomas Smith.					74. - 6 8
	75. Mary Radford.					75. 2 - -
	76. Humphrey Barton.					76. 1 - -
	77. Nicholas Flint.					77. 10 8 -
	78. Simon Norton.					78. 77 - -

		Homechurch, Esq., Octavius Mashiter, of Romford, Esq., two justices of the peace for Essex; Thomas Waters Brittain, farmer, Dagenham, one of the trustees and churchwardens of Dagenham, and Samuel Seabrooke and William Reeve Mihill, farmers and overseers of Dagenham; and Ephraim Seabrooke, farmer, Archer Moss, miller, and Henry Thompson, farmer, all of Dagenham, also trustees of the charity.		-- Messrs. Holmes, Loftus, & Young, of 10, New Inn, for the petitioners.	-- 21st May 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to effect the purchase of a piece of land offered to the trustees; for the sale of such a portion of the fund in court as might be required for that purpose, with liberty to erect an additional school-house on the land so to be purchased, the expense of such building to be defrayed out of the money which should remain in court; and for the extension of the time during which girls might be at liberty to remain in the said school.	- The property of this charity consists of 9,000*l.*, producing an annual income available for the charity of 152*l.* 2*s.* only, the remainder of the dividend being retained in court by order of the Court; there is also belonging to the charity a sum of 900*l.* Three per Cent. Reduced; the dividends thereon amount to 27*l.* per annum.
68. Dedham, Essex	- The Free and Perpetual Grammar School of Queen Elizabeth.	-- The Governors of the School, and Edward Chauncey Ellis, of Langham, clerk, and Thomas L'Estrange Ewen, of Dedham, Esq.		-- Mr. Harcourt Farmen, of Dedham, for the petitioners. Agent, Mr. George Cook, of No. 8, Furnival's-Inn.	-- 10th November 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference in chambers to consider the proposed reinvestment in land of a sum of money paid by Eastern Union Railway Company for certain of the charity land taken by that company.	- The property of this charity consists of 196A. 1R. 28P., producing an annual income of 360*l.* 8*s.*
69. Ecclesall Bierlow, Sheffield, Yorkshire.	Poor's Lands Charity	-- George Buxton, John Algor, William Furnies, and Henry Crookes, all of Ecclesall Bierlow, overseers of the poor, and Henry Marwood Greaves, Esq., Henry Furniss, merchant, Richard Bayley, Esq., Thomas Rawson Barker, merchant, Thomas Smith, vestry clerk, and John Algor, the younger, shoeknife manufacturer, all of Ecclesall Bierlow.		-- Mr. Edward Furniss, of Sheffield, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Ludlow, Torr, & Janeway, 38, Bedford-row.	-- 2d June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of the petitioners to be trustees of the charity; an order vesting the charity property in them; the confirmation of a contract of sale entered into with a Mr. Shortridge; and liberty on the payment of the remainder of the purchase-money to convey, or for a reference to the Master to appoint new trustees, and to invest them with the same powers of appointing new trustees and of demising the lands so to be purchased.	- The property of this charity consists of 11A. 3R. 34P., producing an annual income of 15*l.*
70. Edmonton, Middlesex	- Edward Latymer's Charity.	-- James George Tatem, of High Wycombe, Bucks, Esq., Thomas Knight, of Edmonton, Esq., the Rev. Thomas Tate, vicar of the parish and parish church of Edmonton, Isaac Geo. Currie, Isaac Walker, Edward Thomas Buck, Eleazer Booker, John Whitbread, Richard Booth, ——— Smith, William Cobbett, and John Chapman, all of Reading, Esqrs., trustees of the charity estates.		-- Mr. J. Sawyer, Enfield, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. C. & J. Allen, Carlisle-street, Soho-square.	-- 10th June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for leave to alter an agreement entered into for a building lease, the lessee having built some stables instead of six cottages, as provided by the agreement.	- The property of this charity consists of freehold and copyhold houses and land, and stock, producing an annual income of 523*l.* 19*s.* 7*d.*

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
71. Egloshayle, Cornwall	- - Loveybound's Charity (the Wade Bridge).	- - Sir W. Molesworth, of Pencarrow, Cornwall, Bart., Sir Charles Lemon, of Carclew, Cornwall, Bart., and Sir William Lewis Salisbury Trelawney, of Harewood, Bart.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Symons & Son, of Wadebridge, Cornwall. for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. J. E. Fox & Son, 40, Finsbury Circus.	- - 7th August 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for leave to pull down two houses preventing the widening the bridge, and to sell the rest of the trust property, and, after payment of the costs, to pay over the residue to the treasurer of the county of Cornwall, on a proper undertaking being given, binding the county to widen the bridge and improve the approaches thereto, and for the discharge of the present trustees ; or for leave to take the proper steps for obtaining an Act of Parliament to effect those purposes.	- - There is no property belonging to this charity. An order having been made directing the sale of the trust property, the bridge widened, and the residue of purchase money, after payment of the costs, to be paid over to the treasurer of the county, declaring the bridge to be a county bridge, and discharging the trustees from their trusteeship.
72. Elton, otherwise Aylesston, Huntingdon.	John Cooper's Hospital -	- - The Rev. Piers Calvely Claughton, rector, and John Lawrence, and Thomas Woolley, the overseers of the parish of Elton, and Mary Rowlatt, widow, warden of the Hospital.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Capron, Brabant, Capron, & Dalton, Savile Place, Middlesex, for the petitioners.	- - 21st January 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for leave to the rector (during willingness and residence), with the overseers of the parish (or to them alone on non-residence of the rector), to nominate three or four additional maimed women to the hospital, and to make certain allowances to them; for leave to keep up the number of such women by fresh appointments on the occurrence of vacancies; the women to be regulated by such rules as should be made by the rector and overseers, such regulations not being inconsistent with the ordinances of the founder ; and for the settlement of a scheme for the application of the surplus income, regard being had to the intentions of the founder.	- - The property of this charity consists of about 89 acres of land, producing an income of 190*l.* per annum, and 890 *l.* 15 *s.* 5 *d.* Three per Cent. Consols.
73. Exeter, Devon - -	Elize Hele's Charity -	- - Thomas Hill Lowe, the Very Rev. the Dean of Exeter, Arthur Artherley, Patrick Miller, George Braund, Charles Hubbard, Henry Hooper, Robert Kingdon, William Kennaway, Ralph Barnes, John Clench, William Wills Hooper, Sir Stafford Henry Northcote, Bart., Ralph Sanders, John Dunnan, Richard Summers Gard, and Thomas Shapter, the surviving trustees of this charity.	- - - - -	- - Mr. John Daw, of Exeter, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Gregory, Skirrow, & Rowcliffe, 1, Bedford-row.	- - 17th December 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to sell and dispose of the next presentation to the rectory of Clyst St. Lawrence, either by private contract or public auction, and to retain the proceeds of such sale after payment of costs, as trustees of St. John's Hospital, for the purposes of the same.	- - The property of this charity consists of land and houses, &c., producing an annual income of 715 *l.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.*

74. Exeter, Devon	1. St. John's Hospital. 2. Blue Maids' Hospital. 3. Seldon's Gift. 4. Davey's Gift. 5. Sir John Ackland's Gift. 6. Christopher Lethbridge's Charity. 7. John Lethbridge's Charity. 8. Stephen's Gift. 9. Gifts of Walker and Dowich. 10. Robert Walker's Gift. 11. Tucker's Gift. 12. Pensions Charity. 13. Bodley's Gift. 14. Mogridge's Gift. 15. Thomas and Elizabeth Hayes' Gifts.	Thomas Hill Lowe, Arthur Atherley, Patrick Miller, George Braund, Charles Hubbard, Henry Hooper, William Kingdon, William Kennaway, Ralph Barnes, John Clench, and Gage John Hall, surviving trustees of the charities named.		Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner, & Co., 1, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	26th June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to appoint trustees in the place of a retiring and certain deceased trustee, and a vesting order in them. The order affecting such objects to be without prejudice to a pending petition of the governors of St. John's Hospital, raising a question whether that hospital was or was not a charity affected by the 71st section of 5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 76 (the Municipal Corporation Act).	The income of the several charities are as follows: £. s. d. 1. 1,211 11 7 2. 100 1 – 3. 114 4 2 4. 36 16 6 5. 316 17 3 6. 38 1 – 7. Included in No. 6. 8. 252 – – 9. Included in No. 1. 10. Included in No. 1. 11. Included in No. 1. 12. Nil. 13. 168 18 11 14. Included in No. 13. 15. 94 19 –
75. Exeter, Devon	1. The Ten Cells. 2. William Hurst's Almshouses. 3. Palmer's Almshouses. 4. Gilberd's Almshouses. 5. Ameridith's Gift. 6. Buckenham's Gift. 7. Joan Jackfield's Gift for Bread. 8. Hensly's Gift. 9. Joan Jackfield's Gift for Gowns and Shifts. 10. Chapman's Gift. 11. Bonville's Almshouses. 12. Lant's Almshouses. 13. Calwodeley's Gift. 14. Atwell's Gift. 15. Peter Blundell's Gift. 16. John Martyn's Gift. 17. Thomas Cooke's Gift. 18. Magdalen Hospital. 19. Chappel's Gift. 20. Cleveland's Gift. 21. Christopher Spicer's Gift. 22. Hewitt's Gift.	John Hull Terrell, William Hooper, Samuel Mortimer, John Harris, Patrick Miller, Kent Kingdon, George Oliver, Samuel Kingdon, Henry Lake Kirtzel, and George Braund, some of the surviving trustees of the charities named.		Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner, & Co., 1, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	16th June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to appoint new trustees in the place of certain deceased and retiring trustees, and to vest the charity property in them.	The incomes of the several charities are as follows: £. s. d. 1. 183 2 3 2. 210 – – 3. 35 7 2 4. Nil. 5. – 11 4 6. 18 16 – 7. 60 – – 8. Nil. 9. 45 – – 10. 5 – – 11. Included in No. 12. 12. 151 14 – 13. 232 5 10 14. 500 13 2 15. Nil. 16. 82 5 8 17. Included in No. 18. 18. 424 8 7 19. Nil. 20. Nil. 21. Nil. 22. Nil.

(continued)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
75. Exeter—*continued* -	23. William Spicer's Gift. 24. William Martyn's Gift. 25. Gifts of Macey. 26. May. 27. Atwell. 28. Whitrow, and 29. Berryman. 30. Nicholas Hurst's Gift. 31. Hawer's Gift. 32. Gifts of Peryman, the father; and 33. Peryman, the son. 34. Lawdy's Gift. 35. Ford' Gifts. 36. Evan's Gift. 37. Henan's Gift. 38. Brooking's Gift. 39. Walter Burrough's Gift, and 40. Hagge's Gift. 41. Haydon's Gift. 42. Gifford's Gift. 43. Sir Thomas White's Gift. 44. Moore's Almshouses. 45. Bartholomew Fortescue's Almshouses.					23. Nil. 24. Nil. 25. Nil. 26. Nil. 27. Nil. 28. Nil. 29. Nil. 30. Nil. 31. Nil. 32. Nil. 33. Nil. 34. Nil. 35. Nil. 36. Nil. 37. Nil. 38. Nil. 39. Nil. 40. Nil. 41. Nil. 42. Nil. 43. £. 104 - - every 22 years; 235 1 4 now due from loans. 44. Nil. 45. Nil. Most of those charities marked as having no revenue were gifts of money vested in the corporation, of which no accounts can be obtained.
76. Gainsborough - -	The Free Grammar School.	- - The Governors of the Schools, and the Rev. Charles Smith Bird, Vicar of Gainsborough, and Henry Bacon Hickman, of Thonock Hall, Gainsborough, Esquire, two of such Governors.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Heaton, Brackenbury, & Oldman, of Gainsborough, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Blackman & Guy, 1, Raymond-buildings.	- - 26th March 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying that certain contracts of purchase entered into with the Manchester and Sheffield Railway Company might be carried into effect, and that 1,280 *l.*, part of a sum of 1,300 *l.*, standing in court, might be applied on the further purchase of land, conditionally agreed to be sold to the petitioners, the remaining 20 *l.* of the said 1,300 *l.* being expended in the making and repairing of the fences required to protect the grounds belonging to the school-house.	- - The property of this charity consists of a house, occupied by the master of the school rent free, and land let for 45 *l.* per annum.

77. General Charity	Francis Ashton's Charity.	Thomas Hankey, Esq., the Right hon. Sir Edward Ryan, Knt., and Sir Robert Harry Inglis, Bart., M. P.	-	Messrs. Sewell, Fox & Sewell, 51, Old Broad-street, for the petitioners.	27th June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to sell, exchange, or let on building-leases such parts of the charity land as the Court might approve of, and from time to time to submit such contracts to the approval of the Court, and for liberty to execute the necessary deeds for the investment of the monies received on the same trusts as the land in respect of which they were received were held, and for the application of the dividends accordingly.	The property of Ashton's charity for poor clergymen and clergymen's widows consists of the following particulars; viz.— £. s. d. Land, producing £.14,106. 1. 2. 309 15 – Consols - 394 19 7 £.1,500, East India Stock - 150 12 3 £.1,375, Bank Stock - - 123 15 – £.300, Exchequer Bills, say 7 7 7 The Almshouse property consists of houses and land, producing - 154 10 – And £.449. 2. 2., Reduced Annuities - 19 8 4 Giving together a total annual income of 1,160 *l.* 7 *s.* 9 *d.*
78. General Charity Bridget Bevan's Charity. The Welch Circulating Schools.		George Bowen, of Llwyngier, Pembroke, Esq., James Bowen, of Cardigan, Esq., and William Henry Ellis, of Clynfrew, Pembroke, Esq., the present trustees of the charity.	-	Messrs. Evans & Morgan, of Cardigan, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Trinder & Eyre, 1, John-street, Bedford-row.	26th June 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to the petitioners, as surviving trustees, to pass the accounts of themselves and their late colleagues before the Master, and to obtain the appointment of a new trustee, and some variations in the scheme.	The property of this charity consists of 31,486 *l.* 12 *s.* 2 *d.* in court, the dividends whereon amount to 917 *l.* 1 *s.* per annum.
79. General Charity	Lady Mico's Charity	The Right hon. Stephen Lushington, Doctor of Laws, Judge of the High Court of Admiralty of England, Sir Edward North Buxton, of Leytonstone, Essex, the Hon. Arthur Fitzgerald Kinnaird, of Pall Mall East, Thomas Pickard Warren, of Highbury House, Islington, Esq., and John Gurney Hoare, of Lombard-street, Esq., the trustees of Lady Mico's Charity.	-	Messrs. Clayton, Cookson & Wainewright, 6, Lincoln's Inn, for the petitioners.	25th April 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to sell out a sufficient portion of 108,299 *l.* 17 *s.* 2 *d.* Three per Cent. Reduced Bank Annuities to realize 50,000 *l.* sterling, and to lend the same to Mr. Hope, on security of a mortgage of his estate, at not less than 3 *l.* 10 *s.* per cent. interest.	The property of this charity consists of 50,000 *l.*, secured on mortgage at 3½ per cent. interest, 57,602 *l.* 16 *s.* Three per Cent. Reduced Bank Annuities, and 5,532 *l.* 10 *s.* 1 *d.* Consols, producing a total annual income of 4,010 *l.* 10 *s.* 1 *d.*
80. General Charity	The New Zealand Church Endowment Trust.	The Right hon. William Earl of Devon, the Venerable William Hale, Archdeacon of London, the Right Rev. Samuel Lord Bishop of Norwich, and the Right Rev. George Augustus Lord Bishop of New Zealand.	-	Messrs. Few & Co., 2, Henrietta-street, Covent-garden, for the petitioners.	6th February 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, as trustees of the sum of 16,335 *l.* 16 *s.* 11 *d.* in the place of the petitioners, Archdeacon Hale and the Bishop of Norwich, and for the transfer of such sum by them to the new trustees, to be by them held upon the trusts to which the same is now subject.	The property of this charity consists of 16,335 *l.* 16 *s.* 11 *d.* Reduced Three per Cents., producing an annual income of 490 *l.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.*

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
81. General Charity -	- - Joanna Rashdall's Charity for the Blind.	- - Fisher Unwin Pattisson, Great Coggeshall, Essex, Esq., and Eliza his Wife, and Jacob Unwin, the Grange Hall, Little Coggeshall, Essex, farmer.	- - - - - -	- - Messrs. Finch & Shepheard, 24, Moorgate-street, for the petitioners.	- - 23d February 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of two trustees (named in the petition) under the will of the testatrix, to the extent of the legacy of 1,000 *l.* Reduced Three per Cent. Annuities, or for a reference to the Master to make some such appointment; and for the transfer of the trust fund, so as to vest the same in such trustees, the petitioners being willing to make such transfer, and, if necessary, to obtain the execution of a proper declaration of trust.	- - The property of this charity consists of 1,000 *l.* Three per Cent. Reduced Bank Annuities, producing an annual income of 30 *l.*
82. General Charity -	- - Archbishop Tenison's Bequest to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.	- - The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, the Rev. J. Russell, D. D., rector of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, and John Robert Mowbray, of Cambridge-square, Middlesex, Esq., two of the members of the said society.	- - - - - -	- - Messrs. Nicholl & Smyth, 18, Carey-street, for the petitioners.	- - 18th April 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying that a scheme proposed by the society might be carried into effect, or a new scheme settled under the direction of the Court.	- - The property of this charity consists of 16,700 *l.* Consols, and 1,500 *l.* Three per Cent. Reduced Annuities, producing an annual income of 546 *l.*
83. Giles', St., in-the-Fields.	- - Duchess of Dudley's Charity.	- - The Rev. Robert Bickersteth, M. A. and canon residentiary of Salisbury, Thomas Hunt, Esq., of Alfred-place, Middlesex, Thomas Bishop, of Torrington-place, Middlesex, cheesemonger, the rector and churchwardens of the parish.	- - - - - -	- - Messrs. Maples, Maples & Pearse, 6, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry, for the petitioners.	- - 2d July 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying that the petitioner, the Rev. Robert Bickersteth, might be at liberty to enter into an agreement for a lease of parts of the charity estates with the representative of the lessee originally proposed, who was deceased since the order of 1849, which order authorised the then rector of the parish to carry into effect such an agreement.	- - The property of this charity consists of four houses in College-hill and College-street, producing an annual income of 125 *l.*
84. Gloucester - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - 1. St. Bartholomew's Hospital. 2. St. Margaret's Hospital. 3. Thomas Horton's Cha-	- - Edward John Woodhouse, wine merchant, John Catton, Gent., and Alfred Joshua Wood, Esq., burgesses and inhabitants of the city and borough of Gloucester.	- - - -	- - Mr. Joseph Lovegrove, of Gloucester, for the petitioners. Agent, Mr. Charles Bell, 36, Bedford-row.	- - 24th February 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of proper persons to be trustees in the room of six deceased, and certain other trustees who were desirous of retiring from the trust, and for the directions of the Court as to certain unproductive charities.	- - The incomes of the several charities were as follows, for the year ending Michaelmas 1854:— £. s. d. 1. 1,332 1 8 2. 143 1 6 3. 14 - -

	4. St. Mary Magdalen's Hospital, or King James' Hospital. 5. St. Kyneburgh's Hospital, or the Kimbrose Hospital. 6. The Charities of Sir Thomas and Lady Bell. 7. Sir Thomas Rich. 8. Sir Thomas White. 9. Mrs. Sarah Browne. 10. Mr. William Holliday. 11. Leonard Tame. 12. Mr. Thomas Singleton. 13. Mrs. Jane Punter. 14. Mr. William Bond. 15. John Wyman, and 16. Dame Joan Cook, or the Crypt Grammar School.					4. 307 11 4 5. 165 5 7 6. Dormant. 7. 1,514 6 4½ 8. Dormant. 9. 150 6 4 10. 30 – – 11. Dormant. 12. Dormant. 13. 99 6 5 14. Dormant. 15. 39 2 2 16. 774 7 2
85. Halstead, Essex - -	Dame Mary Ramsey's Charity.	- - The Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, Governors of the Hospital of Christ, Bridewell, and St. Thomas-the-Apostle, as governors of Christ's Hospital, and John Shephard, Thomas Weeding and James Horne.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Joseph Maberly, solicitor to Christ's Hospital, for the petitioners.	- - 8th March 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the directions of the Court for improving the condition and extending the benefits of the school, and for a scheme for the future management and conduct of the same, with liberty to them to take such steps as should be sanctioned by the Court for procuring the approval of such a scheme in the suit of Attorney-general *v.* Harvey as might sanction the application of a portion of the annual income arising out of Martin's charity to the support of this school.	—
86. Halstead, Essex -	Dame Mary Ramsay's Charity.	- - The Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, as governors of Christ's Hospital, and William Gilpin, treasurer, and Sir Adolphus John Dalrymple and William Solory Grey, governors of the same hospital.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Joseph Maberly, solicitor to Christ's Hospital, 17, King's-road, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	- - 11th July 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the amalgamation of this and Martin's charities, and for liberty to the petitioners to pay the trustees of the amalgamated charities a sum of 100 *l.* per annum, by way of rentcharge upon the manor and hereditaments of the petitioners, in discharge of all liability of the petitioners by reason of the charity; and for a reference to the Master to approve of a deed for that purpose.	—

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
87. Hammersmith, Middlesex.	The Charities of Edward Latymer and Nicholas Crispe,	William Smith, John Bowling and Mark Dewsnap, on behalf of themselves and the other trustees of Edward Latymer's Charity, and William Morison and Thomas Sawyer, on behalf of themselves and the other trustees of Sir Nicholas Crispe's Charity.	- - - - -	Mr. James Bird, of 5, New Inn, for the petitioners.	December 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for directions whether the buildings belonging to the charity should be pulled down and the materials disposed of, or be repaired, and whether, and if so, how the ground should be let on building leases, or sold, and how disposed of, and as to the fitness of a proposed exchange.	The annual income of Latymer's Charity amounts to 689 *l.* 0 *s.* 1 *d.*, and that of Crispe's Charity to 55 *l.* 3 *s.* 4 *d.*
88. Harrow, Middlesex -	The Pest House Charity	The Rev. John William Cunningham, John William Cunningham the younger, and Richard Brown Chapman, the Vicar and Churchwardens of Harrow, the Rev. Charles John Vaughan, D. D., and head master of the public grammar school at Harrow, and Edward Penrose Hathaway, Esq., barrister.	- - - - -	Messrs. Futvoye, Santell & Lightfoot, of 23, John-street, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	23d November 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the confirmation by the Court of a contract entered into to sell the premises (which were now useless), and to vest the same in the purchaser, by order of the Court, and to pay the purchase-money to the trustees of a proposed school, which would be of great advantage to all the inhabitants of Harrow, to be by them applied towards the erection of the same.	The Pest House premises were sold for 160 *l.*, and 125 *l.* 14 *s.* 5 *d.*, the residue after payment of costs, applied, with the sanction of the Court, towards the erection of the new parochial schools.
89. Hastings - - -	- - - - - -	Frederick North, Esq., Walter Juskipp and Stephen Putland, three of the surviving trustees of these charities.	- - - - -	Messrs. Scrivens & Young, of Hastings, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Gregson & Son, 8, Angel-court.	15th July 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of new trustees jointly with the surviving trustees, and for further relief.	The incomes of the several charities are as follows: £. s. d. 1. 172 18 – 2. 224 1 8 3. 194 2 7 4. 3 10 –
	1. Parker's. 2. Saunders'. 3. The Magdalen, and 4. Lasher's Charities.					
90. Haverfordwest, Pembroke.	Free Grammar School -	The Mayor and Town Council of the Town and County of the Town of Haverfordwest, and John Harvey, Esq. and Thomas Hughes, bank manager, both of Haverfordwest.	- - - - -	Messrs. Trinder & Eyre, 1, John-street, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	27th January 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the approval by the Court of a new scheme for the future regulation and management of the school, and for a reference to the Master to inquire what sum should be laid out in certain substantial repairs and improvements to part of the charity property.	The property of this charity consists of land, houses and stock, producing an annual income of 501 *l.* 9 *s.*

91. Hertford - -	- - - - - -	- The Rev. James Wheeler Birch, vicar of the united parishes of All Saints and St. John, Hertford, Joseph Lawrence, Esq., John Davis, surgeon, and Philip Longmore, solicitor, all of Hertford.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Longmore & Sworder, Hertford, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Thompson, Debenham & Brown, Salter's Hall.	- - 28 February 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the confirmation of the Master's Report, appointing new trustees, and for the appointment of same.	- - The properties of the respective charities consist of the following particulars:—
	1. The Green Coat School.					1. Stock, &c., producing an annual income of 590 *l.* 3 *s.* 6 *d.*
	2. The Grammar School.					2. A rentcharge of 40 *l.* per annum to the master.
	3. George Batteris' Charity.					3. A perpetual presentation of one boy to Christ's Hospital.
	4. Benjamin Cherry's Charity.					4. This charity was declared void under the Statutes of Mortmain.
	5. The Pest House.					5. The Pest House belongs to private individuals, and there is charity existing.
92. Holloway, Middlesex	- - Thomas Dickinson's Charity.	- - The Rev. Charles Welland Edmonstone, incumbent, St. John's, Holloway, Thomas Bedggood, of Hornsey-lane, Upper Holloway, Esq., Thomas Elsom, of No. 1, Manor-cottages, Upper Holloway, Esq., the churchwardens of St. John's parish; William Nicholson, of Hornsey-lane, Esq., and Henry King, of Tollington-park, Hornsey-road, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Mr. William Murray, of 11, London-street, for the petitioners.	- - 6th December 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain persons as trustees; the transfer into their names of 4,000 *l.*, the endowment of the charity to be held by them on the trusts of the will, and for the adoption of a scheme (fully set out in the petition) for the future appointment of trustees of the legacy.	- - The property of this charity consists of 4,000 *l.* Consols, the annual dividends whereon amount to 120 *l.*
93. Holt, Norfolk - -	- - The old and new Wesleyan Methodist Meeting-house.	- - The Rev. William Worker, and the Rev. Robert George Badcock.	- - - - -	- - Mr. T. Percival Bunting, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Bower & Son, 46, Chancery-lane.	- - 18th February 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying that an agreement come to, in consequence of the expense that would be incurred by carrying out the old suit of Attorney-general *v.* Cozens Hardy might be carried into effect. The substance of the agreement was that as to the old chapel, which was mortgaged to its full value, the mortgagee, or his vendor, should take it freed from the trusts. That, as to the new chapel, new trustees should be appointed, and the mortgage be transferred to a friendly hand. That the burial-ground, not mentioned in the suit, should be included in the agreement, and that the whole of this should be accomplished without putting the trust estate to any expense whatever, the relators in the old suit, who are the petitioners in the present proceedings, providing for all the costs already incurred, and to be incurred, of all parties. The object of the petition was to obtain an order for the payment of the balance of the mortgage to Josiah Hill, a defendant, and for him, on such payment, and the payment of his costs, to assign the mortgage to the petitioners; for the defendant, Turner, to retain the old chapel; for the petitioners to pay, personally, 176 *l.* 4 *s.* 8 *d.* costs of the defendants, Cozens Hardy and others, up to the date of the agreement; for the defendants, Cozens Hardy and others, against whom the motion was made, to retire from the trust; for the appointment of other trustees, vesting the trust property in them, on the trusts of the several indentures settling the same; but as to the new chapel, subject to the same mortgage as when the suit was established; for the taxation of costs provided for by the agreement, and for the delivery of all documents relating to the trust property to the new trustees, when appointed.	- - The property of this chapel consists merely of the chapel buildings, and small graveyard attached.

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
94. Holy Island, Northumberland.	-- William Markwell's Legacy.	-- Ralph Grey, tide-surveyor, George William Grey, linen-draper, and the Rev. Anthony Watson, all of Holy Island, perpetual curate, the churchwarden and overseer of the parish of Holy Island.	- - - - -	-- Mr. Robert Douglas, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Aldridge & Bromley, of Gray's Inn.	-- 14th December 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying that out of the dividends of the trust fund two guineas might be paid, as by the will of W. Markwell directed, and the residue be applied in increasing the efficiency of the schools and in the purchase of books, &c., and that a scheme might be settled, and the residue of the fund, after payment of costs, be transferred to the petitioners, as the trustees of the charity, or if the fund were retained in Court, then that the dividends might be applied as before prayed.	-- The property of this charity consists of 966 *l.* 5 *s.* 8 *d.* Bank 3 per Cent. Consolidated Annuities.
95. Huddersfield, Yorkshire.	-- Ann Hanson's Charitable Trust.	-- William Livingstone, of Nith Mount, Dumfriesshire, gentleman, the Rev. Josiah Bateman, vicar of Huddersfield, and the Rev. William Carroll Macgrath, incumbent of All Saints, Paddock, Huddersfield.	- - - - -	-- Mr. E. L. Hesp, of Dumfries, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Jaques, Edwards, Jaques & Layton, of 8, Ely-place.	-- 11th December 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the settlement of a scheme for the management and regulation of this charity, and the payment of the funds into court, and, if necessary, for the appointment of new trustees.	-- The property of this charity consists of 1,760 *l.* 8 *s.* 3 *d.* Bank Three per Cent. Annuities, and 195 *l.* 18 *s.* 4 *d.* like Annuities, the annual dividend on which amounts to 58 *l.* 13 *s.* 6 *d.*
96. Ipswich, Suffolk -	-- John Cranes' Endowment.	-- The Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University of Cambridge, and Henry John Hayles Bond, M.D., Regius Professor of Physic in that University, and the Rev. James Pulling. D.D., Master of Corpus Christi College, and Vice-Chancellor of the University.	- - - - -	-- Messrs. Sumpter & Hyde, of Cambridge, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Sharpe, Field & Jackson, 41, Bedford-row.	-- 21st June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of the petitioners as trustees of certain of the charity premises, to be properly vested in them, and for the sanction of the Court to a proposed lease of the same, with such alterations as should be deemed right.	-- The property of this charity consists of several pieces of land situate at Fleet and Holbeach, in the county of Lincoln, containing 176 A. 2 R. 3 P., of the annual value of about 300*l.*; but every fifth year's rent only is payable to Ipswich, making the annual income of the Ipswich Charity 60 *l.*
97. Ipswich, Suffolk -	- - - - - - 1. Tooley's Foundation. 2. Smart's Foundation. 3. The Grammar School. 4. Christ's Hospital.	-- John Cobbold and Edward Bacon, Esqrs., both of Ipswich.	- - - - -	-- Mr. John E. Sparrowe, of Ipswich, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Cobbold & Patteson, 3, Bedford-row.	-- 30th July 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of trustees of these charities, 11 of the full number of 21 being deceased.	-- The incomes of the several charities are as follows: £. s. d. 1. 912 – 10 2. 461 9 5 3. 116 6 8 4. 829 17 3

	6. Scrivener's Gift. 7. Burrough's Gift. 8. Martin's Charity. 9. Cutler's Charity. 10. Osmond's Charity. 11. Tyler's Charity. 12. Crane's Charity. 13. Lending Cash Charity. 14. Robinson's Charity. 15. Sayer's Charity, and 16. Caston's Charity.						5. 219 8 - 6. Included in No. 5. 7. Included in No. 5. 8. Included in No. 5. 9. 12 - - 10. 9 - - 11. 48 - 4 12. 60 - - 13. 4 6 8 14. 5 - - 15. 5 - - 16. 10 - -
98. Islington - - -	The Calvinist Chapel -	- - Benjamin Samuel Hollis, of Carlton-hill, Upper Holloway, St. Mary, Islington, minister of the Gospel, William Anderson, of 13, Grove Villas, Highbury-grove, gentleman, William Bonefoot, of High-street, Islington, oilman, John Good, of Albany Villa, Highbury New Park, Islington, gentleman, William Powell, of Ladbroke Villas, Notting-hill, Middlesex, gentleman, and Edward Thompson, of Park-street, Islington, gentleman.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Powell & Thompson, of 3, Raymond Buildings, Gray's Inn, for the petitioners.	- - 26th June 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of new trustees in the room of a deceased and two retiring trustees, and for the conveyance to them of the property of the chapel.	
99. Islington, Middlesex -	- - The Porter's Acre (Parson's Charity).	- - Thomas Bowdery, of Canonbury-square, gentleman, Samuel Hill, of Barnsbury Park, gentleman, James Muzie, of Grove Villas, Highbury, gentleman, the Rev. Daniel Wilson, of Barnsbury Park, vicar of the parish, John Leatherdale, of Highbury Crescent West, gentleman, George Waller the younger, of Highbury-place, gentleman, and James Wagstaff, of Highbury Lodge, surveyor, the churchwardens of the said parish.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Jaques, Edwards, Jaques & Layton, 8, Ely-place, for the petitioners.	- - 17th January 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for authority to grant a lease of this acre to the trustees of the parish of St. Mary's, Islington, for 99 years, at a rent of 15 *l.* for the first year, and 50 *l.* per annum for the residue of the term, with the insertion in the same of a covenant for the renewal thereof on the expiration of the present term for a further term of 99 years, at 50 *l.* per annum.	- - The property of this charity consists of the Porter's Acre, which is let on a lease at the rent of 50 *l.* per annum.
100. Islington, Middlesex	- - Protestant Dissenters' Chapel, Lower-street.	- - Henry Marchmont, of Southgate, Middlesex, minister of the Gospel, and John Frank, of Clark's-place, High-street, Islington, silk mercer.	- - - - -	- - Mr. W. H. Warton, of Moorgate-street Chambers, for the petitioners.	- - 14th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the payment of 6 *l.* 13 *s.*, dividends due on 228 *l.* 5 *s.* 6 *d.* Reduced Bank Annuities, to the petitioner Henry Marchmont, as pastor of this chapel, and for the payment of all dividends on the residue thereof, after payment of costs to him, so long as he should remain such pastor.	

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
101. Keadby (Althorpe) Lincoln.	William Dixon's Charity	John Glew, Thomas Coggon, Aaron Glew, William Robinson, Rodger Bingley, John Ellis, John Glew, Jonathan Robinson, James Brown, William Dook and John Taylor, inhabitants of Keadby.	-	Mr. Thomas Harsley Carnochan, of Crowle, Lincolnshire, for the petitioners. Agents, Mr. Charles Bell, 36, Bedford-row.	24th February 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to raise, by mortgage, the sum necessary for payment of 500*l.* 15*s.*, incurred for "warping" the charity estate, by which the estate had become materially increased in value; and for the settlement of the mortgage security, if necessary, by one of the conveyancing counsel of the Court.	The property of this charity consists of 18 acres of land, let at a rent of 2*l.* 2*s.* per acre, and of two houses and two acres of land, let for 14*l.*, giving a total annual income of 32*l.* 18*s.*
102. Kensington	Henry Smith's Charity	Henry Currie and Harvey Combe, Esqrs., two of the surviving trustees of the charity.	-	Messrs. Bray, Warrens & Harding, 57, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, for the petitioners.	27th March 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the confirmation of a conditional agreement, and for liberty to complete the purchase of a plot of ground agreed to be sold to them by a Mr. C. J. Freake, on the terms approved by two surveyors; and to transfer or sell 5,666*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Old South Sea Annuities for that purpose, and on the payment of such purchase-money for the conveyance of the same by the said C. J. Freake to the petitioners and the other trustees, subject to a ease thereof to the said C. J. Freake, till Lady-day 1930, at 170*l.* per annum; and for the application of such income in the same manner as the South Sea Annuities were then applicable, and, if necessary, for the approval, by the Court, of a Bill to be promoted in Parliament to effect such purposes.	The purchase mentioned in the previous column has been completed, and the annual income to the charity is the net ground-rent of 170*l.*
103. Kettering, Northampton.	The Free Grammar School.	The Rev. Sir George Stamp Robinson, of Cranford, Northampton, Bart., and Allen Allicocke Young, of Ollingbury, Northampton, Esq.	-	Mr. H. J. Nettleship, of Kettering, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Cotton & Bennett, 2, Raymond-buildings, Gray's Inn.	17th March 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of new trustees, and an order vesting the charity estate in them, with directions for the future appointment of trustees on the occurrence of vacancies.	The property of this charity consists of 31 A. 0 R. 27 P. of land, and 10 houses, cottages therewith, and 31 tenements and two stables, producing an annual income of 194*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* There is also a master's house and garden, with school-house.
104. Kingston-upon-Hull, Heple.	William Pettenger's Charity.	Thomas Bentley Locke, of Heplemount, Heple, Kingston-upon-Hull, and Joseph Robinson Pease, of Hesslewood House, Esq.	-	Messrs. Levett & Champney, of 6, Parliament-street, Kingston-upon-Hull, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Hawkins, Bloxam & Hawkins, 2, New Boswell-court, Lincoln's Inn.	25th July 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain persons named in the petition to be trustees of the charity, and for the confirmation of a proposed scheme for the future administration of the fund.	The property of this charity consists of 396*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.* Three per Cent. Consolidated Bank Annuities.

177.	105. Lambeth, Surrey -	-- The Almshouses of Sir Noel Caron.	-- William Evans, of Millbank, Westminster, and James Leys Seager, of Millbank and Caron House, Lambeth, distillers.	- - - - -	-- Messrs. Tatham, Upton, Upton & Johnson, 20, Austin Friars, for the petitioners.	-- 10th June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the approval by the Court of a conveyance of a piece of land to the petitioner William Evans, for the purpose of erecting thereon seven new almshouses; for the sale of the old almshouses, and the sale or conveyance of the site to Price's Patent Candle Company, or any other person willing to purchase the same for 1,500 *l.*, freed and discharged from the annual rent of 28 *l.*, and all the trusts affecting the same; and for the execution of all the proper deeds vesting the old almshouses and site in the petitioner Evans, in fee-simple, to enable him to convey the legal estate in the said Candle Company, when the sale to them is completed; and for the application of the purchase-money towards the erection of such almshouses, the petitioner Evans undertaking to make good the deficiency, should such purchase-money be insufficient.	-- The property of this charity consists of the almshouses, which have been recently rebuilt, and of 1,150 *l.*, and 746 *l.* 5 *s.* 4 *d.*, Three per Cent. Consols, the dividends whereon form the annual income of the charity. The Caron estate is also chargeable with an annual rent of 28 *l.* for the benefit of the almspeople.
N 2	106. Leek, Stafford - -	-- The Townlands Charity.	-- George Hammersley, silk manufacturer, Joseph Bentley, silk manufacturer, Isaac Middleton, grocer, and William Lee, currier, all of Leek and Lowe, Stafford.	- - - - -	-- Mr. Thomas Redfern, of Leek, for the petitioners. Agent, Mr. S. Shuttleworth, of Gray's Inn.	-- 13th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of seven persons as trustees, and for an order to Hugh Sleigh to convey the lands, and pay 223 *l.* 0 *s.* 7 *d.* now in his hands to them, and to obtain proper provisions for the future appointment of such trustees, and to ascertain of what such lands consist, and what proceedings should be taken for the recovery of such part of the lands as had been sold or disposed of.	—
	107. Llandovery, Carmarthen.	-- Thomas Phillips' Bequest to Balliol College at Oxford.	-- Dame Augusta Hall, wife of Sir Benjamin Hall, Bart., of Llanover, Monmouthshire, by the Rev. John Evans, vicar of Llanover, her next friend, John Jones, of Cefnfaes Nantmel, Radnorshire, Esq., the Rev. Joshua Hughes, vicar of Llandovery, Carmarthenshire, clerk, William Rees, also of Llandovery, publisher, and John Johnes, of Dolancothy, Carmarthen, Esq.	- - - - -	-- Mr. Benjamin Laurence, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Laurence, Crowdy & Bowlby, 25, Old Fish-street, Doctors' Commons.	-- 17th February 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the tranfer of 900 *l.*, Three per Cent. Annuities, and 26 *l.* 4 *s.* 3 *d.* out of court to the trustees of the Llandovery School, for the approval by the Court of a scheme proposed by the trustees, and for a declaration that such monies were to be applied in conformity with such scheme.	-- The property of this charity at present consists of 852 *l.* 10 *s.* 9 *d.* Consols, being reduced to that sum by the payment of legacy duty and costs, the dividends whereon amount to 12 *l.* 0 *s.* 10 *d.* per annum.

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Dates and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
108. Llanegwad, Carmarthen.	John Francis's Charity -	- - John Lewis, of Wernddu, in the parish of Llanegwad, farmer and churchwarden, and David Evans, of Monachty, in the same parish, farmer, overseer of the poor of the same parish.	- - - - -	- - Mr. George Prytherch Price, of Llandilo, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Trinder & Eyre, of Johnstreet, Bedford-row.	- - 3d June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the removal of Thomas Rees, from the office of trustee, he being in needy, if not in insolvent circumstances, and for the appointment of certain persons, in the room of the said Thomas Rees and the deceased trustees. For an order vesting the rentcharge in them. The payment by the said Thomas Rees, of what should appear to be due from him in respect thereof, the application of the arrears when recovered, and of the future rents toward the objects of the charity, and, if necessary, for the settlement of a scheme for the future regulation and management of the charity.	- - The property of this charity consists of a rentcharge of 25 *l.* per annum, and a sum of 136*l.* 19*s.* 4*d.* paid to the charity on account of arrears, which had been permitted to become due.
109. London, Allhallows, Bread-street.	- - The Church Estates Charity.	- - The Rev. Joshua Dix, of Cambridge-terrace, Camden New Town, rector of the parish of Allhallows, Bread-street, and James Lindsay and William Bowman, of Bread-street, warehouseman, the churchwardens, or keepers of the goods, ornaments, and revenues of that parish.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Millard & Mackrell, of Cordwainers' Hall, for the petitioners.	- - 28th February 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to accumulate the dividends on a sum of 2,640 *l.*, paid as compensation for land situate in Cannon-street, City (taken under the London City Improvement Act, 1847), and to invest same from time to time in the purchase of like annuities. A reference to the Master to inquire what were the trusts affecting such 2,640 *l.* (none being stated in the petition), or the stock to be purchased therewith, and to inquire and state the amount of the Bank Annuities affected by each trust in particular. To inquire whether any, and which of such trusts were incapable of being performed, and in that event to settle a scheme for the application of so much of the Bank Annuities as were affected by such trusts, with liberty to state special circumstances.	- - The property of this charity consists of a house, shop and premises, producing 140*l.* a year; also of four renteharges, of the several sums of 2 *l.*, 4 *l.*, 20 *l.*, and 3*l.* 6*s.* 8 *d.*; also of the sums of 2,250 *l.* 2*s.*, and 112 *l.* 10 *s.* Consols.
110. London, St. Botolph, Aldgate.	Sir John Cass' Charity -	- - John Annis, James Martin, William Christie, Wiliam Wood, Henry John White, James Richard Thomson, Benjamin Standring the younger, Charles James Johnson, William Potter, and John Venables, trustees, on behalf of themselves and the other trus-	- - - - -	- - Mr. John Clark, Sessions House, Old Bailey, and 7, Crescent-place, Bridge-street, Blackfriars, for the petitioners.	- - 9th May 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to carry into effect, under the sanction of the Court, and by the machinery of the General Inclosure Acts, certain conditional agreements for exchanges of land, with a view to render the charity land more available for building purposes, by procuring a rectilinear boundary as frontage.	- - The property of this charity consists of stock, some freehold property, and about 50 acres of land at Hackney, producing an income for the year 1854, of 2,834 *l.* 19 *s.* 10 *d.*

111. London, St. Giles-in-the-Fields.	- - Thomas Leverton's Charity.	- - The Rev. Robert Bickersteth, Richard Heartwell, and Thomas Poppy; the rector and churchwardens of the parish of St. Giles, the Rev. Samuel Garratt, minister of the chapel of the Holy Trinity, in the same parish, Charles Ward, Andrew George Bachhoffner, Henry Combe, Marmaduke Robert Langdale, Thomas Waring and Richard Onebye Walker, vestrymen of the parish, the trustees of the charity.	- - - - -	- - Mr. W. Leverton Donaldson, 18, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury-square, for the petitioners.	- - 12th February 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for leave to the trustees, or any two of them, to receive, for the purposes of the charity, the dividends on the trust fund of 4,455 *l.* 12 *s.* 3 *d.*, three trustees only of the original number of ten being alive, one of whom had ceased to be a trustee from non-residence, the other two being petitioners.	- - The property of this charity consists of 4,455 *l.* 12 *s.* 3 *d.* Three per Cent. Bank Annuities, producing an annual income of 132 *l.* 13 *s.* 2 *d.*
112. London, Gray's Inn -	- - Ann Caroline Blagrove's Trust, John-street Chapel, King's-road, Gray's Inn-lane.	- - The Hon. and Rev. Baptist Wriothesley Noel, of No. 36, Westbourne-terrace, Hyde Park, M. A., clerk, Benjamin Hall Gardiner, of Princes-street, Hanover-square, bookseller, William Payne, of High Holborn, toy manufacturer, William Harper, of Red Lion-street, Holborn, pianoforte manufacturer, William Gundry, of No. 1, Soho-square, shoe manufacturer, John Hill, of Park Villas, Holloway, jeweller, Robert Kenneth, of North-place, Camberwell, Surrey, gentleman, George James Morris, of Lower Heath, Hampstead, Esq., and Marcus Martin, of 40, Bedford-place, Russell-square, Esq., all in Middlesex, except Robert Kenneth, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Church & Son, 9, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	- - 23d April 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the taxation of costs, and that the fund in Court might be sold and divided in certain proportions amongst the various charitable societies and institutions in connexion with this chapel, as directed by the will of the testatrix.	- - The property of this charity consisted of a legacy of 2,000 *l.*, which, after payment of legacy duty and costs, was divided amongst the several charitable societies and institutions in connexion with this chapel, as prayed.
113. London, St. Olave, Hart-street.	- - Viscount Sudbury's Charity.	- - The Rev. John Letts, William Ryland and Richard Corfield Bucknall, the rector and churchwardens of the parish of St. Olave, Hart-street, trustees of the charity.	- - - - -	- - Mr. W. Heath, of 37, Threadneedle-street, City, for the petitioners.	- - 22d July 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for an order as to the charity premises and the rent already due, the parishioners having refused to pay any longer the rent (105 *l.* per annum) for certain premises leased to them, the premises being no longer available for the purposes for which they took them; and for an Order to them to accept a surrender, and to grant a lease of the same on like terms to a Mr. N. J. Roberts for the unexpired residue of such term.	- - The property of this charity consists, 1st, of houses, &c., producing a present gross annual income of 45 *l.* 15 *s.*; 2dly, of some unproductive houses advertised to be let on a building lease, subject to the approval of the Court of Chancery.

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
114. London, Tottenham Court-road.	- - Ann Caroline Blagrove's Trusts, Tottenham Court Chapel.	- - The Rev. Joseph Wilberforce Richardson, of Tonbridge-place, New-road, dissenting minister, Samuel Foley, of No. 158, Belgrave-terrace, College-street, Camden Town, coachmaker, Benjamin Laimbier, of No. 45, Cromer-street, Gray's Inn-lane, gentleman, William Hone, of No. 27, Charles-street, Middlesex Hospital, fringe manufacturer, Joseph Seaborne, of No. 32, Wakefield-street, Brunswick-square, gutta percha dealer, James Mansfield, of No. 16, Bingfield-street, Caledonian-road, Islington, silver chaser, Joseph Taylor, of No. 97, Upper Seymour-street, Euston-square, builder, Frederick Boothby, of No. 13, Cleveland-street, Fitzroy-square, ironmonger, and Richard Cheshire, of Cambridge-street, Golden-square, schoolmaster, all in the county of Middlesex.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. G. & J. Clark, of 28, Finsbury-place, for the petitioners.	- - 8th May 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the taxation of costs, and that the fund in court might be sold, and the proceeds applied to the benefit of the societies in connexion with this chapel, as directed by the will of the testatrix.	—
115. London - - -	- - Hare Court Chapel in Aldersgate-street, Joseph Masters and Jane Underhill's Legacies.	- - James Spicer, of New Bridge-street, Blackfriars, wholesale stationer, and Ellis Goode Lobb, of Cheapside, hosier, the present trustees of the chapel, under the deed-poll of 26th February 1706, Richard Dixson, of Brighton, Sussex, and said James Spicer, the present trustees under Jane Underhill's will, the said Richard Dixson and James Spicer, and Robert Mollett, of Kingsland, Esq., the present trustees under William Master's will, the said James Spicer, Ellis Goode Lobb, and Robert Mollett, the elders or deacons of the church and congregation now assembling for Divine worship in this chapel.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Finch & Shepheard, of No. 24, Moorgate-street, for the petitioners.	- - 11th December 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to absolutely sell and dispose of the existing chapel and buildings, and to receive and give proper and effectual receipts and discharges for the purchase monies to be received for the same, and on account of such parts of the lands as are properly applicable to the maintenance of a minister in Hare-court Chapel, the petitioners to be at liberty to apply such monies towards the erection of two new chapels in London or its vicinity (the balance, if any should be wanting, to be supplied by voluntary subscriptions), with liberty to apply the proceeds of Joseph Masters' legacy as should be deemed best for the support of such two chapels, and most in accordance with the directions of his will, and for the sanction of the Court to the proposed application of Jane Underhill's charity, as stated in the prayer of the petition.	- - The property of this chapel consists of an estate at Mildenhall, and a chapel and two houses, producing an annual rent of 135 *l.*, also of 900 *l.* Three per cent. Consols, producing 27 *l.* per annum.

116. London - - -	- - Sir Hugh Middleton's Charity to the Goldsmiths' Company.	- - Percival Norton Johnson, of Russell-square, Esq., and Richard Davis, of St. Helen's-place, merchant, and the wardens and commonalty of the Goldsmiths' Company.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Walter Prideaux, Goldsmiths' Hall, for the petitioners.	- - 22d June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the sanction of the Court to a proposed scheme for the future administration of the charity, the income having considerably increased, and for liberty to carry the same into effect.	- - The property of this charity consists of one share in the New River Water Company, the dividends on which for the year ending Lady-day 1855, amounted to 846 *l.*
117. London - - -	- - Parkin's Exhibitions from Merchant Tailors' School to Pembroke College at Cambridge.	- - The Master, Fellows, and Scholars of the College of Valence Mary, commonly called Pembroke College, Cambridge, and the Rev. John Power, M. A., and the Rev. William Haig Brown, M. A., two of the fellows of that college.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Clement Francis, of Cambridge, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. John & Charles Cole, of 4, Adelphi-terrace.	- - 15th July 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the sanction of the Court to an arrangement entered into provisionally between the Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Pembroke College, Cambridge, and the Merchant Tailors' Company, for a new appropriation and division of the benefits of the charity.	- - The property consists of 5,887 *l.* 14 *s.* 9 *d.* Consols, the dividends whereon form the income of the charity.
118. London - - -	- - Stuart's Scholarship from Merchant Tailor's School to Pembroke College, Cambridge.	- - The Master, Fellows, and Scholars of the College of Valence Mary, commonly called Pembroke College, Cambridge, and the Rev. John Power, M. A., and the Rev. William Haig Brown, two of the fellows of that college.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Clement Francis, of Cambridge, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. John & Charles Cole, of 36, Essex-street, Strand.	- - 5th June 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the sanction of the Court to an arrangement entered into provisionally between the Master Fellows, and Scholars of Pembroke College, Cambridge, and the Merchant Taylor's Company, for a new appropriation and division of the benefits of the charity.	- - The property consists of 3,036 *l.* 17 *s.* Consols, the dividends whereon form the income of the charity.
119. London - - -	- - Serjeant Moses' Exhibitions from Christ's Hospital to Pembroke College, Cambridge.	- - The Master, Fellows, and Scholars of the College of Valence Mary, commonly called Pembroke College, Cambridge, and the Rev. John Power, M. A., and the Rev. William Haig Brown, M. A., two of the fellows of that college.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Clement Francis, of Cambridge, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. John & Charles Cole, 4, Adelphi-terrace.	- - 28th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to carry out an arrangement entered into between the hospital and college by which the charity would be much benefited, and which would open the same to an extended number of exhibitioners.	- - The property of this charity consists of 7,112 *l.* 18 *s.* 10 *d.* Consols, the annual income whereof is 213 *l.* 7 *s.* 8 *d.*
120. Lowe, Lancaster -	- - The Free Grammar School.	- - Edward Hill, clerk, John Dixon, clerk, Richard Pennington, John Leyland, Thomas Gaskell, James Eckersley, and Richard Tickle, seven of the trustees of the school.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Thomas Frederick Taylor, of Wigan, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner & Co., 1, Bedford-row.	- - 25th April 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to carry into effect an agreement entered into with his Grace the Duke of Bridgewater, to lease the charity land for the purpose of working coal mines, and to empower the trustees to lease any mines or seams of coal which may be under the charity land, the conditions to be inserted therein to be approved of by the Court. To settle a scheme and to obtain liberty to the trustees to fill up vacancies in their body as often as they shall be reduced to four or less.	- - The property of this charity consists of land, stock and mine rents, &c., producing a present annual income of 137 *l.*

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
121. Luton, Bedfordshire	The Poor's Estate - -	- - The Rev. Thomas Sikes, Thomas Sworder and William Clarke, the vicar and churchwardens of Luton.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Edward Williamson, of Luton, for the petioners. Agent, Mr. G. T. Taylor, 18, Featherstone-buildings, Holborn.	- - 3d July 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to inquire whether it would be for the benefit of the charity to let out the same on building leases, and if so, on what terms, and to settle a scheme for the constitution and future management of the same.	- - The property of these charities consists of houses and rentcharges, producing an annual income of 200 *l.* 14 *s.* 6 *d.*
122. Luton, Bedfordshire	The Poor's Estate - -	- - The Rev. Thomas Sikes, Thomas Sworder and William Clarke, the vicar and churchwardens of Luton.	- - - - -	- - Mr. G. T. Taylor, of 18, Featherstone-buildings, Holborn, for the petitioners.	- - 25th April 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to inquire whether certain of the charity property situate at Tower-hill and Pound-end should be sold, and whether they should be let for building purposes (freehold land being at great value in Luton), and in approving a scheme to consider the propriety of applying the proceeds of the sale towards the erection of almshouses at Pound-end, or in what other mode they should deal with the proceeds.	- - *See* the last preceding case.
123. Lyford, Berks -	- - Oliver Aishcombe's Charity.	- - Charles Tawney, of Oxford, Esq., Philip Pusey, of Pusey House, Berks, Esq., M. P., John Samuel Bowles, of Miltonhill, Berks, Esq., the Rev. Richard Lynch Cotton, D. D., provost of Worcester College, Oxford, and Thomas Duffield, of Castle Priory, Wallingford, Berks, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Taylor & Collison, 28, Great James-street, for the petitioners.	- - 22d July 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the enlargement of the almshouse, the sale of a part of the charity estate, and the investment of the produce in a certain piece of land which would yield a larger rent.	- - The property of this charity consists of houses and 393 A. 3 R. 5 P. of land, producing an annual income of 429 *l.*; also of the almshouses and gardens and 324 *l.* 10 *s.* Three per Cent. Consols.
124. Macclesfield, Chester	- - The Free Grammar and Modern Free Schools.	- - The Governors of the School and Thomas Ryle Daintry, of North Rode, Prestbury, Esq., Thomas Swanwick, of Macclesfield, Esq., Thomas Brodrick of the same place, Esq., and the Rev. Thomas Brooking Cornish, the head master of the school.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Edward Procter, of Macclesfield, for the petitioners; agents, Messrs. John & Charles Cole, 4, Adelphi-terrace, Strand.	- - 24th March 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that the contract for the purchase of Westbrook-house and premises, was for the benefit of the charity, and ought to be completed on the part of the governors, and for authority to complete the same and to convert the house and premises into a residence for the head master of the free grammar school; to build a new school with a residence for an usher adjoining, and to lay out a play ground; to pull down the present school-house and sell the materials and site, and to sell a piece of land near to such site; to raise money on mortgage; to grant building leases; to enable a governor to resign; to extend the exhibitions so as to include the University of Durham as well as those of Oxford and Cambridge; to postpone founding two of the exhibitions until the further order of the Court; to appoint an assistant master to the modern free school, and if necessary to settle a proper scheme for the grammar school, in case any of the purposes aforesaid should be approved of by the Court, and could not be properly effected without the authority of Parliament, then to approve of a draft bill for that purpose.	- - The property of this charity consists of houses, and about 435 A. 3 R. 36 P., producing an annual income of 1,232 *l.* 17 *s.* 6 *d.*

		- - Robert Philips, Heybridge, Staffordshire, Esq., President, Thomas Bolton, Liverpool, Esq., Robert Needham Philips, the Park, near Manchester, Esq., Charles Wallace, Altrincham, minister, M.A. John Hamilton Thorn, Liverpool, minister, Richard Jolly, Field Head, near Sheffield, ironmaster, Richard Martineau, 17, Westbourne-street, Hyde Park, London, brewer, John Colston Handforth, Grange, Manchester, minister, James Heywood, Vine-grove, Pendleton, near Manchester, M. P., T. E. Poignton, Monton, near Eccles, Lancaster, minister, John A. Nicholls, Ardwick-place, Manchester, cotton spinner, Charles Wicksteed, Kingston-terrace, Leeds, minister, B A., John James Taylor, York-place, Manchester, minister, B. A., Robert Dukinfield Darbishire, Lime-grove, Manchester, attorney, B. A., John Kenrick, Monkgate, York, minister, M. A., John Robberd, 2, High Park-street, Liverpool, minister, B.A., Samuel Dunkinfield Darbishire, Emden-street, Greenheys, Manchester, treasurer, Richard Shaen, Dudley, minister, M.A., George Vance Smith, Manchester, principal of Manchester New College, John Grundy, the Dales, Lancashire, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Robert Worthington, Manchester, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Sharpe, Field & Jackson, 41, Bedford-row.	- - 1st February 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a declaration that it would be for the benefit of the institution that it should be established in London as a theological institution for the education of young men designed for the University College, London, and, notwithstanding its removal from Manchester to London, for the application to such college of the rents of the trust property by the trustees of the college, and, if necessary, for the approval of a scheme for the future regulation and management of the charity.	- - The total receipts on behalf of the college for the year 1854 amounted to 3,952 *l.* 2 *s.* 6 *d.*, and 1,200 *l.* in investment receipts.
126. Monmouth - -	- - The Almshouse and Free Grammar School of William Jones.	- - The Master and four Wardens of the Haberdashers' Company and Richard Till, of Clapham, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Mr. John Curtis, of Haberdashers' Hall, for the petitioners.	- - 15th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to appoint a fourth master to the school, paying him a salary of 100 *l.*, and to subscribe a sum of 50 *l.* for the erection of a new church at Hatcham, New Cross, to be raised by the sale of part of 319 *l.* 18 *s.* 4 *d.*, 3 *l.* per cent. Consols.	- - The property of this charity consists of lands and houses at New Cross, producing a yearly income of 1,332 *l.* 1 *s.* 1 *d.* The dividends on 12,398 *l.* 14 *s.* 10 *d.*, 793 *l.* 19 *s.* 4 *d.*, and 319 *l.* 18 *s.* 4 *d.* Consols, and also of an average of septennial fines, which, with the above and other small sums, gave, for the year 1854, a total income of 1,867 *l.* 14 *s.* 6 *d.*
127. Monmouth - -	- - The Almshouse and Free Grammar School of William Jones.	- - The Master and four Wardens of the Haberdashers' Company, the Governors of the school, and William Henry Wood, of Tollington Park, Hornsey-road, Middlesex, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Mr. John Curtis, Haberdashers' Hall, London, for the petitioners.	- - 26th June 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for an order to transfer a sum of 223 *l.* 6 *s.* 11 *d.* to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in redemption of the land tax, of 7 *l.* 7 *s.* 8 *d.*, charged on part of the charity estate at New Cross.	*See* the last preceding case.

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
128. Monmouth - -	- - The Almshouse and Free Grammar School of William Jones.	- - The Master and four Wardens of the Haberdashers' Company, the governors of the school, and Jeremiah Pilcher, of Russell-square, Middlesex, Esq., and Edward Charles Bracebridge, of Barnsbury Villas, Islington, Middlesex, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Mr. John Curtis, of Haberdashers' Hall, for the petitioners.	- - 24th July 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to the petitioners to purchase an estate about to be sold, on behalf of this and the Newport Free Grammar Schools, to which latter the purchase would be of great value; the purchase-money (not to exceed 7,500 *l.*) to be raised by the sale of a portion of 8,038 *l.* 16 *s.* 5 *d.* Bank 3 *l.* per Cent. Annuities, the property of William Jones' school, and for the redemption of the land tax by the sale of a sufficient portion of a sum of stock of 1,938 *l.* 12 *s.* 4 *d.*, like Bank 3 *l.* per Cent. Annuities, the property of the Newport school, with a provision that the respective quantities and portions of land to be taken by each of the two charities should be determined, in case, and so soon as the purchase should be made, and as should be deemed best for both charities.	*See* preceding cases.
129. Monmouth - -	- - The Almshouse and Free Grammar School of William Jones' foundation.	- - The Master and four Wardens of the Haberdashers' Company, the Governors of the school, and William Henry Wood, of Tollington Park, Middlesex, Esq., and Edward Charles Bracebridge, of Barnsbury Park Villas, Islington, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Mr. John Curtis, Haberdashers' Hall, for the petitioners.	- - 16th December 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying that an agreement entered into with Mr. William Scott, to purchase a freehold estate in Kent, at the price of 4,570 *l.* might be carried into effect, and, for that purpose, for the sale of a further portion of the stock belonging to the charity and the application of the proceeds in the redemption of land tax on the land to be so purchased, and that the dividends on the residue of the stock, after satisfying such purposes, might be, from time to time, paid to the clerk of the Haberdashers' Company until the further order of the Court, and for the payment of the costs of the application, and consequent thereon, by the railway company.	*See* preceding cases.
130. Newcastle-upon-Tyne	Hanover-square Chapel -	- - George Harris, the minister of the chapel, William Shields, chain and cable manufacturer, the treasurer of the congregation, Mark William Lambert, engraver and printer, secretary of the congregation, William Hutton, Esq., F. G. S., Thomas Michael Greenhow, surgeon, Robert Wallace, town surveyor, all of Newcastle, trustees of property belonging to the the same congregation, and holders of sittings in the meeting-house of the same	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Sharpe, Field, Jackson & Newbold, 41, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	- - 28th June 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the sanction of the Court to an agreement entered into with a builder that he should, in consideration of the conveyance to him of the existing chapel and school, and certain other property forming part of the endowment of the chapel, and the payment of a sum of money raised by subscription, build a new chapel and schools on a new and preferable site.	- - The property of this charity consists of the chapel and premises, and the land on which the same are erected, a rentcharge of 6 *l.* per annum, and the sum of 270 *l.*, 3¼ per Cent. Annuities, the dividends whereon amount to 8 *l.* 15 *s.* 6 *d.* per annum.

131. Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Northumberland.	Tuthill Stairs Chapel -	-- The Rev. Thomas Pottenger, minister of the Gospel, John Lindsay Angus, gentleman, William Angus, gentlemen, Joseph Angus, agent, Joseph Redshaw, tailor, all of Newcastle, Henry Angus Wilkinson, of Claremont-place, Gateshead, agent, Henry Angus, of Rye Hill, Elswick, coachmaker, Jonathan Angus, of Elswick Villas, Elswick, draper, Thomas Croswaite Angus, of Union Cottage, Windmill Hills, Gateshead, Durham, merchant, John Bradburn, of George-street, Newcastle, dyer, Richard Swann, of Eldon-street, Newcastle, butcher, James Potts, of Albion-place, Newcastle, ship and insurance broker, and George Angus, of Barrington-place, Gateshead, leather merchant.	- - - - -	-- Mr. George T. Gibson, of Bank-buildings, Newcastle, for the petitioners. Agent, Mr. W. H. Newstead, 18, Ely-place, Holborn.	-- 5th September 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the discharge of three of the petitioners from the office of trustee, and that the seven persons named in the petition might be appointed jointly with two other trustees of the "premises," comprised in an indenture of the 3d April 1827 (and in certain other deeds of earlier date), and upon the trusts declared by a deed of 21st November 1787. That the same premises might vest in the same petitioners "for an estate in fee-simple in joint tenancy in possession," with liberty to sell the same and give discharges for the purchase-money, the trustees undertaking to apply the same for the purposes of the said congregation, and according to their order and direction.	—
132. Newport, Salop -	-- The Free Grammar School of William Adams' foundation.	-- The Master and four Wardens of the Haberdashers' Company, the governors of the school, and Jeremiah Pilcher, of Russell-square, Middlesex, Esq., and Edward Charles Bracebridge, of No. 6, Barnsbury Villas, Islington, Esq.	- - - - -	-- Mr. John Curtis, Haberdashers' Hall, for the petitioners.	-- 24th July 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to the petitioners to purchase an estate about to be sold by auction on behalf of this and William Jones's Free Grammar Schools, the purchase being of great importance to the Newport School, the purchase-money (which was not to exceed 7,500 *l.* for the whole land) to be raised by the sale of a portion of 8,038 *l.* 16 *s.* 5 *d.* Bank Three per Cent. Annuities, the property of William Jones's school, and for the redemption of the land tax by the sale of a sufficient portion of a sum of stock of 1,938 *l.* 12 *s.* 4 *d.* like Bank Three per Cent. Annuities, the property of the Newport school, with a provision that the respective quantities and portions of land to be taken by each of the two charities should be determined in case, and so soon as the purchase should be made, and in such manner as should be deemed most for the benefit of the respective charities.	-- The property of this charity consists of a dwelling-house and garden, &c., occupied by the master, and estimated to be of the yearly value of 100 *l.*, also of land and houses, producing 126 *l.* 15 *s.* per annum.
133. Newport, Salop -	-- The Bridge and Marsh Charity.	-- Thomas Collier, of Beech Hill, Salop, Esq., Robert Scott, of Newport, gentleman, Willian Underhill, of Church Aston, Salop, gentleman, and George Humphrey Duncalfe, of New Town, Stafford, gentleman, the sole present trustees of the Newport Bridge Charity.	- - - - -	-- Mr. Henry Heane, of Newport, and 12, Regent-street, for the petitioners.	-- 30th June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the amalgamation of the Newport Bridge and the Newport Marsh Charities, and that the property of the respective charities might be vested in one body of trustees, with liberty to such body to apply 831 *l.* 13 *s.* 7 *d.* Three per Cent. Annuities (as part of the money authorised by the scheme to be raised) in the repairs of the streets of Newport, and in making a new approach to the Marsh, the trustees being bound for ever thereafter to keep the bridge in repair out of the estates vested in them; and for a direction to the Master to include such objects in the Bill, to be settled by him under the order of the Court, dated the 16th of April 1852, on a petition entitled in the matter of the Newport Bridge Charity.	-- The property of this charity consists of lands and houses, producing an annual income of 435 *l.* 16 *s.* 3½ *d.*

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
134. Newport, Salop -	The Marsh Charity -	- - William Liddle, gentleman, and William Scott Underhill, ironmonger, both of Newport.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Church & Langdale, 38, Southampton-buildings, for the petitioners.	- - 25th March 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to settle a scheme, and if the Court of Chancery should be of opinion that it had not jurisdiction to order the funds of the charity to be applied otherwise than as directed by the old Act of 1774, which had been found to be undesirable and impracticable, then for an order to apply for a new Act, varying the trusts of the former.	- - *See* the last preceding case.
135. Northampton, Saint Giles.	The Feoffment Estates -	- - Richard Freeman, tailor, and Edward Penn, gardener, both of St. Giles, Northampton.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Markham, of Northampton, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Taylor & Collisson, of 28, Great James-street, Bedford-row.	- - 3d June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attroney-general, praying for liberty to divide certain of the charity land into two portions, and to let out the eastern portion for 60 years, at 4 *l.* per annum, and to build on the other portion (at an expense not exceeding 900 *l.*) five houses, at the aggregate yearly value of 75 *l.* or thereabouts, and for that purpose to raise such sum by mortgage, to be repaid by equal annual instalments during the next 11 years succeeding the date of the mortgage; and for liberty to apply an adequate portion of the annual income of the charity in keeping down the interest on the sum so raised, and in paying off the instalments as the same should become due.	- - The property of this charity consists principally of houses, producing an annual income of 265 *l.* 18 *s.*
136. Northampton - -	- - - - - - - 1. St. Thomas's Hospital. 2. Wade's Charity. 3. Acham's Charity. 4. Freeman's Charity. 5. Ive's Charity. 6. Corporation Charity School. 7. Pickering's Charity. 8. Earl of Northampton's Charity.	- - Henry Philip Markham, gentlemen, and William Thomas Higgins, wine merchant, both of Northampton, and two of the members of the municipal council of the said borough.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Christopher Markham, of Northampton, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Taylor & Collisson, 28, Great James-street.	- - 10th December 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of trustees, in the room of certain deceased and incapacitated trustees, or for a reference to the Master to appoint same.	- - The several incomes of these charities are as follows: £. s. d. 1. 973 10 6 2. 2 - - 3. 8 - - 4. 2 12 - 5. 5 - - 6. 119 6 8 7. Included in No. 1. 8. Included in No. 6.

	10. Matthew Sillesby's Charity. 11. John Neal's Charity. 12. Agnes Hopkins' Charity. 13. Henry Prior's Charity. 14. Beatrice Ogle's Charity. 15. Thomas Gresswell's Gift. 16. Richard White's Charity. 17. Edward Pickering's Charity. 18. John Ball's Charity. 19. Free Grammar School. 20. Earl of Northampton's Gift. 21. John Allen's Charity. 22. George Norwood's Charity. 23. The Hyde Land Charity. 24. John Evans' Charity, and 25. Sir Thomas White's Charity.					9. Included in No. 6. 10. 42 – – 11. 6 1 – 12. 30 – – 13. 1 10 – 14. 4 – – 15. 2 10 – 16. 78 – – 17. 10 6 8 18. 2 10 – 19. 92 5 – 20. Included in No. 6. 21. Included in No. 6. 22. 46 – – 23. 60 – – 24. 30 – – 25. Paid to Northampton once in five years, 1,577 3 4	
137. Odiham, Southampton	Richard Gurney's Charity	– – John Cave, James Challen, James Cooper, James Eames, George Hockley, John Harwood Hornsby, Henry King, John Norris, William Seymour, John Grove Seymour and James Trodd, the present trustees of the charity.	– – – – –	– – Messrs. Johnson, Son & Weatherall, for the petitioners.	– – 14th February 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for leave to the petitioners or trustees of the charity to let out the lands and hereditaments in Hammersmith for building purposes, and to raise brick earth, or to apply to Parliament for the powers necessary for such purposes. 7th April 1852. Amended petition allowed by the Attorney-general. The hamlet of Hammersmith, in the parish of Fulham, having been converted into a separate parish, certain amounts were rendered necessary, which, however, did not affect the object of the petition.	– – The property of this charity consists of about nine acres of land, eight of which are let on lease for seven years, for the purpose of making bricks, at a surface-rent of 32*l.* per annum, and 2*s.* 6*d.* royalty on every 1,000 bricks. The receipts for the year 1854 amounted to 481*l.* 2*s.* 7*d.*
138. Odiham, Southampton	Richard Gurney's Charity	– – John Cave, James Challen, James Cooper, James Eames, George Hockley, John Harwood Hornsby, Henry King, John Norris, William Seymour, John Grove Seymour and James Trodd, the trustees of the charity.	– – – – –	– – Mr. William Brooks, of Odiham, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Johnson, Weatherall & Son, 7, King's Bench-walk, Temple.	– – 17th March 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to purchase 467*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*, Three per Cent. Annuities or Reduced Annuities, and to employ the same to redeem the charity lands from land tax, and to pay to Messrs. Lamb, Brooks & Challis, such sum as they may advance for that purpose, at 4*l.* per cent. either out of the consideration money to be received on the grant of an intended lease of the land for digging brick earth, or out of the first year's royalty or surface-rent to become due thereunder.	*See* preceding case.
139. Oldcastle, Meath, Ireland.	The Endowed Schools -	– – The Right hon. Sir John Young, Chief Secretary for Ireland, and James Lennox William Naper, of Loughcrew, near Oldcastle, Esq.	– – – – –	– – Messrs. Norris & Sons, of 2, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	– – 1st August 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying that the alterations in the scheme for the management of the school proposed by the head Inspector of Schools in Ireland, after an examination held by him, should be carried into effect, or such of them as it might seem expedient to adopt; and, if necessary, that such other alterations might be made in the scheme as the Court should think fit to sanction and direct.	– – The property of this charity consists of the site of the school buildings, and 26,492*l.* 14*s.* 5*d.* Consols., the dividends whereon form the income of the charity.

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PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
140. Oxford - - -	- - Edmund Meyrick's Exhibitions at Jesus College; Bala Free School.	- - The Principal, Fellows, and Scholars of Jesus College, Oxford, the Rev. Henry Foulkes, D.D., the Rev. Thomas Briscoe, B.D., and the Rev. William Dyke, B.D., the principal and two senior fellows of the College.	- - - - - -	- - Messrs. Richards & Clarke, 9, Chapel-street, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	- - 29th May 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the payment to the petitioners of a sum of 385*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.*, which had been expended upon certain additional works during the rebuilding of the school at Bala, out of 395*l.* 4*s.* 11*d.* cash in court, to be by them applied in payment of such additional works, and for the sale of so much stock as, with the residue of the cash, would pay the expenses of the petition, and that after the payment of two annual sums of 150*l.* and 160*l.* directed to be paid to the petitioners, all future accumulations of interest might be invested to the credit of the cause, Attorney-general *v.* Hoare, in the matter of which the petition was entitled.	- - The property of this charity consists of a freehold estate of two houses, in Carmarthen, numerous farm buildings, and 852 acres of land, and of a copyhold estate of 37¾ acres, producing communibus annuities, 750*l.*; also of 16,578*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* Reduced Annuities, and 11,276*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.* Consols., the annual dividends whereon amount to 779*l.* 19*s.* 1*d.*, making a gross annual income of 1,529*l.* 19*s.* 1*d.* There is also a school-house and an acre of land at Bala.
141. Oxford - - -	- - Meyrick's Charity, Jesus College; Bala Free School.	- - The Principal, Fellows, and Scholars of Jesus College, Oxford, and the Rev. Thomas Briscoe, B.D., and the Rev. William Dyke, B.D., the two senior resident fellows of the College.	- - - - - -	- - Messrs. Richards & Clarke, of 9, Chapel-street, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	- - 22d February 1855. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for authority to the petitioners to enter into a contract for erecting a parsonage-house on the glebe land belonging to the rectory of Llandow, in the county of Glamorgan, the advowson of which was, in 1736, purchased by the petitioners, as trustees of Meyrick's Charity.	*See* preceding case.
142. Peckham, Surrey -	Hanover Chapel - -	- - George William Cockerell, of St. John's-hill, Battersea, Surrey, Esq., Thomas Dare, of Southgrove, Peckham, Surrey, and of Mill-lane, Tooley-street, wharfinger, George Marshall, of Brooke-place, Tottenham, Middlesex, Esq., Robert Serrell Young, of Rosemary-lane, Peckham, Surrey, Esq., and Charles Walton, of Tulse-hill, Surrey, Esq.	- - - - - -	- - Messrs. Jones & Wright, of St. Swithin's-lane, for the petitioners.	- - 11th December 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to certain of the existing trustees of the chapel to retire, and for the appointment of new trustees in their stead, and for the conveyance of the charity property to them on the same trusts as it was then held.	- - The property of this chapel consists of 424*l.* 18*s.* 7*d.*, Three per Cent. Consols, 300*l.* like stock, 90*l.* 3¼ per Cents., and 333*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Three per Cent. Consols, given by four different donors, the dividends whereon form the incomes of the several gifts.

143. Plymouth, Devon -	William Deane's Trust -	-- William France, Esq., Pollexfen William Pearce, druggist, and Peter Adams, mercer, all of Plymouth; William Tucker, the younger, of Totness, Devonshire, grocer, and George Frean, corn-factor, John Alger, cooper, and William Jacques Holmden, accountant, all of Plymouth.	- - - - -	-- William Henry France, of Plymouth, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner & Co., 1, Bedford-row.	-- 8th May 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to the petitioners and the trustees of the charity to apply the income to such necessitous Baptist chapels, and in such proportions as they might think fit, paying the Baptist chapel at Kingsbridge 5 *l.* per annum at least out of such income, until a congregation should again assemble at How's-lane chapel, and a minister be appointed, when the income was to be again paid to such minister; to appoint new trustees, and obtain liberty to pay (out of the cash standing to the account of the charity) 30 *l.* to the chapel at Kingsbridge by way of arrears of the said 5 *l.* per annum, and to pay the residue and dividends to the trustees.	—
144. Poughill, Devon -	-- Gertrude Pyncombe's Charity.	-- John Fownes Luttrell, Ambrose Goddard Lethbridge, and Thomas George Warrington Carew.	- - - - -	-- Mr. Richard Easton, for the petitioners; agent, Mr. Toller, 6, Gray's Inn-square.	-- 10th March 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the specific directions of the Court as to the application of the funds of the charity in payments to the vicar of Ilfracombe, and in the restoration of the chancel of the parish church of Poughill, and in its maintenance in a proper state of decoration and repair.	-- The property of this charity consists of 3,364 A. 1 R. 28 P., the rack-rents and taxed chief rents whereon amount to 1,284*l.* 4*s.* 3½*d.*, and the leaseholders' rents to 14*l.* 11*s.* 11½*d.*, and of 297*l.* 13*s.* Three per Cent. Annuities, and 285*l.* cash.
145. Reading, Berks -	The Blue Coat School -	-- The Rev. Samuel Weldman Yates, clerk, the Rev. John Cecil Grainger, clerk, the Rev. John Ball, clerk, Henry Simonds, Esq., Musgrave Lamb, gentleman, Henry Hawkes, ironmonger, William Blandy, banker, William May, mealman, Thomas Harris, gentleman, and George Cooper, chemist.	- - - - -	-- Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner & Co., 1, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	-- 2d April 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to purchase certain buildings stated to be admirably calculated for a new school offered for sale to the trustees, and to apply 316*l.* 11*s.*, and 100*l.* 2*s.* 3*d.* for such purpose, to sell the old buildings rendered unfit for the purpose of a school by reason of the surrounding buildings, and which were also too small for the purpose, and to apply the money arising from the sale thereof to such purposes, and to raise the deficiency by mortgage, with liberty to carry into effect the other parts of the proposed arrangement.	-- The property of this charity consists of land, stock and rentcharges, producing an annual income of 752*l.* 4*s.* 7*d.*
146. Reading, Berks -	John Clancy's Charity -	-- The Rev. Jno. Ringrose, of Reading, clerk, Francis Dearlove, a resident Roman-catholic and ratepayer in Reading.	- - - - -	-- Messrs. Bayley, Janson & Cooper, 4, Basinghall-street, for the petitioners.	-- 7th April 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of Dr. Grant (exercising episcopal functions over the Roman-catholics in Reading, and the adjacent parts), as trustee of the trust funds jointly with the petitioner Ringrose, and for the transfer to such trustees of the sums of 500*l.*, and 500*l.* 3¼ per Cent. Annuities, and, if necessary, for directions with respect to the administration of the trust.	-- The stock the property of this charity has been sold, and the produce applied in liquidation of demands upon the charity, in pursuance of a resolution of the committee of the Associated Catholic Charities, passed on the 24th of July 1851.

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES AND RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES AND RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES AND RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property, and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
147. Reading, Berkshire -	-- The Charity of Thomas Deane and James Pocock.	-- The Rev. Samuel Wildman Yates, the Rev. John Cecil Grainger, Richard Billing, Charles Cocks, and Edward Hodges, five of the trustees of these charities.	- - - - -	-- Mr. J. J. Blandy, of Reading, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner & Co., 1, Bedford-row.	-- 25th February 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to adopt an arrangement made by a Mr. William S. Darter to rebuild certain of the charity premises, expending thereon the sum of 400 *l.*, and annul the existing lease for 21 years, taking the same on a new lease for 75 years, at the existing rent of 22 *l.*	-- The property of this charity consists of houses, and 53 *l.* 17 *s.* 3 *d.* Three per Cent. Consols, producing an annual income of 38 *l.* 2 *s.* 4 *d.*
148. Reading, Berks -	John Kendrick's Charity	-- The Rev. John Cecil Grainger, clerk, the Rev. John Ball, clerk, George Cooper, chemist, and William Harris, draper, all of Reading.	- - - - -	-- Mr. J. J. Blandy, of Reading, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner & Co., 1, Bedford-row.	-- 11th August 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to execute certain necessary repairs on part of the charity estate, to cut down and sell the timber on such estate, and to apply the proceeds in payment of the expenses of such repairs.	-- The property of this charity consists of 125 A. 3 R. 5 P., and 406 *l.* 4 *s.* 2 *d.* Consols, producing an annual income of 172 *l.* 13 *s.* 8 *d.*, also of 100 *l.* in the Reading Savings Bank, on which no dividend has been as yet received.
149. Reading, Berks -	-- William Kendrick's Charity.	-- The Rev. Samuel Wildman Yates, the Rev. John Cecil Grainger, the Rev. John Ball, clerks, and John Symons, Esq., all of Reading, Musgrave Lamb, late of Reading, but then of West Drayton, Middlesex, gentleman, and Henry Hawkes, ironmonger, William Blandy, Esq., William May, mealman, Thomas Harris, Esq., Henry Portsmouth, gentleman, and George Cooper, chemist, all of Reading.	- - - - -	-- Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner & Co., 1, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	-- 2d April 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to inquire whether it would be beneficial to the charity to demise certain premises (which were very much dilapidated, and for the repair of which there was no fund) on a building lease for the erection of dwelling-houses or otherwise, and on what terms, or whether any or what part ought to be repaired, and by whom, and out of what funds and in what manner in particular the premises ought to be disposed of.	-- The property of this charity consists of a rent-charge of 20 *l.* per annum, and two messuages and 3-12ths of land formerly called Pages, now Salter's Piddle, producing 19 *l.* 19 *s.* per annum, a portion of which is, however, at present unlet.
150. Reading, Berkshire -	Neale's Charity School -	-- The Rev. Samuel Weldman Yates, vicar of St. Mary, Reading, and Charles Stephens, of Earley Court, Berks, Esq.	- - - - -	-- Mr. J. J. Blandy, of Reading, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner & Co., of No. 1, Bedford-row.	-- 22d July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of new trustees, and for an order to the executors of William Watlington to pay into court certain sums due and bequeathed by Watlington to the school.	-- The property of this charity consists of 476 *l.* 0 *s.* 9 *d.* Bank Three per Cent. Annuities, the annual dividend whereon amounts to 13 *l.* 9 *s.*

	1. Poor's Lands Charity and the Charities of— 2. Alderman Underwood. 3. Dr. William Richardson. 4. The Maison De Dieu Hospital. 5. Thomas Metcalfe, and 6. Alderman John Terry.	pon, Esq., William Farrer, of Bolton-le-Moors, Yorkshire, Esq., William Williamson, varnish manufacturer, and Thomas Judson, gentleman, both of Ripon.		of Ripon, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Williamson, Hill & Williamson, 10, Great James-street, Bedford-row.	allowed by the Attorney-general, prayfor the appointment of certain persons to be trustees of these charities, in the room of certain deceased and retiring trustees, and for all necessary directions for such purposes.	-- The incomes of the several charities are as follows: £. s. d. 1. 156 18 2 2. Included in No. 1. 3. 22 1 11 4. 49 1 4 5. 3 3 10 6. 6 10 8
152. Rochester - -	- - The Hospital of St. Catherine.	- - John Homan, mayor of Rochester, and the Rev. William Conway, vicar of St. Nicholas, patrons, trustees, and visitors of the hospital.	- - - - -	- - Mr. J. Lewis, of Rochester, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Wright & Kingsford, of Essex-street.	- - 26th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to rebuild nine houses, adjoining the almshouses, which had been destroyed by fire, and to employ for that purpose the sum of 1,175 *l.*, received from the insurance office.	- - The property of this charity consists of freehold estates, producing an income of about 500 *l.* per annum, and of 2,193 *l.* 1 *s.* 8 *d.* Three per Cent. Consols, the dividends whereon amount to 65 *l.* 15 *s.*
153. Shadwell, Middlesex	- - Shakspeare's Walk School.	- - John Pouler, of St. George's-place, St. George-in-the-East, Middlesex, timber merchant, Benaiah Gibb, of the Royal Exchange, London, tailor, and Arthur Foulger, of Walthamstow, Essex, colourman.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Maples, Maples & Pearse, 6, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry, for the petitioners.	- - 11th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain persons as trustees of the charity, and to vest in them the property of the charity, and also certain sums of stock, and pay to them the dividends thereon.	- - The property of this charity consists of the following sums of stock; viz. 1,535 *l.* 7 *s.* 2 *d.* late 3¼ per Cent. Annuities, 200 *l.* Consols, 140 *l.* 13 *s.* 5 *d.* Reduced Three per Cent. Annuities, 4 *l.* 10 *s.* Consolidated Long Annuities, the dividends whereon amount to about 60 *l.* per annum; also of 3,950 *l.* 12 *s.* 4 *d.* stock, on which no dividends have yet become due. There is also belonging to the charity 7 *l.* 18 *s.* 7 *d.*, in the hands of the treasurer, and the furniture and school materials, which, however, are of very small value.
154. Sheffield, Yorkshire -	Thomas Deakin's Charity	- - James Montgomery and William Butcher, both of Sheffield, Esqrs., and William Frederick Dixon, of Birley House, Ecclesfield, Yorkshire, Esq.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Bell, Brodrick & Bell, Bow Churchyard, for the petitioners.	- - 23d February 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master, to settle a scheme for the future administration of the charity.	- - The property of this charity consists of 6,400 *l.* New Three per Cent. stock, and 800 *l.* mortgage on freehold property, producing an annual income of 220 *l.* 16 *s.*
155. Sherborne, Dorsetshire.	- - The Free Grammar School of King Edward the 6th.	- - The Governors of the School and John Young Melmoth, gentleman, and John Frederick Falwasser, Esq., both of Sherborne.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Wany, Robins & Burges, of 7, New Inn, for the petitioners.	- - 24th June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to the governors to raise, by mortgage, 6,000 *l.*, for the purpose of paying off 1,250 *l.* (the standing residue of a debt incurred by various repairs and improvements), and of making some further necessary alterations and improvements.	- - The property of this charity consists of land, houses and stock, producing an annual income of 1,175 *l.* 11 *s.* 8 *d.*

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
156. Southwark - -	- - Wesleyan Methodist Chapel.	- - Isaac Hinton Clark, of Great Dover-street, Southwark, gentleman, Richard Day, of Park-road, Old Kent-road, gentleman, Thomas Langley, of Grosvenor Park, Camberwell, gentleman, Samuel Jepps, of Walworth, gentleman, Charles Frederick Jepps, of 10, Virginia-terrace, Great Dover-street, gentleman, Stephen Buckland, of Newington-causeway, wine merchant, William Elliot, of Bermondsey, gentleman, William Peter Griffith, gentleman, William Blyth, of Mermaid-court, Southwark, gentleman, and Samuel Day, of Park-road, gentleman.	- - - - -	- - Mr. J. B. Ingle, of Hibernia-chambers, London-bridge, for the petitioners.	- - 25th February 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of trustees in the room of certain retiring trustees, and to vest the charity property in them.	- - The property of this chapel consists of houses &c., producing an income, taking the average of the last 10 years, of 652*l.* 13*s.* 11*d.*
157. Stalmine, Lancaster -	Robert Carter's School -	- - Cornelius Bourne, Stalmine Hall, Esq., and the Rev. Joseph Rowley, incumbent of the chapelry of Stalmine, M. A.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. W. & H. P. Sharp, 2, Verulam-buildings, Gray's Inn, for the petitioners.	- - 28th February 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of trustees, and an order vesting the charity property in them.	- - The property of this charity consists of 24 A. 1 R. 17 P. of land, producing a rental of from 60 *l.* to 70 *l.* a year.
158. Stockport, Chester -	The Infirmary - -	- - Wilbraham Egerton, of Tatton Park, Chester, Esq., James Heald, of Paris Wood House, Lancaster, Esq., and Samuel Wright Wilkinson, of Stockport, Esq., the president, treasurer and honorary secretary of the infirmary.	- - - - -	- - Mr. George Morton Ferns, of Stockport, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Bower & Son, of 46, Chancery-lane.	- - 23d April 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of trustees, and an order vesting the charity property in them.	- - The property of this institution consists of the infirmary building and an office and cottages, producing about 30 *l.* per annum; and the sum of 3,474 *l.* 15*s.* 5*d.* Three per Cent. Consols. The institution is mainly supported by voluntary subscriptions, amounting on the average to about 700 *l.* per annum.
159. Stradishall - -	- - John Hoult's Charity and the Poor's Land Charity.	- - Henry Revel Homfray, of Stradishall Place, Suffolk, and 18, Margaret-street, Cavendish-square, Esq., and William Hurst, of 46, Wellington-street, Waterloo Town, Middlesex, confectioner.	- - - - -	- - Mr. James George Richards, of 57, Great Portland-street, Middlesex, for the petitioners.	- - 15th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain persons therein mentioned, as trustees of the charity, and to vest the charity property in them, with liberty to expend not exceeding 220 *l.* in fitting up a new almshouse on the original site, for the accommodation of four almspeople	—

160. Thoresby, North, Lincoln.	-- Robert Mapletoft's Charity.	-- The Right Hon. Charles Anderson Worsley, Earl of Yarborough, and the Rev. John Posthumus Parkinson, D.C.L., of East Ravendale, Lincoln.	-- Messrs. Pye Waite & Newbald, Louth, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Young & Vallings, 25, Mildred's-court, London.	-- 13th March 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master to approve of trustees, and to settle a scheme for the due administration of the charity.	-- The property of this charity consists of 41 acres of arable and grazing land, producing an annual income of 74*l.*
161. Tiverton, Devon	-- Mary Peard's Charitable Trust.	-- The Rev. John Pitman, of Broadhampstone, Devon, the Rev. William Rayer, of Tidcombe Rectory, Tiverton, the Rev. John Spurway, of Pitt Rectory, Tiverton, John Francis Worth, of Worth House, Washfield, Esq., and George Welsh Owen, of Lowman Green, Tiverton, the surviving trustees of the charity.	-- Mr. Thomas L. T. Rendell, of Tiverton, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Johnson, Weatherall & Son, 7, King's Bench Walk, Temple.	-- 18th June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty, out of 4,000*l.* Three per Cent. Consols, standing in the names of the petitioners, to apply 3,000*l.* towards the erection of a new church, either on the proposed or such other site as shall be fully set apart and appropriated to that purpose, or an inquiry in what manner and to what extent the surplus funds could be applied to those purposes, and in what manner such surplus ought to be applied.	-- The property of this charity consists of about 50 acres of land, producing 90*l.* per annum, and 1,500*l.* Three per Cents.
162. Toft, Cambridge	-- The Rev. John Preston's Charity.	-- The Rev. James Cartmell, the Master of Christ College, Cambridge, and the Rev. Edward Arnett Powell, rector of the united parishes of Toft and Caldecot.	-- Messrs. Beisley & Read, 1, Lincoln's Inn-Fields, for the petitioners.	-- 22d July 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the vesting in the petitioners of 500*l.* and 67*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.*, 3¼ per cent. Annuities, and 383*l.* 0*s.* 5*d.* cash, and to obtain an order to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to transfer such stock and pay such cash to the trustees, they undertaking to apply the same according to the order of the Court; and the payment or retention by the petitioner, the Rev. E. A. Powell, of the yearly dividends for each year since he became rector of these parishes, out of the residue of such cash, after payment of costs, towards reimbursing the sums advanced by him to the school.	-- The property of this charity consists of 732*l.* 6*s.* 5*d.*, 3¼ per Cents., the dividends whereon amount to 23*l.* 15*s.* per annum.
163. Tottenham	The Free Grammar School	-- Benjamin Godfrey Windus, George Edmund Shuttleworth, Charles Shadbolt, Henry Hickman Barnes, Andrew Johnson, Edward Scales, John M'Rae, Douglas Charles Gardiner, and Thomas Scamber Owden, the trustees of the school.	-- Mr. H. M. Ambury, for the petitioner Edward Scales; Messrs. Peile, Son & Murch, 4, Mansion House-place, for the other of the petitioners.	-- 22d July 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for an order permitting the trustees to increase the salaries of the master and usher at their discretion to a certain extent each.	-- The property of this charity consists of stock and land, &c., producing a gross annual income of 132*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.*
164. Trevethin, Monmouth	-- The Varteg Ironworks Wesleyan Chapel.	-- John Vipond, coal-merchant, William Smith, contractor, Moses Cook, contractor, Isaac Toovey, cordwainer, and Thomas Morris, blacksmith, all of Varteg, in the parish of Trevethin, and leaders of classes of the Wesleyan Methodist Society, and the Rev. George Kevern, the superintendent preacher of the Pont-y-pool circuit, of which the said society forms a part.	-- Mr. Richard Greenway, of Pont-y-pool, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Few & Co., 2, Henrietta-street, Covent-garden.	-- 21st June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain persons named in the petition as trustees in the room of several deceased trustees, and an order absolutely vesting in them the chapel and hereditaments.	-- The property of this chapel consists of the chapel buildings only, the income of which varies from 30*l.* to 35*l.* per annum.

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued*.

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
165. Wakefield, Yorkshire	Lady Bolles' Charity -	- - William Walter, of Alverthorpe, with Thomas Wakefield, worsted-spinner, and Thomas Hudson, also of Wakefield, ironmonger.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner & Co., 1, Bedford-row, for the petitioners.	- - 15th May 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the payment of a sum of 133 *l.* 5*s.* 1*d.* due from the vicar of Wakefield, to the charity, into the joint hands of himself and the other trustees; the appointment of trustees, the vesting of the legal estate in them, and the delivery to them or other safe deposit of all the deeds and documents in the vicar's hands, and the appointment of a receiver in the meantime, in case of any delay in the appointment of trustees.	- - The property of this charity consists of 63 acres of freehold land, producing an annual income of 113 *l.* 8*s.*
166. Wakefield, Yorkshire	Lady Bolles' Charity -	- - The Rev. Samuel Sharpe, vicar, the Rev. Thomas Ramsbotham, curate, William Dawson, surgeon, William Secker, merchant, and Joseph Tolson White, mining engineer, all of Wakefield, the trustees of Lady Bolles' charity.	- - - - -	- - Mr. John M. I'Anson, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Gregory, Faulkner & Co., 1, Bedford-row.	- - 27th December 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for liberty to carry into effect an exchange of the charity property, and to obtain directions for the same.	*See* the last preceding case.
167. Warwick - -	- - Sir Thomas Puckering's Charity.	- - John Smith, of Ladbrook, Warwick, gentleman, and Catherine Cookes, of Warwick, widow.	- - - - -	- - Mr. James Tibbits, of Warwick, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Thomas White & Sons, 11, Bedford-row.	- - 13th July 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of certain persons therein mentioned as trustees of the charity, and an order vesting the charity property in them on the trusts of the deed of 1697, and for an order as to the future appointment of trustees.	- - The property of this charity consists of 3 acres of arable land, let at 4 *l.* 10*s* per annum; three houses, producing a rent of 15 *l.*; 625 *l.* 17 *s.* 9*d.* Three per Cent. Consols, and a balance of 45 *l.* 11 *s.* 3 *d.* unreceived dividends, and 83 *l.* 10*s.* cash, in the hands of the trustees.
168. Westminster - -	- - Thomas Arneway's Charity.	- - George Banks, of Abingdon-street, St. Margaret's, Westminster, William Annandale, of Foley-place, St. Marylebone, Middlesex, George Trollope, of Parliament-street, and John Lettsom Elliot, of Pimlico Lodge, Esquires.	- - - - -	- - Mr. Edward S. Stephenson, of 14, Great Queen-street, St. James's Park, for the petitioners.	- - 25th February 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the directions of the Court, sanctioning the making of the charity loans to certain parishes; to raise the amount to be granted in one loan, and to fix the terms of interest, and time for repayment, according to a certain specific mode in the prayer of the petition mentioned.	- - The property of this charity consists of stock, &c., producing an annual income of 566 *l.* 1 *s.* 4 *d.*

		St. Margaret, Westminster.		gers, 22, Manchester-buildings, Westminster, for the petitioners.	by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to inquire whether it would be fit and proper to lay out part of the fund in court in erecting almshouses for the charity; if so, to inquire if a good title could be made; and to obtain the sanction of the Court to a scheme set out without a a reference, or for a reference to settle same.	charity consists of the almshouses, and 1,543 *l.* 15 *s.* 8 *d.* Bank Three per Cent. Annuities, the dividends whereon amount of 46 *l.* 18 *s.* per annum.
170. Whitechapel - -	- - - - - - -	- - The Rev. William Welden Champneys, M. A.; Thomas Venables, John Oliver, James Spencely, William Francis, Whittaker Leighton, —— Nutter, Henry William Wainwright, John Perkins, George Starkins Wallis, James Scott Smith, William Herns, Daniel Cannon, Thomas Craven, Jeremiah Thomas Ilsley, John Cramp, John Holliday, Thomas Lulham, William Monk and William Oakley, all of Whitechapel; and William Davis, Leytonstone, Essex, the trustees of the estates and funds belonging to such several charities.	- - - - - -	- - Mr. John Smith, 40, Leman-street, Whitechapel, for the petitioners.	- - 8th March 1852. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for a reference to the Master, to approve of a scheme for the application of 3,735 *l.* 18 *s.* 9 *d.* Three per Cent. Consols, having regard to the fact, that portions of such sum have arisen from the incomes of specific charities; to ascertain what portion has so arisen, and the purposes for which the same was directed to be applied, and whether such objects and purposes are now capable of taking effect; and for the settlement of a scheme for the future administration of the charities, having regard to the intentions of the donors of such charities, with liberty to the petitioners to attend before the Master, and carry in a scheme.	- - The several incomes of these charities are as follows: £. s. d. 1. 65 – – 2. 1 – – 3. 2 – – 4. 4 – – 5. 75 – – 6. Included in No. 5. 7. 67 2 9 8. Included in No. 7. 9. 7 – – 10. 95 – – 11. 1 – – 12. 2 – – 13. 2 – – 14. 221 3 – 15. 14 – – 16. 4 – – 17. 49 – 6 18. Included in No. 17. 19. 15 – – 20. 8 – – 21. 3 12 8 22. 12 16 – 23. 3 6 4 24. 4 10 – every 10th year. 25. 5 – – 26. 25 – – The income of this charity is variable in amount.
	The charities of— 1. John Mercer. 2. Stephen Skydmore. 3. Agnes Smith. 4. Richard Gardner. 5. James Smith; and 6. John Coleman. 7. John Price or Prisse. 8. Francis Loveday. 9. Sarah Hill. 10. Thomas Buck. 11. James Millington. 12. William Brown. 13. John Bigg. 14. William Rowland. 15. Thomas Holbrook. 16. Thomas Snow. 17. Peter Ward. 18. Thomas Swallow. 19. Edmund Lupton. 20. Christopher Dean. 21. Ann Steele. 22. Samuel Hawkins. 23. Joseph Cuff. 24. Bernard Hyde. 25. Judith Alston. 26. Sir John Fenner.					
171. Wootton, Oxford -	- - The Rev. Charles Parrott's Charity.	- - The Rev. David Williams, D. C. L.; the Warden of New College, Oxford; and the Rev. William Blackstone Lee, rector of Wootton.	- - - - - -	- - Messrs. Cotton & Benett, 2, Raymond-buildings, Temple, for the petitioners.	- - 23d June 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of the petitioners as trustees of the charity.	- - The property of this charity consists of 2,528 *l.* 13 *s.* 9 *d.* Reduced Three per Cents., 122 *l.* 9 *s.* 4 *d.* like Annuities, and 750 *l.* Three per Cent. Consols, the dividends whereon amount to 103 *l.* 16 *s.* 6 *d.*, and of three cottages, producing 12 *l.* per annum, giving a gross annual income of 115 *l.* 16 *s.* 6 *d.* There are also boys' and girls' schools, together with master and mistress's houses, occupying about an acre of freehold land.

(*continued*)

PETITIONS allowed by the Attorney-General since the Date of the last Return (1851)—*continued.*

PARISH OR PLACE.	NAME OF CHARITY.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the PETITIONERS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the RESPONDENTS.	NAMES and RESIDENCES of the SOLICITORS CONCERNED.	Date and Object of the Proceedings.	Amount, or supposed Amount, of the Property and Annual Income of each Charity respecting which Proceedings have been Instituted.
172. Wyersdale, Lancaster.	- - The Free Grammar School.	- - Henry Garnett and Frederick William Garnett, Esqrs., both of Wyersdale, and the Rev. Joseph Turner, of Lancaster, clerk.	- - - - -	- - Mr. John Herdman Sherson, of Lancaster, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Holme, Loftus & Young, 10, New Inn.	- - 16th May, 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the appointment of the petitioners, and certain others, as trustees, and vest the charity estates in them; to vary certain of the orders of the trustees for the regulation of the school, with power to fill up the vacancies to occur in their body; to carry out the exchange effected by an agreement of 1837, and convey the lands to the petitioner, Frederick William Garnett, and for directions to the trustees as to the application of the income, or for a scheme for the management of the charity and its revenues.	- - The property of this charity consists of houses, &c., producing an annual income of 141 *l.*, and a balance at the banker's of 218 *l.* 11 *s.* 2 *d.*
173. Yarm, Yorkshire -	- - Thomas Conyer's Charity, or the Free Grammar School.	- - Thomas William Waldy, of Egglescliffe, Durham, Esq., and Robert Kay, of Yarm, tanner.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Fawcett & Garbutt, of Yarm, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Bell, Brodrick & Bell, 9, Bow Churchyard.	- - 17th March 1853. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for the approval of a scheme fully set out in the petition, for the future regulation and management of the school, and the appointment of the persons named in such petition as trustees of the school, or for a reference to the Master to approve of a scheme and trustees.	- - The property of this charity consists of rentcharges, &c., producing an annual income of 35 *l.* 0 *s.* 3 *d.*
174. Yeadon, Yorkshire -	- - The Wesleyan Methodist Chapel.	- - James Brown and George Starkey.	- - - - -	- - Messrs. Bunting, Marsland & Bingham, of Bradford, for the petitioners. Agents, Messrs. Bower & Son, of 46, Chancery-lane.	- - 22d March 1854. Petition, allowed by the Attorney-general, praying for power to sell one of the chapels, called the old chapel, in lieu of raising money on mortgage, the proceeds to be applied, first, in repairing and improving a dwelling-house, forming part of the trust estate; secondly, in payment of the costs of the past proceedings, and present application; and, thirdly, in reduction of a debt due on the estate, and for power to grant a lease of the dwelling-house.	- - The property of this chapel consists of the chapel buildings and two dwelling-houses, and the gross annual income of the charity is 29 *l.* 2 *s.* 1 *d.*

Westminster, February 1856.

John P. Fearon.

CHARITIES.

RETURN relative to CHARITIES, in continuation of Parliamentary Paper, No. 94, of Session 1852, containing the like Particulars, brought down from the foot of that Return to the present Time.

(*Mr. Pellatt.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
28 *April* 1856.

[*Price* 1 *s.* 3 *d.*]

177.

Under 20 *oz.*

BEDFORD CHARITY.

RETURN to an Order of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 23 June 1856;—*for*,

A RETURN "of all Sums paid out of or charged upon the Funds of the Bedford Charity, from the Year 1851 to the present Time, on account of Legal Expenses."

——	Messrs. Pearse.	Mr. Rogers.	Attorney-general.	New College and Master of the Grammar School.	Usher of the Grammar School.	Messrs. Gurney, Reporting.	GRAND TOTALS.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
1851: March 7	100 – –	—	—	—	—	—	—
– April 25	100 – –	—	—	—	—	—	—
– May 23	100 – –	—	—	—	—	—	—
– August 9	228 3 5	—	—	—	—	—	—
– October 3	- - -	100 – –	—	—	—	—	—
– Dec. 4	- - -	150 – –	—	—	—	—	—
1852: Feb. 6	- - -	250 – –	—	—	—	—	—
1853: Jan. 12	- - -	- - -	24 8 –	—	—	—	—
1854: Feb. 20	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	3 18 9	—
– June 2	254 1 10	—	—	—	—	—	—
– July 28	38 5 –	—	—	—	—	—	—
1855: Feb. 9	- - -	65 17 7	—	—	—	—	—
– April 30	- - -	- - -	500 – –	—	—	—	—
– May 31	- - -	- - -	411 19 6	—	—	—	—
– Dec. 6	- - -	- - -	- - -	347 4 8	—	—	—
– Dec. 29	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	56 15 10	—	—
– Dec. 31	139 15 5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	960 5 8	565 17 7	936 7 6	347 4 8	56 15 10	3 18 9	2,870 10 –
Miscellaneous -	38 5 –	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	38 5 –
Totals - - £.	922 – 8	565 17 7	936 7 6	347 4 8	56 15 10	3 18 9	2,832 5 –
Not paid - -	176 7 10	- - -	2,126 12 9	19 5 8	15 5 6	- -	2,337 11 9
						Total - - - £.	5,169 16 9

BEDFORD CHARITY.

RETURN of all Sums paid out of or charged upon the Funds of the Bedford Charity, from the Year 1851 to the present Time, on account of Legal Expenses.

(*Mr. Whitbread.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
4 *July* 1856.

373

MMITTEE OF COUNCIL ON EDUCATION.

FINANCIAL AND OTHER TABLES

RELATING TO

EXPENDITURE OF GRANT FOR EDUCATION, AND INSPECTION OF SCHOOLS.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE E. EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1856.

051]

(No. X.)

SALARIES OF TEACHERS.

	...RESSES.					
	CERTIFICA...			UNCERTIFICATED.		
...mber ...ded with ...louse ...ent free.	Average pecuniary Emoluments (including Government Grants and all professional Sources of Income).			...erage pecuniary Num... which A... is tak... Emoluments ...cluding Govern... nt Grants and ...ll professional ...rces of Income).	Number on which Average is taken.	Number provided with House or Rent free.
	£	*s.*	*d.*	£ *s.* *d.*		
28	67	9	5	39 11 0	70	40
47	58	15	4	30 8 0	62	26
66	64	3	0	30 8 0	53	12
52	56	7	2	23 6 6	31	10
56	55	8	5	25 1 4	30	11
105	56	17	6	27 5 9	53	17
66	60	14	10	34 18 9	54	23
36	64	11	3	32 0 5	61	14
65	56	0	8	28 10 9	81	22
20	59	15	8	31 7 2	14	11
28	56	14	10	35 14 3	20	7
30	61	4	11	30 2 7	16	5
12	70	7	3	39 8 4	18	—
16	67	3	9	33 3 9	15	8
17	69	10	3	36 0 3	19	5
10	63	12	1	37 0 8	18	2
3	57	4	9	27 8 0	8	—
11	59	16	4	27 6 11	12	—
84	49	9	9	33 11 8	6	4
42	55	2	5	39 7 6	2	1
50	51	17	4	18 13 1	12	3
6	49	2	7	32 15 0	2	—
850	60	11	5½	81 8 7¼	657	221

EDUCATION.

COPY of MINUTE by the Lords of the Committee on Education, of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, dated 26 January 1856.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 26th day of January 1856;

By the Lords of the Committee on Education, of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council.

Their Lordships, having considered the Minute of 2 April 1853, "for the support [by Capitation Grants] of Schools in the agricultural districts and unincorporated towns (not containing more than 5,000 inhabitants) of England and Wales,"—

Resolved, To extend the application of that Minute, as explained by the Circular to Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools, dated 20 August 1853, and by the second Resolution in the Minute, dated 29 April 1854, to all parts (urban as well as rural) of England and Wales.

EDUCATION.

MINUTE by the Lords of the Committee on Education, of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, dated 26 January 1856.

(Presented to Parliament by Her Majesty's Command.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
2 *April* 1856.

EDUCATION.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 15 February 1856;—*for*,

"RETURNS of the NAMES of the SIX SCHOOLS in *Great Britain* which have received the LARGEST AMOUNT of the PARLIAMENTARY GRANT under heading 'CAPITATION MONEY,' for the Year ending December 1855, specifying the SUMS received by each, and the POPULATION of each Parish:"

"And, of the NAMES of the SIX SCHOOLS which have received the SMALLEST AMOUNT of 'CAPITATION MONEY,' for the same Year, stating the SUMS received by each, and the POPULATION of each Parish."

1.—SIX SCHOOLS which have received the LARGEST AMOUNT of CAPITATION MONEY,* for the Year ending December 1855.

NAME and DENOMINATION of SCHOOL.	Amount.	Population.
	£. s. d.	
Habergham, All Saints, National	44 4 –	2,138
Barnard Castle - ditto	39 16 –	4,608
Bollington - - ditto	39 5 –	4,665
Acton - - - ditto	37 6 –	3,165
Crewe - - - ditto	34 18 –	4,491
Highgate, St. Michael's, ditto	33 9 –	4,502

2.—SIX SCHOOLS which have received the SMALLEST AMOUNT of CAPITATION MONEY,* for the Year ending December 1855.

NAME and DENOMINATION of SCHOOL.	Amount.	Population.
	£. s. d.	
Tarporley, National	– 10 –	2,632
Neswick - ditto	– 15 –	469
Brabourne ditto	– 16 –	816
Smalley - ditto	– 18 –	1,090
Castleford ditto	1 – –	2,581
Chipping, Roman Catholic	1 – –	1,625

* Under Minute of Committee of Council on Education, 2 April 1853.

Privy Council Office,
21 February 1856.

R. W. Lingen.

EDUCATION.

RETURN of the Names of the Six Schools in *Great Britain* which have received the Largest Amount of Capitation Money, and of the Six Schools which have received the Smallest Amount, for the Year ending December 1855.

(*Mr. Alcock.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
22 *February* 1856.

EDUCATION.

MINUTE of the COMMITTEE of COUNCIL on EDUCATION regulating the Admission of QUEEN'S SCHOLARS into NORMAL COLLEGES, and the Annual Examination of the Students in such Colleges; dated 2 June 1856:—And,

MINUTE of the COMMITTEE of COUNCIL on EDUCATION offering GRANTS for the Promotion of SCHOOLS wherein Children of the Criminal and Abandoned Classes may be reformed by Industrial Training; dated 2 June 1856.

MINUTE of the COMMITTEE of COUNCIL on EDUCATION regulating the Admission of QUEEN'S SCHOLARS into NORMAL COLLEGES, and the Annual Examination of the Students in such Colleges; dated 2 June 1856.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 2d day of June 1856.

By the LORDS of the COMMITTEE on EDUCATION of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council.

THEIR Lordships considered,—

1. The extent of accommodation provided in the several training colleges under inspection.
2. The possible number of Queen's scholars (Minutes, 25 July 1850, 20 August 1853, 14 July 1855), pursuant to the existing regulations.
3. The means of inducing a larger number of the pupil-teachers, who annually complete their apprenticeship, to enter the training colleges as Queen's scholars.

There is accommodation in the normal colleges under inspection for lodging 1,927 students.* The number of pupil-teachers who will respectively complete their apprenticeships in each of the next five years is 1,018, 1,322, 1,827, 2,208, 2,149.

Queen's scholarships may be held (by renewal) for two years. The number of such scholarships annually vacant, therefore, if the system were in complete operation, would be fully 1,000.

Their Lordships resolved,—

1. To extend the provisional measure (Minute 20 August 1853), "*whereby pupil-teachers admitted before* 1 *January* 1854, *may continue to receive the rate of payment for the fifth year during the period to elapse between the end of that year and the* 31*st of the following December*,"† so far as to allow the period in question to be passed either in the pupil-teacher's own school, *or at a training college under inspection*, provided that the principal of such college (with the consent of the managers of the pupil-teacher's own school) apply to the Committee of Council for the pupil-teacher's admission, and forward a written authority from the parent or guardian of the pupil-teacher to receive, on his or her account, the payment due on 31 December.†

The Committee of Council will not further interfere with the terms of admission up to 31 December settled between the principal of the college and the friends of the pupil-teacher.

If

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* Exclusively of those students in Scotland (upwards of 300) who lodge out of college.

† In Scotland, 30 June.

If the pupil-teacher fail in the examination for a Queen's scholarship, the Committee of Council undertakes no responsibility beyond making good the payment due on 31 December.*

Their Lordships further resolved,—

2. To make it a rule to extend Queen's scholarships to a second year's residence, in all cases where the authorities of the college apply for such extension.

The examinations for admission, and at the end of the year, will continue to determine the *class* of the scholarship (Minute 14 July 1855) as at present.

Their Lordships further resolved,—

3. To modify the system of examination at the end of the first year's residence, so far as to add to the present classes a *schedule* of students, who are to be required to take up the first year's subjects again (viz., at the end of the second year), but without forfeiture of their scholarships, or of the lowest grant to the college, in respect of the past year's training; provided, however,—

(*a.*) That the grant and the certificate at the end of the second year be at the rate and of the degree corresponding to the papers.

(*b.*) That students quitting the college, with no higher rank than that of the first year's *schedule*, be regarded in all respects as uncertificated, until they shall have completed another year's residence, and passed the proper examination at the end of it.

The principal shall be at liberty, by notice in writing to the Committee of Council before 30 June† in each year, to designate any student who may have appeared in the lowest class at the end of the previous (first) year's residence, as proper to be examined again upon the same terms as the students included in the *schedule;* but such designation on the part of the principal shall not affect the privileges attached to the student's rank in the previous examination.

Their Lordships further resolved,—

4. To open the examinations for Queen's scholarships to all competitors who might be selected and presented by the authorities of the several colleges on their own responsibility, subject to no other condition than that the candidates were more than eighteen years old, and (if pupil-teachers) had not deserted their service.

The admission of Queen's scholars will be regulated as follows:

All the candidates who reach the prescribed standard will be arranged (pursuant to section X. of the Minute dated 20 August 1853) in the order of merit, irrespectively of their having been pupil-teachers or not.

From among the candidates thus declared to be admissible, the authorities of each college will be at liberty to select Queen's scholars in any proportion that does not allot more than 10 per cent. of the total accommodation in each establishment to *Queen's scholars who have not been pupil-teachers.* Before their Lordships allow this rate to be exceeded in any college, they will require to have before them nominal returns of all the candidates selected as Queen's scholars in the different colleges, and their Lordships will judge from these returns what further admissions may be sanctioned from the same class.

5. In addition to the candidates admitted by competition, Queen's scholarships continue to be offered to the following persons:—

(*a.*) Assistant teachers of three years' standing. (Minutes 1854-5, vol. i., p. 11, sect. 7.)

(*b.*) Resident

* In Scotland, 30 June.

† In Scotland, 31 December.

(*b.*) Resident students in normal colleges (not having been pupil-teachers) who are more than 20 years old, and who have succeeded in passing the examination (*including the schedule*) at the end of their first year's residence. (Ibid. p. 32.)

(*c.*) Teachers in charge of schools, and already certificated, but who have not yet resided more than one year in a training college. (Minutes 1855-6, p. 33, and Workhouse School Reports, 1855-6, p. 10.)

(*d.*) Teachers in night schools. (Minutes 1854-5, p. 111.)

6. Their Lordships, considering the increased number of pupil-teachers who will be available as candidates in December 1858,* and thenceforward, reserve to themselves discretion to confine the examination in December 1858* to the class of candidates at present admissible, should their Lordships in the meantime judge it to be advisable to do so, but in any such event notice will be given before December† 1857.

MINUTE of the COMMITTEE of COUNCIL on EDUCATION, offering GRANTS for the Promotion of SCHOOLS wherein Children of the Criminal and Abandoned Classes may be reformed by Industrial Training; dated 2 June 1856.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 2d day of June 1856.

By the LORDS of the COMMITTEE on EDUCATION of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council.

THEIR Lordships resolved to continue the grants at present made in aid of field gardens and workshops *annexed to common elementary day schools*, but as regards "ragged or reformatory schools," to cancel all existing Minutes, and to provide as follows (no school being admissible to aid under this Minute, unless it be *industrial* in its character, and unless the scholars be taken exclusively from *the criminal or abandoned classes*):—

1. To pay half of the rent.

2. To pay one-third of the annual cost of tools and of raw material for labour.

3. To make grants towards the cost of books, maps, and apparatus, upon the same terms as to other schools.

4. In order to encourage the preparation of suitable schoolmasters for employment in such institutions, to grant the sum of 35*l.* to the treasurer of any reformatory school in respect of every person qualified as next undermentioned who shall have been boarded, lodged, and trained as a master in such reformatory school during a period of twelve months, viz.:—

   (*a.*) All teachers of common elementary day schools holding certificates of merit, or registered.

   (*b.*) All teachers of workhouse schools holding certificates of efficiency.

   (*c.*) All students in normal colleges under inspection, who shall have resided therein not less than one year, and shall have successfully passed the examination at the end of the year before Her Majesty's inspectors of schools.

Their Lordships also resolved to reimburse to the said treasurer any sum not exceeding 6*l.*, which it may have been found necessary to advance for the purpose of travelling or personal expenses to such persons in training.

The

* In Scotland, June 1859.

† In Scotland, June 1858.

The conditions of all such grants to be :—

(*a.*) That the reformatory contain at least forty inmates, and be sanctioned or certified by the Secretary of State, under the Acts 17 & 18 Vict., c. 74, and c. 86.

(*b.*) That Her Majesty's inspectors of schools recommend the school, from year to year, as a suitable place in its character and arrangements for receiving masters into training for reformatory schools.

(*c.*) That payment of the grant be made by quarterly instalments; and that the same certificates of good conduct be required from the principal of the institution on behalf of each person in training, as are now required in the case of Queen's scholars.

5. To grant half of the salary agreed to be paid by the managers to every master and to every assistant master, in any ragged or reformatory school, in the following ratio:—

For any number of inmates not exceeding 25, 1 master;

Between 25 and 50, 1 master, 1 assistant.

An additional assistant to be allowable for every 25 additional inmates above 50; and an additional master (instead of an assistant) for the first 25 inmates after every 100; these allowances giving 1 master and 3 assistants as the ordinary staff for every 100 inmates.

Every master, if untrained, must be upwards of 25 years old, and every assistant upwards of 18 years old. Industrial instructors may be counted as assistants.

If the salary agreed by the managers to be paid to an assistant exceed half of that of a master in the same school, the excess will not be reckoned in calculating the sum to be reimbursed by the Committee of Council on Education.

Her Majesty's inspectors of schools must report favourably in each year for which the grant is paid, with especial reference to the following points :—

(*a.*) That the ability and character of the schoolmaster and assistants are satisfactory.

(*b.*) That habits of obedience, cleanliness, and order, are enforced in the school.

6. To grant as capitation, upon every child (according to the number in average attendance during the year preceding the annual inspection), *who is not paid for by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury under the Act* 17 *&* 18 *Vict., c.* 86, the sum of 50*s.* per annum, provided that such child be fed at the school.

EDUCATION.

MINUTE of the COMMITTEE of COUNCIL on EDUCATION regulating the Admission of QUEEN'S SCHOLARS into NORMAL COLLEGES, and the Annual Examination of the Students in such Colleges; dated 2 June 1856:—And, MINUTE of the COMMITTEE of COUNCIL on EDUCATION offering GRANTS for the Promotion of SCHOOLS wherein Children of the Criminal and Abandoned Classes may be Reformed by Industrial Training; dated 2 June 1856.

(Presented to Parliament by Her Majesty's Command.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
6 *June* 1856.

259.

Under 1 *oz.*

EDUCATION (MANCHESTER.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 2 July 1856;—*for*,

"COPY of the CORRESPONDENCE between the COMMITTEE of the MODEL SECULAR SCHOOL of *Manchester* and the COMMITTEE of COUNCIL on EDUCATION."

CORRESPONDENCE between the Promoters of the MODEL SECULAR SCHOOL, *Manchester*, and the COMMITTEE of COUNCIL on EDUCATION.

(MEMORIAL.)

To the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee on Education of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

The MEMORIAL of the Committee of the Manchester Model Secular School,

Respectfully Showeth,

THAT your memorialists are desirous that your Lordships may instruct one of Her Majesty's Inspectors to visit the Manchester Model Secular School, and to report to your Lordships upon the character and condition of the school, with a view to its being admitted to participate in the Government grants for education.

That the said school is situated at the junction of Jackson's Row with Deansgate, Manchester, and is in the midst of a dense population of persons, who are for the most part very poor.

That about 350 boys, with very few exceptions, from 7 to 12 years of age, are receiving useful instruction, free of charge, at the said school, and that almost the whole of these are the children or wards of destitute and very poor persons, who cannot afford to pay for their school instruction.

That a very large proportion of the children attend Sunday schools in connexion with many different religious denominations. That of those children who attend Sunday schools, about a half are attending Sunday schools in connexion with the Church of England; about a third are attending the Sunday schools connected with the Roman Catholic Church; and that the residue attend Sunday schools connected with various denominations of Dissenters.

That in so far as the character of the instruction given in such school is concerned, it is based upon the model of the Irish National Schools; the object of the school being "to afford combined literary and moral and separate religious instruction to children of all persuasions, upon the fundamental principle that no attempt shall be made to interfere with the peculiar religious tenets of any description of Christian (or other) pupils."

That the promoters of the school are sincerely desirous "that the clergy and laity of the different religious denominations should co-operate in conducting" the said school.

That the school was opened for the reception of scholars on the 28th August 1854; that it is maintained by voluntary subscriptions, at an annual cost of

about 500 *l.* ; that the master, Mr. B. Templar, is a certificated teacher, who has had five pupil teachers under his direction and training in the inspected British School at Bridport, and is assisted by four adult paid teachers.

That it is earnestly desired by the promoters of the school that it may be admitted to participate in the advantages of the Pupil Teacher system, under your Lordships' Minutes. That the said school stands peculiarly in need of this instrumentality, from the circumstances that the partial employment of monitors is indispensable, and that the most useful boys, employed in part as monitors, leave the school for other employment almost as soon as their services have become really valuable; whereas it is believed the Government allowance to pupil teachers would be a sufficient inducement to retain the services of such a number as to insure greatly increased efficiency in the school, without detriment to the interests of the pupil teachers themselves.

That your memorialists do not profes s togive special religious instruction, or to cause the reading of the Holy Scriptures in the school; the composition of the attendance, and other influences connected with the school, indeed, would render either of these courses impracticable. Notwithstanding these circumstances, your memorialists feel encouraged to hope for a favourable consideration of this application, knowing, as they do, that the annexed statement of opinion, amongst others, from men of distiuction and experience, affecting, as your memorialists conceive, such applications as the present, have already been brought under your Lordships' consideration. Your memorialists venture most respectfully to ask your Lordships to reconsider these opinions, in connexion with this application (*see* Appendix).

That your memorialists are persuaded that an important and salutary moral and religious influence is exercised through the instruction communicated in the said school; and in confirmation of this opinion, and in evidence as to the value and importance of the school as a popular educational institution, they have much pleasure in referring your Lordships to the accompanying testimonials from—

1. Thomas Bazley, Esq., President of the Chamber of Commerce, Manchester.
2. Mark Philips, Esq., of Manchester and Snitterfield, Warwickshire.
3. The Rev. W. F. Walker, M. A., Incumbent of St. James, Oldham.
4. The Rev. Dr. M'Kerrow, Manchester.
5. The Rev. Dr. Beard, Manchester.
6. A joint certificate from a number of influential gentlemen who have visited the school more recently.

Your memorialists enclose also a copy of the first Report of the school, and, placing this statement and these documents in your Lordships' hands, respectfully entreat an early and favourable consideration to this their memorial.

By order of the Committee.

(signed) *R. W. Smiles*, Secretary.

80, King-street, Manchester,
25 February 1856.

Appendix.

" The State should simply demand complete responsibility for the secular efficiency of the schools and the good character of the teachers."—Report of Mr. Fletcher. Minutes for 1850–51, page 713.

" It is quite consistent with civil freedom that purely secular schools should receive public aid."—*Ibid.*, page 718. Opinion of the Rev. Dr. Chalmers, quoted by Mr. Fletcher.

" In any public measure for helping on the education of the people, Government should abstain from introducing the elements of religion at all into their part of the scheme; and this not because they held the matter to be insignificant (the contrary might be strongly expressed in the preamble of their Act), but on the

the ground that in the present divided state of the Christian world, they would take no cognizance of, just because they would attempt no control over, the religion of applicants for aid, leaving this matter entirely to the parties who had to do with the erection and management of the schools which they have been called upon to assist."—*Ibid.*, p. 719.

"I have already, on various occasions, been invited to inspect educational institutions far more complete than any upon my present list of schools, which have arisen from the efforts of the people (aided and abetted by their employers) to elevate themselves in the scale of intelligence. These efforts, as it appears to me, might properly be fostered and encouraged by the impartial voice of the Legislature. They are assuredly the commencement of an educational movement, which is destined to play no inconsiderable part in the future enlightenment of the country, and which, if rightly directed, may be fraught with incalculable benefits to the community at large. I venture to hope that the last, and in effect merely nominal restriction, which prevents such schools as these from participating in the benefits of your Lordships' Minutes, may be ere long removed, and that the same aid may be extended alike to all who are sincerely and practically interested in the growth of popular education."—Report of Mr. Morell. Minutes for 1850-51, p. 775.

"There is yet one subject which I feel constrained to bring before your Lordships' attention, and that is the propriety of extending the benefits of the Parliamentary grant for education to those schools in which only secular instruction is communicated by the teacher, on the same footing as to those which are either classed under some recognised religious denomination, or in regard to which some security is given to the effect that the authorised version of the Scriptures shall be read in them as part of the daily instruction. It is unnecessary for me to point out to your Lordships that secular schools are promoted by persons who would be the last to rank themselves as opponents to revealed religion, or to exclude the teaching of it altogether from education. While the importance of religious teaching is generally recognised, the opinion which has been entertained by Dr. Chalmers and other eminent educationists is now rapidly gaining ground, that the community ought to provide for that kind of intellectual and moral culture in which they are all agreed, and to leave the responsibility of the religious education of the people to those who are professedly devoted to that object.

"To stamp this system of popular instruction as irreligious is manifestly unjust; to many it appears evident that a thorough intellectual training is that which must conduce the most uniformly to good results on the character, as well as the understanding, and that the religious education of the young is best left in the hands of those who feel most deeply its importance, and are ever ready by various arrangements to supply it.

"I have felt the more incumbent upon me to make this representation, inasmuch as in those parts of the country through which it is my duty to travel, there is already a vast amount of time, labour and money voluntarily spent upon the diffusion of useful secular knowledge in mechanics' institutes, and other secular institutions with which elementary schools are frequently connected.

"Considering the progress of your Lordships' administration, as exhibited by the Minute dated 10th July 1847, there seems to be no evident reason why the efforts of those who promote secular schools for the benefit of the community, should not be acknowledged and aided, as well as the efforts of those to whom grants are already awarded."—Report of Mr. Morell. Minutes for 1851-52, pp. 920, 921.

SCHEDULE of Enclosures with Memorial.

1. Letter from Thomas Bazley, Esq., to R. W. Smiles.
2. Letter from Mark Philips, Esq., to R. W. Smiles.
3. Testimonial or certificate by Rev. W. F. Walker.
4. Testimonial or certificate by Rev. Dr. M'Kerrow.
5. Testimonial or certificate by Rev. Dr. Beard.
6. Testimonial or certificate by Thomas Bazley, H. J. Leppoc, and others.
7. Copy of the First Report of the Model Secular School.

Enclosures referred to in foregoing Memorial.

Enclosure, No. 1.

Enclosure, No. 1.

Dear Sir, Hayesleigh, Manchester, 19 July 1855.

I have learnt with great satisfaction that our Model Secular School Committee contemplate an application to the Committee of the Council of Education for a grant in aid of that most useful and excellent establishment, the Secular Schools of this city.

Having visited these schools, I am happy in reporting them to be in a state of great usefulness and efficiency.

There are 340 boys upon the books of the schools, and their attendance is satisfactory, as also is their diligence; and I learn that there are 60 applications for admittance, but the present extent of premises and limited funds will not permit more scholars to be received. Many of the boys, it is true, are very meanly clad, but their cleanliness is most encouraging to their well-wishers.

The education imparted to the boys is excellent, and practically adapted to benefit them. None but books of the purest morals are used in the schools.

It is gratifying to find that generally the parents of the scholars provide for their religious training, and 75 per cent. of them are registered as obtaining religious teaching on Sundays.

As the secular schools are placed in the midst of a dense and untutored population, the advantages which will accrue from them will doubtless be very considerable; for it is evident that already many youths have been snatched from vagabondism, and are becoming intelligent, and conscious of their individual responsibilities and duties as future members of society.

Of the soundness of a national system of secular education there can be no question. The State has a deep interest in well-informed and well-trained subjects, and as all classes pay taxes, without favour, so ought, in my humble opinion, all classes to be permitted, without hinderance, to share in funds gathered from a common source, which are devoted to the instruction of the ignorant. Our Committee's intended application for a grant in aid will, I hope, be successful.

I remain, &c.

R. W. Smiles, Esq. (signed) *Thos. Bazley.*
&c. &c. &c.

Enclosure, No. 2.

Enclosure, No. 2.

Dear Sir, The Park, 29 July 1855.

I only returned to this place on my way home last night, having been down to Carlisle to the meeting of the Royal Agricultural Society, otherwise you should have heard from me sooner, returning the enclosed papers.

As you are anxious that I should express my opinion respecting the secular school in Jackson's Row, Manchester, I can with the utmost candour say, that having visited it twice within a short interval during the present summer, I have been very much pleased with what I have both seen and heard there.

I have on both occasions visited the class under examination upon the subject of lectures which had been previously delivered to it by the master, and I never witnessed greater attention on the part of a large class of boys, nor a more regular and general comprehension of the matter to which their minds were led by the master.

And here let me, in common justice to the master, say, that his perseverance, clearness of description, and perfect authority over his class, exhibited a degree of talent to which I attach a very high value, and which will not suffer by a comparison with any of the numerous schools which I am in the habit of visiting, and schools, too, of no mean reputation in themselves.

Whilst the various religious sects are quarrelling about creeds, and allowing another generation to live and pass into the grave uneducated, I consider it an especial blessing to the children of the poor of Manchester to have such an education provided for them at their own doors, in the district where this school is located; and I subscribe towards its maintenance with hearty approval, strengthened and confirmed by the efficiency of the discipline and management which I have recently witnessed.

I shall certainly recommend the masters of several national and other schools to which I subscribe to visit this school, and I hope, on future visits to Manchester, myself to be able to give more particular attention to the details of the system pursued, with the view of introducing elsewhere these arrangements, which strike me as peculiarly excellent in this school.

I remain, &c.

R. W. Smiles, Esq. (signed) *Mark Philips.*
&c. &c. &c.

Enclosure,

Enclosure, No. 3.

Enclosure, No. 3.

28 June 1855.

I HAVE visited the Model Secular School in Jackson's Row, Deansgate, Manchester; and it is with feelings of the highest satisfaction that I state the result of my inquiries.

On my entrance, I was particularly struck with the quietness and attention of the pupils, and the discipline which is maintained without the slightest apparent effort on the part of the teachers. This is the more remarkable, as the children are all of that class (the poorest and most neglected) of the population, seldom subjected to control at home, and who had never received an hour's similar training before their admission to the school.

I found about 70 of the most advanced pupils assembled in the class-room for examination on a lesson which they had recently received on the subject of "Strikes." From their answers, the boys seemed to understand correctly the relative positions of employers and employed; the right of every man to demand the highest price for his labour; the wrong done to fellow-workmen by compelling them to unite in a demand respecting which they took a different view; and the injuries which result to both masters and workmen from strikes.

I had a further opportunity of judging of the progress of the scholars by an examination of the book in which were copied, *verbatim*, the answers which they had written down to various questions on morals, physical science, physiology, political economy, &c. Not the amount of knowledge alone, but the style of composition, the grammar and orthography, were creditable alike to the teacher and the pupils.

A constant watchful superintendence of the conduct of the boys, and taking every opportunity of teaching them to do to others as they would have others do to themselves, combined with collective lessons on practical morality, tend to make those who have the privilege of attending this school, not only wiser, but better than they would otherwise have been.

In the branches of learning more commonly taught, the best and most approved methods are employed, and the scholars, in the various classes for reading and spelling, under the care of monitors, and for writing and arithmetic under the assistant teachers, seemed diligent and attentive. The cleanliness of their persons was more noticeable from being contrasted with the poverty of their garments.

Such a school I consider of the very highest importance to the families whose children have been admitted, and to the neighbourhood generally; and if from any cause the school were to be discontinued, not merely would 350 boys be deprived of the means of superior mental and moral instruction, but nearly an equal number of families be left to sink down again to the position from which they might be expected to emerge through the influence brought to bear on them by children so trained and taught.

It was to be expected that with advantages such as this school affords, the most intelligent and apt scholars would be removed by their friends, as soon as, by the instruction received, they had become qualified for situations more remunerative than any they could have previously hoped to obtain; but, as a consequence, the master is deprived of his most efficient monitors when they are becoming most useful. The only remedy for this is to obtain, if possible, grants for pupil teachers, by means of which the services of the best monitors might be retained, no less to the advantage of themselves than of the school.

(signed) *W. F. Walker*, M.A.,
Minister of St. James' Church, Oldham.

Enclosure, No. 4.

Enclosure, No. 4.

Manchester, 3 December 1855.

EVERY visit which I have made to the Model Secular Free School has deepened my conviction of the excellence of the principles on which it is based, the efficiency of its teachers and assistants, and the importance of the work which it is carrying on in the locality in which it is situated. It must be pleasing to every benevolent mind to see more than 300 poor children, the great majority of whom, if not left entirely under the influence of ignorance and vice, would in all probability have been most imperfectly educated, receiving not only secular instruction of a very varied and important kind, but also those moral lessons which may be termed the practical part of religion. The progress of the scholars in useful knowledge, order, obedience, regularity, and courtesy to one another, has appeared to me to be very marked; while their interest in the things which they are taught, and the appreciation which their parents evince of the benefits conferred on their children, are strikingly displayed by the unusual largeness of attendance which the school uniformly receives. It has been said that gratuitous education is not valued by the poor, and that if doctrinal religion be not furnished in day schools, it will not be obtained anywhere else. But the former assertion is contradicted by the eagerness with which admission to the Secular School is sought, and the latter, by the fact that its scholars, with but few exceptions, attend some Sunday school also.

It has been very gratifying to me, moreover, to see how satisfactorily the children of persons belonging to almost every variety of religious sects can be educated together; no offence to conscience or prejudice being given, and none taken; while teaching and training of the most valuable nature are shared by all without the least denominational or invidious distinction.

The religious difficulty which has hitherto hindered the introduction of a system of national education has been practically solved by the Model Secular Free School; and happy would it be for the country, if bigotry would open its eyes and see how all sects may unite in educating the children of the needy, and how little reason there is to fear that scriptural truth will be neglected because creeds and forms of worship are not blended with the teaching of common things.

It would not be easy to collect a number of children whose parents might be more deserving of encouragement and less able to pay for the education of their families; and of this I am sure, that, as an experiment of benevolence in helping the struggles of poverty, and in showing how this can be done without sectarian distrust or disagreement, the school has been eminently successful. Deeply interested as I am in this experiment, and having entire faith in the soundness of the principles on which it has been conducted, I hope the friends of education will continue to carry it on as a blessing to the poor, and an example to the country.

(signed) *W. M'Kerrow*, D. D.

Enclosure, No. 5.

Enclosure, No. 5.

Broughton, near Manchester, 6 July 1855.

On Tuesday last I visited the Manchester Secular School, and remained there about an hour and a half, engaged in inspecting and examining the working of the institution. I may state, as a general result, that I was highly gratified; that, on the whole, I consider it the best school of the kind I ever saw; and that the class to which this school belongs is so excellent for the practical purposes of discipline and instruction as to surpass most schools that bear the name of classical and commercial.

My visit was unexpected. As I entered, I was struck with the silence and order that prevailed. On inquiry, I found that the average attendances for the last five weeks were as follows:

Average	313,	out of	333	on the books.
„	309,	„	328	„
„	292,	„	320	„
„	310,	„	335	„
„	316,	„	343	„

Here, then, were some 300 children of the humblest class absorbed in school duties, generally found so distasteful to boys. My curiosity as to the cause of this attention and order, in themselves an excellent moral discipline, was excited, and I carefully watched the proceedings. I soon ascertained that the advantage accrued, not only from judicious arrangements and a steadily observed system, but from the spirit of the head master, who thoroughly understands his work, goes through that work in the love of it, and consequently is gentle, patient, kind, firm, and persevering. Mr. Templar is assisted by four teachers, who seemed equal and attentive to their respective duties. The monitorial method is pursued, but there are no paid monitors. The subjects taught are reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, geography, history, human physiology, morals, principles and uses of government, social economy, physical science, British manufactures, and the qualities and uses of common things. Anxious to know to what extent the secular instruction here given was actually supplemented by religious, I learned that, out of the 340 scholars at that moment on the books, there were attending—

Church of England and Sunday Schools	90
Society of Friends	43
Roman Catholic	30
Swedenborgian	23
Scotch Presbyterian	27
Unitarian	14
Independent	14
Baptist	6
Calvinist	3
	250

leaving only 90 who, from some cause or other, do not attend a Sunday school. When I had observed the general appearance of the boys, and seen how many must have come from homes of poverty, I felt assured that a much larger proportion of the 340 would never have benefited by Sunday-school education but for the influence of the Manchester Secular School. I drew another inference; I concluded that the bulk of those boys must, especially in these hard times, have gone without the safeguards and positive blessings of education, had not those advantages been gratuitously provided in this excellent school. I was confirmed in this conclusion by looking through some letters just received by the master, in answer to inquiries which he is accustomed to send to parents whose children are absent. These replies, too, were so written as to assure one that the school was at work in a very low stratum of social life. One of these answers, from a parent a little above most of the others, may be introduced here. [Answer adverted to was not enclosed with papers forwarded to Committee of Council.]

It affords me special satisfaction to be able to report, from my own knowledge, that the information communicated on social economy and morals is sound in principle, correct in substance, and in manner not only intelligible, but interesting and impressive. The moral instruction is specially valuable, because it bears directly on the impulses of character and the practical duties of life, and because all other sanctions are made to have their origin in God, and their reason in the laws which He himself has made for the well-being of the universe. It would be unjust not to add that the general discipline and influence of the school are highly conducive to the spirit and power of a practical Christianity.

(signed) *John A. Beard*, D.D.

Enclosure, No. 6.

Enclosure, No. 6.

We, the undersigned, having visited the Model Secular School, situated in Jackson's Row, Deansgate, Manchester, having learned, by personal inspection, the character of the instruction and training communicated to the children attending the same, and having ascertained the circumstances generally of the families to which the children belong, have much pleasure in bearing our testimony to the important and valuable character of the institution.

The building used for the school is commodious, and admirably adapted for the purpose to which it is applied.

The part of the city in which it is situated is densely populated, and is inhabited chiefly by persons who are very poor. The children collected in the school are of that class which, by poverty and other causes, is debarred from the inestimable advantages of efficient and systematic day-school instruction and training.

This school supports the opinion which some entertain that the children of large towns possess, naturally, acute mental and moral perceptions. It is a deplorable fact that these susceptibilities are often perverted by adverse circumstances, to the unhappiness and degradation of the children themselves, and to the detriment of society at large.

About 360 boys are receiving instruction in the school, which is conducted by a head master, well qualified for his duties, assisted by four efficient paid teachers, and several monitors.

The parents of the children belong to various religious denominations; but the instruction on training given in the school, so far as our observation enables us to judge, includes only what persons of all religious denominations may conscientiously approve, to the exclusion of everything of a sectarian character, which they might respectively regard as objectionable.

The attendance of the children, as regards punctuality and regularity, appears to be most satisfactory, and their cleanliness, orderly demeanour, and attention while in school, cannot fail to make a favourable impression on visitors.

The course of instruction pursued we consider of great practical importance, embracing, as it does, in addition to the ordinary branches of day-school education, the exhibition of the uses and properties of matter, of the organic laws and fundamental principles which create, preserve, and affect health and wealth, and which vitally influence individual and social well-being. Such instruction, in conjunction with the habitual moral training to which the children are subjected, cannot fail, we believe, to prove of great value to them in after life for their guidance in the discharge of their individual and relative duties. Such instruction must also be a great benefit to the general community, inasmuch as careers of stolid incapability or vice may be averted, and inasmuch as every well-instructed and well-trained human being may be expected to act as a centre from which beneficial influence will radiate.

The methods of instruction pursued, and the discipline observed, in the school, excite our admiration.

The best evidence of the excellency of the methods is given in the degree and character of the knowledge which is being rapidly and thoroughly assimilated by the children. The orderly and attentive conduct of the children conclusively proves that a good system of discipline is practised, and that the children, though not of the most hopeful class, are docile and amenable to discipline.

We unhesitatingly and earnestly commend this school to the favourable regard and support of all friends to the improvement of the condition of the poor, and of education generally, on the one hand as affording the means of meeting the urgent claims of a neglected class of children, and on the other as furnishing a practical solution of the great problem of national education on a wide and comprehensive basis.

(signed)

Robt. N. Philips.
Ivie Mackie.
George Robinson.
Robt. M. Shipman.
W. M'Kerrow, D.D.
J. R. Beard.
Mark Philips.
Thos. Bazley.
H. J. Leppoc.
Thomas Coulborn.
Joseph Ashworth.
Richard Aspden.
R. W. Smiles.

Enclosure, No. 7.

Enclosure, No. 7.

FIRST REPORT of the Committee of the MANCHESTER MODEL SECULAR SCHOOL, March 1855.

"We may understand secular education to comprehend that knowledge of the works of God and the works of man which we possess apart from revelation: and I should like to know which of these it is, the understanding of which, the contemplation of which, exercises a depraving effect on the human mind? Is it the heavens which "declare the glory of God"—or "the earth which is full of his riches"? Is it our own bodies, which are "fearfully and wonderfully made" by Him? Is it history, that solemn voice, sounding throughout all ages and climes, which is now, and has ever been, to mankind the living witness that God not only exists, but reigns;—that He is a Ruler, whose righteous laws cannot be violated without entailing tremendous penalties, whoever the transgressor may be. Which of these departments of secular education is it that is so perilous? * * * I hold that secular education is *good*, so far as it goes; that it is *profitable*, so far as it goes; and that the possession of it is incomparably better and safer for all parties than the want of it."—*Rev. Robert Lee, D.D., Edinburgh, one of Her Majesty's Chaplains in Ordinary.*

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Mr. Thos. Ashton.	Mr. R. N. Philips.
Mr. Joseph Ashworth.	Mr. Thomas Satterthwaite.
Mr. Councillor Aspden.	Mr. R. M. Shipman.
Mr. Thomas Bazley.	Mr. Benjamin Syddall.
Rev. J. R. Beard, D.D.	Mr. Francis Taylor.
Mr. Thos. Johnson.	Rev. F. Tucker.
Mr. John King, Jun.	Rev. W. F. Walker.
Mr. H. J. Leppoc.	Dr. John Watts.
Rev. Wm. McKerrow, D.D.	Mr. Arch. Winterbottom.

Mr. John Ashton Nicholls, *Treasurer.*

R. W. Smiles, *Secretary.*

REPORT, &c.

IN presenting their First Report, the Committee briefly recall the circumstances under which the school originated.

Origin of the School.—Educational Wants.—The Remedy.

The opinion that our means of public instruction are, in distribution, quantity, and quality, inadequate to the exigencies of the population; and that ignorance, and the grievous individual, social, and national ills, which inevitably follow in its train, are hence entailed on the community; has stimulated the friends of popular education to seek a remedy for the serious evil indicated. Various and dissimilar schemes, as is well known, have been devised and recommended. One party has contended that education may safely be left to the operation of "the law of supply and demand;" but their philanthropy, stimulated by the unsatisfactory educational condition of the people, has constrained even those who make this profession to do violence to their own avowed principles; and "voluntary liberality" has been appealed to, at once to augment the "supply," and increase the "demand" for instruction. The prevailing opinion, however, amongst those who have interested themselves in the question of popular instruction, has been, that the well-being of the community demands that the matter of public instruction be not left under the unaided operation of this law, and that reliable means can only be provided by society at large, for the instruction of all who need it; or even for the destitute—sometimes called "the perishing and dangerous classes." Educationists of this latter class are concurrent in the opinion that the duty of providing sufficient means for the education of the people does not devolve, even although within their capability, on any particular section or sections of the community, political or religious, but on society at large; inasmuch as ignorance is a social evil, affecting the persons and property, the material prosperity, and the moral well-being of the whole body of the people. It is accordingly contended that on means and substance, *pro ratâ*, devolves the duty of providing such funds as may be necessary to provide efficient instruction for as large a proportion of the juvenile population as can be embraced. One of the educational parties contends, that the religious denominations have hitherto been the chief promoters of education, that the present educational appliances of the country are, for the greater part, in their hands, and that it would be alike unjust and mischievous to separate them. It is urged that the inculcation, in day schools, of the peculiar religious doctrines of the respective denominations, is essential to a complete and truly valuable education. On the other hand, it is contended that the religious denominations should forego the inculcation of their peculiar religious doctrines (except within reasonable limits), as a part of the ordinary instruction in the schools, if these schools are to be supported by public money, contributed by persons of all religious persuasions, and hence giving a right of admission

Supply and demand in education.

Duty of society to secure educational supply.

The religious denominations and education.

admission to all. The multiform religious diversities which prevail, and the tenacity with which religious peculiarities are held, preclude the hope that denominational schools can be made generally available as district schools, if all the children attending them are to be compelled to accept, as a part of the ordinary course of instruction, the inculcation of religious doctrine. The circumstances of the people dictate the propriety of separate religious instruction, but offer no obstacle to a system of combined intellectual culture and moral training for the children of all religious denominations. It is submitted that under such a system the schoolmaster may have ample scope for the employment of his energies, and that the children so taught may experience influences which shall prove of the highest value, from their action in after life, upon their physical, intellectual, moral, and religious condition.*

Special religious teaching in the common school.

It is quite true that many schools have been originated by the religious bodies, but this circumstance may be accounted for without necessitating the inference that these are the best educational organisations available, or the only competent administrators of educational affairs. The promotion of education requires combined action, and the religious bodies have in many cases offered the readiest, often indeed the only, organisations available for educational purposes, and they have accordingly been taken advantage of. In so far as the schools of religious denominations have been self-supporting, or supported by the respective bodies who have established them, it has been perfectly natural and proper that religious instruction of such a character as their promoters thought right and desirable, should be given in such schools. But the case is entirely altered, and the basis of the relation between teacher and taught totally different, when such schools are supported by public money, assessed, not upon the denomination or congregation with which the school is identified only, but upon persons of all religious denominations; the *quid pro quo* for the public support should be a course of instruction which persons of all religious denominations can accept. The children of Protestant and Roman-catholic, of Trinitarian and Unitarian taxpayers, should not be compelled to travel, crossing each other's paths, to distant parts of a town, while schools supported by public money, which ought to be available for useful common instruction, may exist at their respective doors, but from which they are debarred by the inculcation of repudiated religious tenets, as a part of the daily instruction given to all the children attending such schools. It may also be noted that the maintenance by public moneys of schools in which the peculiar doctrines of the respective religious denominations are taught as a part of the ordinary daily course of instruction, involves an injustice and a source of interminable and bitter strife, inasmuch as many persons would be laid under contribution for the promulgation, through the day school, of various religious doctrines which they hold to be untrue in themselves and most pernicious in their influence. It has been alleged by many persons that a course of instruction with which religious doctrine is not intermixed, is mischievous, and that it would not be accepted by the people. Lord John Russell, amongst others, has alleged that the advocates of a system of free, rate-supported schools, for combined instruction in natural objects and sciences, for intellectual culture and moral training, which shall leave special religious instruction to separate times and agencies, have not given sufficiently numerous and extensive practical illustrations of their views. The promoters of the Manchester Model Secular School cannot admit that sufficient illustrations have not been given of the value, practicability, and acceptability of such a system of instruction as they recommend; they have, nevertheless, established this school as their respectful reply to the challenge.

Probable origin of denominational schools.

Alleged scarcity of non-denominational schools.

It is particularly desired that it may be understood, that the school is not established to demonstrate that special religious instruction is valueless as a part of education; the promoters do not hold, nor avow this opinion. They offer, under the disadvantages inseparable from such an isolated experiment, what they think the best practical solution possible of the difficulty presented by the prevalent religious diversities existing amongst our population. They attempt to demonstrate that a course of practical instruction may thus be imparted, really valuable, in so far as it goes; and decidedly religious in its tendency, inasmuch as it unfolds the laws of God as instituted in the records of creation, and teaches the consequences of obedience and disobedience to those laws; and that such a course of instruction may be communicated in common to the children of persons of all religious persuasions, with advantage to all, and without partiality, prejudice, or cause of offence to any religious denomination. It is unquestioned that very much waits and presses to be done, and may be accomplished by such instrumentality in the removal of the noxious and putrifying miasmata, moral and physical, which springs from untrained ignorance, which corrupts and degrades society, which is the prolific source of suffering, poverty, crime, and disease, and which threatens the entire social fabric with retributive ruin. The promoters of this school attempt to show how all may consistently combine, in the provision and maintenance of agencies well adapted for the performance of this great work. They show how society may, if it will, secure to the hitherto uncared for, the advantages and pleasures,

The Model Secular School not designed to prove special religious instruction a superfluity.

God's laws in creation secular instruction.

Dangers and ills of popular ignorance.

A good work in which all may engage.

* Man is approaching a more complete fulfilment of that great and sacred mission which he has to perform in this world. His reason being created after the image of God, he has to use it to discover the laws by which the Almighty governs his creation; and, by making these laws his standard of action, to conquer Nature to his use—himself a divine instrument. Science discovers these laws of power, motion, and transformation; industry applies them to the raw matter which the earth yields us in abundance, but which becomes valuable only by knowledge; art teaches us the immutable laws of beauty and symmetry, and gives to our productions forms in accordance with them.—*Prince Albert.*

pleasures, the solace and enjoyment, the strength and profit, the happiness and usefulness which the acquisition of well-directed knowledge confers. They show what society may do to place within the reach of all the hidden and enriching sources whence the greatest profit, the highest refinement, the truest pleasure, and the noblest power, are developed. They attempt to show how all may combine to provide an agency efficacious to quicken the dormant energies of the mind, and to guide them in a right direction; whereby, through salutary discipline, the mind may acquire attentive power, may be stimulated to observation, trained to habits of reflection, guided in the mode of acquiring information for itself, and thus be fitly prepared for the reception and correct apprehension of the grand ultimate truths of RELIGION. They show how all may be equipped, and have their natural powers developed and strengthened for the pursuit of "whatsoever things are true;" and they can ask all to combine with them, to enjoin and train in the love, and study, and practice, of "whatsoever things are honest and just, and pure, and lovely, and of good report," and whatsoever else there be that is virtuous and praiseworthy.

The Model Secular School not offered as a remedy for our great educational defects.

Its promoters do not offer this school as an illustration of the manner (means of support considered) in which our educational wants may be supplied. It would be delusive to hope that as many schools as are urgently needed in Manchester will be provided by similar means; it would be vain to appeal for their establishment to voluntary subscriptions. The want is too vast for any such agency.

Manchester.

In the borough of Manchester it has been ascertained that there are above 20,000 children between three and 14 years of age, who are neither at school nor at work; very many of them, doubtless, absent from school through poverty.

Defective school attendance.

School accomodation.

As affording another glimpse of our educational destitution, it may be mentioned that in one district of Manchester (Ancoats) there is at present school accommodation provided for 5,297; but the actual number of children between three and 14 years of age, in the same district, is 12,629, leaving 7,332 children unprovided for. In another district (Hulme) the school accommodation is for 5,437, but the actual number of children in the district of the age above stated, is 12,927—deficiency, 7,490.

This single school can do but little to arrest the stream tide of popular ignorance; nevertheless its promoters hope that it may be regarded as good *per se*; they feel that it cannot fail from its direct action upon the educationally destitute class, and precisely in the ratio of its means to absorb that class, to prove of the highest value to the children taught, to the families with which they are connected, and to society at large.

The school appeals for support to practical educators and philanthropists.

The promoters accordingly do not confine their appeal for support to any section of educational theorists merely, but look with confident hope to practical educators and earnest philanthropists for, first, their inspection of this work; and second, for their aid in its accomplishment, if, after inspection, they are persuaded that it is wise, merciful, and good.

First meeting of promoters, and early proceedings.

The first meeting of the promoters of the school was held on the 21st of October 1853; Mr. E. R. Langworthy presiding. Mr. Cobden, M.P., Messrs. W. B. Watkins, R. N. Philips, H. J. Leppoc, A. Winterbottom, Ivie Mackie, James Simpson, J.P., R. M. Shipman, the Revs. Dr. M'Kerrow, Dr. Beard, F. W. Walker, with Dr. Watts, and other gentlemen interested in the education question, attended and took part in the proceedings. Resolutions were then adopted to establish a model secular school, and to secure the requisite guarantees for the expenses. A provisional committee was appointed, and sufficient subscriptions having been secured to justify the prosecution of the work, steps were taken to engage an efficient master, and to obtain suitable premises. The vital importance of these desiderata was fully appreciated by the committee, and extended inquiry, with much careful attention, were bestowed by them in the work of selection. A Committee of Management was elected by the subscribers on the 5th July 1854.

Selection of a master.

After certain private inquiries in various quarters, the committee, under advice from some of the principal promoters of the school, advertised for a master. They had 30 applications, many of which were from masters of National and British schools. After a searching scrutiny of the testimonials of the applicants, and inspection of the schools of a few of the most promising, in various parts of the country, the choice of the committee (with which they are well satisfied) fell upon Mr. Benjamin Templar, master of a large and prosperous British school in Bridport. Mr. Templar was engaged from Midsummer quarter-day.

Selection of premises.

The premises selected by the committee are situate in Deansgate, at the bottom of Jackson's Row, and are, in situation and accommodation, admirably adapted for the purpose. The principal school-room is a lofty, well-lighted, and ventilated hall, of about 50 feet square, with a gallery extending across one end, having six convenient class-rooms opening into the principal room. The suite is capable of accommodating above 300 scholars. The premises are occupied on Sundays by the Society of Friends, to whom the building belongs; it may be necessary to state, that the day and Sunday schools carried on in the building are totally separate, and completely independent of each other.

School apparatus.

Great care was given by the committee, assisted by the master, in the provision of school furniture, and in the selection of the most modern and approved teaching apparatus, in books, diagrams, models, objects, &c. In order to secure the best aids to the teacher, and helps to the scholar, the committee deputed Mr. Templar to visit the Educational Exposition, held in St. Martin's Hall, London, in August last, and at the same time to visit all the school repositories available, culling from the whole the teaching apparatus he might think most worthy of adoption, and reporting to the committee.

Urgent demands for admission.

A supply of scholars was easily obtained, and it may here be mentioned that the applications for admission have all along been very much in excess of the committee's ability to receive the applicants.

Mode of admission.

The admissions have been confined to boys, and have been made, in all cases, by an application

cation schedule, giving information as to the age of the boy applying for admission, the school or schools he has attended (if any), the length of time he has been at school, how long since he left school, number of children in the family to which applicant belongs, father or guardian's occupation, &c.

Publicity was first given to the intended opening of the school, and applications consequently made for admission, by means of placards posted chiefly in the district in which it is situated. The placards stated the nature of the instruction to be given, and where forms of application could be obtained. The forms were eagerly taken up, and before the school could be opened a much larger number of children had applied for admission than the committee could hope to accommodate for a considerable time after the opening.

Other similar schools evidently needed.

It may be mentioned, that although a majority of the boys attending the school reside comparatively near to it, there is a sufficient number attending from remote parts of the city, and from the townships of Hulme, Chorlton, &c., to indicate that similar schools in other localities would be eagerly taken advantage of.

Limited number of scholars admitted at first.

Many of the first applicants for admission were necessarily put back. The master was comparatively unaided at the commencement, and it was deemed essential to success that he should not have a larger number than he could completely control. His preliminary labours were accordingly directed to the reduction to a satisfactory state of discipline and order, of a limited number of boys, rather than to the work of actual teaching. From amongst the first applicants for admission the master selected about a dozen of the most promising youths, and about the beginning of July he commenced the training of these as monitors.

Monitors.

Difficulty in obtaining necessary assistants.

Great difficulty was experienced in obtaining efficient assistant teachers, and a sufficient number of youths in any degree qualified to act as monitors; and the training of such as could be obtained was a work involving considerable difficulty, and much patient labour on the part of the master. Since their connexion with the school, the assistants and monitors have continued under a careful course of instruction and training, conducted by Mr. Templar out of the ordinary school hours; and it is gratifying to have to state that they are making satisfactory progress in the prosecution of their own education, and at the same time acquiring increased efficiency as teachers.

Opening of school.

The school was opened for the reception of ordinary scholars on the 21st of August, when 130 boys were admitted—a large number of applications being held in abeyance. The number now on the books (March 1855) is 330, which yields an average attendance of as many boys as can be properly accommodated. Subjoined is a statement showing the admissions, withdrawals, average attendance, &c., from the opening of the school to the end of February last inclusive:—

Numbers present from the opening of the school.

Numbers of Scholars admitted on the Books, and in Attendance, from August 1854 to February 1855, inclusive.

	Number of Boys Admitted.	Number of Boys Withdrawn, &c.	Largest Number absent on any Half Day in the Month.	Smallest Number absent on any Half Day in the Month.	Average Number on the Books during the Month.	Average Attendance during the Month.
1854:						
August	130	—	—	—	—	—
September	16	—	20	2	138*	129*
October	8	2	22	5	149	138
November	86	2	39	8	217	200
December	33	3	47	20	254	221
1855:						
January	21	13	64†	31	269	228
February	56	5	48	15	300	270

The complement of scholars is now (March 1855) made up, but the vacancies which must occur from time to time by withdrawals, &c., will be filled up periodically by the Committee. Subscribers or others desiring to nominate boys for admission may obtain forms of application from Mr. Templar, the master, at the school, or from Mr. R. W. Smiles, at 80, King-street, Manchester. Honest poverty in the parents, and probability that the applicants will attend school regularly, and for a sufficient time to render the real advantage from the instruction possible, constitute preferable claims for selection.

Staff of teachers.

The staff of teachers consists of Mr. Templar, four assistant teachers, with 12 regular and a few occasional monitors, selected from among the scholars.

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* Where the decimal is under ·5 in these columns, it is cast off, and where above ·5, it is taken as one.
† On the first morning after the Christmas holidays.

Methods of teaching in the school, and subjects

The monitorial is combined with the simultaneous method of teaching, in the organisation of the school. Reading, spelling, writing, and, in part, arithmetic, are taught on the monitorial system; and Mr. Templar gives collective lessons, in which the scholars are evidently deeply interested, in some of the more important subjects introduced. Among the subjects thus treated, and to which the most thoughtful attention is given, are,—"common things,"—too uncommon topics of exposition, as Lord Ashburton thinks, in the elementary school; the origin, qualities, and uses of natural objects; from its origin in the animal, vegetable, and mineral kingdoms, raw material is traced to its ultimate uses, and the great truth is thus clearly demonstrated that, "the earth is full of His riches," beneficently stored in it for the happiness of man. In the collective manner, lessons are also given concerning organic laws, as operating in material creation; concerning the ascertained natural causes of disease and poverty, of health and wealth; concerning moral obligation and its intimate relation to individual and social happiness or misery.

Teaching without lesson books, or set forms of words.

In communicating these purely elementary collective lessons, text books in the hands of the boys are entirely dispensed with, and throughout the whole course of teaching, indeed, formularies of any kind are employed in the minimum degree. The boys are only required to commit to memory such words, or forms of words, figures and facts, as are indispensable to enable them to acquire the arts of reading, ciphering, and, as far as possible, of judging, inferring, and estimating correctly. Diagrams, models, and real objects are in as great a degree as they can be made available, resorted to for illustration, and as the bases of oral instruction. For this purpose, a variety of samples of "common things" and objects has been obtained, and is taken advantage of, as occasion may require. A first lesson on lineal measure is illustrated by a graduated yard stick, and a real conception thereby imparted. Ocular demonstration is given that "two pints make one quart," by pouring, twice, the contents of a pint measure into a quart pot. A lesson on corn is illustrated by the exhibition of samples of various cereals, flour, meal, pearl barley, bran, &c. A lesson on physiology, respiration, and circulation, given recently, was illustrated by the contents of a sheep's thorax, procured for the purpose, and dissected in the presence of the boys; a more accurate conception, it is certain, was thereby conveyed of the nature and functions of the thoracic organs, than could possibly have been conveyed by words or books, unaided by such tangible palpable illustrations. A recent visitor to the school gives an interesting account of a collective lesson on truth, to which he listened, and from which a short extract is subjoined:—

Moral training. Lesson on lying.

"Master. Can any boy tell me what a lie is?

"A number of boys held up their hands, implying that they were ready to answer.

"Master. Well, you answer?

"1st Boy. A story, sir.

"Master. You answer? Naming another boy.

"2d Boy. It's a falsehood.

"Master. What is a lie, do *you* say? Naming a third boy.

"3d Boy. It's an untruth.

"Master. Well, boys, I believe that all of you know what a lie is, although you cannot explain it exactly, which it is not very easy indeed to do in very few words. I will get you to explain it to me amongst you, however, by-and-bye. The last answer I have is, that a lie is 'an untruth.' Now this is not correct, as you will all see directly. Many untruths are lies, but *all* untruths are not lies. One morning, a boy who attended my school (not in Manchester), was at the door when the other boys came into school in the morning. He went away, and met a second boy on the way to school, and said to him, 'You need not go to school to-day, we have got a holiday; come with me.' The second boy did not go with the other, but returned home. His mother said to him, 'Billy, what are you doing here? why are you not at school?' He answered, 'We have got a holiday.' Now the school was in that day, just as usual. Tell me, then, whether Billy told his mother the truth.

"3d Boy. No.

"Master. Quite right; he did not speak truth, but an 'untruth.' Now say whether he told his mother a lie?

"3d. Boy. No, he did not, *but the other boy did.*

"Master. How so; they each made the *same* statement—the same 'untruth'—that they had 'got a holiday'?

"3d Boy. Th' furst *know'd it warn't true.*

"Master. He knew it was not true, you intended to say. You are quite correct; each boy told an 'untruth,' but the one was a criminal untruth, or a 'lie,' while the other was not."

By patient *eduction* the boys then explained, somewhat to their own surprise, how lies could be perpetrated independently of words, by looks, nods, or shakes of the head, conveying false impressions, by withholding part of the truth, by exaggeration, &c. &c.

Discipline.

It may be mentioned here, the fact having excited a considerable degree of surprise in the minds of some of the visitors to the school, that corporal punishment is scarcely ever resorted

resorted to in it. It is dispensed with as being less powerful for purposes of discipline and control than other means, and as being destructive of the master's moral influence over the boys. It is considered highly objectionable for other reasons which need not be here stated. The class of boys attending are the most unlikely possible, it may be supposed, for government by "moral suasion" and "the power of gentleness," but the master has the best reason to be satisfied with the results of his treatment in this respect. The idea of "punishment" is habitually and studiously subdued, and the boys are taught, when under discipline, to regard it not as punishment, but as a part of the training necessary for their individual correction and welfare.

The following brief report by Mr. Templar will give an idea of the character of the instruction, and, in so far as the short period during which the school has been established, an indication of the results which may be anticipated from it.

Master's Report.

Master's Report. The present course of instruction includes reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, original composition, geography, physical science, drawing, human physiology, political economy, social ethics, and the uses and properties of "common things." In the selection of these subjects, and in apportioning the time for each, respect is ever paid to its relative importance, as determined by its capability of meeting the immediate or prospective wants of the children; while, in teaching them, it is the constant endeavour to strengthen the perceptive and reasoning faculties, to increase their reproductive powers, and to cultivate a love for all that is morally beautiful.

A brief outline of what has been taught in some few subjects, and a statement of results, will perhaps prove interesting.

The instruction in social economy, though not far advanced, has made the boys, in some degree, conversant with the "conditions of industrial success"—with labour, and the circumstances which determine its value. The elementary instruction given in this important subject has, it is believed, supplied them with some correct principles and motives for their guidance in future industrial or commercial life.

A course of introductory lessons on human physiology, and descriptive of the processes of the mastication and digestion of food, the most nutritive kinds of food, &c., has proved an altogether new and thoroughly interesting source of information. After the course had been gone through, each boy was invited to write out as complete an account of what he had been taught as possible; an exercise in which few, if any, of the boys, had ever before been engaged. About 20 papers, very varied in character and merits, were brought, in each of which there was some new feature developed, either in the part of the information remembered, or in the manner of telling it. The following is a *verbatim* copy of one of the most complete of these papers—but not *the* most complete—with the boy's spelling unaltered. Inaccuracies there are it is true, but it was a first attempt.

Human Physiology. 1*st.—Mastication.*

"We masticate with our teeth. We have two kinds of teeth, commonly called 'cutting teeth' and 'grinders,' properly called 'incisors' and 'molars,' derived from the Latin words '*ceda*'—I cut—and '*mola*'—a millstone. We moisten our food with '*saliva*,' which pours into the mouth from four little openings, one at each side of the mouth and two under the tongue, which lead to little fleshy bags, called 'salivary glands.' The tongue is a muscle—it moves about, and helps to keep the food between the teeth. When the food has been properly masticated it is ready to be swallowed. In the process of swallowing it is prevented from going down the wind-pipe by a little lid, called 'epiglotus,' placed at the top of the wind-pipe. The food, then, after having passed over the 'epiglotus' is received by the 'esophagus,' which carries it into the stomach."

2*d.—Digestion.*

"In the stomach the food mingles with the 'gastric juice,' and is then said to be 'digested,' and is called 'chyme.' After passing out of the stomach it mixes with the 'bile,' and is then called 'chyle.' After that it passes into the intestines, and is sucked up by little vessels called 'lactyles,' which join together and form one large one, which carries it into a large vein at the back of the neck, where it mixes with the blood and passes back down to the heart.

"This is all I remember, and I fear I only remember this imperfectly, and that some of it may be incorrected."

Occasionally direct lessons have also been given upon practical morality—which, it is submitted, is practical religion—inculcating a love of truth, honesty, temperance, cleanliness, diligence, punctuality, and order; obedience and love to parents, respect for teachers, and kindness to each other. Nor has such kind of teaching been didactic only, the many daily occurrences of school-life furnish abundant opportunities for enforcing such instruction, either by example or direct personal appeal; and it is most gratifying to state that the combination of this direct and collateral instruction has produced many pleasing results; among the foremost of which is the very obvious improvement that has taken place in the personal appearance of the boys, who have begun to feel the pleasure consequent upon cleanly habits, and by the daily practice of them shown a feeling of self-respect to which, previously, they were strangers. It is hoped, too, that the general arrangements of the school

are constantly inducing a love for order and regularity, which, while it is contributing to the present comfort of the scholars, is doing much to form habits which will help to ensure their future happiness and industrial success.

It is pleasing to know that the parents set great value upon the instruction their children receive, and prove their estimation of it by sending them regularly to school; in consequence of which the average attendance, since the commencement, has been very nearly twelve-thirteenths of the whole; an average which, it is confidently believed, will bear comparison with that of any other public school, and entirely disproves the frequent assertion, that "what costs little is but little valued."

Attendance by the scholars at the various Sunday Schools.

It may not be uninteresting to state that a very large majority of the children attend the Sunday schools of the various religious denominations. The following are the numbers attending the respective Sunday schools, as indicated by 240 schedules, taken indiscriminately:—

Attending	Church of England Sunday schools	83
,,	Society of Friends	30
,,	Roman Catholic	25
,,	Wesleyan	21
,,	Swedenborgian	15
,,	United Presbyterian	12
,,	Independent	7
,,	Unitarian	6
,,	Various others	11
,,	No Sunday school	30
	TOTAL	240

Occupations of the parents of the boys attending the school.

The following is a Statement of the Occupations of the Parents and Guardians of the Children admitted to the School, as shown by 260 Schedules:—

Labourers	25	Porters	24
Boot and Shoemakers	21	Widows, Deserted Wives, and other Females	21
Tailors	15	Makers-up and Packers	11
Joiners	12	Carters	10
Weavers	10	Fustian Cutters	9
Spinners	6	Plasterers	9
Mechanics	5	Painters, &c.	9
Dyers	4	Smiths	4
Policemen and Watchmen	5	Cabmen and Ostlers	6
Plumbers, &c.	4	Bricklayers, &c.	6
Coachmakers	3	Sawyers	2
Overlookers	2	Butchers	2
Bookkeepers	2		

Miscellaneous, chiefly unskilled labourers, as street hawkers, chimney sweepers, boatmen, green-grocers, &c. 33

Poverty of many of the parents.

An idea may be formed of the pecuniary inability of many of the parents and guardians of the boys attending the school to pay for their instruction by the following illustrative cases.

Illustrative cases.

1. A widow with four children—keeps a small green-grocery shop.
2. An operative dyer, with seven children.
3. A street hawker, with four children.
4. A porter, with six children.
5. A block cutter, with five children; the father out of work for 10 months.
6. An oilcloth maker, with five children; has been unable to work at his business for six years.
7. An old woman, who is guardian of her four grandchildren, whose father died of cholera in 1849.

8. A widow

8. A widow, with five children.

9. A smallware weaver, with six children.

10. A seamstress, with five children.

11. A window cleaner, with six children.

12. A labourer, with seven children; three of them at the M. S. School.

13. A charwoman, with five children.

14. An ostler, with six children.

15. A labourer, with seven children; two of them at the M. S. School.

16. A carter, with six children.

17. A policeman, with seven children.

18. A policeman, with four children, motherless.

19. A policeman, with eight children.

20. A spinner out of work, with five children.

21. A deserted wife, with two children; husband a fustian cutter.

22. A seamstress, with five children.

23. A charwoman, with four children; presents a certificate of her industry and worth.

24. A charwoman, who provides for a family of five deserted children, to whom she is aunt.

25. A pensioner, with four children.

26. A boatman, guardian to an orphan child.

27. A bricksetter, with nine children.

28. A waistcoat maker (female), with three children.

29. A carter, with nine children.

30. A widow, with six children, some of whom provide for the others.

31. A widow, with eight children, two of them at the M. S. School.

32. The orphan son of a soldier who died in India, where the boy was born. The boy was sent home, at his father's dying request, to his friends in Manchester, who maintain him.

33. An orphan whose father died in California. Some working men, not related to him, have taken the boy out of the workhouse, and have charged themselves with his maintenance. This they have done out of respect for the deceased, who was a member of a friendly society to which they belong.

It would be very easy to extend greatly the list of such examples, and every case given could readily be verified if required. A considerable proportion of the parents or guardians of the boys admitted to the school, it will have been observed, are widows of females upon whom the children have been cast for their maintenance. The facts brought within the knowledge of the committee show that the circumstances of these widows and females are much straitened, and that, in relation to almost every one of them, privation, toil, and care are their daily portion. It is, at the same time, a melancholy truth that of the poor women who come in such numbers to beseech that their boys may be admitted to the school, the widows are not, in all cases, in the most pitiable state of destitution. In a majority of the applications the boys are brought for admission by their mothers; and, in many instances, although their fathers are alive, they are utterly incompetent, through the enervating, and prostrating, or vitiating influence of poverty which has overborne them, in the past or present, to provide for the education of their children. Many of these men are very irregularly employed, and the earnings of others, even when in constant employment, leave little if any margin for "school wages" after the primary necessaries of food, clothing, &c. have been provided. Under ever-recurring privations and vicissitudes, against which they are defenceless, some have sunk into a state of lethargy—their low estate, from which they have no power to emerge, has become a pit of despair. In others the corrupting as well as the depressing influence of poverty has been experienced; the father has become reckless and indifferent as to the best interests of those who are near and ought to be dear to him, and all of vitality he retains is concentrated in his depraved appetites and ungoverned passions, to which, it may be, his wife and children are the coerced ministrants. Is it well for society that the sons of such fathers should be left to their fate?

Depressing effect of poverty.

The committee are not prepared to say that in every instance the parents of the children attending the school are totally unable to pay all, or anything, for the instruction of their children; but they do state, without the slightest hesitation, that the children whom they have admitted are of the large class of the juvenile population, which is permitted to grow up without any day-school instruction; or of the much larger class who (wretched and delusive alternative!) receive it in the smallest modicum, stinted in quantity, often miserable in quality. Nine-tenths of the cases in our criminal calendars, it may be remarked *en passant*, are drawn from these two classes.

The circumstances of the parents have had the careful attention of the committee, and they can safely assure the subscribers to the school that their means are faithfully applied to the aid of the deserving and necessitous, and to the prosecution, as the committee feel, of a work of true philanthropy; and on this ground they would confidently appeal for the aid

of those interested in such a practical and vitally important work, who have not yet subscribed.

The committee would again respectfully urge the subscribers to visit the school, that they may judge for themselves, as to the character and prospects of the undertaking. They also respectfully extend their invitation to all friends of education; and they venture to hope that no one interested in practical instruction, or concerned for social amelioration, and the elevation of the great body of the people, will leave the school uninterested or disappointed. A "visitors' book" is provided, and the committee respectfully invite visitors to enter therein any suggestions which they may think calculated, if adopted, to increase the efficiency of the school. To any such suggestions the committee undertake to give their best consideration, their earnest desire being to make the school in all respects worthy, in character and results, of the name assumed for it, as a "MODEL SCHOOL."

MODEL SECULAR SCHOOL.

Subscriptions and Donations received to 31 *December* 1854.

	£.	s.	d.
Adams, Samuel, Esq.	1	–	–
Affleck & McKerrow, Messrs.	1	–	–
Ainsworth, G. M., Esq.	1	1	–
Armitage, Sir Elkanah	10	–	–
Ashton, Thomas, Esq.	10	–	–
Ashworth, Joseph, Esq.	1	1	–
Ashworth, Thomas, Esq.	1	–	–
Barrett, Joseph, Esq.	1	–	–
Bazley, Thomas, Esq.	10	–	–
Beard, J. & J., Messrs.	5	–	–
Briggs, Thomas, Esq.	1	1	–
Brown, William, Esq., M.P.	25	–	–
Carver, John, Esq.	1	1	–
Cobden, Richard, Esq., M.P.	10	–	–
Cooke, Thomas, Esq.	5	–	–
Copeland & Hibbert, Messrs.	1	–	–
D'Hauregard & Co., Messrs.	1	–	–
Fildes, John, Esq.	1	1	–
Findlater & Mackie, Messrs.	10	–	–
Forshaw, Thomas, Esq.	1	1	–
Gill & Son, T., Messrs.	1	–	–
Golland, Walker, Esq.	1	1	–
Greenhalgh, Moses, Esq.	1	–	–
Grundy, J. & E., Messrs.	5	–	–
Hargreaves, William, Esq.	10	9	–
Heald, Nicholas, Esq.	10	–	–
Hesketh, Henry, Esq.	1	–	–
Ireland & Co., A., Messrs.	1	1	–
Jackson, Theophilus, Esq.	1	–	–
Johnson, Richard, Esq.	1	1	–
Johnson, Thomas, Esq.	2	2	–
Johnson, Thomas, Esq.	1	1	–
King, John, Esq., jun.	1	–	–
Langworthy, E. R., Esq.	10	–	–
Leppoc, H. J., Esq.	10	–	–
Mendel, S., Esq.	1	1	–
Meyer, S. A., Esq.	1	–	–
Mitchell, A., Esq.	1	1	–
McKerrow, William, D.D.	1	1	–
Modera, Frederick, Esq.	1	1	–
Peiser, John, Esq.	1	1	–
Philips, Mark, Esq.	10	–	–
Philips, Robert N., Esq.	10	–	–
Phythian, Joseph, Esq.	1	–	–
Potter, Edmund, Esq. (donation)	10	–	–
Potter, Sir John	10	–	–
Powell, W. F., Esq., (donation)	1	1	–
Railton, Thomas, Esq.	1	1	–
Scarr, Petty, & Coulbourn, Messrs.	1	1	–
Schunck, M., Esq.	10	–	–
Sellars, John, Esq.	1	1	–
Shipman, R. M., Esq.	2	2	–
Simms, Charles, & Co., Messrs.	–	10	6
Simpson, James, Esq., J.P.	10	–	–
Steiner, F., Esq.	10	–	–
Steinthall & Co., Messrs.	1	1	–
Stell, W. S., Esq.	10	–	–
Syddall, Benjamin, Esq.	2	2	–
Taylor, Garnett, & Co., Messrs. (three years)	5	–	–
Taylor, Francis, Esq.	1	1	–
Tobler, Amschel, & Co., Messrs. (donation)	1	–	–
Walker, Rev. W. F.	1	1	–
Watkins, W. B., Esq.	10	–	–
Whitworth, Joseph, Esq.	10	–	–
Wilkinson, W. A., Esq., M.P.	10	–	–
Williams, John, Esq.	2	–	–
Winterbottom, A., Esq.	10	–	–
Wood, Wm. Rayner, Esq.	10	10	–
Woodcock, William, Esq.	10	–	–
Wrigley, Thomas, Esq.	5	–	–
In smaller sums	10	5	6
	£. 336	13	–

Additional Subscriptions and Donations received from 31 *December* 1854 *to* 31 *March* 1855.

	£.	s.	d.
Bradford, Wm., Esq.	1	–	–
Bennett, James, Esq.	–	10	–
Diggles, Thomas, Esq.	–	10	–
Flockton, Joseph, Esq.	–	10	–
Fowden, Wm., Esq.	1	–	–
Goodall, Edward, Esq.	1	–	–
Jones, Wm., Esq.	–	10	6
Lowe, F. C., Esq.	1	1	–
McCall, Wm., Esq.	–	10	6
Nelson, J. E., Esq.	1	–	–
Ogden, Samuel, Esq.	1	–	–
Pennington, Fred., Esq.	2	2	–
Rawlins, J. H., Esq., Wrexham	2	2	–
Reiss, James, Esq.	5	–	–
Reiss, Leopold, Esq.	5	–	–
Syddall, James, Esq.	1	–	–
Swanwick, Thomas, Esq.	1	1	–
Smith, Warwick, Esq.	1	–	–
Taylor, Richard, Esq.	–	10	6
Subscriptions under 10*s.*	1	–	–
	£. 27	7	6

MODEL SECULAR SCHOOL.

ABSTRACT from the Treasurer's Account from receipt of the First Subscription to 31 December 1854.

Dr. *Cr.*

1854:	£.	s.	d.	1854:	£.	s.	d.
30 Dec. To Subscriptions received	336	13	–	30 Dec. By Printing and stationery	4	10	9
„ Interest on banking account - - -	–	19	3	„ Rent of school premises	30	–	–
				„ Travelling expenses of deputations, teachers, &c.* - - -	28	11	9
				„ Schoolbooks, diagrams, slates, globes, teaching apparatus, &c.*	52	4	10
				„ School furniture* -	41	2	10
				„ Salaries of master and assistants - -	117	6	8
				„ School cleaning - -	6	7	–
				„ Advertising - -	–	14	6
				„ Expenses of meetings and petty disbursements - - -	1	14	7
				„ Balance - - -	54	19	4
£.	337	12	3	£.	337	12	3

Audited, 22 January 1855.

Samuel Ogden.
William McCall.

* These items are almost entirely incidental to the establishment of the school, and will not recur, except to a very trifling extent.

REPLY to the foregoing Memorial.

MANCHESTER MODEL SECULAR SCHOOL.

Committee of Council on Education,
Sir, Privy Council Office, London, 17 June 1856.

I AM directed by the Committee of Council on Education to inform you that the memorial from the Committee of the Manchester Model Secular School which was transmitted to their Lordships in February last has been considered.

Your Committee was, of course, aware of the reply which had been made by My Lords in 1853 to a similar memorial from the promoters of Williams's Secular School in Edinburgh. That memorial and the reply are both printed in the Minutes of the Committee of Council for 1853–54, pp. 43–45.

I am to enclose a copy of that reply. †

My

Committee of Council on Education,
† Sir, Council Office, Whitehall, 1 August 1853.

IN reply to your letter, dated 26 July, I am directed to inform you, that the memorial to which it refers has been laid before the Committee of Council on Education.

Their Lordships, in distributing the Parliamentary grant, have always required that religious as well as secular instruction shall be given in the schools receiving aid from that fund.

The Minutes embodying this decision have been from time to time laid before Parliament, and grants of money have been subsequently voted by the House of Commons.

Their Lordships are of opinion that the principle so sanctioned is in accordance with the will of the country, as it certainly is with the views of the great majority of the promoters of education, and of those who desire to co-operate with the Government in encouraging schools for the children of the labouring classes.

Under these circumstances, their Lordships, while they are ready to admit the merits of several schools such as those represented by the memorialists, have no intention of rescinding a rule which prevents their granting assistance to schools in which secular education is given exclusively.

I have, &c.
James Simpson, Esq., (signed) *R. R. W. Lingen.*
33, Northumberland-street, Edinburgh.

My Lords have hitherto felt it right to maintain the same principle, which they believe to be in accordance with the opinion of the majority of the promoters of education throughout the country, as well as with the intention with which grants for education have been made by Parliament.

Although the actual practice in schools which are admitted to aid under the Minute of 10 July 1847* cannot in all cases be ascertained by inspection, the managers of all such schools at any rate profess that, in undertaking to provide for the education of a child, they undertake thereby to assign to revealed religion a place in the teaching.

The question, therefore, of the admissibility of the Model Secular School at Manchester to aid under the Minutes which regulate the appropriation of the grant, resolves itself into one of fact; viz., whether that school presents any features different from other secular schools of the class considered by their Lordships in 1853.

After careful examination, it appears to My Lords that there is nothing in the rules of your school to ensure that the children, towards the cost of whose education the State would be paying if the school were admitted to aid, must necessarily have the opportunity of instruction in revealed religion, as well as in secular knowledge and in the ordinary rules of morality.

My Lords therefore regret that, while they do not doubt the desire of the managers of your school that the children who are taught in it should have the opportunity of receiving religious instruction by other means than those afforded in the school itself, they do not feel themselves at liberty, in discharge of the trust reposed in them, to comply with the application which you have addressed to the Committee of Council.

I have, &c.

R. W. Smiles, Esq.,
80, King-street, Manchester.

(signed) *R. R. W. Lingen.*

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* At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, by the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education, Supplementary Minute, 10 July 1847.

Read,—The resolution of the Committee of Council on Education, of the 19th of August 1839, as follows:—

"The Committee will require, as an indispensable condition, that an inspector acting under their authority shall be enabled to visit every school to which any grant shall in future be made. Such inspector will not be authorised to examine into the religious instruction given in the school, but he will be directed to ask for such information as to the secular instruction and general regulations of the school as may enable the Committee to make a report to Her Majesty in Council, to be laid before both Houses of Parliament."

Resolved,—

That it appears to the Committee that there are schools to which it is desirable that grants should be made, though the managers object, on religious grounds, to make a report concerning the religious state of such schools, as required by the Minutes of August and December 1846.

That the principles embodied in the resolution of the 19th of August 1839 be applied to such cases, and that no certificate of the religious knowledge of pupil teachers or monitors be required from the managers of such schools.

EDUCATION (MANCHESTER).

COPY of CORRESPONDENCE between the COMMITTEE of the MODEL SECULAR SCHOOL of *Manchester* and the COMMITTEE of COUNCIL on EDUCATION.

(*Mr. Napier.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
7 *July* 1856.

338.

Under 3 *oz.*

SCHOOLS IN RURAL DISTRICTS.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 4 March 1856;—*for*,

"RETURN of the Number of SCHOOLS which have been erected under the Minute of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council of Education of the 2d day of April 1853, for promoting VOLUNTARY ASSESSMENTS towards the Expense of building SCHOOLS in RURAL DISTRICTS."

From 20 August (the date of giving effect to the Minute) to 31 December 1853 - - - - - -	No payments.
From 1 January to 31 December 1854 - - - -	47
From 1 January to 31 December 1855 - - - -	94
From 1 January to 3 March 1856 - - - -	23
TOTAL - - -	164

MEMORANDUM.

With reference to this Return, the following particulars are necessary to be borne in mind:—

1. The Return is confined to schools erected, *i.e.* it is exclusive of schools enlarged or improved.

2. It is confined to grants paid, *i.e.* it is exclusive of grants awarded, but not yet claimed.

3. Grants for building schools are awarded, on the approval of the plans, before the buildings are begun, but are not paid until the buildings are certified to have been completed. A period of 18 months is allowed, from the date of the award, for claiming payment. Not more than 22 per cent. of the payments made for building in each year relate to awards made in that same year; the other 78 per cent. relate to awards of earlier date. The effect of a Minute for the building of schools, put in force in August 1853, would not, therefore, begin to appear much in the payments before the latter part of 1854 and 1855. During the year 1855, the total number of payments issued for the erection of new schools was 158, and of these 94 were for new schools in the rural districts under awards made pursuant to the Minute of 2 April 1853.

4. The definition of a rural district has been taken to include all parts of the country not returned in the Census of 1851 as towns either incorporated, or of more than 5,000 inhabitants.—(Census of Great Britain, 1851, vol. I. p. cciv).

SCHOOLS IN RURAL DISTRICTS.

RETURN of the Number of Schools which have been erected under the Minute of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council of Education of 2 April 1853, for promoting Voluntary Assessments towards the Expense of building Schools in Rural Districts.

(*Mr. Miles.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
12 *March* 1856.

427

REPORTS

ON

NORMAL SCHOOLS,

FOR THE YEAR 1855;

BY

HER MAJESTY'S INSPECTORS OF SCHOOLS.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY GEORGE E. EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
PRINTERS TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1856.

2070]

LONDON:
Printed by George E. Eyre and William Spottiswoode,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.
For Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

3 23

CORRESPONDENCE

RESPECTING THE

EXAMINATION OF PERSONS

APPOINTED TO SITUATIONS

UNDER THE

FOREIGN OFFICE.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.
1856.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY HARRISON AND SONS.

029

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Correspondence respecting the Examination of Persons appointed to Situations under the Foreign Office.

No. 1.

The Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners to Mr. Hammond.

Civil Service Commission, 11, Manchester Buildings,
Sir, *Cannon Row, Westminster, June , 1855.*

I AM directed by the Civil Service Commissioners to request you to bring under the consideration of the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs the Order in Council of the 21st May, 1855, "making provision for testing, according to fixed rules, the qualifications of the young men who may, from time to time, be proposed to be appointed to the junior situations in any of Her Majesty's Civil Establishments."

It will be perceived that the Order in Council provides that all such young men as may be proposed to be appointed to any junior situation in any Department of the Civil Service shall, before they are admitted to probation, be examined by or under the directions of the said Commissioners, and shall receive from them a certificate of qualification for such situation; and that it shall be the duty of the Commissioners, in respect of every such candidate before granting any such certificate as aforesaid—

1st. To ascertain that the candidate is within the limits of age prescribed in the Department to which he desires to be admitted;

2nd. To ascertain that the candidate is free from any physical defect or disease which would be likely to interfere with the proper discharge of his duties;

3rd. To ascertain that the character of the candidate is such as to qualify him for public employment. And,

4th. To ascertain that the candidate possesses the requisite knowledge and ability for the proper discharge of his official duties.

And that the rules applicable to each Department, under each of the above heads, should be settled, with the assistance of the Commissioners, according to to the discretion of the chief authorities of the Department.

This assistance the Commissioners will be prepared to render to the best of their ability; and they are accordingly desirous of ascertaining the rules and arrangements which exist in the Foreign Office, with reference to the several heads above-mentioned, in respect to the appointments of young men to junior situations; and also of being furnished with any further suggestions on the subject which the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs may think it necessary to offer.

When the Commissioners shall have been made acquainted with such rules and arrangements, and with the views and wishes of the Secretary of State, they will make a further communication on the subject. In the meantime, they will confine themselves to the request, that they may be supplied with a statement of

the names of those who have been nominated to junior situations since the 21st of May last, with a view to carrying into effect the directions of the Order in Council.

I have, &c.
(Signed) HORACE MANN,
Secretary, pro tem.

No. 2.

Mr. Hammond to the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners.

Sir, *Foreign Office, June* 25, 1855.

I AM directed by the Earl of Clarendon to acknowledge the receipt on the 23rd instant of your letter without date of day, requesting, on the part of the Civil Service Commissioners, information as to the rules and arrangements which exist in the Foreign Office, under four specified heads, in regard to the admission of clerks into the service of the Department, and offering the assistance of the Commissioners for the settlement of rules and arrangements on that subject.

I am to state to you in reply, for the information of the Commissioners, that no rules or arrangements for the admission of persons into the Foreign Office are at present laid down, such admission having been made by the successive Secretaries of State for Foreign Affairs, according to their own opinion of the competency of the persons appointed, who are admitted for six months on probation.

But Lord Clarendon is much obliged by the offer of the Commissioners to assist in framing any such rules and arrangements; and, taking the several points stated in your letter, I am to say:

1. That if a rule as to age at the time of admission is to be laid down, it will be necessary to take into consideration the circumstance whether the family of the candidate resides in town or not; for it is not desirable that a young man under twenty years of age should be appointed to a clerkship in the Foreign Office without his family having a home in the metropolis.

2. The labour required of the Foreign Office Clerks is great, the attendance long, and the hours late and uncertain. All these considerations, therefore, must be borne in mind, in considering the physical qualities of a candidate.

3. The nature of the employment of clerks in the Foreign Office is wholly confidential. Consequently it is of the utmost importance that, in the selection of candidates, attention should be paid to circumstances from which a reasonable assurance may be obtained that they possess a high sense of honour. The Foreign Office requires of the clerks great sacrifices of time, of comfort, and of amusement; and that they should take such an interest in the Office as to consider its credit and reputation as their own. Such a feeling is the mainstay of the Foreign Office; and no person, however great his talents, would be useful or acceptable to the Office without it. Consequently, the probability that the character of the candidate will correspond with this all-important requirement ought to form a very material element for deciding upon his fitness.

4. A candidate should be able to write a good bold hand, forming each letter distinctly; to write quickly and correctly either English or French from dictation; to understand French well, and to be able to make an accurate and good translation of any French paper; and also to make a correct and clear précis or abstract of any set of papers placed in his hands.

I have only to add that no person has been appointed to a junior situation in the Foreign Office since the 21st of May last.

I am, &c.
(Signed) E. HAMMOND.

No. 3.

Mr. Hammond to the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners.

Sir, *Foreign Office, December* 17, 1855.

I AM directed by the Earl of Clarendon to request you will acquaint the Civil Service Commissioners, with reference to my letter of the 25th of June last, that his Lordship is desirous of applying the principle of previous examination now adopted with regard to persons appointed to clerkships in the Foreign Office to other persons who may be appointed to Diplomatic or Consular situations under the Foreign Office.

The acquirements which Lord Clarendon conceives should be possessed by persons to be appointed to such situations differ in nature and in degree from those which his Lordship considers sufficient for a person appointed to a clerkship; and while requesting you to convey to the Commissioners his Lordship's wish that they should undertake to ascertain by examination the fitness of candidates for the Diplomatic and Consular services, I am to explain to you the several points to which his Lordship considers the examination should be directed and confined.

As regards the Diplomatic service, Lord Clarendon, as at present advised, proposes that candidates should satisfy the Commissioners—

1. That they can write a good bold hand, with distinctly formed letters.
2. That they can write English and French quickly and correctly from dictation.
3. That they understand French well, can make an accurate and good translation of any French paper into English, and of any English paper into French, and speak French with tolerable ease and correctness.
4. That they can make an accurate and good translation into English of a paper written either in German, Latin, Spanish, or Italian.
5. That they have a general knowledge of geography.
6. That they can make a clear and correct précis or abstract, in the form of a narrative, of any collection of papers placed in their hands.
7. That they have a general knowledge of modern history since the year 1789; and especially of the history of the country to which they are about to proceed, as regards its internal constitution and its relations to other Powers.

With respect to this last head of examination, Lord Clarendon conceives that some text-book should be settled beforehand, out of which candidates should be examined; and his Lordship would be obliged to the Commissioners if they would suggest any such book, in order that it may be specified on promulgating the regulations.

Lord Clarendon considers that the qualifications of candidates for first admission into the Diplomatic service would be sufficiently tested by an examination on the several matters above specified.

But his Lordship proposes to carry, still further, the system of examination, and to subject all persons, on their advancement from the post of Unpaid to that of Paid Attaché, to a further examination, which they would be required to pass, if in England at the time of their promotion, or within one month after their arrival in England, before they are confirmed in their new office.

In this second examination, candidates would also be required to satisfy the Commissioners that they have a speaking and a writing knowledge of the languages of the several countries in which they have resided since their first appointment in the service; but in conducting these examinations, it will be right, in regard to languages, to bear in mind the length of time during which candidates may have resided in the several countries, and also the comparative difficulty of acquiring the languages of such countries. Lord Clarendon would not except Russian, Turkish, Persian, and Modern Greek from the list of languages to which a candidate who may have resided in the countries where they are spoken, should be expected to have turned his attention; though he considers that much forbearance would be required in dealing with languages which, and especially the first three, are so hard to be acquired. Moreover, Lord Clarendon is of opinion that if a candidate who may be examined on promotion should have resided only in France or in the United Staes, he should

be required to satisfy the examiners of his proficiency in one other language besides French. Furthermore, the candidates, on being examined on promotion, should be required to draw up a report on the general commercial and political relations of the several countries in which they may have resided,—on their internal polity, their administrative and social institutions, and the character of the people. These reports, however, must not refer to current political affairs; and in order to prevent any inconvenience on this head, the candidates will be required to transmit their reports through the Foreign Office; and they should be eventually returned to the Foreign Office, and not be retained in the archives of the Commission.

Lastly, Lord Clarendon would be glad if the Commissioners would recommend to him any elementary work on International Law, in which candidates could be examined on promotion. His Lordship considers that a moderate acquaintance with that subject might usefully be required of candidates for advancement to be Paid Attachés, though it might not be necessary to subject them to a rigorous examination in it.

Reserving for another letter the enumeration of the points on which Lord Clarendon is desirous that persons on their first appointments in the Consular service should be examined, I am only now to add, that as soon as Lord Clarendon is informed that the Civil Service Commissioners are prepared to undertake the examination of candidates for the Diplomatic service to the extent set forth in this letter, and has further been made acquainted with the text-books on history and international law in which candidates should be examined; his Lordship will make known generally to the Diplomatic profession the course to be adopted in regard to persons appointed to be Unpaid Attachés, and to those to be promoted to be Paid Attachés, and will carry the new system into effect as soon as possible. The Commissioners will be apprized, when candidates are referred to them for examination, of the special circumstances which in the several cases will have to be taken into consideration.

All candidates will be required, previous to the examination referred to in this letter, to attend on their first selection for at least three months in the Foreign Office, in order that they may make themselves acquainted with the forms in which the business is conducted.

I am, &c.
(Signed) E. HAMMOND.

No. 4.

Mr. Hammond to the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners.

Sir, *Foreign Office, December* 20, 1855.

WITH reference to my other letter of the 17th instant, I am directed by the Earl of Clarendon to request that you will acquaint the Civil Service Commissioners that his Lordship would wish the examination of such persons as may be selected for the Consular service, whenever the circumstances of their being resident in England on their first appointment, or of their passing through England on their way to take up such first appointment, may admit of their being subjected to examination, to be directed to ascertaining the following points:

1. That candidates have a correct knowledge of the English language, so as to be able to express themselves clearly and correctly in writing.
2. That they can write and speak French correctly and fluently.
3. That they have a sufficient knowledge of the current language, as far as commerce is concerned, of the port at which they are appointed to reside, to enable them to communicate directly with the authorities and natives of the place;—a knowledge of the Italian language being taken to meet this requirement as far as any place situated to the east of the Straits of Gibraltar is concerned; and a knowledge of the German language as regards ports within the Baltic, or countries having ports in the Baltic.
4. A sufficient knowledge of British mercantile and commercial law to enable them to deal with questions arising between British ship-owners, ship-

masters, and seamen. On this particular point Lord Clarendon would be obliged to the Commissioners to recomment a text-book, from which candidates should be examined.

5. A sufficient knowledge of arithmetic for the nature of the duties which Consuls are required to perform, in drawing up commercial tables and reports. On this point also, Lord Clarendon would be glad that the Commissioners should recommend a text-book.

I am to add, that it is Lord Clarendon's intention, as far as practicable, to require persons on their first appointment to the Consular service to attend at the Foreign Office for at least three months previously to their proceeding to their posts.

I am, &c.
(Signed) E. HAMMOND.

No. 5.

The Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners to Mr. Hammond.

Civil Service Commission, Gateway, Dean's Yard,
Sir, *Westminster, December* 22, 1855.

I AM directed by the Civil Service Commissioners to acknowledge the recept of your letter of the 17th instant, relative to the examination of persons who may be appointed to Diplomatic situations under the Foreign Office, and to request you will inform the Earl of Clarendon that the Commissioners will be prepared to undertake the conduct of such examination.

The views entertained by his Lordship as to the acquirements which candidates ought to possess are so clearly expressed in your communication that no difficulty is likely to arise in carrying them into effect; but with regard to the seventh requisition, Lord Clarendon addresses to the Commissioners a question which they are not able to answer as satisfactorily as they could wish. After stating that a candidate should possess "a general knowledge of modern history since the year 1789, and especially of the history of the country to which he is about to proceed as regards its internal constitution and its relations to other Powers," you have conveyed to the Commissioners Lord Clarendon's wish "that some text-book should be settled beforehand, out of which candidates should be examined;" and you have added, that "his Lordship would be obliged to the Commissioners if they would suggest any such book, in order that it may be specified in promulgating the regulations."

It may be doubted if there is any single book from which both the general and special knowledge adverted to can be derived; and for this reason, as well as for others to which it is not necessary to advert, the Commissioners, if they had not been favoured with so clear an intimation as to the course which it will be best to pursue, would probably have confined themselves to some general suggestions as to the course of reading which might advantageously be prescribed.

The two works which the Commissioners feel least hesitation in recommending as calculated to answer the purposes contemplated by Lord Clarendon, are "Heeren's Historical Manual of the Political System of Europe and its Colonies," and Mr. M'Culloch's "Geographical Dictionary." The former is the work of an author of high reputation, and though too concise for those who seek a thorough acquaintance with historical details, may, it is believed, be safely recommended where general knowledge only is required. The greater part of the second volume is devoted to the period which has elapsed since 1789, but unfortunately the history of Europe is continued only as far as the year 1821; and for the events of subsequent years the Commissioners confess with regret their inability to name a trustworthy text-book. They can only refer generally to histories of particular countries, which it is not very difficult to discover, but which have not, as far as the Commissioners are aware, yet been amalgamated into any one work, the character of which would justify its being recommended to Lord Clarendon.

Mr. Mc Culloch's "Geographical Dictionary" is mentioned as containing, in a comparatively small compass, details relative to the history, constitution, statistics, &c., of different States; and it is believed that from a perusal of the articles in that work relating to particular countries, candidates proceeding to those countries will acquire information which, as far as it extends, may safely be relied on. At the same time it is in this case still more difficult than in the former to name a single text-book which should be exclusively prescribed.

The Commissioners are further requested in your letter to mention to Lord Clarendon any elementary work on International Law in which candidates may be examined on promotion. Assuming from the introduction of the term "elementary," and from your subsequent observations, that the accurate and extensive knowledge acquired by professional jurists is not expected, and that the object is rather to secure a general acquaintance with fundamental principles, the Commissioners feel that too extensive a course of reading should not be recommended. They are inclined to believe that Wheaton's "Elements of International Law," although not very recent in date, and in extent so small as to constitute in fact only an outline, contain all that it may be necessary to require as to the principles of the science. But it might, perhaps, be desirable to recommend, in addition, some acquaintance with the "History of International Law," published by the same author.

It would, as Lord Clarendon is no doubt aware, be far less difficult to mark out and recommend a systematic and extensive course of reading, both historical and legal; but the preceding observations contain the best answer which it is in the power of the Commissioners to offer to the questions proposed, and I have only to add, in conclusion, that due attention will be paid to the valuable suggestions contained in your communication as to the degree of proficiency required from candidates both in their earlier and their subsequent examination.

I have, &c.

(Signed) J. G. MAITLAND.

No. 6.

The Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners to Mr. Hammond.

Civil Service Commission, Gateway, Dean's Yard,
Sir, *Westminster, December* 22, 1855.

I AM directed by the Civil Service Commissioners to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 20th instant, relative to the examination of such persons as may be selected for the Cousular service, and to request you will inform the Earl of Clarendon, that the Commissioners will be prepared to undertake the conduct of such examinations.

In reply to the first question contained in your communication, the Commissioners would suggest "Smith's Compendium of Mercantile Law," as a treatise containing information fully sufficient for the purpose to which you refer. The work, which is comprised in a single volume, is regarded by the legal profession as one of high authority, and successive editions have been published, the latest of which is of very recent date.

In naming an arithmetical text-book there is more difficulty, arising from the circumstance that there are several works which might with equal propriety be recommended, and any one of which would supply the necessary information. As, however, it is deemed convenient that a selection should be made, the Commissioners will recommend Bishop Colenso's work, which has been extensively used in the University of Cambridge and elsewhere. It may be right, at the same time, to observe that for the Consular service a more extensive acquaintance with the coinage, weights, and measures of foreign countries, than that which can be gained from ordinary works on arithmetic may possibly be required.

I have, &c.

(Signed) J. G. MAITLAND.

No. 7.

Mr. Hammond to the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners.

Sir, *Foreign Office, January* 1, 1856.

I AM directed by the Earl of Clarendon to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 22nd ultimo in reply to mine of the 17th ultimo, and I am to request that you will convey to the Civil Service Commissioners his Lordship's best thanks for the readiness with which they have entered into his views with regard to the examination to which persons on their first appointment as Unpaid Attachés, and on their subsequent promotion to be Paid Attachés, shall be subjected.

With regard to the books treating of modern history in which candidates shall be examined, Lord Clarendon, while adopting the suggestion of the Commissioners that "Heeren's Historical Manual of the Political System of Europe and its Colonies" might be a text-book for the examination, proposes, in addition, the fourth volume of "Russell's Modern Europe" (last edition); and he will therefore specify in the formal notice which he proposes to give of the nature of the examination to which Attachés will be subjected, "so much of 'Heeren's Historical Manual of the Political System of Europe and its Colonies' as treats of history from the year 1789, and the fourth volume of 'Russell's Modern Europe' (last edition), as the books in which candidates for Unpaid Attachéships must expect to be examined to prove their acquaintance with general history," and "so much of 'McCulloch's Geographical Dictionary' as relates to the countries to which they may be about to proceed."

Lord Clarendon will also specify as the text-books for International Law "Wheaton's Elements of International Law," and "Wheaton's History of International Law."

I am to take this opportunity of clearing up an ambiguity of expression under the fourth point of examination mentioned in my letter of the 17th of December, by observing that it is Lord Clarendon's intention that the choice of one of the four languages—German, Latin, Spanish, or Italian,—therein specified, is to be left to the candidates.

I am, &c.
(Signed) E. HAMMOND.

No. 8.

Mr. Hammond to the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners.

Sir, *Foreign Office, January* 1, 1856.

IN requesting you, by the direction of the Earl of Clarendon, to convey to the Civil Service Commissioners his Lordship's best thanks for the readiness with which, as stated in your letter of December 22, they have consented to undertake the examination of such candidates for Consular employment as may be referred to them for the purpose, I am to add that his Lordship adopts the suggestion of the Commissioners that "Smith's Compendium of Mercantile Law," and "Bishop Colenso's Arithmetic," should be named to the candidates as the books in which they must expect to be examined.

With regard to the last observation in your letter of the 22nd December, I am to state to you that Lord Clarendon conceives that a person who has a competent general knowledge of arithmetic will have no difficulty in applying that knowledge to the coinage, weights, and measures of the country in which he may be appointed to reside.

I am, &c.
(Signed) E. HAMMOND.

Correspondence respecting the Examination of Persons appointed to Situations under the Foreign Office.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty. 1856.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY HARRISON AND SONS.

ORDER IN COUNCIL

FOR PLACING THE

DEPARTMENT

OF

SCIENCE AND ART

UNDER THE

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT,

AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.
1856.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY HARRISON AND SONS.

Order of Her Majesty in Council, of the 25th of February 1856, *approving a Report of the Lords of the Council, recommending that the Department of Science and Art, now under the direction of the Board of Trade, be placed under the direction of the Education Department; that certain duties be assigned to the Education Department, in connection with Endowed Charity Schools, and the Naval and Military Schools under the Admiralty and the War Department; and that the Board of Trade supervise the professional instruction in Navigation Schools connected with the Department of Science and Art.*

Council Office, 5 March 1856.

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,

The 25th day of February 1856;

PRESENT—

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

Whereas there was this day read at the Board a Report of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, dated the first day of February instant, in the words following, viz.:—

"The Lords of your Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council beg leave humbly to recommend to your Majesty that the Education Establishments now attached to different Departments be united under one direction, and be represented in both Houses of Parliament; and for this purpose their Lordships beg leave humbly to recommend to your Majesty—

"1. That, for the future, the Establishment to be called the Education Department be placed under the Lord President of the Council, assisted by a Member of the Privy Council, who shall be the Vice-President of the Committee of the said Privy Council on Education, and shall act under the direction of the Lord President, and shall act for him in his absence.

"2. That the Education Department include the following Establishments, viz.:—

"*a.* The Education Establishment of the Privy Council Office.

"*b.* The Establishment for the encouragement of Science and Art, now under the direction of the Board of Trade, and called the Department of Science and Art.

"That, until your Majesty's pleasure be further signified, the said Establishments continue to conduct their several duties according to existing regulations, but that both Establishments be under the orders of the Lord President.

"Their Lordships beg leave humbly to recommend that, in addition to the duties now discharged by the Education Establishment of the Privy Council Office, and by the Department of Science and Art, the Education Department, for the future, be charged with the following duties, viz.:—

"*a.* To report on such questions concerning education as may be referred to the Department by the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales.

"*b.* To inspect the Greenwich Hospital Schools, the Royal Dockyard Schools, and the Schools of the Royal Marines; and to report thereon to the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

"*c.* To inspect the Regimental Schools in the United Kingdom, and the Establishment for training Regimental Schoolmasters at Chelsea; and to report thereon to the Secretary of State for the War Department.

"Their Lordships further beg leave humbly to recommend that the Board of Trade be charged with the duty of examining, from time to time, into the instruction in nautical science given in the Navigation Schools connected with the Department of Science and Art; and that, as respects examinations in nautical science and the course of professional instruction pursued in the said Schools, the Education Department refer, for advice and assistance, to the Board of Trade."

Her Majesty, having taken the said Report into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve thereof, and of the recommendations therein contained. And Her Majesty was further pleased to order that the Lord President do cause the necessary steps to be taken herein accordingly; and that his Lordship do report thereon to Her Majesty, for such further orders as may be requisite.

(Signed) WM. L. BATHURST

ORDER IN COUNCIL, dated 25 February 1856, approving a Report of the Lords of the Council for placing the Department of Science and Art under the Education Department, and for other purposes.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command of Her Majesty. 1856.

LONDON:
PRINTED BY HARRISON AND SONS.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

COPIES of ORDINANCES with respect to the FELLOWSHIPS in UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, OXFORD, and in BRASENOSE COLLEGE, OXFORD, framed by the Oxford University Commissioners, under the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81.

ORDINANCE with respect to the FELLOWSHIPS in UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, OXFORD, framed by the Oxford University Commissioners, under the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81.

WE the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of an Act passed in the 17th & 18th years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled, "An Act to make further Provision for the good Government and Extension of the University of Oxford, of the Colleges therein, and of the College of Saint Mary, Winchester," do, in execution of the powers given us by the said Act, hereby ordain, without prejudice to any existing interest saved by the said Act, that no preference shall hereafter be given to any person in elections to any Fellowship now existing within the College of the Great Hall of the University, commonly called University College, in Oxford, in respect of such person's place of birth, or of his being, or having been, a Scholar on any foundation in the said College. And we do hereby further ordain, that no person shall be ineligible by reason of the place of his birth to any Fellowship now existing in the said College.

Given under our common seal, this 14th day of December 1855.

L. S.

ORDINANCE with respect to the FELLOWSHIPS in BRASENOSE COLLEGE, OXFORD, framed by the Oxford University Commissioners, under the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81.

WE the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of an Act passed in the 17th & 18th years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled, "An Act to make further Provision for the good Government and Extension of the University of Oxford, of the Colleges therein, and of the College of Saint Mary, Winchester," do, in execution of the powers of the said Act, hereby ordain, that no preference shall be given to any person in elections to any Fellowship, whether of the original or any subsequent foundation, within the King's Hall and College of Brasenose, in Oxford, commonly called Brasenose College, in respect of such person's place of birth, or of his being of the name, lineage, kindred, or consanguinity of any person named in any charter, will, deed of composition, or other instrument of foundation or endowment of the said College. And we do hereby further ordain, that no person shall be deemed ineligible to any Fellowship within the said College by reason of the place of his birth, or by reason of his not being of any name, lineage, kindred, or consanguinity named in any instrument of foundation or endowment of the said College.

Given under our common seal, this 14th day of December 1855.

L. S.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

COPIES of ORDINANCES with relation to Fellowships in University College, and in Brasenose College, Oxford, framed by the Oxford University Commissioners, under the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81.

(Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
27 *February* 1856.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

COPY of an ORDINANCE framed by the *Oxford* University Commissioners, under the 17 & 18 Vict., cap. 81, for the Conversion of Four Fellowships in Brasenose College, *Oxford*, into Scholarships.

Council Office,
28 July 1856.

WM L. BATHURST.

COPY of an ORDINANCE framed by the *Oxford* University Commissioners, under the 17 & 18 Vict., c. 81, for the Conversion of Four Fellowships in Brasenose College, *Oxford*, into Scholarships.

WE, the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of an Act passed in the 17th & 18th years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled, "An Act to made further Provision for the good Government and Extension of the University of Oxford, of the Colleges therein, and of the College of St. Mary, Winchester," do, in execution of the powers given to us by the said Act, make this Ordinance for the conversion of four Fellowships within the King's Hall and College of Brasenose, in Oxford, commonly called Brasenose College, into Scholarships within the same College.

The first, second, fourth, and sixth of the Fellowships within the said College which shall become vacant after this Ordinance shall have been approved by Her Majesty in Council, shall not be filled up; and all the emoluments of and appertaining to the same four Fellowships which would have been payable to the persons elected into the same and their successors, had the same been filled up, shall be applied as such emoluments shall become available by the occurrence of successive vacancies in maintaining within the said College as many Scholars, receiving a yearly stipend, not less that sixty pounds each, as the amount for the time being available shall allow: Provided always, that the number of Scholars to be maintained out of the emoluments of the said four Fellowships shall at no time be greater than twelve: Provided also, that if any Fellowship or Fellowships within the said College shall be vacant at the time when this Ordinance shall be approved as aforesaid, such one Fellowship (if but one), or one of such Fellowships (if more than one), shall, for the purposes of this Ordinance, be considered as having become vacant immediately after such approval, and as one of the four Fellowships hereby directed to be converted.

And with respect to the Scholars to be maintained as aforesaid out of the emoluments of the said four Fellowships, we ordain as follows:

Every Scholar shall be elected by the Principal, Vice-Principal, Dean, Lecturers, and Tutors of the said College; or, in case of the absence of any of them, by such of them as shall be present (being not fewer than three in number), after a competitive examination of the candidates in such subjects, and conducted in such manner as the Principal and Fellows shall from time to time determine.

The election of the Scholars shall take place on such day in each year as the Principal and Fellows shall appoint, subject to the provision respecting postponement hereinafter contained, and notice of such intended election shall be given by the Principal, or, in his absence, by the Vice-Principal, in such manner as the person so giving notice shall deem best adapted to ensure publicity, 20 days at least before the day of election.

No person who shall have attained the age of 20 years, or shall be an Exhibitioner on the foundation of Mr. William Hulme, shall be capable of being elected a Scholar; and no person shall be admitted to be a candidate who shall not produce testimonials of his moral character, satisfactory to the Principal, or, in his absence, to the Vice-Principal.

Whenever

Whenever there shall be no candidate whom the electors shall judge duly qualified for election, it shall be lawful for them to postpone the election to some other day, to be fixed by them for the purpose, not later than the day which shall be appointed by the Principal and Fellows for the election of Scholars in the next year; and every such postponed election shall be held and conducted in the same manner in which the elections of Scholars are hereinbefore directed to be held and conducted.

The Scholarships shall be tenable for five years, and no longer, but in the case of any Scholarship, the election to which shall have been postponed as aforesaid, the said term of five years shall be computed from the day on which the election would have taken place if there had been no postponement, And every Scholar who shall marry, or shall be elected to a Fellowship, or to an Exhibition on the foundation of Mr. William Hulme, in the said College, or to a Fellowship or Scholarship in any other college, shall *ipso facto* vacate his Scholarship.

Every Scholar shall be subject to such regulations as to residence, instruction, discipline, and attendance on Divine worship as the Principal and Fellows shall from time to time determine, and may be deprived of his Scholarship by the Principal and Fellows for any misconduct which shall in their judgment deserve deprivation; but with liberty to appeal against such deprivation to the Visitor of the said College.

Given under our Common Seal, this 22d day of May 1856.

L. S.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

COPY of an ORDINANCE framed by the *Oxford* University Commissioners, under the 17 & 18 Vict., c. 81, for the Conversion of Four Fellowships in Brasenose College, *Oxford*, into Scholarships.

(*Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.*)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*, 29 *July* 1856.

CORPUS CHRISTI COLLEGE, OXFORD.

COPY of Regulations and Ordinances for the Amendment of the Statutes of Corpus Christi College, Oxford; made by the President and Fellows, under the Authority of 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81; and approved by the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of that Act.—(Translated from the Latin.)

THE STATUTES OF CORPUS CHRISTI COLLEGE, OXFORD.

Preface.

Inasmuch as by an Act passed in the 17th & 18th years of Her Majesty Queen Victoria it was declared that it should be lawful for any College in Oxford to amend its Founder's Statutes, so as to render them more beneficial at the present time, provided, however, that places of emolument should always be awarded by merit, and that the study of every branch of learning should be as much as possible encouraged; we, the President and Fellows of Corpus Christi College, have, as far as in us lies, enacted the following Code, in order that this our College may be administered and governed in the best manner by fixed rules and principles.

The Founder's Preface concerning his Foundation.

"In honour of the most precious body of our Lord Jesus Christ, of His most pure Mother, and the other Patron Saints of the Cathedral Churches of Winchester, Durham, Bath and Wells, and Exeter, we, Richard Fox, by the calling of God Bishop of Winchester, Founder of Corpus Christi College in the University of Oxford, have invoked the sacred name of the Holy and Undivided Trinity, and have composed Statutes for the said College, and written and sealed them in this book, to be lastingly remembered and observed, with this Preface.

"'We

LINCOLN COLLEGE, OXFORD.

COPY of Regulations and Ordinances for the Amendment of the Statutes of Lincoln College, Oxford, made by the Rector and Fellows, under the Authority of 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81, and approved by the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of that Act. (Translated from the Latin.)

Presented pursuant to Act of Parliament.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed,*
21 *February* 1856.

56.

Under 2 oz.

615

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 8 July 1856;—*for*,

"COPIES of ORDERS IN COUNCIL referring to a Committee of the Privy Council certain REGULATIONS and ORDINANCES of *Exeter*, *Lincoln*, and *Corpus Christi* Colleges, *Oxford*, in Amendment of their respective Statutes; and of any PETITIONS, or MEMORIALS, or CORRESPONDENCE which have been referred to the said Committee."

Council Office,
11 July 1856.

WM. L. BATHURST.

(Sir John Pakington.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, *to be Printed*,
14 *July* 1856.

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ORDERS in COUNCIL referring to a Committee of the Privy Council certain REGULATIONS and ORDINANCES of *Exeter*, *Lincoln*, and *Corpus Christi* Colleges, *Oxford*, in Amendment of their respective Statutes; and likewise certain PETITIONS against the same, and other PAPERS thereupon.

— No. 1. —

ORDER in COUNCIL, dated 30th January 1856, referring Statutes of *Exeter*, *Lincoln*, and *Corpus Christi* Colleges, *Oxford*, to a Committee of the Privy Council.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 30th January 1856,

Present, The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

UPON reading this day at the Board a letter from one of the Secretaries to the Oxford University Commission, transmitting certain regulations and ordinances made by Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges in that University, for the amendment of their respective statutes, under the 17th & 18th Victoria, cap. 81 :— It is ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the said regulations and ordinances and letter accompanying the same (copy whereof is hereunto annexed), be, and they are hereby referred to a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council to consider the same and report their opinion thereupon to Her Majesty at this Board.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

— No. 2. —

ORDER in COUNCIL referring to a Committee of the Privy Council certain Petitions against the Statutes of *Exeter*, *Lincoln*, and *Corpus Christi* Colleges *Oxford*.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 22d April 1856,

Present, The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

UPON reading this day at the Board the following Petitions, viz. :—

I. Petition of James Heywood, Esq., M.P. and F.R.S., relative to the new Statutes of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, in the University of Oxford, and submitting that certain alterations suggested in the said petition should be adopted in such statutes :

II. Petition of certain members of the Executive Committee of the Association for the Reform of Educational Endowments, praying that the Statutes of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, Oxford, may be so revised as to bring the regulations and ordinances of those ancient institutions into harmony with the manifest spirit of the Legislature in the Oxford University Act of 1854 :

III. Petition of the trustees of Dr. Williams' Library, Red Cross-street, in the City of London, praying that Her Majesty's assent to the above-mentioned statutes may be withheld for a time, so as to allow of a mature consideration of the changes which will be necessary in Oxford College Statutes, to adapt those ancient enactments to the present state of legislation and public opinion :

IV. Petition of the Reverend Mark Pattison, B.D., and Fellow of Lincoln College, Oxford, praying that the ordinances and statutes of that college may be referred back to the Commissioners for reconsideration, on certain points mentioned in such petition, and praying that Her Majesty's assent to the same may be withheld till the statutes and ordinances of all the other colleges in the said University shall have been laid before Her Majesty in Council :

V. Petition of Charles Neate, esq., barrister-at-law, and Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford, and Henry Edward Moberly, clerk, Fellow of New College, Oxford, praying that the memorial hereinafter mentioned may be referred to a Committee of Council: Also a letter from one of the secretaries to the Oxford University Commissioners to the Clerk of the Council in Waiting, enclosing a memorial addressed to the said Commissioners by 106 members of the University of Oxford, deprecating a disregard of the eleemosynary character of college foundations, and praying that preferences with regard to pecuniary circumstances in the election to fellowships may be retained, together with a copy of the reply of the Commissioners to the said memorial:

And also upon reading an Order in Council, of the 30th of January last past, referring to a Committee certain regulations and ordinances made by Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, Oxford, in amendment of their respective statutes:

It is ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the aforesaid several petitions and memorial be, and the same are hereby referred to a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council to consider the same, with power (if their Lordships shall think fit) to hear the petitioners by their counsel in support of the said petitions and memorial; and it is further ordered, that the said Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, having considered the said petitions, do report their opinion and advice to Her Majesty whether it is fit and proper that Her Majesty should by Order in Council declare her approbation of the proposed regulations, ordinances, or statutes of the Colleges of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi, in the University of Oxford, which are mentioned and referred to in the aforesaid Order in Council of the 30th day of January now last past, or of any, and which of such statutes, or of any, and what parts thereof respectively.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

— No. 3. —

PETITION of *James Heywood*, M.P., and F.R.S., relating to the Statutes of *Exeter*, *Lincoln*, and *Corpus Christi* Colleges, *Oxford*.

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Privy Council.

The Humble Petition of the undersigned, James Heywood, Member of Parliament, and Fellow of the Royal Society,

Sheweth,

THAT the Legislature, in the Oxford University Act of 1854, removed compulsory religious tests from the commencement and termination of the undergraduate career at Oxford, and that a recent Oxford University Statute, passed since the Act of Parliament of 1854, directs, that if the head of any college or hall in Oxford shall certify that a student belonging to his college or hall is not a member of the Church of England, that student shall not be compelled to be examined in the Thirty-nine Articles, but shall have some other subject of examination, as a substitute for such doctrinal formularies, in order to qualify him for the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

That, if ordinances are to be made in the different colleges of Oxford, for promoting the main designs of the ancient college founders and donors, formal instruction in dogmatic theology, during the undergraduate period of life, cannot be maintained in the collegiate system; as a secular course of learning was generally followed in the early part of the university career, and the college endowments were originally intended to encourage a long period of residence within the colleges, during which the students usually commenced their course of instruction in the faculty of arts,* and were subsequently advanced into other faculties, such as theology or civil law.

That

* See illustrative documents, at the end of this petition, on the Oxford system of education, according to the University Statutes (from the Statutes of the Oxford Royal Commissioners under King Edward the Sixth, 1549).

That lectures and disputations in theology, according to the plans of the early founders, only commenced after the degree of Master of Arts.

That to promote the main designs of the founders of early colleges according to the Oxford University Act of 1854, instruction in dogmatic divinity, such as the Thirty-nine Articles, ought to be postponed until after the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and that special ordinances should be framed for each of the colleges, to provide for such postponement of college lectures and examinations in the Thirty-nine Articles, until after graduation.

That, in fact, the ancient colleges of theologians at Oxford have gradually become secularised, by the cessation of residence within the precincts of the University after the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and the reduction of academical exercises for higher degrees to mere formalities.

Exeter College Statutes.

That the introduction of a Church of England test for scholarships in the Statutes of Exeter College, Oxford, during the undergraduate career, appears to your petitioner to be an illegal restriction, as the Oxford University Act of Parliament of 1854 has removed compulsory religious tests from the commencement and termination of undergraduate life at Oxford.

That ten scholarships are proposed in the 1st section of the 5th statute of Exeter College, to be called Stapledon Scholarships, and to be limited to natives of the diocese of Exeter, or to persons educated in some school within that diocese; and that, in addition, two scholarships, to be called King Charles the First's Scholarships, are suggested, to be limited to natives of the Channel Islands, or to persons educated either at Victoria College Jersey, or Elizabeth College, Guernsey.

That the deficiency of open scholarships in Exeter College was noticed by the Oxford Royal Commissioners in 1850, as a reason for this college not possessing its fair share of students of superior ability and acquirements; and that although the college educates 133 students, or one-twelfth part of the undergraduates of Oxford, it by no means gains honours in the same ratio.

That, if close scholarships are to be sanctioned in Exeter College, similar close endowments may be maintained in other colleges, so as seriously to impede the distribution of academical prizes as the rewards of learning.

That the religious test of Church membership for the fellows of Exeter College, mentioned in the 1st section of the 3d statute, is not in accordance with the 9th clause of the Act of Uniformity of 1662, by which a declaration of conformity to the Liturgy of the Church of England was imposed as a qualification for a college fellowship. As an illustration of what may be anticipated from the practical working of the new test, a well-educated Wesleyan Methodist student, who might be willing to sign his conformity to the Liturgy of the Church of England, according to the Act of Uniformity, would be excluded from a fellowship, if the fellows were all obliged to be either members of the Church of England, or of some church in communion with the Church of England, as suggested in the Exeter College Statutes.

That the public policy of the country at the present day allows of freedom, both by word and writing, in the expression of religious opinion; and that the semblance of a modern inquisition appears in the 5th section of the 3d statute, by which, if any fellow of Exeter College shall have been found guilty of any contradiction, by word or writing, of the Christian faith, as held by the Church of England, or if he shall cease to be a member of the Church of England, or of some church in communion with the Church of England, it shall be lawful for the visitor (the Bishop of Exeter), on petition of the college, to investigate the case, and to proceed, if necessary, to the deprivation of such fellow.

That by the 3d section of the 2d Exeter College Statute, the revenues of the vicarage of Kidlington are annexed to the rectorship of Exeter College, and the incumbent of that parish must consequently be non-resident during the greater part of the year. That by the 1st section of the 2d statute, the rector must be a priest of the Church of England; by the 3d section of the 4th statute, the sub-rector must also be in priest's orders; and by the 4th section of the 3d statute, holy orders are required to be taken by any fellow within fifteen years of the date of his first admission to a fellowship; that the older and higher

higher portion of the governing body of the college will thus necessarily consist of clergymen; that hence, ecclesiastical and clerical feelings may predominate at the ordinary business of the college, and lay fellows may be induced to take holy orders, when they are nearly 40 years of age, in order to preserve their fellowships.

That by the 1st section of the 9th statute, the stipends received by the rector and fellows of Exeter College are described as below those usually received by the heads and fellows of other colleges in the University, and a plan is proposed of dividing the proceeds of two fellowships among the rector and fellows; that by a farther diminution in the number of fellowships in Exeter College, a stipend might be reserved for the rector equal to the income derivable from the vicarage of Kidlington, and that, in this manner, the living of Kidlington might be placed at the disposal of the college, and the limitation of the rectorship to "a priest of the Church of England" might be omitted in the 1st section of the 2d statute.

That according to the 7th statute, all members of Exeter College, during residence, would be required to attend Divine service, according to the Liturgy of the Church of England, and that some arrangement is requisite to allow of special dispensations in the case of those students who may not be members of the Church of England.

That the visitor of Exeter College appears, from a case mentioned in the report of the Oxford Royal Commissioners (p. 197), to have no power to interfere on an appeal to him from a candidate for a fellowship who had considered himself aggrieved in a college election; that the powers of visitors are ill defined, nearly dormant, and do not meet the requirements of the present time.

Lincoln College Statutes.

That Lincoln College was founded in the fifteenth century, by an earnest opponent of the early doctrines of the Reformation, and that, by the Statutes of Archbishop Rotherham, dated 1475, which still remain in force, each fellow, at his admission, was formerly required to swear, respecting the Wyckliffites, that he would not "appear secretly or openly to adhere to that pestiferous sect, which, renewing ancient heresies, attacks the sacraments, estates, and possessions of the Church." The chief object of Lincoln College, according to the report of the Oxford Royal Commissioners (p. 212), was to train up theologians in order to extirpate the Wyckliffite heresy.

That during the Reformation, the main purpose of the college founder was necessarily changed, and that, in more modern times, a farther alteration in the ancient educational system had gradually taken place, by the cessation of compulsory academical residence after the first, or bachelor's degree in arts, and the reduction of theological disputations to mere forms, few in number, and insignificant in practical effect.

That the principal intentions of the founder of Lincoln College have thus been either contravened by the public policy of the country, or encouraged to sink into empty formalities; and that hence the framers of a new code of Lincoln College Statutes may give their attention exclusively to the educational requirements of the present day, with due regard to vested interests in the college.

That the restoration in the preamble to the statutes, of the ancient phrase of the rector and fellows of Lincoln College, and their successors, being bound "for ever," by the statutes recently submitted to Parliament, is an absurdity. That Oxford colleges have now become State institutions, and must from time to time be modified in accordance with the State policy of the country.

That the appellate jurisdiction of the Bishop of Lincoln, in the 1st chapter of the statutes, is not in harmony with the civil institutions of England, by which difficult cases are usually referred to a lay instead of an ecclesiastical tribunal.

That, in chapter 2, the limitation of the 12 fellowships to members of the Church of England is not in accordance with the Act of Uniformity of 1662, which simply requires a declaration of conformity to the Liturgy for the fellows of colleges.

That, in chapter 2, the nomination and appointment of one of the fellows by the Bishop of Lincoln for the time being, is not in accordance with the modern policy

policy of electing new fellows exclusively on the ground of merit, independently of the patronage of any individual, however eminent.

That the oath to keep the statutes of a college has long been regarded as impracticable, and can only be defended, as the statutes were invariably in Latin, and a newly-elected fellow had seldom read a single chapter of the college Ordinances, and could not possibly be aware of the vast variety of antiquated directions therein contained.

That the deprivation of a fellow for notorious incontinence, when celibacy is compulsory, and the custom of absolute monastic seclusion is generally known not to prevail in the University of Oxford, appears impracticable under existing circumstances.

That the repetition of denunciations of the 15th century for the deprivation of any fellow who may maliciously and contumaciously favour any heretical opinion, either in public or private (Lincoln College Statutes, chap. 2), resembles the establishment of a modern Inquisition in a small college, and that no legal sanction should be afforded to the formation of such an irresponsible and secret tribunal to judge of heresy as the head and fellows of a college.

That the examinations for fellowships in Lincoln College ought to be conducted with such publicity, and by examiners of such competence as should place the selection of new fellows in that college above all suspicion of partiality.

A letter from J. L. Kettle, esq., Fellow of Lincoln College, Oxford, is inserted (p. 387) in the evidence appended to the report of the Oxford Royal Commissioners, in which a view is given of what the visitor, the late Bishop of Lincoln, found in 1852, after investigation, to be the actual state of that institution, which Mr. Kettle describes as one of the colleges at Oxford which elect their fellows on close principles, exhibiting the unscrupulous determination of inferior men to sacrifice all other objects to their own preferment when they have no prospect of escape except through a college living.

That in the case of the election of a rector of Lincoln College in 1851, referred to by Mr. Kettle, the visitor "considered the circumstances connected with the election to have been such as had fully justified the appeal;" that the following particulars are mentioned by Mr. Kettle:—1stly. That previously to the election certain of the fellows of Lincoln College had determined to elect no one as rector whose election would not have given promotion to themselves. 2dly. That they had, both by letter and in conversation, pronounced the gentleman whom they afterwards elected decidedly incompetent, and most unfit for the office. 3dly. That they had, by public college testimonials, and by private certificates of the most extraordinarily eulogistic kind, shown that they considered other gentlemen, formerly fellows, but possessing no college living, to be not merely fit for the office of rector, but pre-eminently qualified to discharge its duties with the highest credit to the college and to themselves. And, 4thly. That after the election, when taxed with corruption, they had not denied the charge, but had in writing maintained that they had a right to prefer an incumbent as such to a non-incumbent.

That the visitor of Lincoln College, whilst he dismissed two appeals made to him, and confirmed the election of the rector, added at the same time these observations, dated Riseholm, April 8th, 1852:—

"The visitor feels it his painful duty to observe, that although he finds no sufficient ground in the statements which have been laid before him for pronouncing that corrupt practices prevailed at the above-mentioned election (of a rector of Lincoln College), yet, looking at what passed at the election of the rector on November 13th, 1851, in connexion with what passed at the election of the sub-rector on November 6th, 1851, and in the interval between the two elections, he finds much which is calculated to reflect little credit on the college." (Oxford Royal Commission Report, p. 387).

That in the 2d chapter of the Lincoln College Statutes, an intention appears to have prevailed that two churches belonging to the college shall be placed under the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Oxford; and that this matter requires further consideration.

That in the 3d chapter the voting of the fellows of the college for a new rector is to take place in the college chapel "near the altar," where the word "altar" has been probably retained from some ancient Roman Catholic statute, instead of the modern expression of "communion table;" and that some room of the

college would be a more suitable locality for strongly contested elections than the chapel.

That by the 4th chapter of the Lincoln College Statutes the rector is to be in priest's orders, and all the fellows, except two, are to be ordained as priests within ten years after their admission to their fellowships; that the compulsory residence of the fellows in college appears to be contemplated to a considerable extent by the same statute, as well as by the collegiate great chapters, which are described in the 5th chapter of these statutes.

That there are at present 12 fellows of Lincoln College, of whom only three, viz., two college tutors and one bursar, are officially employed in the business of the college, and that the remaining nine fellows cannot all be reasonably expected to reside at Oxford.

That in the 11th chapter of the Lincoln College Statutes no provision whatever appears to have been made in deference to the conscientious scruples of students who are not members of the Church of England, and who may not be desirous to attend the services of the Established Church in the college chapel.

That in the Latin Statutes published in the "London Gazette," the word "jura," or rights, is used at the conclusion of the 12th chapter of the Lincoln College Code, and this word is translated "interests" in the version of the statutes laid before Parliament; and that some farther interpretation of the clause seems necessary, that "rights" may not be supposed to be thus created in direct opposition to the letter and spirit of the statutes as now revised.

That on the 8th October 1855, a majority of the corporation of Lincoln College, Oxford, are said not to have been present at the meeting when the seal of the college was affixed to the copy of the statutes which was laid before the Parliamentary Commissioners, and that, consequently, there was a want of strict legal formality in affixing the college seal on that occasion without the consent of a majority of the 13 members of the college corporation, and that this allegation, which your petitioner has been informed of from one of the fellows of Lincoln College, requires investigation.

Corpus Christi College.

That Bishop Fox the founder of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, is described in the Oxford Royal Commission Report (p. 229) as anticipating in the sixteenth century the great change of the Reformation which in a few years would pass over the face of European society, and as determined by minute regulations and solemn imprecations to preserve his own institution immovable amidst the general convulsion, and that the minute regulations which prescribed the studies, the worship, the exercise, the manners, the language, and the dress of the fellows of Corpus Christi College have been entirely set aside, and, for the most part, with great advantage, by Acts of Parliament, by custom, and by injunctions of the visitor and Commissioners.

That in the Oxford correspondence laid before Parliament (p. 47) many of the fellows of Corpus Christi College are stated to have thought it desirable "that the rule should be set aside which binds the fellows to take holy orders;" and that in the first chapter of the Corpus Statutes, as approved by the Parliamentary Commissioners, the president of the college is directed to be "in priest's orders, but not a bishop, learned in theology," which direction is at variance with the wish of many of the fellows.

That by a reference to the English translation of Bishop Fox's Statutes for this college (p. 7), concerning the election of the president it will be seen, that a mass was to be celebrated on that occasion merely to obtain grace from the Holy Spirit; but that a religious test is introduced into the second chapter of the modern statutes, which directs that prayers are to be solemnly celebrated according to the use of the Church of England, and that if any fellow is not present at the prayers he is to be regarded as absent from the election, and, therefore, to have no vote in it.

That the monstrous oath in chapter 3, for the president, is quite unsuitable to the present state of public opinion, and ought to be omitted.

That the censors or deans in chapter 8 of the original statutes were practically secular officers, appointed to watch the daily progress of all the fellows, scholars, and students, in propriety of conduct and scholastic research; but the censor

censor or dean in chapter 6 of the modern statutes, is a clerical officer appointed to watch the daily progress of the undergraduates in religion, good conduct, and study, and that such an officer cannot perform these duties assigned to him, nor is it desirable that he should attempt a system of "espionage" on the youths educated in the college.

That in chapter 13 of the modern statutes, the fellows are to declare their willingness to conform to the rites and sacraments of the Church of England; and to take an oath of observing the College Statutes, and to obey the decisions of the visitor respecting doubtful points in the statutes, and that both the declaration and the oath are undesirable at the present day.

That in chapter 21 nine fellows only are allowed to continue laymen, instead of the whole number.

That in chapter 34, deprivation of a fellowship, probationership, or scholarship, is threatened on conviction of heresy, thus establishing a species of private inquisition.

That if the fellows of Corpus Christi College were to be encouraged to adopt a shorter liturgical service, derived from the Book of Common Prayer of the Church of England, the attendance at the college chapel might be maintained as at present, and special dispensations might be allowed in the case of students, who conscientiously objected to attend the service so abridged.

That hitherto no instance has occurred of any fellowship having been bestowed in any college of the University of Oxford solely for distinction in modern science, modern literature, or modern history; that fellowships are still exclusively bestowed as the rewards of classical study, and that there is little probability of a change, unless ordinances are prepared on this subject for the colleges, either separately or in the aggregate.

That one-third of the fellowships in Corpus Christ College which become vacant, should be set apart for the new studies of the University.

That the colleges generally should be regarded, with the University, as public and national institutions.

That Professor Malden, M.D., of Trinity College, Cambridge, in his work on the Origin of Universities, remarks, that, "if private institutions, by their influence in the government of a public institution, so incorporate themselves with it, that no one can belong to the public institution without at the same time belonging to some of the private institutions, the public does not become private by this union, but the private make themselves public, and in this respect may rightfully be dealt with as public bodies."

That Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, with other colleges and halls in the University of Oxford, so completely influence and control the government of Oxford University, and are so incorporated with that ancient academical institution, that no one can belong to the University without at the same time belonging to some one of the colleges or halls within the University precincts, and that in this manner all the colleges and halls of Oxford have become public institutions, and may rightfully be dealt with as public bodies.

That at the time of the Reformation, the whole of the charters, statutes, papal bulls, and other muniments of the University, and of all the colleges and halls of Oxford, were surrendered into the hands of the Commissioners of King Henry the Eighth; that the papal bulls were never restored, and that the sovereign practically obtained the full amount of power which had been previously possessed by the Pope over the University, Colleges, and Halls of Oxford.

That the academical system at Oxford was improved, under King Henry the Eighth, by the compulsory removal of antiquated scholastic books, such as Duns Scotus, from the colleges, as well as by the encouragement of classical learning in the collegiate institutions.

That an Act of Parliament, in 1545, gave to the king despotic power during his lifetime over all colleges, and that the formation of Christ Church from the union of Cardinal College, Canterbury Hall, and Peckwater Inn, was effected in accordance with this Act of the Legislature, under King Henry the Eighth.

That under King Edward the Sixth, royal ordinances were sent to the University and Colleges of Oxford, and that in addition to the ordinances and injunctions passed by the Royal Commissioners, and delivered to the several colleges, general ordinances were framed, which were binding on every college in the University.

That the power of Queen Elizabeth was in a similar manner exercised over the University and Colleges of Oxford.

That in the letters patent granted by King James the First to the University of Oxford, for the election of two burgesses to Parliament, to be elected from among the members of the academical corporation, the University was defined to consist of very many colleges and halls, and the two representatives were to be elected for the common advantage of the whole State, as well as of the University, and of each of the colleges and halls of Oxford.

That in 1636, at the time of the promulgation of the Laudian Statutes for the University of Oxford, both the university and colleges of that ancient seat of learning were under the control of Archbishop Laud; that in September 1649, after the removal of the Episcopalian party from power, the Parliamentary Committee for the reformation of the University of Oxford, prepared various directions, both for the university and the colleges, of which the following may be cited as relating to the whole of the colleges at Oxford:—

"That lest men should degenerate and make their means their end, and through retirement become drones, no man should enjoy his fellowship beyond the standing of the doctor's degree, or one year after his commencement as a doctor, unless they be such as are professors or public lecturers."

That in 1652, a petition to Parliament from the University of Oxford was referred to the Parliamentary Committee, in which the University prayed the Parliament to appoint a convenient number of visitors resident at Oxford, with regard to these circumstances, that the statutes of the University and houses had not as yet been fully examined, the several powers given by the local statutes of most colleges to their visitors were still unsettled, nor was there any course established for the determination of particular emergencies which the present statutes did not reach.

That in September 1654, the Lord Protector, Oliver Cromwell, appointed commissioners to visit the University of Oxford, directing them to examine what statutes of the said University, or of the colleges and halls respectively within the said University, were fit to be taken away, abrogated, or altered, and what were fit to be added, in matters of religion, manners, discipline, and exercises, and to exhibit the same to His Highness the Lord Protector and the Parliament.

That the Laudian Statutes were restored at Oxford in 1660, with the various codes of college statutes, as they had existed before the interference of the Long Parliament and of Oliver Cromwell.

That various valuable suggestions were made by the Oxford Royal Commissioners of 1850, for the reform of academical regulations, which do not appear to have been considered in the present edition of the Statutes of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, and that the Oxford colleges were described by the Royal Commissioners as public institutions.

That the present edition of the Statutes of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, wisely includes a modification of the ancient rules of limiting college endowments to the extremely poor and indigent. That scholarships are, in all these three codes of statutes, to be conferred independently of property, and that a fellowship need not be vacated, generally speaking, so far as property is concerned, unless the person holding the fellowship should be in possession either of an ecclesiastical benefice exceeding the clear annual value of 200 *l.*, or of an income of 500 *l.* per annum. That scholarships in Trinity College, Cambridge, have long been conferred on a similar principle of the absence of any inquiry with respect to property; that fellowships are granted by the authorities of Trinity College, Cambridge, on quite as comprehensive a scheme with respect to property as the one suggested in the recent Oxford College Statutes; and that the practical result of the open distribution of scholarships and fellowships, according to merit, has been greatly to increase the power of Trinity College, and to add to the number of its dilligent and reading students.

That a general survey of the whole of the Oxford University and college statutes, and of Acts of Parliament relating to those institutions, appears to your petitioner to be requisite, in order that the statutes of individual colleges may be rightfully framed, with a view to the advancement of learning, and the maintenance of religious freedom.

That

That if it should be deemed expedient that the various codes of college statutes at Oxford should be separately ratified by Royal authority in the unprecedented manner which is now proposed, your petitioner would humbly submit that the following alterations suggested in the present petition should be adopted in the revised statutes of Exeter College, Lincoln College, and Corpus Christi College :—

In the Exeter College Statutes.

1. That recent ecclesiastical tests, and restrictions of birth, and place of education, should be removed from scholarships.
2. That recent ecclesiastical tests should be removed from fellowships.
3. That the visitor shall not be allowed to deprive a fellow of his fellowship for contradicting the Christian faith of the Church of England.
4. That compulsory ordination be not required either in the case of the rector or any of the fellows.
5. That a special dispensation be permitted from attendance at the liturgical services of the Church of England in the case of students who are not members of that Church.
6. That the visitatorial powers be reconsidered.

In the Lincoln College Statutes.

1. That the words "for ever" in the preamble be omitted.
2. That the visitatorial powers be reconsidered.
3. That the restriction of Church membership for fellows be removed.
4. That the fellow proposed to be nominated by the Bishop of Lincoln be elected by merit in an open examination.
5. That the oath to keep the college statutes be not preserved.
6. That fellows be not deprived of their fellowships either for notorious incontinence or for heretical opinions.
7. That no churches belonging to the college be transferred to the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Oxford without mature consideration.
8. That the college chapel be not the locality selected for contested college elections of officers.
9. That compulsory ordination be relinquished in the case of the rector and fellows, and that compulsory residence be not insisted upon after the degree of Bachelor of Arts.
10. That dispensations be allowed from the college chapel services for students who conscientiously object to conform to the Liturgy of the Church of England.
11. That the word "jura," or rights, be altered, in the conclusion of the 12th chapter of the statutes, into some word which may not sanction a resistance to the new statutes as soon as ratified.
12. That an inquiry be made with respect to the mode in which the seal of the college was affixed to the revised copy of the statutes.

In the Corpus Christi College Statutes.

1. That holy orders be not compulsory either for the president or any of the fellows.
2. That attendance at the prayers of the Church of England be not a religious test at any college election.
3. That college oaths be abolished.
4. That the dean have his occupation more practically defined, and that he be not a censor of religion.
5. That conformity to the sacraments of the Church of England be not required from the fellows.
6. That no scholar or fellow be deprived on account of heresy.
7. That a shorter daily liturgical service in the college chapel be recommended, and that a special dispensation be allowed to students who conscientiously object to the service so abridged.
8. That one-third of the fellowships, when vacant, be set apart to reward proficients in the new studies of the university, such as modern science, modern literature,

literature, and modern history, as well as other subjects, a knowledge of which is required in the service of the State.

That the colleges of Oxford generally be emphatically declared to be public and national institutions.

James Heywood.

5, Eaton-place, London, April 15, 1856.

ILLUSTRATIVE DOCUMENTS (referred to in this Petition) on the *Oxford* System of Education according to the University Statutes.

EARLY course, accordant in form to the main designs of the founders of colleges before the Reformation, such as Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges (from the Statutes of King Edward the Sixth, 1549, for the University of Oxford), showing the secular course prescribed for undergaduates.

Statutes and injunctions for the University of Oxford, given by the Commissioners of King Edward the Sixth. . . . .

CHAPTER 4.—*The System of Study, and the course by which young men are to be advanced to degrees of higher dignity.*

The novice, freshly arrived from school, is first to apply himself to mathematics, and to study them with all his heart; that is to say arithmetic, geometry, astronomy, and geography to the greatest possible extent. In the following year he is to be taught logic. In the third and fourth years philosophy is to be added. . . . .

CHAPTER 5.—*The Bachelor of Arts.*

These persons are to be constant attendants at the lectures in philosophy, perspective, astronomy, and the Greek tongue ; and they must perfect by their industry what had been previously begun in these subjects . . . . When they have been so employed for three years they shall be elected into the class of masters.

CHAPTER 6.—*Masters of Arts.*

A Master of Arts must be a diligent and daily attendant at the lectures on theology and Hebrew, and must devote five years to these subjects. . . . .

CHAPTER 7.—*Bachelor of Divinity.*

A Bachelor of Divinity shall every day attend the theological lecture. . . . Four years after taking the degree of Bachelor of Divinity, . . . he may be called to the Doctor's degree in divinity.

CHAPTER 26.—*Of the Chancellor (including the following rule for the Colleges).*

. . . . Any person who is a candidate for admission to any degree must first be approved of by a majority of the college of which he is a member, and be introduced to the Chancellor, then sitting in congregation, by a person of the same college and the ordinary reader of the faculty, in the name of the college. . . . .

CHAPTER 28.—*The Ordinances delivered by the Commissioners of King Edward the Sixth to the several Colleges.*

"To the ordinances and injunctions which we lately passed, and by the King's authority delivered to the several colleges, in order that they might be observed by those bodies, . . . we have taken the pains to add the following, knowing them all to be most beneficial ; and we will and command that they shall all be most scrupulously kept by you." . . .

"To these statutes of ours, which we have given to the students of our University of Oxford, for their observance, we have added the following interpretations or amendments and additions, and command them to be observed." . . . .

The visitors appointed by King Edward the Sixth on this occasion to visit the University of Oxford in 1549, were :—

John, Earl of Warwick, Viscount Lisle, Great Chamberlain of England.
Henry (Holbech), Bishop of Lincoln.
Nicholas (Ridley), Bishop of Rochester.
William Paget, Counsellor, and Comptroller of the King's Household.
William Petre, Knight, Secretary of State.
Richard Cox, Almoner and Tutor to the King.
Simon Haynes, Dean of Exeter.
Christopher Nevenson, Doctor of Laws.
Richard Morison, Knight.

[A copy of King Edward the Sixth's statutes, and of the statutes before the Reformation, as well as of Cardinal Pole's statutes for the University of Oxford, is preserved in Smith's MSS. in the library of the Society of Antiquaries in London.]

Oxford University Tests, under Queen Elizabeth and the early Stuart Sovereigns.

In the octavo edition of the Recommendations of the Oxford University Royal Commissioners, including a history of the University Subscription Tests, published by Longman, Brown,

Brown, Green, and Longman, 1853, an account is given, page 446, of the introduction of a matriculation test at Oxford in 1581, at which time many Roman-catholics were in the University.

In 1588–9, the Oxford University Convocation ordered that no scholar should be promoted to the degree of Bachelor of Arts, nor from that of Bachelor to be a Master, unless he could repeat from memory the Thirty-nine Articles of Faith and Religion, and give a sufficient reason for them, according to the sense of the Scriptures. (Heywood's edition of the Oxford Recommendations, as above, page 447.)

Laud's Statutes for the University of Oxford, in 1636 (Title 3, On obliging students to reside in colleges and halls at Oxford), enact, section 2, that the tutor of a college or hall in Oxford is to instruct the students placed under his care in approved authors, and most of all in the rudiments of religion and the articles of doctrine that were published in the Synod of London in 1562.

Puritanism had been on the increase at Oxford in the early part of the 17th century, and King James the First had attempted to check this puritanical tendency, in 1616, by his royal directions, such as the following:—That he would have all who should take any degree in the University of Oxford to subscribe to the three articles of the 36th Canon, including the Book of Common Prayer. . . . . That all scholars, both at the college chapel and at the schools, should keep their scholastical habits. . . . . That young students in divinity be . . . . excited to bestow their time on the fathers and councils, on schoolmen, histories, and controversies.

— No. 4. —

PETITION of certain Members of the Executive Committee of the Association for the Reform of Educational Endowments.

To the Queen's Majesty in Privy Council.

The Humble Petition of the undersigned Members of the Executive Committee of the Association for the Reform of Educational Endowments,

Sheweth,

THAT the appointment of a Parliamentary Commission by the Oxford University Act of 1854 was intended by the Legislature to assist in the introduction and progress of those reforms in the University and Colleges of Oxford which time and circumstances had rendered absolutely necessary in order to increase the utility of such academical institutions.

That the provisions of the Oxford University Act of 1854 practically removed compulsory religious tests from the commencement and termination of the undergraduate career at Oxford, and that the present edition of the Exeter College statutes laid before Parliament introduces a new compulsory religious test into the middle of the undergraduate career in that college, by directing that no persons shall be "eligible for college scholarships but members of the Church of England or of some church in communion with the Church of England," while the University Act of Parliament of 1854 provided that it shall not be necessary for any person, either at matriculation or on taking the first or bachelor's degree in arts, law, medicine, or music, to make any declaration whatever.

That the Thirty-nine Articles of the Church of England still form a part of the public examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts at Oxford, and that by the Oxford University statutes the tutors of colleges are directed to instruct their pupils in those articles of religion; but that since the passing of the Oxford University Act of 1854, a University statute has been agreed to at Oxford, that in any case where a head of a college shall certify that any one of the students of his college is not a member of the Church of England, such student shall be examined in some other subject in place of Thirty-nine Articles for the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

That provision ought to be made in the Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi College statutes for the substitution of some subject of college instruction in the place of the Thirty-nine Articles for students of those colleges who may not be members of the Church of England.

That the educated laity of this country are not fairly treated, either by the restriction of the headships of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges to priests of the Church of England, or by the arrangements of compulsory ordination

for fellowships, in consequence of which the governing bodies of each of these colleges will probably be clerical.

That by the Statutes of Exeter College all members of the college are required, during residence, to attend Divine service according to the Liturgy of the Church of England, except in any special case attendance be dispensed with for causes to be approved by the college; that by the Statutes of Lincoln College all the fellows and other inmates of the college during residence are to be present every day in full term at the reading of the Church of England prayers; and by the Statutes of Corpus Christi College all persons present in the college are bound to attend frequently at the prayers to be read in full term every morning and evening in the chapel; that in modern times fellows of colleges and other resident graduates not in office practically please themselves as to attendance or non-attendance at chapel prayers, and that the revival of these ancient monastic regulations, including nominally the whole of the resident members of each college, may probably be especially intended to refer to the undergraduate students, and that either special exemptions from attendance at chapel should be allowed to undergraduate students who are not members of the Church of England, or the form of prayers read in the college chapel should be revised, so as to adapt the daily college religious worship to the case of students of different religious denominations.

That public opinion in this country at the present day clearly favours a fairer distribution of college rewards at Oxford among lay and divinity students, and insists on the opening of the undergraduate education in the University and colleges of that seat of learning.

That in the Oxford University Act of 1854, Parliament intended to carry out the expression of public opinion, so far as it related to the opening of the undergraduate course of education at Oxford, but that the present edition of the Statutes of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges appears to your petitioners to have been framed with the view of frustrating the intentions of the Legislature, by ignoring the existence of students to be admitted into Oxford colleges, without being necessarily members of the Church of England, and by closing the colleges against the possibility of permitting any students who are not members of the Church of England to reside within their walls.

Your petitioners therefore pray, that a Select Committee of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council may so revise the Statutes of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, as to bring the regulations and ordinances of those ancient institutions into harmony with the manifest spirit of the Legislature in the Oxford University Act of 1854.

Robt. N. Philips, High Sheriff, Chairman.
Edward Frankland, PH. D., F.R.S., Owen's College, Deputy Chairman.
James Heywood, M.P., F.R.S., The Headlands, Manchester.
Mark Philips, The Park, Manchester.
Thomas Ashton, M.D., Mosley-street, Manchester.
Edmund Potter, Mosley-street, Manchester.
Octavius Allen Ferris, Victoria-park, Manchester.
Robt. Angus Smith, PH. D., F.C.S., Manchester.
Francis Tucker, B.A., Old Trafford, Manchester.
Wm. M'Kerrow, D.D., Greenheys, Manchester.
Thomas Baker, Skerton-house, Old Trafford, Manchester.
R. W. Smiles, 80, King-street, Manchester.
Robert Vaughan, D.D., Lancashire Independent College.
John Fildes, Councillor, Manchester.
James Edwards, Brown-street, Manchester.
J. G. Greenwood, B.A., Owen's College.
Alexander M'Dougall, Councillor, Manchester.
Henry Halford Jones, F.R.A.S., Manchester.
R. Brook Aspland, M.A., Dukinfield.
Samuel Robinson, Dukinfield and Wilmslow.
Robert Hyde Greg, J.P., Norcliffe Hall, Cheshire.
Albert Greg, B.A., Caton, Lancaster.
Richard Aspden, Councillor, Manchester.

Manchester, April 1856.

— No. 5. —

PETITION of the Trustees of Dr. *Williams'* Library, *Red Cross-street.*

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Privy Council.

The Humble Petition of the undersigned Trustees of Dr. Williams' Library, Red Cross-street, in the City of London,

Sheweth,

THAT your petitioners are attached to the principles of civil and religious liberty, and are desirous to aid in carrying into effect those principles in the University and Colleges of Oxford.

That the Act of 1854, for regulating the University of Oxford, contains two clauses for removing compulsory religious tests from the commencement and termination of the undergraduate career.

That a recent Statute of the University of Oxford provides for the substitution of some other subject of examination in place of the Thirty-nine Articles of the Church of England, in the case of any student who is certified by the head of the college or hall to which he belongs not to be a member of the Church of England.

That it has thus been admitted by the authorities of the University of Oxford to be the intention of the Legislature that persons not members of the Church of England should be allowed to receive their education in the colleges and halls; but that, nevertheless, in the revised Statutes of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, in Oxford, recently submitted to Parliament, no provisions have hitherto been made to modify the college system in any case, so as to suit such students.

That the daily compulsory attendance of all the students at the liturgical services of the Church of England in the college chapel, and the compulsory instruction of all undergraduates in the Thirty-nine Articles of the Church of England within the colleges, are collegiate arrangements which especially demand alteration.

That before any Oxford College Statutes are ratified by Her Majesty's most gracious authority, the general arrangements of the University and of all the colleges and halls should be considered, as well as the provisions of the Act of Uniformity of 1662, and such local Statutes of any college or hall as contravene the obvious practical intention of the two religious liberty clauses inserted near the end of the Oxford University Act of 1854, should be either modified or abrogated.

That your petitioners therefore pray that your Majesty's gracious assent to the Statutes of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, Oxford, may be withheld for a time, so as to allow of a mature consideration of the changes which will be necessary in Oxford College Statutes, to adapt those ancient enactments to the present state of legislation and public opinion.

Thomas Madge, Minister of Essex-street Chapel, Strand.
John James Tayler, B.A., Principal of Manchester New College.
Philip Le Breton, M.A., of Exeter College, Oxford.
Edward Tagart, Minister of the Chapel in Little Portland-street.
Thomas L. Marshall, Minister of Gravel-pit Chapel, Hackney.
Thos. P. Warren.
James Esdaile.
Samuel Sharpe.
James Yates, M.A., F.R.S.
Thomas Sadler, PH.D., Minister of Rosslyn Chapel, Hampstead.
Will. Wansey.

Red Cross-street, London, April 1856.

— No. 6. —

PETITION of the Rev. *Mark Pattison*, B.D., Fellow of Lincoln College, *Oxford*.

To Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen in Her Privy Council.

The Humble Petition and Memorial of Mark Pattison, Bachelor of Divinity, and Fellow of Lincoln College, Oxford.

YOUR petitioner prays leave to set forth, that as soon as the Commission appointed by the Act 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81, were ready to receive applications from colleges for alterations in their statutes, the rector and fellows of Lincoln College endeavoured to prepare a new scheme of statutes to be submitted to the said Commission. That a draft of new ordinances and statutes were sent in, and agreed to by the said Commissioners. That such scheme of new statutes effects some beneficial changes, and especially in that it does away with local restrictions as a qualification for fellowships.

But that owing to haste, and to the disadvantage of being among the first to attempt the task of framing new statutes, and to other causes, the draft of statutes so agreed to is insufficient for the purposes set forth by the Act 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81.

And especially the ordinances so framed by the college, and agreed to by the Commissioners, fail in using the powers conveyed by the Act 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81, in the following respects:

1. In that, by requiring the rector and all the fellows (two only excepted) to enter holy orders, they exclude the lay professions from the benefits of the charity, and restrict the choice of fellows.
2. In that, by requiring the fellows to proceed to the degree of M.A., they indirectly impose a religious test.
3. In that they do not make sufficient provision to secure that the election to fellowships be determined entirely by merit.
4. In that they omit to make any part of the funds of the college available for the general purposes of academical education; for that, while the revenues of the college amount to (about) 6,000 *l.* per annum, only three persons (viz. two tutors and one bursar) are employed in the college service, the rest of the fellowships being sinecure; that nothing, your petitioner believes, would tend more to raise the general character and efficiency of the college, as a place of education, than the introduction into the corporation of some person of standing and attainments as a public lecturer or professor.

Your petitioner, therefore, humbly prays, that the said ordinances and statutes may be referred back to the Commissioners for the reconsideration of them on the following points:

1. The obligation on all the fellows except two to enter holy orders at the end of ten years.
2. The obligation to proceed to the degree of M.A. in the case of lay fellows.
3. The desirability of appointing a General Board of Examiners to examine candidates for fellowships; or a Board of Appeal, to re-examine when it is alleged that any rejected candidate was superior in attainment to the person elected.
4. The desirability of appropriating two or more of the sinecure fellowships to a public lecturer or professor to be attached to the foundation.

Your petitioner further humbly prays, that Your Majesty would be graciously pleased to withhold your Royal assent to the statutes and ordinances of Lincoln College till the statutes and ordinances of all the other colleges in the University shall be laid before Your Majesty in Council.

And your petitioner will ever pray, &c.

Mark Pattison, B.D.,
Fellow of Lincoln College.

Oxford, 1856.

— No. 7. —

PETITION of *Charles Neate*, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, and Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford, and of *Henry Edward Moberly*, Clerk, Fellow of New College, Oxford, praying that a certain Memorial relating to Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges may be referred to a Committee.

To the Queen's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

The humble Petition of Charles Neate, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, and Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford, and Henry Edward Moberly, Clerk, Fellow of New College, Oxford,

Humbly sheweth,

THAT your petitioners, in common with one hundred and four other members of the University of Oxford, recently presented to the Commissioners appointed under the Oxford University Act a memorial, of which the following is a copy, with a list of the signatures subjoined:

"To the Right Honourable, Right Reverend, and other the Commissioners appointed under the Oxford University Act.

"THE undersigned, while they recognise education to be a principal duty incumbent on colleges, are unwilling to disregard the eleemosynary character impressed almost universally by their founders on the several foundations.

"They do not believe from their own experience that the disregard of that character will increase the efficiency of colleges as places of education and learning.

"They therefore respectfully submit to the Commissioners that electors to fellowships may safely be left to use such discretion as they may now possess in taking into consideration in each case the pecuniary circumstances of candidates."

[*Here follow the* 104 *other signatures annexed to the Memorial of certain Members of the University, No.* 9 *infrà.*]

That your petitioners believe and submit that such memorial was in the first instance properly addressed to the said Commissioners.

That your petitioners are informed that the question raised by such memorial has been referred by Your Majesty to a Committee of Your Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council for their advice thereon; and your petitioners, and, as your petitioners believe, the other memorialists, are desirous that the said memorial should be referred to the said Committee for their consideration.

Wherefore your petitioners, on behalf of themselves and the other memorialists, humbly pray that Your Majesty will be graciously pleased to order that this petition and the said memorial as embodied in it may be referred to the said Committee of Council for their consideration, and that your petitioners and the other memorialists may be admitted to support the said memorial before the said Committee in such way as to the said Committee may seem just and expedient, or that Your Majesty may be pleased to make such other order on this petition as Your Majesty may be advised and to Your Majesty may seem fit.

And your petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

Charles Neate, Fellow of Oriel College, Oxford.
Henry Edward Moberly, Clerk, Fellow of New College, Oxford.

Oxford, 19 April 1856.

— No. 8. —

LETTER from Secretary to Oxford University Commission.

Oxford University Commission,
Sir, 10 April 1856.

I HAVE the honour to transmit to you, by direction of the Oxford University Commissioners, a memorial addressed to the Commissioners by members of the University of Oxford, together with the reply of the Commissioners.

I have, &c.
C. C. Greville, Esq. *Goldwin Smith*, Secretary.

— No. 9. —

MEMORIAL from certain Members of the University to the Oxford Commissioners respecting Fellowships.

To the Right Honourable, Right Reverend, and other the Commissioners appointed under the Oxford University Act.

THE undersigned, while they recognise education to be a principal duty incumbent on colleges, are unwilling to disregard the eleemosynary character impressed almost universally by their founders on the several foundations.

They do not believe from their own experience that the disregard of that character will increase the efficiency of colleges as places of education and learning.

They therefore respectfully submit to the Commissioners that electors to fellowships may safely be left to use such discretion as they now possess in taking into consideration in each case the pecuniary circumstances of candidates.

R. L. Cotton, D.D., Provost of Worcester College, Vice-Chancellor.
Edward Hawkins, D.D., Provost of Oriel.
R. Bullock Marsham, D.C.L., Warden of Merton.
David Williams, D.C.L., Warden of New College.
Frederic Bulley, D.D., President of Magdalen College.
P. Wynter, D.D., President of St. John's.
B. P. Symons, D.D., Warden of Wadham College.
J. D. Macbride, D.C.L., Principal of Magdalen Hall.
Philip Bliss, D.C.L., late Fellow of St. John's, Principal of St. Mary Hall.
J. Barrow, D.D., Principal of St. Edmund Hall.
William Jacobson, D.D., Regius Professor of Divinity.
C. A. Heurtley, D.D., Margaret Professor of Divinity, Ch. Ch.
H. Wellesley, D.D., Principal of New Inn Hall.
John Bull, D.D., Canon of Christ Church.
E. Hobhouse, Fellow of Merton Coll.
H. B. Walton, Fellow of Merton Coll.
S. Edwardes, Fellow of Merton Coll.
H. Prescott, Fellow of Merton Coll.
William Sewell, B.D., Fellow of Exeter College, and Warden of St. Peter's College, Radley.
Charles Neate, M.A., Fellow of Oriel College.
D. P. Chase, M.A., Fellow of Oriel College, Vice-Principal of St. Mary Hall.
John W. Burgon, M.A., Fellow of Oriel.
Henry Earle Tweed, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Oriel.
Francis Harrison, M.A., Fellow and Mathl. Lecturer of Oriel.
Charles Daman, M.A., Tutor and late Fellow of Oriel.
Charles H. Pearson, M.A., Fellow of Oriel.
George Buckle, M.A., late Fellow of Oriel.

C. P. Golightly, M.A., Oriel Coll.
U. C. Forbes, M.A., Oriel Coll.
William E. C. Austin, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of New College.
John Murray Holland, M.A., Fellow and Dean of New College.
A. R. Stephens, B.C.L., Bursar and Fellow of New College.
H. E. Moberly, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of New College.
J. E. Sewell, M.A., Fellow of New College.
Edward Miller, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of New College.
Coker Adams, M.A., Fellow of New College.
Philip Williams, B.C.L., late Fellow of New College.
Arthur Faber, B.A., Fellow and Assistant Tutor of New College.
J. Leslie Randall, M.A., Fellow of New College.
C. W. Lawrence, M.A., Steward and late Fellow of New College.
Edward W. Rowden, M.A., late Fellow of New College, Registrar of the University.
William F. Fortescue, M.A., late Fellow of New College.
John Slatter, M.A., Lincoln Coll.
Robert Cholmley, M.A., Vice-President of Magdalen College.
John Fisher, D.D., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
John Rance Bloxam, D.D., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
Robert F. Hessey, M.A., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
John Rigaud, B.D., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
Thomas Frederick Smith, B.D., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
Llewellyn Meyrick, M.A., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
J. H. Newman, D.D., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
Harris Smith, B.D., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
James Elwin Millard, B.D., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
Edward H. Hansell, B.D., Prælector of Theology, Magdalen College.
John W. Knight, M.A., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
Samuel I. Bowles, M.A., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
Thomas Butler, B.D., Fellow of Magd. Coll.
Thomas Chaffers, M.A., V. P. of B. N. C.
Fredk. Menzies, M.A., Junior Bursar of Brasenose.
J. W. Barlow, Fellow of Brasenose.
J. Henry R. Shand, Fellow of Brasenose.
R. S. Wilson, Fellow of Brasenose.
C. J. Wood, Fellow of Brasenose.
John W. Knott, M.A., Fellow of Brasenose Coll.
W. K. Macrorie, M.A., Brasenose Coll.
H. T. T. West, M.A., Brasenose Coll.
Edward Greswell, B.D., Fellow of C. C. C.
Edward Stokes, M.A., Student of Christchurch.
R. M. Benson, M.A., Student of Ch. Ch.
Ralph Barnes, M.A., late Student of Ch. Ch.
Frederick A. Gore Ouseley, Bart., Professor of Music in the Univ. of Oxford.
Thomas Short, B.D., Fellow and Tutor of Trinity College.
Frederick Meyrick, M.A., Fellow and Assistant Tutor of Trinity College.
George Petch, Fellow and Tutor of Trinity College.
William L. Lewis, Fellow and Lecturer of Trinity College.
William Wood, M.A., Fellow of Trinity College.
Charles Rew, B.D., Fellow of St. John's.
H. L. Mansel, B.D., Tutor of St. John's College, and Reader in Moral Philosophy, Magdalen College.
Arthur Starkey, B.D., Fellow of St. John's.
James Bellamy, B.D., Fellow and Tutor of St. John's.
Chr. Cookson, Fellow and Tutor of St. John's.
Edward Palin, M.A., Fellow and Lecturer of St. John's.
J. H. Reid, Fellow and Lecturer of St. John's College.
William Dyke, B.D., Tutor and Bursar of Jesus College.
C. W. Heaton, B.D., Fellow of Jesus Coll.

Lewis Gilbertson, Fellow and Lecturer of Jesus Coll.
Robert Owen, B.D., Fellow and Dean of Jesus College.
Fredk. J. Holt Beever, Fellow of Jesus Coll.
Rowland Muckleston, Fellow and Tutor of Wor. Coll.
Richard Greswell, B.D., (late) Fellow and Tutor of Worcester College.
J. Hannay, Fellow of Wor. Coll.
William Chambers, Fellow, Dean, and Divinity Lecturer of Wor. Coll.
William Andrew, Fellow and Tutor of Worc. College.
B. C. Caffin, Fellow and Tutor of Worcester College.
Henry Tripp, M.A., Fellow of Worcester Coll.
R. Michell, Vice-Principal of Magdalen Hall.
James E. Thorold Rogers, M.A., Magdalen Hall.
Edw. R. Dukes, M.A., St. Mary Hall.
James Rumsey, M.A., St. Mary Hall.
Henry Walford, M.A., Vice-Principal of St. Edmund Hall.
Thomas E. Brown, M.A., Fellow of Oriel.
H. H. Crucknell, Fellow of Oriel.
Henry H. Wood, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Queen's College.
George Hayton, M.A., Fellow of Queen's College.
J. W. Falcon, M.A., Fellow and Lecturer of Queen's College.
T. Carteret Maule, M.A., Fellow of St. John's College.

All the persons whose names are appended to the accompanying memorial have actually signed different copies of the document itself, with the exception of three gentlemen, Messrs. Knight, Bowles, and Butler, all of Magdalen College, whose names are added on a written authority from a member of their own college.

Charles Neate, Fellow of Oriel.
Henry E. Moberly, Fellow of New College.

— No. 10. —

COPY of LETTER from the Secretary to the Oxford University Commission, in reply to a Memorial from certain Members of the University.

Rev. Sir, Oxford University Commission, 7 April 1856.

THE Oxford University Commissioners direct me to acknowledge the receipt of the memorial signed by yourself and other members of the University, deprecating a disregard of the eleemosynary character of college foundations, and praying that preferences in regard to pecuniary circumstances in the election to fellowships may be retained.

In reply, the Commissioners direct me to assure the memorialists, that they have constantly kept in view the object of carrying out the eleemosynary intentions of founders by rendering the foundations more available as aids to deserving persons in obtaining a University education; though they have not thought it conducive to this object to retain or revive indefinite preferences in regard to pecuniary circumstances or expectations, known or reputed, in the elections to that which has become the governing and educating body of a place of general education.

I am, &c.
(signed) *S. W. Wayte.*

The Rev. R. L. Cotton, D.D.,
Provost of Worcester College.

— No. 11. —

LETTER from Council Office to Secretary to the Oxford University Commissioners, with printed Copies of Petitions against the Oxford Statutes.

Sir, Council Office, Whitehall, 29 April 1856.

I AM directed by the Lord President of the Council to transmit to you, for the information of the Oxford Commissioners, a copy of certain petitions against the

the regulations and ordinances of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, Oxford, which have been referred by Her Majesty, together with the said regulations and ordinances, to a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and I am to request that you will move the Commissioners to transmit to me, at their earliest convenience, for the information of the Lords of the Council, such observations as they may think fit to make thereupon.

I have, &c.

The Secretary of the Oxford University Commission. *Henry Reeve.*

— No. 12. —

Letter from the Secretary to the Oxford University Commissioners, in reply to the above.

Oxford University Commission, 17, Great Queen Street,

Sir, Westminster, 5 May 1856.

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 29th of April, inclosing, by direction of the Lord President of the Council, for the information of the Oxford University Commissioners, a copy of certain petitions against the regulations and ordinances of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Colleges.

With reference to the request that the Commissioners will transmit to you, for the information of the Lords of the Council, such observations as they may think fit to make on these petitions, the Commissioners direct me to say that, in their opinion, inconveniences would arise from their stating their collective views otherwise than through their official acts, but that one of their secretaries will attend the Committee of the Privy Council, if their Lordships think fit, to afford any information which may be required.

I have, &c.

Henry Reeve, Esq. *Goldwin Smith,* Secretary.

— No. 13. —

Letter from Council Office to Rector of Exeter College, with printed Copies of Petitions against the Oxford Statutes.

Reverend Sir, Council Office, Whitehall, 29 April 1856.

I am directed by the Lord President of the Council to transmit to you, for the information of the members of the college of which you are the head, a copy of certain petitions to Her Majesty in Council against the regulations and ordinances of Exeter and other colleges, and I am to request that you will favour me, at your earliest convenience, with any observations which the members of the college may think fit to make on such portions of these petitions as relate to their own college, in order that such observations may be taken into consideration by the Lords of the Council.

I have, &c.

The Rev. the Rector of Exeter College. *Henry Reeve.*

[Similar letters were sent to the Rector of Lincoln College and the President of Corpus Christi College.]

— No. 14. —

Letter from the Rector of Exeter College in answer to the above Letter.

Sir, Exeter College, 30 April 1856.

I beg leave to acknowledge the receipt of certain petitions to Her Majesty in Council against the regulations and ordinances of Exeter and other Colleges, and I will not fail without delay to call the attention of the college to such portions of these petitions as concern Exeter College.

I have, &c.

Henry Reeve, Esq. *J. P. Lightfoot.*

— No. 15. —

THE OBSERVATIONS of the Rector and Fellows of Exeter College on certain Petitions to Her Majesty in Council against the Regulations and Ordinances of Exeter College.

To the Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council.

MR. HEYWOOD remarks (p. 5), that "the introduction of a Church of England test for scholarships in the Statutes of Exeter College, Oxford, during the undergraduate career, appears to your petitioner to be an illegal restriction, as the Oxford University Act of Parliament of 1854 has removed compulsory religious tests from the commencement and termination of religious life in Oxford." Now, in the first place, it can scarcely be said that, in providing that candidates for fellowships or scholarships should be members of the Church of England, we have imposed a test, as a test differs from a qualification; but we also submit that the cases provided for by the Act are entirely different from the one referred to in Mr. Heywood's objection; for, 1st. The time at which a scholarship is obtained does not necessarily coincide either with the time of admission to the University, or of taking the Bachelor of Arts degree; and, 2d. The privileges attaching to a scholarship in a college are wholly different from those which follow on matriculation to the University. 3d. That the University Act does not alter the appropriation of endowments, though it gives power to the colleges and the Commissioners to modify the limitations to which they are at present subject; and further, even if it should be argued that, in referring to matriculation (called by Mr. Heywood "the commencement of undergraduate life in Oxford") the Act intended to include admission to a scholarship in a college, on the ground that "the colleges and halls in the University of Oxford are so incorporated with that ancient academical institution, that no one can belong to the University without at the same time belonging to some one of the colleges or halls," yet it is evident that the opening of the University by no means involved the compulsory opening of the colleges, inasmuch as the same Act which abolished the test at matriculation established private halls, with this view, it should seem, among others, that if colleges did not choose to receive Dissenters, or, what was as probable, Dissenters did not choose to come to colleges, they might find their admission to the University in the private halls. Again, by the 28th section of the Act, it is stated to be "expedient to make ordinances for promoting the main designs of founders and donors," and, in the case of some colleges, for "converting fellowships otherwise limited into scholarships or exhibitions, either subject or not to any similar or modified limitations;" and by the enacting part of the section a power is given "to make regulations and ordinances for the purpose of effecting or advancing any of the aforesaid objects and purposes." Now, the fellowships out of which the scholarships in Exeter College have been formed, were theological fellowships, and were founded for persons who were intended ultimately to take holy orders (as will be more fully shown further on), and the foundation consequently must have been intended for members of the Church of England. We therefore maintain that we not only have not violated the Act, but have most stricly complied with its provisions, by modifying the previous limitations, and confining the scholarships so founded to members of the Church of England.

With regard to the latter part of Mr. Heywood's first suggestion, viz., that restriction of birth and place of education should be removed from the scholarships, we may repeat the argument already used, viz., that the Act gives the power to convert limited fellowships "into scholarships or exhibitions, either subject or not to any similar or modified limitations." In accordance with these provisions the following changes have been made:—By our old statutes twelve fellowships were limited to the counties of Devon and Cornwall, eight to the former and four to the latter. We have proposed to convert seven fellowships into scholarships, ten of which shall be entirely open, and ten subject to the "modified limitation," that the candidates should be natives of the diocese of Exeter, or should have received in part their education in that diocese, but with this important provision, that in case no candidate, duly qualified in the judgment

judgment of the electors, shall present himself, the scholarship pro hac vice shall be thrown entirely open. And as to the scholarships founded by the suppression of King Charles I. fellowship, it being declared in letters patent of the founder, "that it is his sayd Majesty's intention," "that within convenient tyme the sayd fellowes or scholars * * shall return to the sayd several islands upon fitt promocons, there to serve God," and this intention that the fellows or scholars should return to the island, not having been generally fulfilled, we have converted the fellowship into two scholarships, with "modified limitations," the better to "promote the main designs" of its royal founder.

No. 2.

Mr. Heywood next suggests that "recent ecclesiastical tests shall be removed from fellowships." Now although there is no distinct clause in our old statutes "totidem verbis" requiring membership of the Church of England as a qualification for a fellowship, yet at a period when the State recognised no form of religion except that of the National Church, it would be idle to expect any statutes directly enjoining that the fellows must be members of that Church. But there is some direct and the strongest indirect proof that the old statutes did require membership of the Church of England as a qualification.

The following is the direct proof that the fellows must have been members of the Church, for which indeed the society must be regarded as a sort of nursery.

All the fellows were enjoined to study theology, as soon as the regency after their Master of Arts degree was completed, and in due course to take their Bachelor of Divinity degree, which they could not take unless in holy orders; and although the rector and fellows had power to dispense with the taking the degree of Doctor of Divinity, they had no such power with respect to that of Bachelor of Divinity.

Among the less direct proofs are the following:—

1. The rector and senior fellows were enjoined by statute to deprive of his fellowship any fellow who was by them convicted (among other offences) of "heresy," and the college were strictly and solemnly warned to admit no probationer to actual fellowship "nisi quem speraverint et firmiter crediderint in eodem collegio ad Dei honorem * * * posse et velle proficere" (p. 32). It is scarcely credible that they would have admitted any one who would immediately on admission be liable to the provisions of the aforementioned statute.

2. Queen Elizabeth's charter to the college expressly mentions "Ecclesiæ Christi utilitas" as one of her motives for granting it. Looking at the language and ideas of that day, a charter in which these words occur can scarcely be supposed to contemplate the admission of Nonconformists.

3. All Masters of Arts on completing their regency were enjoined "statim ad sacram theologiam se divertere" (p. 39), and were bound under penalties (as "Theologiæ operam navantes") to attend the theological disputations (p. 38).

4. A chaplain is provided for the society, to be nominated by the dean and chapter of Exeter. The whole society is bound to attendance at the college chapel, and the prayers there used are to be "preces publicæ in "Ecclesiâ constitutæ" (p. 34).

The fact, however, seems scarcely to need proof, that unity of religious belief among the fellows was taken for granted by the old statutes, and that no other unity was contemplated but that of the Church of England.

No. 3.

As to Mr. Heywood's third objection, this again seems equally untenable. Under the old statutes a fellow convicted by the rector and certain senior fellows of pertinacious heresy, might by them be deprived of his fellowship. It is now proposed that a fellow should be deprived if he contradict the Christian faith as held by the Church of England, with the additional protection that his case must first be referred to the visitor. We have assumed that doctrines which

contradict the faith of the Church of England are, in a legal sense, equivalent to heresy.

No. 4.

Seeing that in section 28 of 17 & 18 Vict. cap. 81 (in the preamble), it is stated, "Whereas it is expedient to alter and amend the statutes with respect to eligibility to headships," and in the enacting part of this section is found the following power: "Be it enacted, that it shall be lawful for every college" "to make regulations and ordinances for the purpose of effecting or advancing any of the aforesaid objects or purposes," we considered that we were acting strictly within the powers conferred by the Act in making the regulation and ordinance in Statute II.; that the person eligible to the headship should be a priest of the Church of England. Under the old statutes he was to be "non Episcopus," sacræ theologiæ Baccalaureus, aut saltem magister artium, and, as one who has been fellow of the college, he would have been bound, after taking his Master of Arts degree, or rather after completing his regency, "statim ad sacram theologiam se divertere," and further, as one of his qualifications under the old statutes, he was to be "cultui divino, virtuti, et scientiæ sacrarum literarum deditus." We, having regard to the language of the old statutes, and then to the above power, that we might alter and amend the statutes with respect to eligibility to headship, provided in the new statutes what it may be contended was implied in the old, that the rector should be a priest. The like power was given by the Act to the colleges with respect to fellowships, and "the tenure thereof." Under the old statutes the fellows were required, as is before shown, to take the Bachelor of Divinity's degree, which by University Statutes they could not take unless in holy orders. Now, on this point the founder's intention seems clear. In the old statutes the words are as follows: "Artium vero magistri omnes et singuli, tempore suæ necessariæ "Regentiæ completo, statim ad sacram theologiam se divertant, citam diligenter "operam dantes ut promoveantur ad gradum Baccalaurei ac deinde ad ipsum "Doctoratus sacræ theologiæ gradum, actualiter promoveantur." Now the changes in the present statutes are, that whereas before holy orders were implied, because the fellows were enjoined to do an act which if not in holy orders they could not do, now it is expressly enacted that they shall take holy orders; and whereas, before, fifteen years would perhaps be about the average time from the day of election when a fellow must have proceeded to take his Bachelor of Divinity degree, this is now made a fixed time at which he must vacate his fellowship if not in holy orders.

No. 5.

Mr. Heywood objects "that all members of Exeter College during residence would be required to attend Divine service according to the Liturgy of the Church of England." It is true, by the new statutes, "all members of the college are required to attend service in the chapel," but as henceforward no test was to be required by the University at matriculation, and so the college was at liberty to admit those as commoners who might dissent from the Church, the clause was added, "except in any special case attendance be dispensed with, for causes to be approved by the college." A prayer, therefore, that special dispensation be permitted from attendance at such service seems uncalled for, for if discipline is to be maintained in a college, the power of granting dispensations must rest with its authorities.

No. 6.

Mr. Heywood's objection embraces a very large subject; but the question appears to us to be simply this, Have we, in reference to the visitor, exceeded the powers conferred by the Act? The section before referred to, in its preamble, states that it is expedient "generally to make further provision for maintaining and improving the discipline, studies, and good government of the said colleges;" and in its enacting part, that "it shall be lawful for every college to make regulations and ordinances for the purpose of effecting and advancing any of the aforesaid objects and purposes." The college has strictly kept this object in view in framing ordinances respecting the visitor, and if in the old statutes there were any which seemed in any way to contravene the law of the land, these have been removed.

As

As to a special objection made in Mr. Heywood's petition (p. 6), that the visitor appears "to have no power to interfere on an appeal to him from a candidate for a fellowship, who had considered himself aggrieved in a college election," without entering upon the legal question, we would reply that the present visitor has, we know, received three such appeals; one, the very case, it is believed, referred to by Mr. Heywood, when, after sundry explanations demanded by the visitor of the college, the appeal was dismissed on the ground that the statutes have been complied with; one other case, and a third, where the visitor decided against the college, and ordered the admission of the appellant.

With regard to Mr. Heywood's allegation on page 6, that the qualification of "Church membership for the fellows of Exeter College is not in accordance with the 9th clause of the Act of Uniformity of 1662, by which a declaration of conformity to the Liturgy of the Church of England was imposed as a qualification for a college fellowship," which allegation he explains to mean that we have imposed a narrower limitation than the one contemplated by the said Act, and, therefore, an illegal one,—we take leave to observe, that while the Act of Uniformity, for certain political objects, imposed religious tests on the candidates for a great variety of situations (among which a college fellowship was one), Mr. Heywood has failed to make it appear that the said Act has thereby prevented the imposition of any other test. Indeed, it is almost superfluous to point out, that were the latter supposition correct, the only legal qualification of a religious character that could be demanded of the parsons, vicars, curates, and others mentioned in the Act of Uniformity, would be the bare declaration of conformity therein contained.

We therefore venture, with all deference, to submit, that until Mr. Heywood can show that the Act of Uniformity has not only demanded certain tests from the specified persons in their relation to the State, but has also forbidden that any other should be imposed upon them in their relation to any other body within the State, he has failed to establish one important member of the argument upon which his case should stand.

Mr. Heywood also prays, that "the colleges severally be declared public institutions." The college, of course, recognise the fact referred to by Mr. Heywood (in the words quoted from Professor Malden), of the incorporation of the colleges with the University (p. 10), and they recognise the duties and responsibilities which that relation involves. But they object to the inference that these relations with the University either reduce them to mere appendages of the University, or do away with the essential distinction between the foundations of private founders and "civil" or public corporations.

We would remark, in conclusion, that it does not seem in any way to have been the intention of the Act 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81, to throw open to Dissenters offices which have been heretofore held by members of the Church of England, as there is a special provision in sect. 44 that the B.A. degree shall not, as such, constitute one of the qualifications for such offices, unless the person obtaining such degree shall have taken such oaths, and subscribed such declarations as are now by law required to be made and taken on obtaining such degree, either at the time of taking such degree or subsequently.

In compliance with the desire of the Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, we have made the foregoing observations on certain petitions which have been presented to Her Majesty in Council; but, in order that our case may fully and fairly be put before the Committee, our earnest petition is, that in the event of any doubt being still entertained as to the legality of our statutes, we may be heard by counsel, or if this our petition be not granted, that at least we may be allowed to submit a fuller statement of our case drawn up by the aid of legal advice, and that such case may not be prejudged by "Observations" made on so short a notice.

Signed, on behalf of the Society,

Exeter College, 6 May 1856. *J. P. Lightfoot*, Rector.

— No. 16. —

LETTER from the Rector of Lincoln College, with Memorial of the Rector and Fellows of that College.

Sir, Lincoln College, Oxford, 2 May 1856.

I LOST no time in laying before a meeting of the rector and fellows the Orders in Council which I had the honour of receiving from you on Wednesday last, and I now beg to forward, for the consideration of the Committee of Privy Council, a copy of the observations on the petitions of Messrs. Heywood and Pattison, which were sanctioned by the meeting.

I have, &c.

Henry Reeve, Esq. *J. Thompson*, Rector.

— No. 17. —

MEMORIAL of the Rector and Fellows of *Lincoln College*, in reference to the Petitions against their Ordinances and Regulations.

To the Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council.

The Humble Memorial of the Rector and Fellows of Lincoln College in the University of Oxford,

Sheweth,

THAT in the ordinances and regulations recently made by them in amendment of their statutes, and sanctioned by the Commissioners appointed by the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81, they have endeavoured *bonâ fide* to comply with the directions of the Legislature.

That the charters, statutes, and compositions of the college give abundant evidence that its ancient constitution was entirely of an ecclesiastical character, the main* design of the foundation being the support of the Christian religion and the statutes enjoining the fellows to take holy orders more stringently, as your memorialists believe, than those of any other college in either University; that after the Reformation, the college, conforming to the altered policy of the country, nevertheless adhered still to the main design of the foundation, and that the necessary effect of so doing was to confine the fellowships and other emoluments to members of the Church of England.

That the proof of what was considered after the Reformation the main design of the foundation is found in the practice of the college which arose thereupon, and has continued uniformly to the present time.

That in confining the fellowships to persons holding the doctrines of the Church of England ("fidem Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ amplectentes") the amended statutes are in accordance with clause 28 of the Act, which recites that "it is expedient for the interest of religion and learning" (among other things) "to enable colleges to make ordinances for promoting the main designs of the founders and donors;" and also in accordance with the spirit of clause 44, which, while enacting that the degree of B.A. (a degree required as well by the old as by the new statutes of Lincoln College as a qualification for a fellowship) may be taken without any religious test, nevertheless provides that "such degree shall not, as such, constitute any qualification for the holding of any office which has been heretofore always held by a member of the United Church of England

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* See Bishop Fleming's Charter, "Ad Dei honorem, ad augmentum Cleri, et ad exorandum et divina peragenda pro salubri statu nostro, &c.;" Bishop Fleming's Deed of Foundation, "Ad honorem et laudem Dei summi nostri Creatoris, sanctæ Mariæ Matris suæ ac omnium Sanctorum, Dei cultum augendo divinum;" Archbishop Rotheram's Composition, "Ad Dei honorem, studii theologici incrementum, fideique Christianæ stabilimentum;" Archbishop Rotheram's Deed of Appropriation, "Rectoris et Sociorum Deo jugiter famulari et in Sacrâ Theologiâ studere debentium;" Finderne's Composition, "Sacra loca divino servitio fideique orthodoxæ defensioni, necnon verbi Dei fructiferæ seminationi debita et ordinata. Collegium Lincolniense præfatis operibus sacris intentatum."

England and Ireland, and for which such degree in the said University has heretofore constituted one of the qualifications, unless the person obtaining such degree shall have taken such oaths and subscribed such declarations as are now by law required to be made and taken on obtaining such degree, either at the time of obtaining such degree or subsequently.

With reference to the twelve alterations prayed for by Mr. Heywood, your memorialists beg to remark:

1. That the words in the preamble are "in posterum," and that even if this is rightly interpreted "for ever," it is according to the usual form of ancient college statutes, and also of modern documents, of which the treaty of peace just signed is an instance.

2. That the college was not able by law to alter the visitatorial powers.

3. That the restriction of the fellowships to persons holding the doctrines of the Church of England is in conformity with the main design of the foundation, as shown above. And here it may be well to point out that the Latin amended statutes are alone binding, and that the words used in reference to this point are "fidem Ecclesiæ Anglicanæ amplectentes."

4. That the law did not empower the college to make any alteration with respect to the fellowship in the nomination of the Bishop of Lincoln.

5. That the oath to keep the statutes required from the fellows is no more unreasonable than the oath required from the Sovereign to maintain the constitution; and that under the new code a fellow will have ample opportunities of making himself acquainted with the statutes during his year of probation, inasmuch as on his election he will be furnished with a printed copy.

6. That the deprivation of a fellow for heretical opinions will not be, as alleged, at the decision of an "irresponsible" tribunal, inasmuch as an appeal will always lie to the visitor.

7. That the placing the churches of All Saints' and St. Michael's, in Oxford, under the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Oxford, will require, and will receive, mature consideration, and will probably not be done without the sanction of the visitor.

8. That the election of college officers in the chapel is generally confined to a mere recording of votes, and therefore your memorialists saw no reason for altering the practice prescribed by the ancient statutes.

9. That in requiring the rector and 10 of the fellows to take priests' orders, the amended statutes are in accordance with the ancient constitution of the college; and further, that they are "for the interests of religion and learning," with respect to which your memorialists presume that the Act intended to leave something to their judgment and discretion, controlled as it was to be by the Commissioners; and with respect to compulsory residence, that the amended statute only gives such a power of calling fellows into residence as may be necessary for the good government of the college.

10. That in all the colleges of Oxford the admission of students rests with the head, and that if the Rector of Lincoln College should admit a nonconformist, he will be able to relax the discipline so as to meet the case.

11. That your memorialists are unable to see the force of Mr. Heywood's objection to the word "jura."

12. That the college seal was put to the amended statutes on the authority of a meeting duly convened, consisting of the rector and four fellows; that by a bye-law (the old statutes being silent on the subject), and by the uniform practice of the college, a quorum of five is competent to transact all college business.

Your Memorialists cannot but express their surprise and regret at the petition of the Rev. Mark Pattison, of which they were entirely ignorant until the receipt of the Order in Council. They were engaged for many months in the revision of their statutes, and in correspondence with the Commissioners, but Mr. Pattison, although present in college, took scarcely any part in the discussions.

On the points mentioned by Mr. Pattison, your memorialists would observe:

1. That "the charity," as Mr. Pattison terms it, is not one to which, according to its original constitution, laymen could have any claim, for it was to be "Collegium Theologorum." And further, although the amended statutes may be said to "restrict the choice of fellows," they do in the case of two fellows abolish the restriction, and in the case of the other ten greatly modify it; and this was the intention of the Legislature, for the Act does not direct a college to abolish in every case, but to "modify or abolish any preference," and also to have regard "to the main designs of the founders." Your memorialists having regard to the ecclesiastical character of the constitution of the college, believe that in modifying instead of abolishing the restriction in the case of the ten fellows, *i. e.*, in allowing a period of 10 years instead of one year before taking holy orders, the amended statutes are not "insufficient for the purposes set forth in the Act 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81." And further, your memorialists beg to observe that it has been found in the case of even larger colleges than Lincoln, that the effect of allowing a large proportion of the fellows to be laymen has been to withdraw them from residence in Oxford, and thus to create a difficulty in meeting the educational requirements of the colleges.

2. That this is substantially the same as Objection 3 of Mr. Heywood.

3. That sufficient provision is made for the election of fellows entirely by merit, inasmuch as all local restrictions and preferences are abolished, and chapter 2 provides as follows: "Diem examinationi et diem electioni a Rectore et Sociis assignatas, et cætera, quæ candidatorum scire intersit, quam latissimè usitatis modis nota faciat rector, aut eo absente subrector. Pateat autem societas non iis tantum, qui in literis Græcis et Latinis se profecisse probaverint, sed etiam bonarum aliarum artium peritis juvenibus; et eligentes Deum præ oculis habentes, iis e candidatis quos moribus et scientia optimos ex animo judicaverint suffragia dent."

4. That Mr. Pattison's estimate of the annual revenues of the college at 6,000 *l.* exceeds, by nearly one-half their present amount, the divisible net revenues (of which full particulars were furnished to the Commissioners) being about 3,300 *l.*, though an increase is contemplated and provided for in chapter 7 of the new statutes; that two fellowships are by them appropriated to the augmentation of scholarships, and the other educational purposes of the society; that whatever may be the duty of larger colleges in providing "academical education," your memorialists feel persuaded that any such appropriation of their fellowships would be highly detrimental to the interests of the society, reduced as it will be to ten fellows, two of whom will be engaged in supplying the churches in Oxford connected with the college, and two others being lay fellows, will probably be prevented by professional pursuits from residing within the University; the remaining six, taking into consideration the contingency of an occasional vacancy, or of a fellow's being disabled by sickness or any other cause, and the fact that a fellow about to vacate takes generally no active interest in the college during his year of grace, will be barely sufficient to supply the offices of subrector and bursar, and the college tutorships; and that, although at present from peculiar circumstances there are only two tutors, the usual staff is three. Your memorialists also venture to suggest that the conscientious discharge of these offices by their own members will be more likely "to raise the character and efficiency of the college as a place of education," than the introduction into it of a person, who having had no previous connexion with the college, and having no engagements immediately connected with it, would be likely to take little interest in its affairs.

Further with reference to the petition that the Royal Assent may be withheld from the Statutes of Lincoln College until the statutes and ordinances of all the other colleges in the University shall be laid before Her Majesty in Council, your memorialists conceive that the Legislature invited them to amend their statutes and submit them to the Commissioners before October 10, 1855, and that it is perfectly unreasonable to say that they should have waited to some indefinite period in order to ascertain what other colleges were likely to propose.

With

With respect to the other petitions, your memorialists do not wish to make any observations.

Finally, your memorialists beg respectfully to impress upon the Committee of the Privy Council that they feel it to be very detrimental to the interests of the college that the Royal approbation should be any longer withheld from the ordinances made by them in amendment of their statutes. They have complied with the directions of the Act where the Act did direct them, and when the Legislature was silent they have exercised their best judgment under the control and direction of the Commissioners appointed by the Act, to promote the efficiency of the college and the interests of religion and learning. They therefore humbly pray that the Royal approbation may be given without delay to the statutes referred by Her Majesty to your Right Honourable Committee.

J. Thompson, Rector.

Lincoln College, Oxford, 2 May 1856.

— No. 18. —

MEMORIAL of *F. Metcalfe*, B.D., and of *J. H. Abrahall*, Fellows of Lincoln College, dissenting from the preceding Memorial.

To the Committee of the most Honourable the Privy Council.

The humble Memorial of Frederick Metcalfe, Bachelor of Divinity, Fellow of Lincoln College, and Incumbent of St. Michael's, Oxford; and of John Hoskyns Abrahall, Clerk, M.A., Fellow of Lincoln College.

YOUR memorialists beg respectfully to state that they dissent from the memorial to the Council, which was read this afternoon at a college meeting, and at once voted upon; the rector and three fellows voting for it, and the two undersigned fellows against it. That, in compliance with the request of the Lord President of the Council, for "any observations which the members of the college "may think fit to make," your memorialists venture to offer such observations as time permits.

They are of opinion,—

1. That it is not desirable that *indigentia* should give candidates for fellowships a prior claim.

2. That it is not desirable to compel all the fellows but two to take holy orders.

3. That the enactment that a fellow must vacate his fellowship within a year after marriage might be beneficially relaxed. In the original draft of the statutes forwarded to the Commissioners, a large majority of the fellows sanctioned a clause to the effect that fellows should retain their fellowships seven years after marriage.

4. That, judging from past experience, it is not desirable that a majority of the fellows should have the power of compelling a fellow to reside.

5. That any fellow not holding a college office ought to possess the right of residing out of Oxford, without having to apply from time to time for leave of absence.

6. That it is not desirable that any existing member of the society should retain *jura* (other than pecuniary), which may delay the immediate operation of the changes contemplated in the new code.

7. That it is not desirable that the ministers of All Saints, and St. Michael's, Oxford, should be "amotivi ad voluntatem rectoris," (*See* Preamble of the New Statutes), an enactment again sanctioned at end of statutes, and placing the clergyman and parish in an anomalous and unsatisfactory position.

8. That these parishes should at once be placed under the protection as well as the jurisdiction of the bishop of the diocese.

9. That a large majority of the fellows were in favour of the clause (p. 30, cap. 12), "Et quantum spectat ad Ecclesias Omnium Sanctorum et Sancti "Michaelis si sub jurisdictione Episcopi Oxon. sint, liceat Capellanis uxores "ducere, salvo jure societatis suæ."

10. That, in fact, were it not for the word "quando," which was interpolated after "si" at the last moment in a meeting (where there was not the customary

quorum of five), it would appear that these parishes are already "sub jurisdic-" tione Episc. Oxon.," for he (1) licenses the ministering priests, (2) summons them to his visitations, (3) visits the churches, (4) empowers the church-wardens, &c.*

11. That it is most desirable that the question, whether the parishes are under the diocesan's jurisdiction or not, should be at once set at rest; and that if they are not, the clause should be so worded that it may forthwith take effect and not be open to dispute.

12. That the memorial from which the undersigned dissent is not sufficiently explicit on this point.

(signed) *Frederick Metcalfe*, B.D.
John Hoskyns Abrahall, M.A.

Lincoln College, Oxford,
2 May 1856.

— No. 19. —

OBSERVATIONS Supplemental to the preceding Memorial.

To the Committee of the most Honourable the Privy Council.

The undersigned Fellows of Lincoln College beg to add the following observations to their necessarily hasty Memorial of last evening.

1. YOUR memorialists are of opinion that, though it has been the custom to consider five a quorum in settling college business, yet that, on such important occasions as the sealing of the New College Statutes, and the replying to the Lord President's recent communication, due notice should have been given to absent fellows, in order that they might have had an opportunity of taking part in the proceedings.

2. That Mr. Pattison, in his statement of the college revenues, probably includes the value of the scholarships, and of the rectory of Twyford, which, as being attached to a college office, may fairly be considered a part of the available funds of the society.

3. That in the memorial, from which the undersigned dissent, the notice of Mr. Pattison's statement as to three fellows only being employed as college officers is inadequate.

(signed) *Frederick Metcalfe*, B.D.
John Hoskyns Abrahall, M.A.

Lincoln College, Oxford, 3 May 1856.

— No. 20. —

LETTER from the President of Corpus Christi College, in reference to the Petitions against their Statutes.

Sir, Corpus Christi College, 30 April 1856.

I BEG to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday's date, together with a printed copy of certain Orders in Council, and certain petitions addressed to Her Majesty in Council, against the regulations and ordinances of Corpus Christi College, and of other colleges in Oxford.

On the part of myself and the fellows of this college now in residence, I beg to say that the revision of our statutes was entered upon by us, more than 18 months since, with very great deliberation, carefulness, and anxiety, with the earnest desire of rendering our college as efficient as possible as a place of education, and certainly without any intention of opposing ourselves either to the letter or the spirit of the Act of Parliament from which our power to revise the statutes at all was derived.

It is our opinion and belief that this body of statutes, presented by us to the Oxford University Commissioners under our college seal, and approved under the

* See Letter of Bishop of Oxford to late Rector of Lincoln College, in Correspondence published by Parker, Oxford, 1848.

the seal of the Commissioners, does not contain matter against which any sound or serious objection can lie. We are not conscious of any illegality which requires the reversal of any portion. We hope that light or fanciful objections will not be allowed to have undue weight; and we trust that the formal approval of our statutes by Her Majesty in Council will shortly relieve us from the anxiety of a state of transition, and leave us at liberty to attend more entirely to the exercise of our proper duties.

I have, &c.

James Norris,

H. Reeve, Esq. President of Corpus Christi College.

— No. 21. —

Letter from *C. Neate*, Esq., to the Council Office, in reference to the Petitions of 106 Members of the University.

Sir, Oriel College, Oxford, 30 April.

It appears to me that the Order of the Committee of Council (or of the Council itself) gives no opportunity to the memorialists, of whom I am one, to offer any observations in support of the claim of the Indigentes. I should like much to be allowed to do this, and should be much obliged if you would tell me to whom and in what form I ought to apply for leave to do so; for leave, I mean, to state in writing my reasons and the reasons of others for our memorial and petition.

It is, I submit, reasonable that we should have such permission, as our memorial is so short and general, and the colleges will confine their observations to their own statutes, while the Commissioners will be able to argue all the cases at full length.

Yours, &c.

Henry Reeve, Esq. *Charles Neate.*

— No. 22. —

Letter from the Council Office to *C. Neate*, Esq., in reply to the above.

Sir, Council Office, Whitehall, 1 May 1856.

Having laid before the Lord President of the Council your letter of the 30th April, addressed to myself, in which you request that the Oxford memorialists, of whom you are one, may have an opportunity of offering some observations to the Lords of the Council in support of the claim of the Indigentes, I am directed by his Lordship to inform you that you are at liberty to address to the Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council such observations as you may think necessary on this subject, and I am to request that you will transmit the same to me on or before Monday, May 5, in order that they may be laid before the Board.

I have, &c.

Henry Reeve.

Charles Neate, Esq., Oriel College, Oxford.

— No. 23. —

Memorial of *E. Hawkins*, D.D., Provost, and of *C. Neate*, Esq., and the Rev. *D. P. Chase*, Fellows of Oriel College, in support of the Memorial of 106 Members of the University.

To the Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, to whom certain questions touching Fellowships and Scholarships in Colleges at Oxford, and particularly a certain Memorial from 106 Members of the said Colleges, or of some of them, have been referred.

We, the undersigned, being three of the persons who signed the said memorial, beg respectfully to offer to your Lordships of the said Committee the following observations in support of the said memorial:—

We submit that the Oxford University Commissioners are not at liberty, in dealing with the statutes of colleges, either with or without the concurrence of such colleges, to disregard the main designs of founders; for that if it had been intended to give them such a power, very different words would have been used in the University Act from those which are now to be found therein.

That the words in the said Act which define the powers of the said Commissioners in reference to colleges occur in the 28th clause of the said Act, and are as follows:—"Whereas it is expedient for the interests of religion and learning to enable colleges to alter and amend their statutes with respect to eligibility to headships, fellowships, and other college emoluments, and the tenure thereof, and to ensure the same being conferred according to personal merits and fitness, and for that purpose to modify or abolish any preference, and to make ordinances for promoting the main designs of the founders and donors, &c."

That the whole of this clause must be taken together, and construed in such a way as to avoid any inconsistency between the different parts thereof, and that in order to do this, the word "preference" must be taken to mean such preferences only as were given to place or kindred, and not to include the prior and paramount claim of poverty, which was not merely to be allowed as an occasional right of preference, but which it was one of the main designs and primary purposes of founders to establish.

This purpose is apparent from the usual language of college statutes, specially from the terms of the Oriel Statutes, which are as follows:—"Ne qui præter honestos, castos, pacificos, humiles, indigentes, ad studium habiles, proficere volentes, et ritè electos, recipiantur."

Where a preference only was intended, it was given in far different words.

The same purpose is recognised as determining the character of colleges by the legal description which classes them with eleemosynary corporations; that is, in the words of Blackstone, "such as are constituted for the perpetual distribution of the free alms or bounty of the founder," and accordingly in the language which we ordinarily use, at least on solemn occasions, we speak of the bounty of our founders, and not of their public spirit, as if they had given their land or money to a general education fund.

We are not here contesting the right of the Legislature to set aside the main designs of founders, but we submit that, according to the ordinary rules of legal construction, the Legislature has not done so in this instance, and that the Commissioners are not justified in acting as if this had been done.

But it is alleged, that through change of circumstances it is no longer possible to carry such original purpose, that we mean in favour of poverty, into effect, for that the class of men whom, as it is alleged, the founders intended to benefit are no longer to be found at the University. To this we answer that the bounty of the founder was not limited, and specially not at Oriel, to the poorest class of students (or rather to the fittest among them) and that though there is not now at the University such a class of pauper students as it is assumed there used to be, there are still here many poor men, whose only, at least whose best chance of an honourable and independent maintenance is in a college fellowship, and that in preferring such men, when they are fit and deserving, we still give effect to the bountiful purpose of our founders, that we do so at any rate as much as altered circumstances will allow.

But then it is alleged that a new purpose has been superadded to our foundations, or rather a new duty imposed upon us, namely, that of taking an active part in education.

To this we answer that the claims of poverty have always been considered and treated as subject to the paramount condition of moral and intellectual fitness and ability to do the work of the College, and that we have long thought and practically acknowledged that a principal, though by no means the sole, form of our usefulness was education; but we submit, as a principle applicable to the present case, that where an institution has several distinct purposes, all of them lawful, they may, when to some extent at variance, reciprocally control, but ought not to supersede each other; and with respect to the relation of these two purposes, assistance to poverty and furtherance of education, we submit that there is no inconsistency between them, but that both stand well together.

So far indeed from its being true that the efficiency of a college as a place of education would be promoted by the election of fellows enjoying independent means,

means, they would only take the place of men more likely to be useful than themselves; for it rarely happens that those who do not stand in some need of a tutor's salary will undertake the office, or persist in it if they have undertaken it; such men may perhaps remain here as diligent students for the sake of knowledge, or they may be seeking to qualify themselves for professorships, but they will for the most part go off into the world; they are the more likely to do this in proportion to the greatness of their abilities, and when they do remain here they will not impede their own literary and scientific pursuits by submitting to the irksome labour of a college tutor, a labour which is but moderately rewarded while it lasts, and which, however well executed, leads in general to no distinction or advancement.

It has been further urged as an objection to the claims of poverty, that it is difficult or almost impossible to judge of mixed ratios of pecuniary means and intellectual merit. But this is a difficulty which in another shape we must have to contend with when we are judging of moral in combination with intellectual qualifications; nay, even in considering intellectual qualifications alone, differences of kind in attainments or in faculties will still introduce these compound ratios, but we have found from experience that all these are only difficulties which we are well able to overcome.

We submit then, that even assuming education to be the chief, or as some, from a narrow and mistaken view of our usefulness would make it, the sole purpose of our institution, there is nothing in the allowance of the claims of poverty so far as we do allow them, inconsistent with our greatest efficiency as a place of education; and we submit further, that although it is right to enforce by all lawful means upon private corporations, such as colleges are, the most efficient performance of all the purposes of their institution, there is no power short of the Legislature which can try either them or their statutes by the test of the greatest public utility; that is to say, which can deal with their property as property given to the State to do with it as it likes.

That colleges are private corporations, so far as any corporation can be private, does not we believe admit of any question; that as corporations they were originally on their foundation and continue to be subject to some condition of special public utility, as a consideration for the special privilege of a corporate existence, we freely acknowledge; but we submit that the measure of usefulness to which they are bound is not the maximum of service which the means at their disposal may be thought capable of producing, but that as originally it was a sufficient reason for allowing their foundation, that the property in their hands would be upon the whole more usefully applied than if left in the hands of private owners, no more should now be required of them than that they should be sufficiently useful, according to modern modes of usefulness, to make it on the whole expedient to continue their existence.

We confidently submit that we have far more than fulfilled, that we far more than fulfil, so limited a condition. We believe, indeed, that we are most useful to the State under our present constitution, not only because it places at our disposal, for the reasons before stated, the greatest amount of active ability, but because we have more influence and authority as ancient corporations governed by our own laws, and directed by our own conscience, than can ever belong to any State instrument of education, to which condition some would reduce us. We believe, too, that as institutions impressed with a charitable character, and by reason of that favour and assistance which we extend to deserving poverty and needy talent (more especially by our fellowships, for mere exhibitions do not effect the same good nor excite the same feelings), we are regarded by very many with an affection and a gratitude not readily bestowed upon any public establishment; and we submit to the judgment of the Committee whether it be not on public grounds desirable to preserve unimpaired the causes of such kindly feelings, and whether there be not danger as well as injustice in these tendencies of modern times which have already restricted or nullified in many ways, especially in our endowed schools, the chances and advantages of the poor.

In conclusion, we are desirous of impressing upon the Committee, that we have no personal, at least no pecuniary interest in upholding the claims of poverty; that the natural tendency of fellows of colleges, as of other men, is to shake off the restrictions which would confine them to associates of the poorer sort, and to encourage by their elections a richer class of candidates; but we have a corporate interest, and we fulfil a corporate duty, in maintaining, so far as we can, the manifest

intentions of our founders, and we have a personal interest in resisting, so far as we may resist, such an alteration in our statutes, as would compel us to be the instruments of what we should believe to be a wrong.

Edward Hawkins, D.D., Provost of Oriel.
Charles Neate, Senior Fellow of Oriel, and Lecturer.
D. P. Chase, Fellow and Treasurer of Oriel College, and Vice-Principal of St. Mary's Hall.

— No. 24. —

MEMORIAL of *J. H. Abrahall*, Clerk, M.A., Fellow of Lincoln College.

To Her most Gracious Majesty the Queen, in Her Privy Council.

The Humble Memorial of *John Hoskyns Abrahall*, Clerk, M.A., Fellow of Lincoln College, Oxford. Your Memorialist prays leave to make the following Observations, with reference to the proposed new Statutes of Lincoln College aforesaid.

1. THAT the introduction of a clause into the statutes, whereby all ("tum socii, tum sojornantes") are enjoined to attend daily the morning and evening services of the Church of England, is most objectionable, inasmuch as, if it is meant to be carried out—

(1.) As regards the fellows, it might give a handle for petty persecution.

(2.) As regards the undergraduates, it obstructs the express will of the Legislature, whereby Nonconformists are no longer excluded from the University of Oxford, exposing them to so much vexation while in residence, as would effectually discourage them from availing themselves of the removal of the restriction.

2. That at most nothing further than conformity with the Liturgy of the Church of England, as by law established, should be required of a person elected to a fellowship.

3. That fellows should not be required to proceed to the degree of M.A., so long as this is subject to the condition of subscription to the Thirty-nine Articles of the Church of England.

4. That the clause (levelled against the Wickliffites), whereby a fellow may be deprived of his fellowship by the vote of a majority of the college, upon allegation of his holding an "heretical opinion," ought not to be retained in the new code, and can have none but the most pernicious effect, especially in the case of a small society like Lincoln College.

5. That it is desirable that the nomination of one of the fellows by the Bishop of Lincoln be, if possible, abolished.

6. That it is desirable that one of the fellowships be attached to a University Professorship, and that the funds accruing from the suppression of fellowships be primarily devoted to its sufficient endowment.

7. That it is not desirable that none but a clergyman should be eligible for the rectorship; and that in case of a layman being elected, the living of Twyford might become, for the time, a college living.

8. That it is desirable that the Bible clerkships be abolished and merged in the scholarships.

9. That the new and unheard-of enactment of a fine for absence from college meetings ought not to be permitted.

And your petitioner will ever pray, &c.

John Hoskyns Abrahall, M.A.

— No. 25. —

MEMORIAL of certain Members of the University of *Oxford* against the Claim of the Indigentes.

To the Queen's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WE, the undersigned, Members of Congregation, and others, Resident Members of the University of Oxford, beg humbly to submit to Your Majesty's consideration the following reasons against the expediency of limiting places on college foundations to " pauperes et indigentes."

I. Such limitation would be repugnant to the Oxford University Act, which was designed to make further provision for the good government and extension of the University and its colleges, by stimulating meritorious exertions, and filling the University with able teachers.

Neither would it be in accordance with the main designs of founders, or with the purposes of the Legislature in sanctioning perpetuities in the University; which were, not to found almshouses, but to promote religion and learning.

II. It will be extremely difficult to give effect to any such rule of limitation.

Where enjoined by statutes, such rule has seldom been nominally observed, and never (it is believed) has it been fairly or consistently carried out.

All distinction between Indigentes and Non-indigentes must be arbitrary. The question will be, not whether the youths themselves have property of their own; but whether their parents are, or are not, wealthy enough to support their sons without aid at the University. To answer this question a strict rule of demarcation must be drawn, and the operation of the rule must be excessively unequal. Many of those just beyond it would be in reality poorer than many of those within it. Different persons with the same nominal fortunes may be in very different degrees of affluence.

Moreover, it will be almost impossible to apply such a rule in accordance with the test of merit required by the Oxford University Act. At any rate, it can only be applied fairly by previously rejecting all candidates who do not come within the rule. For if the rule be not applied until after their merits have been sifted by examination, great temptation is offered both to arbitrary choice and to arbitrary rejection; since it is only by arbitrary decisions that the joint claims of merit and property can be adjusted.

III. If even a rule of limitation could be established firmly and applied fairly, it does not appear how it would do good to any one, while it certainly would do harm to many.

To the country and to the Church it would be injurious, that incapable men should be attracted to the University.

To the poor man himself it would be hurtful to force an unsuitable education upon him because he is poor. If he is not only poor, but also capable, he will be more profited by having all the foundations thrown open to him without limitation, than by entering at a side-door on the plea of poverty. If the numerous prizes at the disposal of colleges are freely offered for competition, few poor men who are able to benefit by University education will go unrewarded.

The only point in which the rich have an advantage over the poor is better teaching in classics at schools. But the proper remedy here is, not to limit college scholarships to poor men, but to give exhibitions to promising boys at inferior schools, so as to enable them to resort to schools of a higher quality. It would be a great evil to perpetuate a bad mode of election at colleges, because there is something wanting in the primary education of the poor.

If a good classical education were placed within the reach of all poor boys capable of profiting by an University education, we should hear few complaints of poverty being disregarded in open competition. Every motive for exertion is stronger in the case of the poor. They work harder; they strive more earnestly. For the prize to them is not only an honour but a living; and, *cæteris paribus*, they are sure to beat their rich competitors.

The above argument goes upon the supposition that for college elections classical learning is still to be the chief, if not the only requirement. It is manifest, that if youths were elected for proficiency in other branches of learning, the advantage of the rich over the poor might altogether disappear.

At Cambridge the number of poor scholars greatly exceeds the same class at Oxford, though at Oxford the limitations are much closer, and in many cases are enjoined directly in favour of poverty.

It may be added, that the fact of a young man being the object of eleemosynary bounty has a bad effect upon his character. He is compared disadvantageously with those who win their places by merit. He has little motive for exertion, unless he has ability enough to enter into competition for an open fellowship.

We think, therefore, that it would be an injury to poor scholars themselves, as well as to the University and to the country, to secure them places on foundations simply in right of poverty. The University and colleges would rather have poor men, if capable, than rich; but they ought not to have poor men thrust upon them because they are poor. If youths are poor and not capable, they ought not to come to the University at all. If they are capable, whether poor or rich, they will be better off under a free system than under a system of limitations.

If it is an evil to make poverty the ground of a claim to scholarships, it is still worse to allow it to give a right to fellowships. It is wrong to bribe incapable persons to become learners; it is worse to make them teachers.

The University Act provides for bestowing emoluments according to personal fitness and merit; and for this purpose abolishes local and other restrictions. But these restrictions would probably be less injurious than one which would ultimately cause the governing and instructing bodies of colleges to be composed of persons selected on the ground of poverty.

Edw. Cardwell, D.D., Principal of St. Alban Hall, Camden Professor of Ancient History.
E. H. Cradock, D.D., Principal of Brasenose College.
Henry G. Liddell, D.D., Dean of Christ Church.
William Thomson, D.D., Provost of Queen's College.
Francis Jeune, D.C.L., Master of Pembroke College.
James A. Ogle, M.D., Trinity College, Regius Professor of Medicine.
Edward Boucher James, M.A., Fellow of Queen's College, Senior Proctor.
Baden Powell, M.A., F.R.S., &c., Savilian Professor of Geometry.
H. H. Vaughan, M.A., Oriel College, Regius Professor of Modern History.
Robert Walker, M.A., F.R.S., Wadham College, Reader in Experimental Philosophy.
Henry Wall, M.A., Fellow of Balliol College, Prælector of Logic.
Bartholomew Price, M.A., F.R.S., Fellow of Pembroke College, Sedleian Professor of Natural Philosophy.
Benjamin Jowett, M.A., Fellow of Balliol College, Regius Professor of Greek.
G. K. Richards, M.A., late Michel Fellow of Queen's College, and Professor of Political Economy.
Max Müller, M.A., Christ Church, Taylorian Professor of Modern Languages.
B. C. Brodie, B.A., Balliol College, Professor of Chymistry.
James G. Lonsdale, M.A., Fellow of Balliol College, Moderator.
H. J. S. Smith, M.A., Fellow and Mathematical Lecturer of Balliol College.
William Spottiswoode, M.A., F.R.S., Balliol College, Examiner.
Theodore Walrond, M.A., Fellow of Balliol College.
J. R. T. Eaton, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Merton College.
J. J. Randolph, M.A., Fellow of Merton College, Member of the Hebdomadal Council.
H. M. Wilkins, M.A., Fellow of Merton College.
George Butler, M.A., late Fellow of Exeter College.
J. H. Bridges, B.A., Fellow of Oriel College.
Charles P. Chretien, M.A., Fellow, Tutor, and Dean of Oriel College.
John Earle, M.A., Fellow of Oriel College, late Professor of Anglo-Saxon.

Alexander

Alexander Grant, M.A., Fellow of Oriel College.
Edward Poste, M.A., Fellow of Oriel College, late Moderator.
H. B. Barry, M.A., late Michel Fellow of Queen's College; one of H.M.'s Inspectors of Schools.
H. B. Byrne, M.A., Michel Fellow and Tutor of Queen's College.
Lewis Campbell, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Queen's College.
T. W. Jex-Blake, B.A., Fellow of Queen's College.
W. J. Stephens, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Queen's College.
J. H. Abrahall, M.A., Fellow of Lincoln College.
George F. De Teissier, B.D., Fellow and Tutor of Corpus Christi College.
Henry Furneaux, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Corpus Christi College.
George Hext, B.D., Fellow and Tutor of Corpus Christi College.
Charles Lloyd, M.A., Student and Tutor of Christ Church.
T. J. Prout, M.A., Student and Tutor of Christ Church.
C. W. Sandford, M.A., Student and Tutor of Christ Church.
Robert E. Bartlett, M.A., Fellow and Lecturer of Trinity College.
North Pinder, M.A., Fellow and Philosophical Lecturer of Trinity College.
J. W. Caldicott, M.A., Scholar and Tutor of Jesus College.
H. W. Chandler, M.A., Fellow of Pembroke College.
Thomas F. Henney, M.A., Fellow, Tutor, and Vicegerent of Pembroke College.
W. H. Price, M.A., Fellow and Bursar of Pembroke College.

— No. 26. —

MEMORIAL of certain Members of the University of *Oxford* against the Introduction of any New Religious Tests into the Statutes.

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WE, the undersigned, members of Congregation, and others, resident members of the University of Oxford, humbly pray Your Majesty to withhold Your Royal Assent from the introduction of any new religious tests into the Statutes of the University and Colleges of Oxford.

Edward Cardwell, D.D., Principal of St. Alban Hall, Camden Professor of Ancient History.
Edward Hartopp Cradock, D.D., Principal of Brasenose College.
Henry Wellesley, D.D., Principal of New Inn Hall.
Henry G. Liddell, D.D., Dean of Christ Church.
William Thomson, D.D., Provost of Queen's College.
Francis Jeune, D.C.L., Master of Pembroke College.
James A. Ogle, M.D., Trinity College, Regius Professor of Medicine.
Charles Giles B. Daubeny, M.D., F.R.S., Fellow of Magdalen College, Professor of Botany.
E. Boucher James, M.A., Fellow of Queen's College, Senior Proctor.
Baden Powell, M.A., F.R.S., &c., Savilian Professor of Geometry.
Henry Halford Vaughan, M.A., Regius Professor of Modern History.
G. K. Rickards, M.A., late Michel Fellow of Queen's College, and Professor of Political Economy.
Henry Wall, M.A., Fellow of Balliol College, Prælector of Logic.
Bartholomew Price, M.A., F.R.S., Fellow of Pembroke College, Sedleian Professor of Natural Philosophy.
Benjamin Jowett, M.A., Fellow of Balliol College, Regius Professor of Greek.
John Conington, M.A., late Fellow of University College, Professor of Latin.

Max Müller, M.A., Christ Church, Taylorian Professor of Modern Languages.
J. J. Randolph, M.A., Fellow and Bursar of Merton College, Member of the Hebdomadal Council.
Nevil Story-Maskelyne, M.A., Deputy Reader in Mineralogy, Examiner.
B. C. Brodie, B.A., Balliol College, Professor of Chemistry.
James G. Lonsdale, M.A., Fellow and late Tutor of Balliol College, Moderator.
H. J. S. Smith, M.A., Fellow and Mathematical Lecturer, Balliol College.
William Spottiswoode, M.A., F.R.S., Balliol College, Examiner.
Theodore Walrond, M.A., Fellow of Balliol College.
George Brodrick, M.A., Fellow of Merton College.
J. R. T. Eaton, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Merton College.
K. Prescot, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Merton College.
H. Musgrave Wilkins, M.A., Fellow of Merton College.
George Butler, M.A., late Fellow of Exeter College.
J. H. Bridges, B.A., Fellow of Oriel College.
Charles P. Chretien, M.A., Fellow, Tutor, and Dean of Oriel College.
Alexander Grant, M.A., Fellow of Oriel College.
Francis Harrison, M.A., Fellow and Mathematical Lecturer, Oriel College, and Moderator.
Charles Neate, M.A., Fellow of Oriel College.
Edward Poste, M.A., Fellow of Oriel College, late Moderator.
H. B. Barry, M.A., late Michel Fellow of Queen's College; one of Her M.'s Inspectors of Schools.
H. B. Byrne, M.A., Michel Fellow and Tutor of Queen's College.
Lewis Campbell, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Queen's College.
T. W. Jex-Blake, B.A., Fellow of Queen's College.
W. J. Stephens, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Queen's College.
J. H. Abrahall, M.A., Fellow of Lincoln College.
Albert Watson, M.A., Fellow and Tutor of Brasenose College.
T. J. Prout, M.A., Student and Tutor of Christ Church.
Robert E. Bartlett, M.A., Fellow and Lecturer of Trinity College.
North Pinder, M.A., Fellow and Lecturer of Trinity College.
Thomas Briscoe, B.D., Vice-Principal and Tutor of Jesus College.
John W. Caldicott, M.A., Scholar and Tutor of Jesus College.
R. Owen, B.D., Fellow and Dean of Jesus College.
W. W. Shirley, M.A., Mathematical Lecturer and late Fellow of Wadham College.
Thomas F. Henney, M.A., Fellow, Tutor, and Vicegerent of Pembroke College.
William H. Price, M.A., Fellow and Bursar of Pembroke College.

— No. 27. —

MEMORIAL of the Dean of *Christ Church* and the Master of *Pembroke College*, against the Introduction of New Religious Tests in the Statutes.

To the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council.

IT is respectfully submitted to the Lords of Her Majesty's Privy Council, that any test other than those enforced respectively by the Act of Uniformity and the 1st of William and Mary, chap. 8, namely, a declaration of conformity, and the acknowledgment of the Royal Supremacy, is of doubtful legality, inexpedient, and uncertain in its operation.

I. It is of doubtful legality.

If legal, it must be imposed under the provisions of the Oxford University Act, or it must be a matter of detail which the Legislature has allowed the University and Colleges to regulate for themselves. Can it be said to be imposed under

under the provisions of the Oxford University Act, the spirit of which is to do away with restrictions, not to impose them? The words of the Act only authorise Colleges to frame statutes for the maintenance of discipline, and the carrying out the main designs of founders. But no new test is necessary for the former of these objects; and assuredly Roman Catholic founders did not contemplate the existence of a Protestant Church. One provision of the 44th clause was introduced avowedly to protect the Church of England, in special cases, from the possible consequences of the abolition of the test on taking the first degree. Even in those special cases the Act allows, not any test which it may seem necessary to individuals to impose, but only such as are at present "by law required."

But if not imposed under any express provision of the Oxford University Act, still less can the imposition of a test be regarded as a matter of detail which the Legislature has allowed the University and colleges to regulate for themselves. That cannot be fairly considered a matter of detail, which arbitrarily limits the number of persons eligible to scholarships and fellowships. Direct legislation only can affect important rights and interests of the subject.

It may, indeed, be argued that subscription to the Thirty-nine Articles, now in some cases forbidden by the Oxford University Act, was imposed originally by the authority of the University, impelled by its Chancellor, Leicester; but the time at which this was done must be borne in mind; it is more than questionable whether a court of law would enforce any such restriction if newly enacted.

II. A new test is inexpedient.

Because the imposition of it tends to aggravate party spirit within and without the University, and to provoke further interference of the Legislature. The practical questions at issue are not whether the University and the colleges shall be administered on moderate Church of England principles; but whether foreigners, and many of our own countrymen who may be willing to conform, shall be peremptorily excluded from fellowships and professorships. The colleges would still have the security of the declaration of conformity required by law; it is useless for them to erect another barrier, which public opinion will, sooner or later, sweep away. The University has the same protection. By imposing a new test it can gain no strength or additional security. It will only deprive itself of the services of persons who might be alone, or in a superior degree, qualified to fill such professional chairs as those of law and physical science, or those expressly opened to foreigners by Sir Henry Savile. It is not likely, indeed, that the electors to those chairs, any more than the electors to fellowships, will in many cases fill them with such persons. But the evil of exclusion, though seldom occurring, when it did occur would be serious; and the imposition of an additional test of Church membership in a University which now numbers among its students those who are not members of the Church of England, and the requisition of it from lay professors and fellows of colleges, though the Church of England in no other instance requires any test of laymen, but only conformity, especially at a time when clerical restrictions on fellowships are considerably relaxed, is very mischievous and vexatious. It is most desirable that this question should be settled permanently; but no settlement appears likely to be lasting, except one that is fairly liberal.

III. The imposition of a new test is a measure very uncertain in its operation.

No test can be devised, the meaning of which may not be the subject of dispute. Let it be supposed, *e. g.*, that the particular test imposed is the following (which the University has actually adopted in a statute to which the Commission has just refused assent): "I am a member of the Church of England." Is the intention, or would the effect of this be to exclude Wesleyan Methodists, Presbyterians, Scottish Episcopalians, Members of the American Episcopal Church, who may be willing to partake of the Holy Communion, and even to sign the Thirty-nine Articles? Similar questions might be raised respecting any test which has been proposed; all, apparently, excluding persons who are not excluded by the existing tests. Again, it may be asked, Who is to interpret the meaning of the test? Shall it be the college? or its visitor? or the candidate for a fellowship? In any case it is obvious that a great temptation will be offered, and that very different interpretations may be received at different times, in different societies; since in one case the bare affirmation will perhaps suffice, while in others a young man will be examined as to the sense which he puts upon it.

The subscribers to this paper are naturally very anxious that the interests of the Church of England and the University should be firmly secured; but they feel convinced that they will be endangered rather than secured by the imposition of any new test.

Henry George Liddell, D.D., Dean of Christ Church.
Francis Jeune, D.C.L., Master of Pembroke College.

— No. 28. —

COPY of an ORDER in COUNCIL, approving a Report of a Committee of Council, and certain Ordinances and Regulations in amendment of the Statutes of Exeter College, *Oxford*.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 24th day of June 1856.

Present, the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the rector and scholars of Exeter College, Oxford, have, under the authority of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the 17th & 18th years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled, "An Act to make further Provision for the good Government and Extension of the University of Oxford, of the Colleges therein, and of the College of Saint Mary, Winchester," made certain regulations and ordinances, bearing date the 9th day of October 1855, in amendment of the statutes of the said college; and the same have been approved by the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas the said regulations and ordinances have in pursuance of the directions contained in the said Act, been laid before Her Majesty in Council, and have been published in the "London Gazette," and laid before both Houses of Parliament.

And whereas Her Majesty in Council has been pleased to refer the said regulations and ordinances (together with certain regulations and ordinances of Lincoln and Corpus Christi Colleges, Oxford), and also certain petitions relating to the same, to a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and the said Committee have made a Report thereupon, bearing date the 6th day of June instant, in the words following, viz.:—

"The Lords of the Committee, to whom certain regulations and ordinances made by Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges in the University of Oxford, and certain petitions relating to the same, were referred for their consideration by two several Orders of Your Majesty in Council, bearing date respectively the 30th of January and the 22d April last, with power, if their Lordships should think fit, to hear the petitioners by their counsel in support of the said petitions, have proceeded to consider the same, and have heard counsel on behalf of the said petitioners and also on behalf of the said colleges; and having considered the said petitions, have agreed humbly to report to Your Majesty their opinion and advice as to the matters referred to them in the following terms:—

"The principal objections urged by the petitioners against the regulations and ordinances may be classed under two heads. They object—

"1. To the introduction of religious opinion as a qualification for the enjoyment of college endowments.

"2. To the omission to make adequate provision for the consideration of the pecuniary circumstances of candidates in estimating their claims to such endowments.

"The Act of the 17 & 18 Vict., c. 81, appears to have contemplated that regulations and ordinances made for the purpose of advancing the objects and purposes of the Act, would be confined to regulations and ordinances effecting alterations in existing statutes, leaving such statutes, in other respects, to rest upon their old authority.

"The Colleges of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi have, however, thought it better to adopt a different course, and to embody in one set of regulations and ordinances the whole code of laws by which it is proposed that they should in future be governed, including therein as well the ancient rules (retained without alteration in substance, though frequently with some variation in the language), as the alterations and modifications introduced with a view to carry into effect the purposes of the Act. Some embarrassment has been

been occasioned by this course, inasmuch as Your Majesty may appear, by signifying your approbation of such regulations and ordinances, to express an approval in some cases of provisions which, if they were now for the first time proposed, might not perhaps be thought to deserve such sanction.

" No objection, however, has been urged upon this ground by any of the petitioners, and inasmuch as the course so taken does not appear to be inconsistent with the terms of the Act, and has been sanctioned by the Commissioners, and as some convenience may be found in having all the rules of the college consolidated in one code, the Lords of the Committee do not consider themselves justified in advising Your Majesty to withhold, upon that ground, your consent from such regulations and ordinances.

" Their Lordships have therefore proceeded to consider the same with reference to the alterations introduced into the old statutes of the colleges, as if such alterations had been separately submitted to them.

" It seems to be the policy of the Act to give to the colleges which, within a limited time, shall avail themselves of the opportunity, the advantage of suggesting such new regulations as may appear to them best suited to carry into effect the purposes of the Act, with due regard to the circumstances of their own foundations, and to entrust the Commissioners appointed by the Act with the power not merely of approving or rejecting the propositions so made, but of remitting the same to the colleges for further consideration, with amendments and alterations, and of finally settling, after discussion with the colleges, such a scheme as, upon the whole, they may consider worthy of receiving Your Majesty's approval.

" No power is given by the Act to Your Majesty or to either House of Parliament of making any alteration in the scheme so settled, but either House of Parliament is at liberty, within a limited time, to address Your Majesty to withhold your consent from such regulations or ordinances, or any part thereof, and Your Majesty, if no such address be presented, is empowered to give your approbation to such regulations and ordinances, or any part thereof; but if Your Majesty's consent be not given to such regulations and ordinances, or any part thereof, then the Commissioners may proceed to frame other regulations, ordinances or statutes in the matter.

" The Act does not point out very clearly what course is to be pursued with respect to the amended regulations and ordinances to be so framed by the Commissioners, but the better opinion seems to be, that the same course must be pursued with respect to them as with respect to regulations and ordinances framed by the Commissioners, under the 29th section of the Act, when no step has been taken by the colleges, in which case such regulations and ordinances must be submitted to the colleges, and if they are rejected by two-thirds of the governing body of the colleges, in the manner and on the grounds stated in the before-mentioned section, they are not to take effect; but if they are not so rejected, they must go through the whole process of being submitted to Your Majesty and laid before Parliament, as if they were original regulations and ordinances framed by the Commissioners.

" In this state of things the Lords of the Committee, in forming their opinion as to the advice to be humbly offered by their Lordships to Your Majesty, have thought themselves bound to consider, not whether the regulations and ordinances with which they have to deal are in every particular such as, if the task of framing the new regulations had belonged to them, they would have been disposed to recommend, but whether the same, or any provisions contained in them, are of such a character that the discretion exercised by the Commissioners ought to be controlled, and whether, having regard to the consequences which follow upon the disallowance of such regulations or ordinances, or any part thereof, it would be for the public benefit that Your Majesty should withhold your assent from the same.

" In illustration of this principle, the Lords of the Committee may remark, that the Legislature having thought fit to abrogate all tests of a religious character on the matriculation of students in the University of Oxford, their Lordships would have thought it not inconsistent with the spirit of the Act if the qualification of being a member of the Church of England, or of some church in communion with the Church of England, had not, by the statutes of Exeter College, been rendered necessary to the enjoyment of the scholarships thereby created.

" It appears, however, that at present there are no scholarships at Exeter College, but 25 fellowships, all, or nearly all, of which are subject to limitations in respect of the place of birth of candidates, all of which have hitherto been held by members of the Church of England, and by the existing laws of the kingdom can only be held by persons making the declaration of conformity to the Liturgy of the Church of England, required by the Act of Uniformity, 13 & 14 Charles 2, c. 4.

" By the new statutes it is proposed to reduce the number of fellowships to 15, and to throw them open to general competition, without any preference in respect of birth or place of education, and to found, out of the revenues of eight of the suppressed fellowships, 22 scholarships, ten to be called ' open scholars,' to which all British subjects are eligible, without any preference; and although with respect to the remaining scholarships (ten Stapledon scholarships and two King Charles the First scholarships) a preference in respect of birth and place of education is retained, yet if no candidate, duly qualified in the judgment of the electors, should present himself for the same, the electors may elect to the same from the unsuccessful candidates for the open scholarships.

" The college may have been, and there is reason to believe has been, induced to make these arrangements, so much in accordance with the views of the Legislature, on the faith of the qualification of Church membership, already referred to, being preserved with respect both to scholarships and fellowships, and justice could hardly be done to the college by striking out that qualification, without submitting the whole question of alteration in the existing statutes, with respect to fellowships, to reconsideration, even if Your Majesty, under the Act of Parliament, had the power, by withholding your approbation from that portion only of the statutes, to give effect to the arrangement in other respects, which appears to their Lordships to be at least open to great doubt.

" Under these circumstances the Lords of the Committee do not think themselves justified in advising Your Majesty, upon this ground, to withhold your assent from this portion of the statutes of Exeter College; and their Lordships have come to that opinion the more readily, because they conceive that the condition required by these statutes in this respect will be satisfied by the declaration made by a candidate, if required, that he is a member of the Church of England, or of some church in communion with the Church of England, and that an examination into the opinions held by the candidates upon particular points of doctrine or discipline of the Church is not contemplated by the statutes.

" With respect to the question of providing for regard being had to the pecuniary circumstances of candidates for college endowments, the Lords of the Committee, considering the extreme difficulty of introducing any provision upon such a subject which would meet the real exigency of the case with respect to the persons to be preferred and the extent of the preference, the facility with which all such regulations may be evaded where there is a disposition to evade them, and the abuses to which they lead when poverty is held a substitute for merit, have come to the conclusion that the Commissioners have exercised a sound discretion in not requiring more than a disqualification on the ground of the possession of a certain amount of property.

" Proceeding upon the principles already stated, the Lords of the Committee have agreed humbly to report to Your Majesty their advice and opinion that it will be proper for Your Majesty to give your approbation to the regulations and ordinances of Corpus Christi College, without exception, and to the regulations and ordinances of Exeter and Lincoln, with the following exceptions:

" In the statutes of these two colleges, there are one or two provisions with respect to which it appears to their Lordships that there are objections so grave that it will be proper for Your Majesty to withhold your assent from them, and the rather, because it does not appear that the withholding such assent will prevent effect being given to the statutes in other respects.

" By the 5th section of the 3d chapter of the proposed statutes of Exeter College, entitled ' Deprivation,' it is provided, amongst other things, that if any fellow shall, after due inquiry made by the rector, sub-rector, and dean, have

have been found guilty of any contradiction, by word or writing, of the Christian faith, as held by the Church of England, it shall be lawful for the visitor of the college to investigate the case, and to proceed, if necessary, to the deprivation of such fellow.

" This provision appears to their Lordships not to be warranted by the old statute, which provides for the amotion of a fellow, ' Si quis scholarium vel electorum adulterii, incontinentiæ, hæresis pertinacis, homicidii voluntarii, perjurii manifesti, crebræ ebrietatis, alteriusve publicæ turpitudinis, coram rectore, sub-rectore, decano, et quinque aliis scholaribus maxime senioribus vel majore parte eorundem cum dicti rectoris assensu legitimè convictus fuerit.'

" The language used in the new statute would, as it appears to their Lordships, extend to many cases in which, under the old statute, the accused party could not have been lawfully convicted of obstinate heresy—to opinions expressed in conversation or in private letters, upon points upon which conscientious members of the Church of England may themselves differ; and no security is afforded for the proper investigation or proof of such offences, or for giving the accused person an opportunity, if he thinks proper, of retracting or qualifying such objectionable opinions, if lawfully convicted of having expressed them.

" The effect of Your Majesty's disallowance of the aforesaid clause will be, that the Commissioners may frame another regulation or ordinance in the matter, and the Lords of the Committee, therefore, humbly report their opinion that it will be fit and proper that Your Majesty should, by Order in Council, declare your approbation of the proposed regulations, ordinances, or statutes of Exeter College, except as to section 5 of the 3d chapter, entitled ' Deprivation.'

" The 2d chapter of the Statutes of Lincoln College contains the following clause:

" ' Præterea, si innotescere poterit Rectori et majori parti Sociorum quod aliquis Sociorum alicui hæreticæ opinioni in communicatione privatâ vel publicâ malitiose et contumaciter faverit a Collegio nostro pro perpetuo amoveatur; si non infra sex dies post monitionem factam se Rectori submittat, correctionem humiliter subeundo.'

" This clause is founded upon a regulation in the old Statutes of the College, made in 1479, but it omits one material provision of that regulation, which requires that the offence shall be made known to the College ' testimonio fide dignorum duorum non capitalium inimicorum partis,' and the old regulation is especially directed against ' isti pestiferæ et novellæ sectæ quæ omnia ecclesiæ sacramenta gradus et status et possessiones impugnat.'

" This clause must, therefore, be considered as a new enactment, and it appears to their Lordships to be open to many of the objections to which they have adverted in the corresponding clause of Exeter College Statutes, and they think it will be desirable that the same should be reconsidered by the Commissioners and the college.

" The Lords of the Committee, therefore, humbly advise Your Majesty that the clause above set forth should be excepted from the regulations and ordinances of Lincoln College which may receive Your Majesty's approbation.

" The last clause in the Statutes of Lincoln College is in these words:—

" ' Volumus insuper quod jura Rectoris et Sociorum, qui pro tempore erunt, salva permaneant et illæsa, his Statutis non obstantibus.'

" This clause is probably intended only to provide for the existing interests of the members of the college, but it appears to go considerably further, and their Lordships would humbly advise Your Majesty that such clause should not receive Your Majesty's approbation.

" The Lords of the Committee humbly report their opinion and advice to Your Majesty, that it will be fit and proper that Your Majesty should, by Order in Council, declare your approbation of the proposed regulations, ordinances, and statutes of Lincoln College, with the exception of the parts thereof contained in the clauses above set forth."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty having taken the said Report, together with the said Regulations and Ordinances of Exeter College, Oxford (copy whereof is

hereunto annexed), into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve the said Report, and to declare, and Her Majesty doth hereby declare, her approbation of the said Regulations and Ordinances of Exeter College, with the exception of section 5 of the 3d chapter, entitled "Deprivation."

And the rector and scholars of Exeter College, Oxford, the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of the before-recited Act, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice hereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

— No. 29. —

COPY of an ORDER in COUNCIL approving a Report of a Committee of Council, and certain Ordinances and Regulations in amendment of the Statutes of Lincoln College, *Oxford*.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 24th day of June 1856.

Present, The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS, the rector and fellows of Lincoln College, Oxford, have, under the authority of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the 17th & 18th years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to make further Provision for the good Government and Extension of the University of Oxford, of the Colleges therein, and of the College of Saint Mary, Winchester," made certain regulations and ordinances, bearing date the 8th day of October 1855, in amendment of the statutes of the said college; and the same have been approved by the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas the said regulations and ordinances have, in pursuance of the directions contained in the said Act, been laid before Her Majesty in Council, and been published in the "London Gazette," and laid before both Houses of Parliament.

And whereas Her Majesty in Council has been pleased to refer the said regulations and ordinances (together with certain regulations and ordinances of Exeter and Corpus Christi Colleges, Oxford), and also certain petitions relating to the same, to a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and the said Committee have made a Report thereupon, bearing date the 6th day of June instant, in the words following, viz.:—

"The Lords of the Committee, to whom certain regulations and ordinances made by Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges, in the University of Oxford, and certain petitions relating to the same, were referred for their consideration by two several Orders of Your Majesty in Council, bearing date respectively the 30th of January and the 22d April last, with power, if their Lordships should think fit, to hear the petitioners by their counsel in support of the said petitions, have proceeded to consider the same, and have heard counsel on behalf of the said petitioners and also on behalf of the said colleges, and having considered the said petitions, have agreed humbly to report to Your Majesty their opinion and advice as to the matters referred to them in the following terms:—

"The principal objections urged by the petitioners against the regulations and ordinances may be classed under two heads. They object:—

"1. To the introduction of religious opinion as a qualification for the enjoyment of college endowments.

"2. To the omission to make adequate provision for the consideration of the pecuniary circumstances of candidates in estimating their claims to such endowments.

"The Act of the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81, appears to have contemplated that regulations and ordinances made for the purpose of advancing the objects and purposes of the Act, would be confined to regulations and ordinances effecting alterations in existing statutes, leaving such statutes in other respects to rest upon their old authority.

"The Colleges of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi have, however, thought it better to adopt a different course, and to embody in one set of regulations and ordinances the whole code of laws by which it is proposed that they should in future be governed, including therein as well the ancient rules

rules (retained without alteration in substance, though frequently with some variation in the language), as the alterations and modifications introduced with a view to carry into effect the purposes of the Act. Some embarrassment has been occasioned by this course, inasmuch as Your Majesty may appear, by signifying your approbation of such regulations and ordinances, to express an approval in some cases of provisions which, if they were now for the first time proposed, might not perhaps be thought to deserve such sanction.

" No objection, however, has been urged upon this ground by any of the petitioners, and inasmuch as the course so taken does not appear to be inconsistent with the terms of the Act, and has been sanctioned by the Commissioners, and as some convenience may be found in having all the rules of the college consolidated in one code, the Lords of the Committee do not consider themselves justified in advising Your Majesty to withhold, upon that ground, your consent from such regulations and ordinances.

" Their Lordships have therefore proceeded to consider the same with reference to the alterations introduced into the old statutes of the colleges, as if such alterations had been separately submitted to them.

" It seems to be the policy of the Act to give to the colleges which, within a limited time, shall avail themselves of the opportunity, the advantage of suggesting such new regulations as may appear to them best suited to carry into effect the purposes of the Act, with due regard to the circumstances of their own foundations, and to entrust the Commissioners appointed by the Act with the power not merely of approving or rejecting the propositions so made, but of remitting the same to the colleges for further consideration, with amendments and alterations, and of finally settling, after discussion with the colleges, such a scheme as, upon the whole, they may consider worthy of receiving Your Majesty's approval.

" No power is given by the Act to Your Majesty or to either House of Parliament of making any alteration in the scheme so settled, but either House of Parliament is at liberty, within a limited time, to address Your Majesty to withhold your consent from such regulations or ordinances, or any part thereof, and Your Majesty, if no such address be presented, is empowered to give your approbation to such regulations and ordinances, or any part thereof; but if Your Majesty's consent be not given to such regulations and ordinances, or any part thereof, then the Commissioners may proceed to frame other regulations, ordinances, or statutes in the matter.

" The Act does not point out very clearly what course is to be pursued with respect to the amended regulations and ordinances to be so framed by the Commissioners, but the better opinion seems to be that the same course must be pursued with respect to them as with respect to regulations and ordinances framed by the Commissioners, under the 29th section of the Act, when no step has been taken by the colleges, in which case such regulations and ordinances must be submitted to the colleges, and if they are rejected by two-thirds of the governing body of the colleges, in the manner and on the grounds stated in the before-mentioned section, they are not to take effect; but if they are not so rejected, they must go through the whole process of being submitted to Your Majesty and laid before Parliament, as if they were original regulations and ordinances framed by the Commissioners.

" In this state of things the Lords of the Committee, in forming their opinion as to the advice to be humbly offered by their Lordships to Your Majesty, have thought themselves bound to consider, not whether the regulations and ordinances with which they have to deal are in every particular such as, if the task of framing the new regulations had belonged to them, they would have been disposed to recommend, but whether the same, or any provisions contained in them, are of such a character that the discretion exercised by the Commissioners ought to be controlled, and whether, having regard to the consequences which follow upon the disallowance of such regulations or ordinances, or any part thereof, it would be for the public benefit that Your Majesty should withhold your assent from the same.

" In illustration of this principle, the Lords of the Committee may remark, that the Legislature having thought fit to abrogate all tests of a religious character on the matriculation of students in the University of Oxford, their Lordships would have thought it not inconsistent with the spirit of the Act if

the qualification of being a member of the Church of England, or of some church in communion with the Church of England, had not, by the Statutes of Exeter College, been rendered necessary to the enjoyment of the scholarships thereby created.

" It appears, however, that at present there are no scholarships at Exeter College, but 25 fellowships, all, or nearly all, of which are subject to limitations in respect of the place of birth of candidates, all of which have hitherto been held by members of the Church of England, and by the existing laws of the kingdom can only be held by persons making the declaration of conformity to the Liturgy of the Church of England, required by the Act of Uniformity, 13 & 14 Charles 2, c. 4.

" By the new statutes it is proposed to reduce the number of fellowships to 15, and to throw them open to general competition, without any preference in respect of birth or place of education, and to found, out of the revenues of eight of the suppressed fellowships, 22 scholarships, 10 to be called ' open scholars,' to which all British subjects are eligible, without any preference; and although with respect to the remaining scholarships (10 Stapledon scholarships, and two King Charles the First scholarships) a preference in respect of birth and place of education is retained, yet if no candidate, duly qualified in the judgment of the electors, should present himself for the same, the electors may elect to the same from the unsuccessful candidates for the open scholarships.

" The college may have been, and there is reason to believe has been, induced to make these arrangements, so much in accordance with the views of the Legislature, on the faith of the qualification of Church membership, already referred to, being preserved with respect both to scholarships and fellowships, and justice could hardly be done to the college by striking out that qualification, without submitting the whole question of alteration in the existing statutes, with respect to fellowships, to reconsideration, even if Your Majesty, under the Act of Parliament, had the power, by withholding your approbation from that portion only of the statutes, to give effect to the arrangement in other respects, which appears to their Lordships to be at least open to great doubt.

" Under these circumstances the Lords of the Committee do not think themselves justified in advising Your Majesty, upon this ground, to withhold your assent from this portion of the statutes of Exeter College; and their Lordships have come to that opinion the more readily, because they conceive that the condition required by these statutes in this respect will be satisfied by the declaration made by a candidate, if required, that he is a member of the Church of England, or of some church in communion with the Church of England, and that an examination into the opinions held by the candidates upon particular points of doctrine or discipline of the Church is not contemplated by the statutes.

" With respect to the question of providing for regard being had to the pecuniary circumstances of candidates for college endowments, the Lords of the Committee, considering the extreme difficulty of introducing any provision upon such a subject, which would meet the real exigency of the case, with respect to the persons to be preferred, and the extent of the preference, the facility with which all such regulations may be evaded where there is a disposition to evade them, and the abuses to which they lead when poverty is held a substitute for merit, have come to the conclusion that the Commissioners have exercising a sound discretion in not requiring more than a disqualification on the ground of the possession of a certain amount of property.

" Proceeding upon the principles already stated, the Lords of the Committee have agreed humbly to report to Your Majesty their advice and opinion that it will be proper for Your Majesty to give your approbation to the regulations and ordinances of Corpus Christi College, without exception, and to the regulations and ordinances of Exeter and Lincoln, with the following exceptions:

" In the statutes of these two colleges there are one or two provisions with respect to which it appears to their Lordships that there are objections so grave that it will be proper for Your Majesty to withhold your assent from them, and the rather, because it does not appear that the withholding such assent will prevent effect being given to the statutes in other respects.

" By

" By the 5th section of the 3d chapter of the proposed Statutes of Exeter College, entitled ' Deprivation,' it is provided, amongst other things, that if any fellow shall, after due inquiry made by the rector, sub-rector, and dean, have been found guilty of any contradiction, by word or writing, of the Christian faith as held by the Church of England, it shall be lawful for the visitor of the college to investigate the case, and to proceed, if necessary, to the deprivation of such fellow.

" This provision appears to their Lordships not to be warranted by the old statute, which provides for the amotion of a fellow, ' Si quis scholarium vel electorum adulterii, incontinentiæ, hæresis pertinacis, homicidii voluntarii, perjurii manifesti, crebræ ebrietatis, alteriusve publicæ turpitudinis, coram rectore, sub-rectore, decano, et quinque aliis scholaribus maxime senioribus vel majore parte eorundem cum dicti rectoris assensu legitimè convictus fuerit.'

" The language used in the new statute would, as it appears to their Lordships, extend to many cases in which, under the old statute, the accused party could not have been lawfully convicted of obstinate heresy—to opinions expressed in conversation or in private letters, upon points upon which conscientious members of the Church of England may themselves differ; and no security is afforded for the proper investigation or proof of such offences, or for giving the accused person an opportunity, if he thinks proper, of retracting or qualifying such objectionable opinions, if lawfully convicted of having expressed them.

" The effect of Your Majesty's disallowance of the aforesaid clause will be, that the Commissioners may frame another regulation or ordinance in the matter, and the Lords of the Committee, therefore, humbly report their opinion that it will be fit and proper that Your Majesty should, by Order in Council, declare your approbation of the proposed regulations, ordinances, or statutes of Exeter College, except as to section 5 of the 3d chapter, entitled ' Deprivation.'

" The 2d chapter of the Statutes of Lincoln College contains the following clause:

" ' Præterea, si innotescere poterit Rectori et majori parti Sociorum quod aliquis Sociorum alicui hæreticæ opinioni in communicatione privatâ vel publicâ malitiose et contumaciter faverit a Collegio nostro pro perpetuo amoveatur; si non infra sex dies post monitionem factam se Rectori submittat, correctionem humiliter subeundo.'

" This clause is founded upon a regulation in the old statutes of the college, made in 1479, but it omits one material provision of that regulation, which requires that the offence shall be made known to the college ' testimonio fide dignorum duorum non capitalium inimicorum partis,' and the old regulation is especially directed against ' isti pestiferæ et novellæ sectæ quæ omnia ecclesiæ sacramenta gradus et status et possessiones impugnat.'

" This clause must therefore be considered as a new enactment, and it appears to their Lordships to be open to many of the objections to which they have adverted in the corresponding clause of Exeter College Statutes, and they think it will be desirable that the same should be reconsidered by the Commissioners and the college.

" The Lords of the Committee, therefore, humbly advise Your Majesty that the clause above set forth should be excepted from the regulations and ordinances of Lincoln College which may receive Your Majesty's approbation.

" The last clause in the Statutes of Lincoln College is in these words:—

" ' Volumus insuper quod jura Rectoris et Sociorum, qui pro tempore erunt, salva permaneant et illæsa, his Statutis non obstantibus.'

" This clause is probably intended only to provide for the existing interests of the members of the college, but it appears to go considerably further, and their Lordships would humbly advise Your Majesty that such clause should not receive Your Majesty's approbation.

" The Lords of the Committee humbly report their opinion and advice to Your Majesty, that it will be fit and proper that Your Majesty should, by Order in Council, declare your approbation of the proposed regulations, ordinances, and statutes of Lincoln College, with the exception of the parts thereof contained in the clauses above set forth."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty having taken the said Report, together with the said Regulations and Ordinances of Lincoln College, Oxford (copy whereof is hereunto annexed), into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve the said Report, and to declare, and Her Majesty doth hereby declare, her approbation of the said Regulations and Ordinances of Lincoln College, with the exception of the following clause in the 2d chapter thereof, viz. :—

" Præterea, si innotescere poterit Rectori et majori parti Sociorum, quod aliquis Sociorum alicui hæreticæ opinioni in communicatione privatâ vel publicâ malitiose et contumaciter faverit a Collegio nostro pro perpetuo amoveatur; si non infra sex dies post monitionem factam se Rectori submittat, correctionem humiliter subeundo."

And also with the exception of the last clause thereof, viz. :

" Volumus insuper quod jura Rectoris et Sociorum, qui pro tempore erunt, salva permaneant et illæsa, his statutis non obstantibus."

And the rector and fellows of Lincoln College, Oxford, the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of the before-recited Act, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice hereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

— No. 30. —

Copy of an Order in Council approving a Report of a Committee of Council, and certain Ordinances and Regulations in amendment of the Statutes of Corpus Christi College, *Oxford*.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 24th day of June 1856.

Present, The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas the President and Fellows of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, have, under the authority of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the 17th and 18th years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled " An Act to make further Provision for the good Government and Extension of the University of Oxford, of the Colleges therein, and of the College of Saint Mary, Winchester," made certain regulations and ordinances, bearing date the 9th day of October 1855, in amendment of the statutes of the said college; and the same have been approved by the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of the said Act.

And whereas the said regulations and ordinances have, in pursuance of the directions contained in the said Act, been laid before Her Majesty in Council, and have been published in the " London Gazette," and laid before both Houses of Parliament.

And whereas Her Majesty in Council has been pleased to refer the said regulations and ordinances (together with certain regulations and ordinances of Exeter and Lincoln Colleges, Oxford), and also certain petitions relating to the same, to a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and the said Committee have made a report thereupon, bearing date the 6th day of June instant, in the words following, viz. :—

> " The Lords of the Committee, to whom certain regulations and ordinances made by Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi Colleges in the University of Oxford, and certain petitions relating to the same, were referred for their consideration by two sev ral Orders of Your Majesty in Council, bearing date respectively the 30th of January and the 22d April last, with power, if their Lordships should think fit, to hear the petitioners by their counsel in support of the said petitions, have proceeded to consider the same, and have heard counsel on behalf of the said petitioners, and also on behalf of the said colleges, and having considered the said petitions, have agreed humbly to report to Your Majesty their opinion and advice as to the matters referred to them in the following terms: —
>
> " The principal objections urged by the petitioners against the regulations and ordinances may be classed under two heads. They object—
>
> " 1. To the introduction of religious opinion as a qualification for the enjoyment of college endowments.
>
> " 2. To

" 2. To the omission to make adequate provision for the consideration of the pecuniary circumstances of candidates in estimating their claims to such endowments.

" The Act of the 17 & 18 Vict. c. 81, appears to have contemplated that regulations and ordinances made for the purpose of advancing the objects and purposes of the Act, would be confined to regulations and ordinances effecting alterations in existing statutes, leaving such statutes in other respects to rest upon their old authority.

" The Colleges of Exeter, Lincoln, and Corpus Christi have, however, thought it better to adopt a different course, and to embody in one set of regulations and ordinances the whole code of laws by which it is proposed that they should in future be governed, including therein as well the ancient rules (retained without alteration in substance, though frequently with some variation in the language), as the alterations and modifications introduced with a view to carry into effect the purposes of the Act. Some embarrassment has been occasioned by this course, inasmuch as Your Majesty may appear, by signifying your approbation of such regulations and ordinances, to express an approval in some cases of provisions which, if they were now for the first time proposed, might not perhaps be thought to deserve such sanction.

" No objection, however, has been urged upon this ground by any of the petitioners, and inasmuch as the course so taken does not appear to be inconsistent with the terms of the Act, and has been sanctioned by the Commissioners, and as some convenience may be found in having all the rules of the college consolidated in one code, the Lords of the Committee do not consider themselves justified in advising Your Majesty to withhold, upon that ground, your consent from such regulations and ordinances.

" Their Lordships have therefore proceeded to consider the same with reference to the alterations introduced into the old statutes of the colleges, as if such alterations had been separately submitted to them.

" It seems to be the policy of the Act to give to the colleges which, within a limited time, shall avail themselves of the opportunity, the advantage of suggesting such new regulations as may appear to them best suited to carry into effect the purposes of the Act, with due regard to the circumstances of their own foundations, and to entrust the Commissioners appointed by the Act with the power not merely of approving or rejecting the propositions so made, but of remitting the same to the colleges for further consideration, with amendments and alterations, and of finally settling, after discussion with the colleges, such a scheme as, upon the whole, they may consider worthy of receiving Your Majesty's approval.

" No power is given by the Act to Your Majesty or to either House of Parliament of making any alteration in the scheme so settled, but either House of Parliament is at liberty, within a limited time, to address Your Majesty to withhold your consent from such regulations or ordinances, or any part thereof, and Your Majesty, if no such address be presented, is empowered to give your approbation to such regulations and ordinances, or any part thereof; but if Your Majesty's consent be not given to such regulations and ordinances, or any part thereof, then the Commissioners may proceed to frame other regulations, ordinances, or statutes in the matter.

" The Act does not point out very clearly what course is to be pursued with respect to the amended regulations and ordinances to be so framed by the Commissioners, but the better opinion seems to be that the same course must be pursued with respect to them as with respect to regulations and ordinances framed by the Commissioners, under the 29th section of the Act, when no step has been taken by the colleges, in which case such regulations and ordinances must be submitted to the colleges, and if they are rejected by two-thirds of the governing body of the colleges, in the manner and on the grounds stated in the before-mentioned section, they are not to take effect; but if they are not so rejected, they must go through the whole process of being submitted to Your Majesty and laid before Parliament, as if they were original regulations and ordinances framed by the Commissioners.

" In this state of things the Lords of the Committee, in forming their opinion as to the advice to be humbly offered by their Lordships to Your Majesty, have thought themselves bound to consider, not whether the regu-

lations and ordinances with which they have to deal are in every particular such as, if the task of framing the new regulations had belonged to them, they would have been disposed to recommend, but whether the same, or any provisions contained in them, are of such a character that the discretion exercised by the Commissioners ought to be controlled, and whether, having regard to the consequences which follow upon the disallowance of such regulations or ordinances, or any part thereof, it would be for the public benefit that Your Majesty should withhold your assent from the same.

" In illustration of this principle, the Lords of the Committee may remark that the Legislature having thought fit to abrogate all tests of a religious character on the matriculation of students in the University of Oxford, their Lordships would have thought it not inconsistent with the spirit of the Act if the qualification of being a member of the Church of England, or of some church in communion with the Church of England, had not, by the Statutes of Exeter College, been rendered necessary to the enjoyment of the scholarships thereby created.

" It appears, however, that at present there are no scholarships at Exeter College, but 25 fellowships, all, or nearly all, of which are subject to limitations in respect of the place of birth of candidates, all of which have hitherto been held by members of the Church of England, and by the existing laws of the kingdom can only be held by persons making the declaration of conformity to the Liturgy of the Church of England, required by the Act of Uniformity, 13 & 14 Charles 2, c. 4.

" By the new statutes it is proposed to reduce the number of fellowships to 15, and to throw them open to general competition, without any preference in respect of birth or place of education, and to found, out of the revenues of eight of the suppressed fellowships, 22 scholarships, 10 to be called ' open scholars,' to which all British subjects are eligible, without any preference; and although with respect to the remaining scholarships (10 Stapledon scholarships and two King Charles the First scholarships) a preference in respect of birth and place of education is retained, yet if no candidate, duly qualified in the judgment of the electors, should present himself for the same, the electors may elect to the same from the unsuccessful candidates for the open scholarships.

" The college may have been, and there is reason to believe has been, induced to make these arrangements, so much in accordance with the views of the Legislature, on the faith of the qualification of Church membership, already referred to, being preserved with respect both to scholarships and fellowships, and justice could hardly be done to the college by striking out that qualification, without submitting the whole question of alteration in the existing statutes, with respect to fellowships, to reconsideration, even if Your Majesty, under the Act of Parliament, had the power, by withholding your approbation from that portion only of the statutes, to give effect to the arrangement in other respects, which appears to their Lordships to be at least open to great doubt.

" Under these circumstances the Lords of the Committee do not think themselves justified in advising Your Majesty, upon this ground, to withhold your assent from this portion of the Statutes of Exeter College; and their Lordships have come to that opinion the more readily, because they conceive that the condition required by these statutes in this respect will be satisfied by the declaration made by a candidate, if required, that he is a member of the Church of England, or of some church in communion with the Church of England, and that an examination into the opinions held by the candidates upon particular points of doctrine or discipline of the Church is not contemplated by the statutes.

" With respect to the question of providing for regard being had to the pecuniary circumstances of candidates for college endowments, the Lords of the Committee, considering the extreme difficulty of introducing any provision upon such a subject which would meet the real exigency of the case with respect to the persons to be preferred, and the extent of the preference, the facility with which all such regulations may be evaded where there is a disposition to evade them, and the abuses to which they lead when poverty is held a substitute for merit, have come to the conclusion that the Commissioners have exercised a sound discretion in not requiring more than a disqualification

a disqualification on the ground of the possession of a certain amount of property.

" Proceeding upon the principles already stated, the Lords of the Committee have agreed humbly to report to Your Majesty their advice and opinion that it will be proper for Your Majesty to give your approbation to the regulations and ordinances of Corpus Christi College, without exception, and to the regulations and ordinances of Exeter and Lincoln, with the following exceptions:—

" In the statutes of these two colleges there are one or two provisions with respect to which it appears to their Lordships that there are objections so grave that it will be proper for Your Majesty to withhold your assent from them, and the rather, because it does not appear that the withholding such assent will prevent effect being given to the statutes in other respects.

" By the 5th section of the 3d chapter of the proposed statutes of Exeter College, entitled ' Deprivation,' it is provided, amongst other things, that if any fellow shall, after due inquiry made by the rector, sub-rector, and dean, have been found guilty of any contradiction, by word or writing, of the Christian faith, as held by the Church of England, it shall be lawful for the visitor of the college to investigate the case, and to proceed, if necessary, to the deprivation of such fellow.

" This provision appears to their Lordships not to be warranted by the old statute, which provides for the amotion of a fellow, ' Si quis scholarium vel electorum adulterii, incontinentiæ, hæresis pertinacis, homicidii voluntarii, perjurii manifesti, crebræ ebrietatis, alteriusve publicæ turpitudinis, coram rectore, sub-rectore, decano, et quinque aliis scholaribus maxime senioribus vel majore parte eorundem cum dicti rectoris assensu legitimè convictus fuerit.'

" The language used in the new statute would, as it appears to their Lordships, extend to many cases in which, under the old statute, the accused party could not have been lawfully convicted of obstinate heresy—to opinions expressed in conversation or in private letters, upon points upon which conscientious members of the Church of England may themselves differ; and no security is afforded for the proper investigation or proof of such offences, or for giving the accused person an opportunity, if he thinks proper, of retracting or qualifying such objectionable opinions, if lawfully convicted of having expressed them.

" The effect of Your Majesty's disallowance of the aforesaid clause will be, that the Commissioners may frame another regulation or ordinance in the matter, and the Lords of the Committee, therefore, humbly report their opinion that it will be fit and proper that Your Majesty should, by Order in Council, declare your approbation of the proposed regulations, ordinances, or statutes of Exeter College, except as to section 5 of the 3d chapter, entitled ' Deprivation.'

" The 2d chapter of the Statutes of Lincoln College contains the following clause:—

" ' Præterea, si innotescere poterit Rectori et majori parti Sociorum quod aliquis Sociorum alicui hæreticæ opinioni in communicatione privatâ vel publicâ malitiose et contumaciter faverit a Collegio nostro pro perpetuo amoveatur; si non infra sex dies post monitionem factam se Rectori submittat, correctionem humiliter subeundo.'

" This clause is founded upon a regulation in the old statutes of the college, made in 1479, but it omits one material provision of that regulation, which requires that the offence shall be made known to the college ' testimonio fide dignorum duorum non capitalium inimicorum partis,' and the old regulation is especially directed against ' isti pestiferæ et novellæ sectæ quæ omnia ecclesiæ sacramenta gradus et status et possessiones impugnat.'

" This clause must, therefore, be considered as a new enactment, and it appears to their Lordships to be open to many of the objections to which they have adverted in the corresponding clause of Exeter College Statutes, and they think it will be desirable that the same should be reconsidered by the Commissioners and the college.

" The Lords of the Committee, therefore, humbly advise Your Majesty that the clause above set forth should be excepted from the regulations and

ordinances of Lincoln College which may receive Your Majesty's approbation.

"The last clause in the Statutes of Lincoln College is in these words:—

"'Volumus insuper quod jura Rectoris et Sociorum, qui pro tempore erunt, salva permaneant et illæsa, his Statutis non obstantibus.'

"This clause is probably intended only to provide for the existing interests of the members of the college, but it appears to go considerably further, and their Lordships would humbly advise Your Majesty that such clause should not receive Your Majesty's approbation.

"The Lords of the Committee humbly report their opinion and advice to Your Majesty that it will be fit and proper that Your Majesty should, by Order in Council, declare your approbation of the proposed regulations, ordinances, and statutes of Lincoln College, with the exception of the parts thereof contained in the clauses above set forth."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty having taken the said Report, together with the aforesaid Regulations and Ordinances of Corpus Christi College, Oxford (copy whereof is hereunto annexed), into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve the said Report, and to declare, and Her Majesty doth hereby declare, her approbation of the said Regulations and Ordinances of Corpus Christi College accordingly.

And the president and fellows of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, the Commissioners appointed for the purposes of the before-recited Act, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice hereof and govern themselves accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.

COPIES of ORDERS IN COUNCIL referring to a Committee of the Privy Council certain REGULATIONS and ORDINANCES of *Exeter*, *Lincoln*, and *Corpus Christi* Colleges, *Oxford*, in Amendment of their respective Statutes, and of any PETITIONS, or MEMORIALS, or CORRESPONDENCE which have been referred to the said Committee.

(*Sir John Pakington.*)

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